this as a mere synonym in his Catalogue, but I have seen neither type nor description.

384. Dasyspoudwa meadii Grt.—High River (Baird).

385. Copablepharon sp.—This is not absidum, nor apparently any described species. I have seen a few other specimens besides the two previously referred to, but have only a single female in my collection, and do not care to describe from it. Mr. Baird has taken it at High River, and I have also seen a female taken by Mr. C. Garrett in Calgary on Aug. 1st, 1907. The primaries are very pale green, with slight fuscous irroration, and secondaries white, fuscous clouded centrally.

388. Melaphorphyria oregonica Hy. Edw.—Oregona of our lists is apparently a mis-spelling, as was also my previous rendering (Dr. Dyar's) of the generic name.

389. Melicleptria septentrionalis Hy. Edw.—Hampson makes this synonymous with European ononis Schiff. The type of septentrionalis is a male in the Neumægen collection at Brooklyn, and is labelled "N.W.B.C."

390. Heliaca nexilis Morr.—Rather common at timber line in the mountains. My records are: Brobokton Creek, Wilcox Pass, and Sheep Mountain, July 10th to 22nd (Mrs. Nicholl); Mt. St. Piran, near Agnes Lake, Laggan, 72-75,000 feet, July 17th and 18th. This is the nexilis of the British Museum, Rutgers College, and Washington collections.

Var. elaborata Hy. Edw.—One male, Head of Pine Creek, June 9th, 1897. High River, June 10th, 1909, two ♀s (Baird). I have seen other specimens taken by Mr. Baird. This form is the diminutiva of my former notes on Smith's authority. The error was excusable, as the two are not unlike. But diminutiva has truncate frontal prominence, which this has not, and differs in colour and maculation as well. Holland's figure under diminutina appears to be Melicleptria persimilis Grote, a species with rounded frontal prominence and spined tibiæ. Superficially persimilis happens to bear a much closer resembalnce to elaborata than to diminutiva, but has an additional white spot near base of secondaries.