

ANNEX I

Definitions and Criteria

1. Definitions, criteria and methods in this Annex would be agreed upon for the purpose of this Convention.
2. A "super-toxic lethal chemical" is any toxic chemical, however produced, with a median lethal dose which is less than or equal to 0.5 mg/kg (subcutaneous administration) or 2,000 mg-min/m³ (by inhalation), when measured by the methods set forth in paragraph 6 of this annex.
3. Any "other lethal chemical" is any toxic chemical, however produced, with a median lethal dose which is greater than 0.5 mg/kg (subcutaneous administration) or 2,000 mg-min/m³ (by inhalation) and which is less than or equal to 10 mg/kg (subcutaneous administration) or 20,000 mg-min/m³ (by inhalation) when measured by the methods set forth in paragraph 6 of this annex.
4. Any "other harmful chemical" is any toxic chemical, however produced, with a median lethal dose which is greater than 10 mg/kg (subcutaneous administration) or 20,000 mg-min/m³ (by inhalation) when measured by the methods set forth in paragraph 6 of this annex.
5. "Precursors" are sets of chemicals, which, when made to react chemically with each other, form among others also such chemicals as are mentioned in paragraphs 2 - 4 of this Annex.
6. Methods for toxicity determinations and identification of chemicals.
[to be elaborated]

Comments

- It was generally felt that the definition of "precursors" required further study.
- Some delegations objected to the expression "however produced" in paragraphs 2 - 4 on the grounds that it would lead to confusion with regard to the Biological Weapons Convention.