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HE HUNTING GIRL,"
—BY—
MRS. E. KENNARD,
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THIRTEENTH YEAR — THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10 1893 — ONE CENT.

ALL AGREE WITH CLEVELAND

COMMENTS OF THE U. S. AND ENGLISH PRESS ON THE MESSAGE.

They All Endorse President Cleveland's Views on the Great Silver Question in the Main—The Message Considered to Be a Clear, Straightforward Document, Right to the Point.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The message of President Cleveland to Congress on the Sherman Silver Act was received too late to affect yesterday's markets. Besides, most of the city men were away on a holiday, and on this account the message created little stir. Those who have studied the question express great satisfaction because the President proposes to repeal the Sherman Act, and has made so strong an argument for its repeal, even although he does also declare it his intention of bringing forward a measure of tariff reform.

Financiers, however, criticize the President's plan of relief, and they urge that prompt action should be taken by the Congress of the United States to render the currency mobile.

Press Comments.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—The Tribune says: The President deserves high honor for this message, so free from every suggestion of trimming and compromise, at a time when the air is full of bartering schemes, and so earnest and strong in its appeals to the good sense of men of all parties to stop the dread of vicious action on the money question. Without distinction of party, men who care for the public welfare will sustain him wherever he is so clearly in the right.

The Times says: No comment on the message of the President is needed to make its meaning perfectly clear. A more simple, direct and complete statement of a grave situation, or of the duty it imposes, has not come from the executive in a long time.

What They Say In England.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The Post, commenting on President Cleveland's message, says: America cannot well stop at the mere repeal of the Sherman Act. The President throws out no suggestion, but some action is certainly necessary. It is probable that the problem which the United States has to solve may lead, not to bi-metallism, but to more mature and unbiased consideration of the possible uses of silver. As a part of the world's currency the metal cannot be demonetized with safety, and if through America some method for its more extended employment were devised the benefit to the world would be of supreme importance.

The Daily Graphic says: Yesterday's proceedings in the United States Congress and in the British House of Commons ought to be read side by side. President Cleveland's striking picture of the evil wrought by free silver in the United States constitutes an effective answer to Mr. Chaplin's economic fallacies. It passes human comprehension that in the face of the change of policy in the United States, English bi-metallists should advocate a return of free silver in India.

The Times says: It may perhaps be thought that the President as the head of his party, on the eve of a party fight, is unlikely to undergrate the case for action which his party contemplates, but it would be difficult to convict him of exaggeration in the face of the daily returns of American prices and exchanges. No permanent improvement can be looked for until Congress abandons the Sisyphean task of attempting to maintain an artificial ratio between silver and gold.

British Bi-Metallists Answered.

The Daily News says: In fairness of tone and uncompromising thoroughness of policy Mr. Cleveland's message will fully meet the expectations of the country. Messrs. Chaplin's and Balfour's arguments are especially answered from the other side of the Atlantic. The President let the fanatics down easy in suggesting that, although perhaps the larger place claimed for silver in the world's currency may be brought about by general international co-operation, the United States will not gain a hearing whilst trying to bring about the result single-handed. What our bi-metallists will say of this terrible exposure of the failure of a great bi-metallic experiment we need not attempt to forecast. It will probably exert a great effect upon wavering members of the United States Congress and bring about the complete repeal which the President advices.

It is Unanswerable.

The Financial News says: President Cleveland's plea for the repeal of the Sherman Act is virtually unanswerable. The question whether the stoppage of the monthly silver purchases would immediately end the crisis is not easy to answer. We are not inclined to reply off-hand in the affirmative. If the American people show as much faith in their currency when watering ceases, as they did in the first two years of the silver purchases, the effect of the repealing of the Sherman Act may be immediate. There is more reason for such faith now than there was three years ago.

The Daily Telegraph says: The President's message is very striking, and goes straight to the root of the disquiet and stagnation existing in America. Assuming that Congress will hasten to repeal the Sherman Act, it is perhaps as well, in the interest of financial stability everywhere, that the disastrous experience has been gained.

The Mad Legislation of 1890.

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "President Cleveland's trenchant document shows very clearly the evil effects of the mad legislation of 1890, especially as there were no internal or natural economic causes operating toward the creation of the financial depression lately existing." The Westminster Gazette says: The message is more remarkable for what it omits than for what it contains, although President Cleveland is on safe ground in recommending the repeal of the Sherman Act, it is doubtful if the financial or the commercial position will be materially improved unless prompt action is taken to render the currency mobile. The message is disappointing as failing to suggest some distinct and matured plan of relief.

A Great Object Lesson.

The Globe says: President Cleveland's message is a clear statement providing the world at a single view with the completed experience of the United States. It is an American object lesson, having immediate English home application.

Free Silver Men In Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The hall of the House was closed shortly before 12 o'clock and the friends of free silver began their caucus. The attendance was small, and up to 12.30 not more that 50 members made their appearance. The door-keepers were instructed to notify each member who applied for admission that the meeting was confined to "free coinage" members. There was some unfavorable comment at this peculiar instruction, and it was argued that the result would be to keep out of the caucus many members who are in a doubtful state of mind or not prepared to take an extreme position. However that may be, it was a noticeable fact that the attempt to draw from both parties failed signally, for but one Republican member, Mr. Bowers of California, joined in the deliberations of the silver men. Mr. Culberson of Texas acted as chairman of the caucus, which is the first of its kind that has been held in the House for several years.

The discussion developed the fact that there were present some members who were not tied to the 16 to 1 ratio. A motion was made looking to the preparation of a bill by which the Sherman law should be repealed and free coinage of silver at a ratio with gold to be agreed upon provided for. The discussion developed that a ratio of 20 to 1 would be acceptable to those who felt that the old ratio should be changed.

Unconditional Appeal Won't Go.

The afternoon Democratic caucus was almost as unproductive of results as the morning session. Most of the time was consumed in the expression of individual views, which clearly demonstrated that each element in the party was firmly wedded to its own notions. One senator who occupies a high position in the Financial Committee and whose leaning towards free silver is pronounced declared positively, "You can set it down as a certainty that the Sherman Act will not be repealed unconditionally."

On the other hand some senators who have sided with the President said rather despondently that while no tangible advance had been made toward a point where party could be regarded as united they had not abandoned hope that efforts in that direction might eventually result in a success.

It is gathered from this that the conditional repeal proposition is gaining in strength, and that certain of the ultra silver men are preparing to follow in the direction indicated by the leaders in the silver caucus in the house, viz., towards repeal with free coinage at an increased ratio. Neither party in the Senate has ever been able to caucus with complete success on the subject of silver, and today's caucus was no exception to the rule. So, after exhausting the possibilities of debate, the caucus fell back upon the oft-tried expedient of delegating to a committee the task of endeavoring to arrange a plan of business that should be satisfactory to all sides.

AFFAIRS IN HAWAII.

The Provisional Government Sailing in Smooth Water.

VICTORIA, B.C., Aug. 9.—Honolulu advices to Aug. 1 just received say that an act vesting the crown lands in the Provisional Government and dividing and settling the lands has been introduced by the Executive and Advisory Councils. The bill will pass without difficulty. Other bills, granting inalienable titles, will follow. The Government will shortly commence some public works, the most important of which will be the increasing of the water supply of Honolulu.

Personal taxes are being promptly paid, and the July collections are about twice the amount received in the corresponding month in previous years. The Government expects a quantity of arms and uniforms by the steamer Australia, which is due at Honolulu Aug. 9. These are to equip 400 national guards.

COMING TO TORONTO NEXT MONTH.

The Schepp & Co. Desiccated Cocoanut Works Will Leave Hamilton.

HAMILTON, Aug. 9.—The proprietors of the L. Schepp & Co.'s Desiccated Cocoanut Works, whose Canadian branch has for some years been situated in MacNab-street, north of Vine, in this city, have decided to pick up their stakes and "flit." After several trips back and forth between Chicago, New York, Toronto and Hamilton, Mr. Schepp has decided to locate in Toronto, and is now making arrangements to move. He has secured premises in Bay-street in Toronto, and will at once get ready to move in September.

FRUSTRATED A PLOT.

Panama Conspirators Who Will Probably Be Shot or Exiled.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—The World's special from Panama, via Galveston, says: Advices from Cartagenia are to the effect that the Government has succeeded in frustrating a plot of the Liberals to blow up portions of the Cartagenia, Barranquilla and the country residence of President Nunez with dynamite. The wildest excitement prevails. Among those under arrest are Siomingo Vill, Governor of Panama in 1889, General Urureta and General Urea. The latter was charged with the execution of the plot, and will probably be shot or exiled.

MURDERER BOMBERGER'S GUILT.

The Slayer of the Kreider Family Will Confess in Court.

PALMYRA, Pa., Aug. 9.—Having just returned from Cando, N.D., Aaron S. Kreider of this place says that Bomberger, the murderer of nearly the entire Kreider family, whom he saw in jail at Cando, will confess his guilt in court in November. For this reason the surviving Kreider children will not be called on to testify. Bomberger says he committed the murders in consequence of his uncontrollable passion for the eldest Kreider daughter.

He Died a Natural Death.

KILBRIDE, Aug. 9.—At the inquest over the rumored suspicious death of the old gentleman Mark Fleming, some two weeks ago, the evidence taken proved conclusively that deceased was not neglected during his illness by his son-in-law, Sidney Kifney, having received every care. A verdict was returned to the effect that he died of fatty degeneration of the heart.

A Boon to Humanity.

People who are suffering from ill-fitting Trusses will be pleased to learn that they can now be fitted with the celebrated Wilkinson Truss, at Room 15 Janes Buildings, Cor. King and Yonge Sts. Call or send your address, and you will receive references and full particulars. The Wilkinson Truss is undoubtedly the best Truss invented, as is attested by the highest medical authority, and is fitted under medical supervision. It is Safe, Certain, Clean and Durable. 2467

Four Fair Trains Cancelled.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company has decided to discontinue four of its trains each day between this city and Chicago. This action, as explained by President Depew, will be taken because there have been too many trains in proportion to the travel between the two cities.

Encouraging Crime.

One of the unpardonable sins in dressing is the wearing of ties by people who do not know how to tie them. This is considered a crime second only to wearing ready-made ties. To condone this offence quinn is now showing in all the newest patterns a bow tie so constructed that it cannot be distinguished from the tied article. He is also showing he new two-inch four-in-hand.

Blight Bros.' Stock of Stationery.

The above stock has been purchased by M. E. Blight and will be disposed of during the next 30 days at greatly reduced prices. The old stand, Globe Buildings, corner Yonge and Melinda. 246

A most distressing ailment is toothache, a sure and instant cure is Gibbons' Toothache Gum. 246

DOMINION MILLERS MEET.

MEANS OF INCREASING THE WEST INDIAN TRADE DISCUSSED.

The Underbilling of Freight Warmly Denounced, and Resolutions Passed to Seek Legislative Action Thereanent—The Association Will Blacklist Non-Paying Customers—A New Standard.

At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the annual session of the Dominion Millers' Association was called to order with President McLaughlin in the chair.

The attendance was large, the following members being present: James Hamilton, Glen Hurry; James Stark, Paisley; James Hodd, Stratford; M. McLaughlin, Toronto; E. S. Edmonson, Oshawa; James Wills, Plattsville; Fred Heimbecker, Hanover; Adam E. Ratz, Tavistock; W. Pearson, Singhampton; J. E. Pearson, Brampton; J. H. Dracoes, Streetsville; George Shepherd, Ayr; D. Goldie, Fred Rollins, Madoc; Jacob Steinmiller, Alex Dobson, Beaverton; J. H. Harvey, Coboconk; A. Wolverton, Wolverton; R. B. Cooper, Belleville; J. G. Bichtel, Burford; J. R. Dafoe, Napanee; A. T. Lieborth, Newmarket; H. L. Rice, St. Mary's; H. A. Mulhern, W. Walker, Peterboro; A. H. Baird, Paris; J. S. Robertson, Toronto; P. R. Hoover, Green River; John Campbell, St. Thomas; C. Smith, Campbellford; N. H. Stevens, Chatham; J. Rutherford, Blenheim; Joseph Reid, Tilbury Centre; T. O. Kemp, Seaforth; Angus Plewes, Markdale; D. C. Thomson, Orillia; William Galbraith, Toronto; John Galbraith Allandale; D. L. Green, Greenwood; N. Wenzer, Ayton; W. Flunn, Burlington; J. Howard, Hagarsville; J. Wold, Caledonia; J. Hintable, Horning's Mills; N. D. Mace, Tamworth; G. T. Muddaugh, Dunnville; W. Snider, Waterloo; T. Sadler, Lindsay; John D. Flavelle, Lindsay; Robert H. Vick, Orillia; S. R. Stuart, Mitchell; W. J. Howson, Teeswater; A. McFall, Bolton; F. F. Brown, Welland; John Brown, Toronto; J. D. Lamily, London; G. S. Baldwin, Aurora; James Fair, Clinton; John Hull, Lakefield; Robert M. Dixon, Lakefield; T. F. Dexter, Cobourg; Thomas Sindle, Oakville; Robert Noble, Norville; John Mackay, Bowmanville; George H. Harpe, Dundas; W. H. Meldrum, Peterboro; John W. Myers, Listowel; J. Lindsay, Toronto.

The consideration of the lengthy reports and addresses was taken up and rapidly proceeded with. Three days' business of an ordinary convention was got through before 6 o'clock.

The treasurer's accounts showed receipts (fees) $1646.79; disbursements, $1423.63; balance on hand, $1646.79.

Flour Trade with the West Indies.

The Executive Committee's report showed that in the past year it had been its endeavor to seek new outlets of trade, and had examined the statistics of the millers' business relations with the West Indies. In the ten years from 1880 to 1890 the total export from Canada of flour had been only 529,800 bushels.

At the present time the United States controls the trade, their much being the established popularity, and American millers have a permanent agent to increase the business. However, West Indian merchants report a good demand for Canadian flour, and if proper measures were adopted Canada could have a large share of the trade. The expense of opening it up was too heavy for one mill to bear, but the millers should co-operate with this end in view.

President's Address.

The President then read his annual address. He said the progress of the association in the past year had been admirable. Look where we will the world over we find no country having less cause for dissatisfaction or despondency than our country. If Canada has been less than usually prosperous she has had at least much less to complain of than larger or older nations. The country which grows the best wheat known to the milling world and which has only begun to bring under cultivation the millions of acres that produce it has a future that cannot be shown in colors too bright.

A long and continued decline in the price of wheat and flour had affected adversely no doubt the profits of all present. This was no excuse for unbusiness-like principles being introduced.

Why should the millers who pay cash for every bushel of raw material they use press the manufactured product on customers on 30 to 60 days' time as some have done? The credit system is as unnecessary as it is unprofitable. A cash basis was always the most satisfactory in the end.

The export trade is unfortunately at a low ebb owing chiefly to the slaughtering on the English market of consigned flour from American mills, a condition incidental to the financial squeeze across the border.

The extraordinarily low prices of this summer have in a large measure been due to speculation. The law of supply and demand has become a less important factor in fixing prices of grain now than it was before the days of "short" selling.

Until men are debarred by the laws of their country from selling what they do not possess the incentive to wrecking values that has worked so disastrously on the fortunes of the farmer and the legitimate grain dealer and the miller during the past two years will continue to be a curse to the trade.

The export trade was capable of immense expansion. One point in connection therewith was the rates of marine insurance. The Canadian miller pays 3 per cent. and the British miller but ¾ of 1 per cent., a difference sufficient to warrant attention.

The report of the central wheat buyer, Mr. A. H. Watts, showed that 125 mills had done business through his office in the past year, and the rates obtained were so low that the miller was enabled to save more than his commission.

Underbilling of Freight.

The Freight Committee then reported, the chief matter taken up being that of the practice of underbilling car loads of flour, as revealed by the recent Carrier incident. In the United States this was a criminal offence under the in-terstate law, but in Canada there were cases where as much as 200 bags over weight had been shipped in one car, thus robbing the railway of $50 and placing honest millers in competition with rogues who could afford to sell flour at lower rates. The association was asked to pass a resolution on the subject and responded with three.

Moved by William Galbraith, seconded by Robert Lawrey, That in view of the recent revelations of the underbilling of flour and the carrying of large quantities of flour and mill offal free of freight, this general meeting of the Dominion Millers' Association desire to urge on the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railroads the necessity of having an act passed at the next session of Parliament containing provisions similar to those contained in the inter-state law making underbilling a criminal offence, and inflicting a penalty on both shipper and receivers, and also the railway agent, if privy thereto, of both a fine and an imprisonment, and that a copy of the above resolution be forwarded to the general managers of both roads.

Moved by Joshua Howard, seconded by Fred Rollins, That the members of this association in general annual meeting assembled hereby pledge themselves to assist the railways by every means in their power to prevent the underbilling of grain and flour, and also to assist them in procuring legislation that will make such fraudulent practices a criminal offence.

Moved by T. O. Kemp, seconded by Robert Noble, That the Executive Committee be and is hereby instructed to take such steps as are necessary, provided the railways do not do so, to have the law so amended as to compel railways to charge all overweight found in cars at local part carload rates; also to make underbilling a criminal offence, those found guilty punishable in manner similar to the inter-state law in the United States.

All three motions were carried.

Mr. Smith of Campbellford, in speaking on the subject, said: "The railways themselves were largely parties to the offence. In the smaller towns, where both the C.P.R. and the G.T.R. were competing for business, it was the custom for the agents to say, "Bill so much with us and put in as much as you like." He proposed an amendment recommending that the railroads fight their own battles, which was defeated.

Will Blacklist Unreliable Customers.

Mr. H. Meldrum of Peterboro moved that the system of blacklisting customers as practised by the State Millers' Association of Michigan be adopted. It was explained that by this scheme the miller who had found some customer unreliable in his dealings sent particulars to the secretary, who sent out confidential advices to the members, such as "John Jones, Blankville, complains of William Smith, Pedunk," and those desirous of further information could write to John Jones for his experience and decide whether or not Smith was a good man to do business with. The scheme was adopted unanimously.

A New Wheat Standard.

It was also moved by A. Wolverton and seconded by D. Goldie, that the standard table for wheat buying be revised and the following table adopted by this association, and that all members be urged to buy from farmers only by standard:

62 lb., 2 cents over.	58 lb., 1 cent less.
61 lb., 1 cent over.	57 lb., 3 cents less.
60 lb., standard.	56 lb., 5 cents less.
59 lb., standard.	55 lb., 8 cents less.

The motion was carried.

The Night Session.

Mr. A. H. Baird of Paris opened the evening session by introducing a resolution re the adoption of a standard form of blank for receiving orders. It was to the effect that fifteen days be adopted as the uniform period for the delivery of flour. As some seemed to think the scheme unnecessary the motion was withdrawn.

Mr. John Smith of Campbellford gave notice of a motion to ask the Government to license millers and do away with competition of small and unprofessional millers. Any man whose business was too small to pay the fee could drop out. The license fees would serve to maintain the association in lieu of the annual fees now assessed.

Mr. Smith drew a pathetic picture of the state of things now existing in the pensive solitudes of Campbellford. "I grind chop all the year round for five cents a bag," he said. "In summer there's a man who runs a carding machine for me; in winter he grinds chop for five cents a bag. There's a man who cuts wood for me in summer; in winter he grinds chop at five cents a bag. There's a farmer out there who grinds chop for five cents a bag. There's some fellows who run a threshing machine in summer, but in winter they hire an old school house and grind chop for five cents a bag.

An Eastern Association Agent.

It was moved by J. G. Bechtel, seconded by John Brown: "That a committee be appointed to take into consideration the advisability of appointing an association agent in Montreal or some other eastern point and that this committee report to the Executive Committee at the earliest date possible, and that the Executive Committee call a special meeting of the association on receipt of that report if they deem it advisable to do so."

The motion was carried and the following committee appointed: Messrs. Bechtel, Noble, Harpe, Flavelle, Howard, Brown, Toronto. The present state of excessive competition in the milling trade was then discussed. It was the universal opinion that it was advisable to go deeper and do away with the excessive production that gave rise to unhealthy competition.

The New Officers.

Officers were appointed as follows:

President—A. N. Baird.

First Vice-President—Harold Barrett, Port Hope.

Second Vice-President—A. Wolverton, Wolverton.

Treasurer—William Galbraith.

Industrial Exhibition Representative—J. L. Spink.

Executive Committee—M. McLaughlin, Toronto; J. Galbraith, Allandale; J. D. Flavelle, London; J. L. Spink, Toronto; J. Goldie, Guelph; H. H. Meldrum, Peterboro; J. D. Sawnby, London.

Board of Arbitrators—J. Stark, Toronto; R. A. Thomson, Orillia; W. S. Snider, Waterloo; George H. Harper, Dundas; A. Plewes, Markdale; G. Bechtel, Burford; G. S. Baldwin, Aurora.

The session then closed and the association will hold its annual excursion to Niagara today.

HIS ARM SHATTERED.

Because He Hammered the Gun Cap Into Place.

PORT HOPE, Aug. 9.—Allen Trainer, a young lad, met with a serious accident this morning. He was playing with an old gun, into which he put a charge of powder and buckshot. The gun would not go off at first, and the youth thinking the cap had not been properly adjusted undertook to remedy the defect by hammering it into place. Unfortunately placing the muzzle of the gun under his arm. His arm is badly shattered.

Jamieson's Red Letter Sale.

The World made a tour through the establishment of Mr. P. Jamieson, Yonge and Queen-streets, yesterday, and was kindly shown the vast display of tweeds of which Mr. Jamieson is now making a special sale. This includes all styles, shades, patterns and textures, and all of excellent quality. We could hardly believe it to be true when the proprietor informed us that any tweed in the house would be sold for $0.99 per suit and ordered at that, and that pants were offered for $2.74 per pair. Mr. Jamieson explained that this material sold at from $16 to $20 per suit, but that as he was anxious to sell out his spring and summer stock he had determined to make a large reduction in prices and a special reduction, as indicated above, for the remainder of the week by way of an opening sale. He showed us the suits that were being finished, or already completed, which were all gotten up in a carefully finished and tasty style, and were made from English, Scotch, Irish, American and Canadian goods. Mr. Jamieson is selling ready-made clothing at the same reduction.

"Use Taylor's perfumes."

"I Like the Equitable's Way."

After being a policyholder in the Equitable for twenty years, as the best evidence of my approval of its way of doing business, I but recently increased my insurance with it $15,000, making me a policyholder to the amount of $20,000. My son, Henry D. Lindsley, also carries $10,000 insurance in the society.

I like the Equitable's way of dealing with its policyholders. It says what it means and means what it says. And then I feel its financial condition is solid as a mountain, and that at death it will promptly pay every dollar called for in its policies.

PHILIP LINDSLEY.

"Egyptian Bouquet Perfume, delicate and lasting."

Grimsby Park.

The celebrated Rev. T. Dewitt Talmage will preach and lecture at above park on Sunday and Monday next. The steamer Eurydice, besides making her regular trips to above park, will make a special trip on Saturday night, leaving Milloy's wharf at 9 o'clock and arriving back in Toronto on Monday morning at 8 o'clock. This gives a splendid opportunity for those desiring to hear Dr. Talmage and to get back in time for business on Monday.

Citizens, take your visiting friends to see Jerusalem. It may be the only opportunity of a lifetime. Admission, 25c.

Worthy of Notice.

Within the past few years numerous new plans of insurance have been adopted by most of the leading life insurance companies, but the plan which is meeting with merited success is the Compound Investment Plan of the North American Life Assurance Company, Toronto. Write or make personal application to the Company respecting it. 246

I.O.O.F. GRAND LODGE.

Niagara Welcomes the Delegates With Addresses—Important Business in Connection With the Order to Come Up.

NIAGARA FALLS, Aug. 9.—The Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Oddfellows met at Niagara Falls to-day. The grand officers and grand representatives are arriving by every train, and fully 600 are now here.

At 9 o'clock this morning the visitors, Grand Lodge officers and local members formed a procession, headed by the Niagara Falls Brass Band and marched through the principal streets. A halt was made at the Opera House, where addresses of welcome were made by the mayor and other municipal officers. At 1.30 this afternoon the visitors took a trip on the Niagara River and Park Electric Railway.

The grand officers are: Rev. T. W. Jolliffe, Grand Master, Bowmanville; Joseph Oliver, Deputy Grand Master, Toronto; W. H. Hoyle, Grand War., Cannington; J. B. King, Grand Secretary, 42 King-street east, Toronto; William Badenach, Grand Treas., 17 Leader-lane, Toronto; W. H. Cole, Grand Representative, Brockville; Henry Robinson, Grand Rep., Collingwood; O. E. Fleming, Grand Marshal, Windsor; Robert Meek, Grand Conductor, Kingston; A. Mitchell, Grand Guardian, Bowmanville; I. B. Aulph, Grand Herald, Bracebridge; Rev. William J. Sanders, Grand Chaplain, Lonsdale; P. E. Fitzpatrick, Junior Past Grand Master, Hamilton.

Some important business is to be done. It is proposed to change the system of Grand Lodge representation. The scheme is to make a change by electing representatives from different districts instead of lodges, making the unit of representation 200, which would reduce the number of delegates from 350 to 120.

At the last meeting of the Grand Lodge a committee was appointed to consider this matter. The report which this committee will present is embodied in a proposed amendment to the constitution as follows: Representation in the Grand Lodge will be by districts and 200 shall be the unit of representation. The number of representatives to which each district is entitled shall be ascertained by dividing the total membership of the lodges comprised in the district by 200, any remainder being considered as equal to another full number.

Committees were appointed and to-day the brethren will get down to solid business.

The Milk Dealers' Picnic.

The milk dealers' annual picnic and excursion was not booked for Long Branch yesterday, but owing to circumstance, accident or Providence, the larger part of their large excursion intended for Oakville made the Branch their destination for the afternoon and evening.

It seems the steamers Tymon and Steinhoff were chartered to take the party to Oakville. The Steinhoff reached that desired haven on her 2 p.m. trip all right, but the machinery of the Tymon did not behave so smoothly as her builders intended, found herself making such poor headway when passing Long Branch the committee and captain of the steamer decided to run on to that port, where 600 of the milk dealers' excursion disembarked. Owing to the kindly arrangements of the committees and management of the park the pavilions and grounds of the Branch were mutually used, each party having an orchestra. Mr. Benson and Mr. Rice of the milk dealers' committee, thought out of an apparent misfortune their section of the excursion were more than thankful for being landed at Long Branch, as they not only had the full advantages of park and pavilions and an electric and moonlight excursion, but were tendered the services of both the Lakeside and Garden City for their return to the city. Long Branch is not such a bad place to go after all.

Suicide by Shooting.

MONTREAL, Aug. 9.—John R. Arnott, warehouseman, doing business at 36 Foundling-street, was found in yard in rear of his warehouse at 7 o'clock this morning dead, with a bullet wound in the head through the right temple. Deceased was seen to enter his office at 6 o'clock last night and went out shortly after. He must have returned early in the evening alone and gone out to the yard and shot himself.

Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House.

"Slaves of a City" will be the opening attraction of the regular season at the Toronto Opera House on Monday, Aug. 14. This great scenic production will be presented by E. J. Hassan's company of artists. The plot of the play portrays the temptations and vicissitudes of a factory girl in the large metropolis, shows the different personages in all walks of life, and the different organizations to which they are slaves. The scenes are laid in New York city, and special scenery is carried by the company for the production.

When Sir John May Sail.

OTTAWA, Aug. 9.—Advices here say that if, as is likely, the decision of the Paris tribunal upon the Behring Sea question is rendered this week, Sir John Thompson will sail for Canada Aug. 17 by the same steamer as Sir Charles Tupper.

Cultivate health by using Adams' Tutti Frutti after meals. It aids digestion and invigorates the entire system. Take no worthless substitute.

A Story of Scientific Research—The Latest Novel by a Great Frenchman.

In this volume M. Zola concludes his famous Rougon-Macquart series, which has been to him what the writing of the Comedie Humaine was to Honore de Balzac—the great work of his life, and now it is accomplished "Doctor Pascal" is a story of scientific research of a physician who believed that by the injecting of fluids composed of animal compounds he could perform miracles. M. Zola tells the story with so much enthusiasm and so much particularity that the reader is as convinced of the wonderful qualities of the remedies as Dr. Pascal himself. For sale at John P. McKenna's, publisher and newsdealer, 80 Yonge-street, near King. Unlike "The Downfall," "Dr. Pascal" has a strong love story running through it, which to many readers will give it a larger human interest. It is confidently believed that "Dr. Pascal" will be a great success in America.

The Walkerville Brewing Company's superior Canadian pale ale is the best. 246

Long Branch.

The Drygoods Clerks' Association held their annual excursion to Long Branch Grove yesterday per steamers Lakeside and Garden City. There was a large turnout, and for pretty faces, graceful attire and genteel dancing this excursion certainly could claim not the "bun," but the entire "bake shop." A splendid program of games was prepared and carried out to the enjoyment of all, the day and evening being exceptionally fine. The Garden City returned the party about 10.30.

A Restaurant for Sale. Kidney & Co., 47 Adelaide east.

Conner's Extra Night.

A large crowd was at Hanlan's last night to witness the performance given by Zamora and Master Jesop. The extra feature, the dancing by the Brothers McCluskey, was not only artistic but highly delighted the immense crowd present.

"Taylor's Egyptian Bouquet."

At 2 o'clock this morning smoke was seen issuing from Harry Webb's cellar, Yonge and Melinda-streets, and an alarm was rung in. The damage done was very trifling.

A NIGHT OF FISH STORIES.

THE ANGLERS' AT NIAGARA SPIN YARNS TILL DAYBREAK.

The Fishermen's Congress Marked by Good Catches, Good Stories and a Good Dinner—An Angling Association to Be Formed—The Fly Casting Tournament Takes Place To-Day.

NIAGARA-ON-THE-LAKE, Aug. 9.—This was the first day of the Anglers' Congress at the Queen's Royal, held in celebration of the tercentenary of Izaak Walton's birth. The weather being simply delightful, many gentlemen came over to take part, the Bench being particularly well represented by the following gentlemen: Chief Justice Sir Francis Wilson, Montreal; Judge Buchanan, Montreal; Judge Chadwick, Guelph; Judge Morson, Toronto. The day was given up to fishing, it being the idea to devote the first to pleasure and the second day to business, when a business meeting will be held in the morning and a fly-casting tournament in the afternoon, commencing at 2.30. Among the enthusiastic disciples of the good Izaak who are here are the following:

Barlow Cumberland, Col. Pope, John Foy, J. J. Foy, Q.C.; R. L. Patterson, James Aikenhead, John J. Aikenhead, Dr. Coulter, Thomas E. Aikenhead, J. Kerr Osborne, A. H. Ward, W. F. Maclean, M.P., Lionel H. Clarke, W. E. Ramsey, Thomas A. Baker, C. W. Bunting, William Croft, R. K. Sproule, D. T. Alexander, D. A. Rose, A. W. Croll, P. Jamieson, W. Bryan, W. H. Stone, Toronto.

Herbert Bissell, William T. Miller, O. C. Coffey, H. Moffatt, J. H. Lewis, F. L. Pratt, Buffalo.

Dr. Homer Belding, J. Morian Smith, J. B. Davis, Foster Warner, Rochester.

W. Armstrong, St. Catharines.

E. E. Rand, Vancouver, B.C; Stuart Palmer, London, Eng.; Major J. J. Stuart, Hamilton; Sir Francis Wilson, Judge Buchanan, Montreal.

W. Armstrong, J. R. Munro, Charles Riordon, R. G. Cox, H. Woodruff, D. B. Crombie, H. Collier, St. Catharines.

Good Catches Made.

Many of the foregoing wielded the rod during the afternoon and made some famous catches, mainly of black bass. Mr. Thomas Aikenhead of Toronto was the luckiest, his catch numbering 15 beautiful black bass, the heaviest of which turned the scales at 4 lb. 2 oz. Col. Pope, Mr. R. L. Patterson of Toronto and Mr. J. B. Davis, Rochester, also made splendid catches, but they were too modest to have them weighed, although the consul and the great typefounder declared that five that aggregated little less than 20 pounds. Nobody, however, but themselves saw them.

The Fish Dinner

At 8 o'clock about 60 gentlemen sat down to an elegant fish dinner given in the ball room of the hotel. Mr. Barlow Cumberland occupied the chair and Mr. Charles Riordon the vice-chair. Mr. Thomas McGaw, I should mention, provided a magnificent basket of brook-trout for the dinner from his own preserves near Stratford. Is it necessary to say that everybody voted the dinner the best they had ever sat down to, and that's saying a great deal, for some of the gentlemen had ate similar dinners in many parts of the world! The ball room in which the dinner took place was tastily and appropriately decorated with pictures denoting the struggle, the rise and the victory in angling. The menu was as follows:

The Menu.

"The mightiest feasts have been of fish."—Compleat Angler.

(Clam Chowder.)
(Celery.)
Sherry.
Siriola Saguenay Salmon, Salade do Concombres.
Fillets Niagara Whitefish, a la Italianne.
Potatoes Croquettes. Sauterne.
Froga' Legs, Fricassee au Quenelle.
Soft Shell Crabs, Sauce Tartare.
(Pommes a la Julienne.)
"Too good for any but anglers or very honest men."—C. A.
Sliced Tomatoes. Water Cress. Sauterne.
Niagara Black Bass, au Chambertin.
Brook Trout, a la Maitre d'Hotel.
Pommes a la Parisienne.
"I hoped for a trout to my dinner."—C. A.
Roast Plover on the Shell.
Roman Punch. Claret.
Snipe on Toast.
Steamed English Plum Pudding, Brandy Sauce.
Toddy.
Caramel Cream Cake. Petit Four.
Almond Macaroons. Lady Fingers.
Saratoga Kisses.
Niagara Peaches. Lincoln County Grapes.
Bartlett Pears. California Plums.
Stilton Cheese. French Coffee.
"Moses appointed fish to be the chief diet for the best commonwealth that ever yet was."—C. A.

Why They Met.

It was when the dinner was done and everybody was full of fish that the fun commenced. Mr. Cumberland was the happiest of chairmen. Having welcomed everybody, he called on Mr. Hunter to read letters from Judge Falconbridge, whom pressure of public business detained; Mr. T. McGaw, who was busy catching two trout at a time at his preserve; Rev. T. D. Phillips, formerly of Oldcastle, but now of Chicago; S. S. Spalding of Buffalo and others, who were unable to attend.

Mr. Hunter explained that the object of the gathering was not only to feast and revel in honor of the anglers' saint, but to form an association that as an angling organization would perpetuate his memory.

The Queen and President Cleveland were followed on the toast list by several appropriate toasts.

Drank to Isaak's Memory.

Col. Pope gave "Isaak Walton," and W. F. Maclean, M.P., replied. He said the newspapers had kept Isaak's memory green with fish stories, referred to the fact that Canada had the greatest fisheries of the world, and suggested that international laws should be framed for the preservation of fish everywhere. He said that Isaak Walton, being immortal, was doubtless presiding over their festivities in spirit.

Mr. Cumberland told some stories and gave "Fishing," to which Mr. J. Hill of Pontiac responded and expressed the hope that the proposed association would be not only Canadian but International, as angling knew no nation.

Told Fish Stories All Night.

Mr. Cumberland in calling for the competition explained that fishing was catching the denizens of the water by any means, while angling was the essence of the delicacy of sport.

At the witching hour the story-telling competition commenced.

R. L. Patterson, with recitation, and W. E. Ramsay, T. A. Baker and other gentlemen helped things along with songs.

Thus the merry gathering progressed until Col. Pope said it was time the bass were biting and all adjourned to the waters.

Able and Well-Written Articles—The New Canadian Magazine.

The Dominion at last has achieved a distinguished success in magazine literature. The midsummer August number of The Canadian Magazine, for sale at John P. McKenna's, bookseller, and newsdealer, 80 Yonge-street, near King, is a splendid one, well illustrated and rich in variety of ...ction, light literature and timely topics.

You can't be happy if continually tired without appetite and imperfect digestion therefore use Microbe Killer.

Yonge-street, North of the Track.

The residents of Deer Park and North Toronto on Yonge-street, above the C.P.R. crossing and adjacent streets, can have The World delivered to their homes before 7 o'clock every morning for 25c per month. The delivery will be made as far north as Eglinton Town Hall. Send in orders.

"Taylor's Egyptian Bouquet."

Monumental.

D. McIntosh & Sons, 524 Yonge-street manufacturers and importers of granite and marble monuments. Note address. 246

Drink Sprudel at lunch and you will not have dyspepsia, will be free from kidney difficulties, and you will never be bilious.

SIR HENRY WOOD'S ORDERS.

England's Fair Commissioner Ordered Not to Appear Officially On British Day.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 9.—There have been several rows in the World's Fair British Commission since May 1 last, but the most recent is that which ended in the sending of a cablegram from the Foreign Office in London to Sir Henry Wood at Victoria House, Jackson Park, ordering him not to participate officially in British Day at the World's Fair, for which Aug. 19 has been set aside.

In consequence of this the British festivities will be conducted under the supervision of Colonel J. Hayes Sadler, British Consul of Chicago, and the Commissioners from Victoria House will simply sit on the platform without taking part in the exercises. It was the intention of the British subjects here to ask Sir Henry Wood, Secretary of the Imperial British Commission, to preside, but he would not accept such an invitation now in view of the instructions he has received from London.

It is thought by many that the order was sent from London regarding non