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CHARLES AUSTIN BATES Vanderbilt Building, New York

Vanderbilt Building, New York. "Mr. Bates' Masterpiece. It is interestingly and readably written-more readable than one would believe possible on so hackneyed a subject as advertising-and it is illustrated by pletures intended to lend a humorous turn to many of the sentences in the text. For those who want a general idea of advertising principles, the book will be found valuable, and even the readers to whom its subject is more than familiar will find it an interesting companion for a leisure hour. It is full of apothegms, every one of which rings with a true note." -Geo. P. Rowell. "Excellent Work."-Buffalo Evening News. "Interesting and profitable."-Philadelphia Evening Telegram.

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"Mosti fucienting of a second second

"Sanot fail of suppry, commercian, "Striking and readable." - Baltimore American, "Cannot fail to prove interesting."-Pittsburg Press, "Should be in the bands of every business than. --Philadelphia Ledger.

As credit man for a wholesale grocery firm, I have observed that too many men begin business without sufficient capital, with the result that in a short time their stock is on thedebit side of their ledger; their shelves and tills are empty, and wholesale firms are pressing them for the payment of past due bills. One must be on an equal footing with his competitor, and therefore should have in-vested, in addition to his stock, a suffi-cient amount of working capital to enable him to discount all his bills.

I have observed, also, that some mer chants doing quite an extensive business, keep no record of their transactions with the firms from whom they buy goods. I regard this as very important, and a well-kept set of books is indispensable to any successful business.

I have always made it a rule to invoice my stock at least once a year, and balmy books, thus getting the true ance condition of my business.

THE VICTORIA-MONTREAL INSURANCE CO.

special meeting of the shareholders of the Victoria-Montreal Insurance Com-pany was held last Saturday. The re-ports showed that the company had paid in cash for losses, since beginning business in the spring of 1899, \$115,000. Outstanding unpaid claims were report-ed to amount to \$60,000. The amounts due the company from agents in the United States, and the late managers, Messrs. Temple, appeared in the books to amount to \$50,000. This the directors report stated was not a good asset. An analysis of the assets and liabilities showed that the amount unpaid on subscribed stock regarded as good, if collected from the shareholders, will leave a surplus of \$133,000 over liabilities. After a full discussion it was unanimously decided that the directors should voluntarily wind up the company, provided all the creditors are willing to wait. If any are not, the Board was instructed to apply for an order, under the Wind-ing-up Act, for the liquidation of the company. As nearly as can be estimated the shareholders will get back one-third of the sums they have invested, and will be forced to invest to make good calls which are standing against their stock. The calculation is that seventyfive per cent. of the \$272,565 int in calls is good. This outstanding in calls is good. This will yield about \$200,000 more. Then there is a 'iurther asset of \$50,500 deposited with the Government. Thus the total assets in sight are \$250,500. The total liabilithe Government. Thus the total assets in sight are \$250,500. The total liabili-ties of the company are \$92,330. The cost of reassuring present risks is esti-mated at \$25,000. This would make the cost of winding up \$117,339. This taken from the estimated assets of \$250,500, here to be divided assets of \$250,500, leaves \$133,161 to be divided among the shareholders. The subscribed capital is shareholders. The subscribed capital is \$416,000, so a dividend of about 32 per cent. may be anticipated.

BRITISH COLONIAL TRADE.

The "statistical abstract," just published by the British Government shows that the British colonies throughout the world imported in 1899 goods valued at over a billion dollars, and of this amount over \$500,000,000 were from the United Kingdom.

The total imports of India in 1899 are given in round terms at £60,000,000, of which £40,000,000 worth were imported from the United Kingdom. Next in importance is Canada, whose total ports amounted to £23,000,000, but which imtook only £6,678,000 in value from the United Kingdom, the chief reason of this comparatively small proportion being immediate proximity to the large her

Next in markets of the United States. importance is the group of Australasian colonies, and it may be assumed that the imports of the Australian continent in 1899 were not far from £40.000,000; of which the United Kingdom. although situated on the opposite side of the globe, furnished on the side of the globe, furnished over £26.000,000 in value. The value of the importations of the The value of the importations of the British West Indies in 1809 was f6.711. 1000. of which f2.722.000 were from the United Kingdom. The African colonies showed total imports of \$130.000.000 in value. of which f0.771. value, of which \$85,000,000 were from the United Kingdom. At the Cape of Good Hope alone the imports of the year were in rout it. year were, in round terms, \$10000,000, of which \$65,000,000 were from the United Figure 1 United Kingdom.

and -According to the Engineering and Mining Journal, the world's production of gold last year was \$256.462,000, there having been down and the \$57having been a decrease of some \$57-000,000 owing to the South African war. 000,000 owing to the South African war. Of individual countries, the United States led with \$78,658,000; Australasia being a close second with \$75.283,000, and Canada third with \$26,000,000, closely followed by Russia with \$22,000,000. canada third with \$26,000,000, closed followed by Russia with \$23,090,000. Canada's place is due largely to the Yukon discoveries. It is interesting to note that fully two-fifths of the world's gold product comes from countries under the Period. under the British flag.

