The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

FORTY-THIRD YEAR — THE VICTORIA SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST FRIDAY, 6 SEPTEMBER 1901 — VOLUME LXII

Expresses His Regret

Envoy of Emperor of China Waits Upon the Kaiser in Person.

And Declares His Master's Sorrow For Murder of Baron Von Ketteler.

German Emperor Replies Somewhat Sternly on the "Unheard of Crime."

Berlin, Sept. 4.—Emperor William's reception of the Chinese mission of expiation, headed by Prince Chun, which took place today at Potsdam, was marked with all the severity consistent with an audience nominally friendly. The Chinese envoy on entering the palace was not accorded a salute by the garde du corps. The Emperor received him seated. The buttons and epaulettes of His Majesty's white uniform were enveloped in crepe. Prince Chun bowed thrice on entering and leaving. Emperor William remained seated during the reading of the Chinese address. Afterwards, however, he relaxed his stern demeanor and welcomed the envoy courteously and subsequently accompanied by his adjutant, he called upon Prince Chun. Later in the evening the Emperor, Prince Chun and a dozen members of the expiatory mission, took tea on the island on the Spree. The Emperor had evidently arranged the entire ceremony with a view to impressing Prince Chun with the feeling that the ceremony meant expiation for a foul crime, and only through expiation had Prince Chun acquired the right to be treated with princely honors. Not until after the ceremony did the atmosphere change. Then troops outside having saluted and the band having played, Hussars escorted Prince Chun back to the Orangery. The Imperial envoy seemed deeply impressed with the solemnity of the occasion, and when summoned to the throne room he showed visible embarrassment. He bowed repeatedly while approaching the throne, and his voice was agitated while he was reading the imperial address.

Following is the text of the letter presented by Prince Chun to Emperor William: "The Great Emperor of the Chinese Empire, to His Majesty the Great German Emperor—Greeting: Ever since the empires have been mutually represented by potent legations, we have stood uninterrupted in friendly relationship with one another, especially since the visit of Prince Henry, whom I had the privilege of receiving frequently and treating with on intimate terms. Unfortunately, in the fifth month of last year the Boxers rebellously penetrated [illegible] Peking, and the sudden [illegible] result was the murder of Your Majesty's minister, Baron von Ketteler, a man who, as long as he occupied his post at Pekin, paid careful attention to the interests of our countries, and to whom we are bound to pay our special acknowledgements.

"We regret most deeply that Baron von Ketteler met so terrible an end. The fact that we were not in a position to take due protective measures were painful to our sense of responsibility."

"It was this feeling of responsibility which prompted us to erect a monument on the spot as a sign that the crime should not remain unexpiated. Further, we have sent to Germany with this letter, the Imperial Prince Tsun Tsai Song, heading a special mission, Prince Chun, our own brother, will assure Your Majesty how deeply the events of the past year have grieved us, and how deeply feelings of penitence and shame still animate us. Your Majesty sent your troops from a far distance, put down the Boxer's rebellion, and restored peace, for the welfare of our nation. We have, therefore commanded Prince Chun to express personally to Your Majesty our thanks for your efforts in promoting peace. We cherish the hope that Your Majesty's indignation will be replaced by the old friendship and that the relations between our empires will be even more extensive and of a more intimate and beneficent character than hitherto, is our firm assurance.

Prince Chun in delivering the letter said, "I am in a position to assure Your Majesty that the Emperor, my most gracious master, stood aloof from these complications which brought misfortune upon China and loss and care upon Germany. Nevertheless, in accordance with the customs of thousands of years, the Emperor of China has taken the blame on his own sacred person. I have, therefore the task of expressing to Your Majesty the most cordial feelings of the Emperor, my illustrious master toward Your Imperial Majesty and the whole Imperial family. I hope the passing cloud will only intensify the succeeding sunshine and mutual friendship of the two great empires when they understand the value of each other better."

Emperor William in reply, said:

"It is no joyous festive occasion nor the fulfilment of a simple act of courtesy which brings Your Imperial Highness to me; but a deeply melancholy and very serious event. My minister to the court of the Emperor of China has been slain in the capital of China by the weapons of Chinese soldiers, acting under superior command, an unheard of crime, which is branded as infamous by international law and the usages of all nations. From the mouth of Your Imperial Highness I have just received an expression of the deep regret of the Emperor of China. I readily believe Your Imperial brother personally stood aloof from this crime and the subsequent acts of violence against the inviolable legations and peaceful foreigners, all the greater the guilt resting on his advisors and government. The latter must not delude themselves with the belief that they are able to obtain atonement and pardon for their guilt by this expiatory mission alone. They will be judged by their future conduct in accordance with the laws of nations. If the Emperor of China conducts the government of his great Empire henceforth strictly in the spirit of these prescriptions, then will hopes be fulfilled and the results of the complications of the past year will be overcome and between Germany and China, as formerly, peaceful and friendly relations will again prevail. In the sincere wish that this may be so I bid Your Imperial Highness welcome."

LARGE LUMBER CONTRACT.

Grand Forks, Sept. 4.—(Special)—B. Lequime, of Midway, has contracted to supply the Republic and Grand Forks railway with two million feet of lumber. He will erect a new mill with a daily capacity of thirty thousand feet, at Curlew, Wash.

GAUDAUR AND TOWNS.

Water Too Rough and Race Postponed Till Today.

Rat Portage, Ont., Sept. 4.—(Special.)—Canada will retain the sculling championship of the world for another day at least, as the Gaudaur-Towns contest did not take place. The articles stipulated that the race should be rowed between 4 and 7 in the afternoon. At 4 o'clock the wind, which had been blowing steadily from the south all day, had not abated, and the course was too choppy for the race. Towards 7 o'clock the wind gradually died away, and the work of stretching the boom on the east side of the Bay was proceeded with. It proved a tedious undertaking, and by the time it was completed it was after 7 o'clock and getting too late for the race. The referee, Mr. G. F. Galt, then called the race off for today. It will be rowed tomorrow at 4 p. m. Thousands of spectators lined the banks. They were disappointed at the race not coming off, but saw the justice of the referee's decision.

Gaudaur and Towns both expressed regret that the race was not rowed as the strain on them is severe. There has been a good deal of talk, but not much betting here. Several small bets have been made at 2 to 1, and in several cases at even money, but most of the Towns men want big odds, which Gaudaur's backers will not concede.

Killed By a Fall of Rock

E. J. Duchesnay, Assistant Superintendent of C. P. R. Meets Death.

Accident Happened While Subduing Fire in Tunnel on Railway.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 4.—The following official report was received by Supt. Marpole here today.

"E. J. Duchesnay was killed almost instantly at 10:50 this morning by rock falling on him as he was directing the men in the west end of tunnel No. 11."

The sad news was received as a severe shock in Vancouver this morning, where Mr. Duchesnay was widely known and respected. He held the position of assistant general superintendent under Mr. Marpole. He had been on the track working tirelessly since May owing to the strike, and was on his way home to see his family for the first time since then, when overtaken by the hand of death.

He was killed while directing the men in subduing the flames where the timbers in the tunnel eleven miles from North Bend had taken fire.

Mr. Duchesnay was about 45 years of age and was connected with the C. P. R. since 1883. He first worked on the Alloma branch on the engineers staff, afterwards on the Soo branch and Nipissing divisions. He came west to take a position on the engineering staff in Vancouver in 1896. His worth was recognized by his being appointed superintendent. In 1899 he was again promoted to the position of assistant general superintendent. Mr. Duchesnay leaves a widow with four children.

MR. MARTIN INTERVIEWED

He States His Opinion In Regard to the Cabinet Change.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Sept. 4.—Mr. Joseph Martin, in an interview on the political situation today, said:

"Last session the opponents of the government had 19 votes, sufficient to overthrow the government. Most of us felt there was no possible object in turning the Dunsmuir government out, and if it had not been for our action in refusing to join a conspiracy the Dunsmuir government would have been beaten.

"We therefore approve of Mr. Brown joining the government, and intend to support it.

"In regard to Mr. Garden's remark, that I am the power behind the throne, I see no reason for it.

"I suppose Mr. Dunsmuir has chosen one of these men who supported him at a critical time in preference to one of those who presumably supporting him, were pledged to vote against him."

Mr. Martin arrived in town last night from Vancouver, and in regard to an interview by Mr. Smith Curtis, published in last night's Times, in which Mr. Martin is accused of having changed front last session in regard to the Columbia & Western railway, he requests the Colonist to give Mr. Smith Curtis' statement an absolute denial. Mr. Martin stated that he had consistently opposed the Columbia & Western last session, and Mr. Smith Curtis had no ground for accusing him of a change of front.

NANAIMO CELEBRATION.

A Series of Attractions in Connection With the Fall Fair.

Nanaimo, Sept. 4.—(Special.)—A citizen's committee has been appointed to deal with the matter of a grand celebration to be held here at the same time as the fall fair on the 20th and 21st of this month. Work is being pushed forward and a great day is anticipated. It will be held in conjunction with the exhibition. The Agricultural Association will hold their exhibition on the green, the celebration committee taking all receipts, providing tents for the exhibition and making a donation to cover the loss of revenue to the association. The celebration will include besides the agricultural exhibition and dog show, a band competition, balloon ascensions and parachute drops, and mounted military tournament.

The Mineola has arrived for coal for Los Angeles, and will have to lie here a time as the company have not yet completed the cargo for the Aztec bound for Acapulco.

Visiting Winnipeg.—The Winnipeg Free Press says: Sheriff Hall of Vancouver, and his niece, Miss Carrie Hall, of Victoria, daughter of the chief factor of the Hudson's Bay Company, are at present in Toronto visiting relatives and friends.

COLUMBIA AHEAD.

But Not Enough Wind to Finish Monday's Race.

Newport, Sept. 3.—The second official trial race of Columbia and Constitution yesterday had practically no result. The yachts, for lack of wind, were unable to finish within the time limit of 5½ hours. At 6:30 in the evening the contest came to an inglorious conclusion two miles to the eastward of Benton's reef lightship. At the time Columbia lead by a quarter of a mile.

THE ROYAL TRAIN.

C. P. R. Have Almost Completed the Special Car.

Montreal, Sept. 3.—(Special)—The Canadian Pacific Railway Company announces that coaches for the royal train which have been under construction at the company's shops at Hochelaga for several months, will be completed this week. The train is to be lighted by electricity and fitted with electric bells. A feature of the train will be a complete telephone system connecting all cars.

A Visit to The Farmers

Dr. Fletcher and Mr. Anderson's Trip Through the Farming Districts.

Many Items of Interest Noted En Voyage—Progress and Improvement.

Dr. Fletcher, Dominion entomologist, and J. R. Anderson, deputy minister of agriculture for British Columbia, recently completed a tour of the province in the course of which they attended meetings of Farmers' Institutes and delivered addresses on live agricultural topics at various points.

They met at Nanaimo about the beginning of August and proceeded to Comox, where a successful meeting was held. During their stay in the district they made collections of plants and insects in the Beaufort Range. From Comox they went to French creek and thence to Alberni, holding meetings at each place. At Alberni they ascended Mount Arrowsmith and secured several valuable botanical and entomological specimens. The crops in the Alberni district were good, but the fruit gave indication of turning out below the average. The creamery at Comox was visited and was found to be producing an excellent quality of butter. The enterprize is proving eminently successful, the creamery enjoying a good patronage and promises to be a profitable venture. Returning to Nanaimo they held a meeting there and another at Victoria, each being well attended.

Proceeding to the Mainland they addressed a large meeting at Chilliwack. At this point Dr. Fletcher had the good fortune to secure specimens of a very rare butterfly, Eribia Videri, which has never been found except in this district. The insects were captured while exploring on Che-an, which also yielded several specimens of rare plants. Crops in the Chilliwack valley were in splendid condition, but fruit was backward and gave less promise even than that on Vancouver Island.

The next stopping place was Kamloops, where a meeting was held. The new bridge, which will give access to the grounds of the agricultural society on the north side of the river, was nearing completion. The society has secured extensive grounds, beautifully situated on the bank of the river, which are well wooded and in every way adapted for exhibition purposes. The buildings are large and well laid out—a credit to the people of Kamloops, whose ambition it is to hold a provincial exhibition in the near future.

From Kamloops the travelers drove to Nicola, a rather fatiguing journey of 50 miles, where a meeting was held, and then retraced their road to Kamloops, the trip occupying two days.

From Kamloops they went to Enderby, and thence to Armstrong, addressing meetings at both places. The saw mills at Enderby had been destroyed by fire, and it was only by the strenuous efforts of the people that the grist mill, hotel and many other buildings were saved. Armstrong was not so fortunate, for a fire there destroyed half the town. Luckily, however, the grist mill was saved. At Enderby, Mr. Appleton showed them some magnificent samples of grain in the straw, and he promised to prepare and forward specimens to the agricultural museum. The weather at the time of their visit to that part of the province was extremely hot. At Armstrong, the mercury fell from 90 deg. in the shade at midday to 36 deg. at night.

A large meeting was held at Vernon, and the ranches in the neighborhood were visited, including Lord Aberdeen's, where Mr. Percy Hodges is in charge. The next place visited was Kelowna, where a meeting was addressed. The tobacco crop looked very promising, and the hay was the heaviest and finest ever produced in the district. Other crops were abundant, and of good quality, and the fruit in all the sections visited was far superior in quality and quantity to that seen in the lower Mainland. Some time was devoted at this point to making collections of grains and grasses for the Dominion and Provincial departments.

In the Nicola and Kamloops districts grasshoppers have done much damage. They are of several kinds, the Rocky Mountain locust, one of the most destructive species, being seen in great numbers. Another pest noted by Dr. Fletcher since his last visit is the English cabbage butterfly, Pieries Rapae, the larvae of which attacks the crucifers and mignonette and has wrought much damage.

After leaving Kelowna the party was augmented by the addition of Mr. Stupart, head of the Dominion meteorological department at Toronto, who was making selections for observatory stations at various points in the province.

Mr. Anderson accompanied Dr. Fletcher as far as Banff, where they parted. Both Dr. Fletcher and Mr. Stupart expressed the pleasure which their trip afforded and they were agreeably surprised by the indications of progress and general improvement which they noted everywhere.

On the return journey from Banff Mr. Anderson fell in with Dr. Saunders, chief of the Dominion experimental farms, and traveled with him as far as Agassiz, where Dr. Saunders will remain for a few days, after which he will visit Victoria.

Mr. Anderson states that excessive forest fires are raging on the west coast of Vancouver Island, to the foot of the Rocky mountains, and doing immense damage to the standing timber.

Change in Cabinet

Hon J. H. Turner Resigns and Is Appointed Agent General in England.

Hon. J. D. Prentice Succeeds Him—Hon. J. C. Brown Sworn In as Secretary.

Hon. Richard McBride, Minister of Mines, Resigns His Portfolio.

The air has been full of political rumors lately and speculation and gossip have indulged in wild flights as to impending changes in the cabinet. It was known that Hon. Mr. Turner was about to resign his position in the cabinet to assume the duties of agent-general of British Columbia in England, but the government had carefully withheld the name of his successor.

Yesterday afternoon, therefore, when the Colonist Extra announced the appointment of Hon. J. C. Brown, of New Westminster, to a cabinet position, the feeling was rather one of relief that the suspense of the situation had been relieved than of surprise at Mr. Dunsmuir's choice of a new colleague.

The changes in the distribution of portfolios was not regarded as anything much out of the common, but when the further announcement was made that Hon. Richard McBride was reported to have resigned as minister of mines, popular fancy became excited, and all kinds of stories were heard on the street corners, hotel corridors and club rooms.

It was freely stated that Attorney-General Eberts had also tendered his resignation, but this was promptly denied by Mr. Eberts, when questioned on the subject by a Colonist representative.

In Mr. McBride's case, however, the rumor of midday became a certainty by nightfall, Mr. McBride frankly admitting that he had resigned and stating his reasons for so doing. He said in effect that he could not consistently sit at the same council board with Mr. Brown, whom he had opposed in the political arena for years, that he considered the Premier had made an unhappy choice in taking Mr. Brown in, that it was a departure, in his opinion, from the policy upon which the Dunsmuir government had been formed, and that therefore he was compelled reluctantly to differ with Mr. Dunsmuir and the other ministers, which left him no alternative but to tender his resignation.

The changes in the cabinet announced in yesterday's extra were:

At yesterday's cabinet council the following appointments and changes were confirmed:

The resignation of Hon. J. H. Turner as minister of finance and agriculture was accepted. Mr. Turner's appointment as agent-general for British Columbia in London, England, was ratified. The appointment dates from today, but Mr. Turner will not leave for his new post for some weeks.

The portfolio of finance and agriculture, rendered vacant by Mr. Turner's retirement, was filled by the appointment of Hon. J. D. Prentice, who relinquishes the office of provincial secretary and minister of education.

To fill the latter vacancy, Hon. J. C. Brown, member for New Westminster, was sworn in to replace Mr. Prentice.

MESSRS. GARDEN AND TATLOW.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 3.—(Special.)—Referring to the appointment of J. C. Brown to the provincial cabinet, Mr. Garden, M. P. P., says in an interview: "The action of Mr. McBride in resigning is manly and straightforward. It is my belief that the course adopted is without precedent in the history of Canada. The present government was formed with the idea of keeping out discordant elements. An early reconstruction was promised, but the promise was broken. Now it is being constructed from the ranks of the enemy. The betrayal of the government party by the Premier himself is nothing short of an outrage. I firmly believe it is Joseph Martin's influence that has led Mr. Dunsmuir to take this step. Joseph Martin becomes the power behind the throne. I am in direct opposition to the government as at present constituted."

Mr. Tatlow in an interview said that the Premier's action was outrageous. Mr. Tatlow further referred to the political changes as a conspiracy and without a parallel in constitutional history. He said he had no further use for Premier Dunsmuir or his government and that the people should stand shoulder to shoulder to resent the insult offered to the province by the Premier.

SHOOTING AT SEAGIRT.

Thirteenth Regiment of Hamilton Takes Second Prize.

New York, Sept. 3.—The rifle shooters who represent the National Guard of the district of Columbia are running away with the matches at the Seagirt, N. J., rifle range, so far. Today they added two more victories to their credit by winning the interstate regimental and company matches. In the regimental match they were closely followed by the team from the Thirteenth Canadian Infantry and Twelfth Regiment of New York. Each of these teams had a total of 540, but the Canadians, having made the better score at the longer range, held second place.

The Canadians' score at the 500 yard range gave evidence of extraordinary marksmanship. Pte. Skedden made a "possible," and was closely followed by Major Wilson and Lieut. Ross, each of whom scored 49. In the company team match there were 11 entries, the first team of company "A," Sixth Battalion, of the district of Columbia, won this event. Battery "B" of Boston was next, with 291, and the First City troops of Philadelphia, was third, with a total of 285.

CANADIAN SHINGLES.

Mills Have More Orders Than They Can Fill.

Vancouver, Sept. 3.—(Special)—Mr. Spicer, one of the most prominent shingle mill men on the Mainland, states that the trade expect that prices will be improved by the temporary shut down of the Washington shingle mills. Although it is bound to affect the Canadian market favorably, the improvement will not be noticed, as the United States shingles did not cut much figure in the market this season. Asked as to the Canadian shingle market, Mr. Spicer said the mills were all behind in their orders, getting more orders than they could fill.

LE ROI MINES

Work Has Been Resumed and Shipments Will Begin at Once.

Rossland, Sept. 3.—Work has been resumed at the Le Roi group of mines, and the crew is being strengthened by arrivals on every train coming into the city. The shipment of ore is to be resumed at once, a number of cars having already been loaded.

Business men are feeling much more hopeful and are looking forward with pleasure to the resumption of the big monthly pay roll which is necessary to the success of tradesmen. There is every indication that the mines will have comparatively little trouble in securing all the men required to man the mines, desirable miners being attracted by the liberal wages paid and the prospect of rapid advancement.

ONLY A LITTLE BACKACHE.

That is the first unmistakable symptom of diseased kidneys, an ailment which no one can neglect without inviting Bright's disease diabetes, rheumatism and the most painful and fatal maladies. At the first sign of backache and urinary disorders use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and you can be certain of prompt relief and cure. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box.

More Gold From Yukon

Treasury Department Purchase One Thousand Four Hundred and Six Ounces.

Business In Dawson Reported Dull and Price Cutting General.

D. Carmody, a Dawson merchant, who arrived from the North by the steamer Hating on Monday last, visited the provincial treasurer's office yesterday afternoon and disposed of 1,406 ounces of "commercial gold." This is distinguished from creek gold from the fact that it is made up from many sources, and is not the product of any particular claim. It is taken in by the merchants in exchange for goods, and up to the present season has formed the chief currency of the gold fields' capital. The merchants take it at $16 per ounce, a fair average value, but it often assays considerably less when purified and transformed into bullion.

The officials of the provincial office will melt this gold this morning and Mr. Carmody will receive a certificate for its full mint value before noon. If the dust (it looks more like fine gravel) holds its value he will receive $22,496, less the small charge made for assay.

A special constable now guards the provincial assay office, while gold is being melted, and curious visitors are strictly excluded.

Mr. Carmody states that business in Dawson is dull at present. Merchants who have large stocks on hand are selling them at sacrifice prices, in anticipation of the announced reduction in freight rates on the White Pass & Yukon railway, which will have the effect of greatly reducing the prices of goods next spring.

UNIONS SUED.

Employers Trying to Secure Damages from Labor Organizations.

Swansea, Wales, Sept. 3.—A commotion was caused at today's session of the Trades Union Congress here by the action of some of the employers in endeavoring to recover damages, under the House of Lords' decision of July 22, from labor organizations for picketing by their members.

A delegate from Blackburn was served with a writ yesterday restraining him and the members of the Blackburn branch of the Weavers, Winders and Warpers' Association from picketing Banister & Moore's works, where a strike is now in progress. Damages and costs are claimed.

Besides this suit, the Taff Vale Railroad is suing the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants for £20,000 damages incurred as a result of the strike of 1900. The suits will be strenuously defended, but their seriousness puts in the shade almost every other topic of discussion.

President Bowerman today devoted the principal part of his address to this topic, declaring that union funds were threatened with demolishment and that the position was intolerable. He said the parliamentary committee favored an alteration to the constitutions of the unions with the object of minimizing their liability to action.

The Chronicle today supports this view, maintaining that no association of working men can stand long against such litigation, and that if the decision regarding picketing is final then any unscrupulous capitalist will have his employees at his mercy and "the working classes will sink back again into an unorganized and impotent crowd."

STOLE THE TRAIN.

Texarkana, Ark., Sept. 4.—The Cotton Belt train, leaving Texarkana at 9.25 p. m. in charge of Conductor Armstrong and Engineer Henderson, was held up and robbed last night near Eylau, four miles south of Texarkana. The train was flagged by one of the robbers, who forced the fireman to go back and cut off the mail and express car, and returning forced the engineer to give up the management of the engine. One of the robbers ran the engine, mail and express cars about a mile away, and forced the express messenger to open his car. The robbers then blew open the safe with dynamite, securing, it is said, a very large amount of booty. The exact amount is withheld by the railroad and express messenger to open his car. The robbers next cut off the engine from the mail and express cars and forcing Engineer Henderson to get off they put the engine in charge of a robber engineer and went south at full speed.

No passengers were molested, though they were badly frightened.

Library Returns.—The city librarian announces that 1,914 books were issued during the month of August, ladies taking 950 and gentlemen 964. The highest number issued in one day was 122, and the average number 71. Thirty-seven new members joined the library; of these 23 were ladies and 14 gentlemen. The following books and reports were added to the library shelves: Review of Reviews for Australia, March 1901; Frederick the Great, by Carlyle; The Light of Love, by the Duchess; Royal Society Canada Transactions, Western Australia Year Book, 1901; Compendium of Year Book, B. C., 1897-1901; Canadian Archive Report, 1900; Chilcat Districts Report, by Hon. A. Martin.

ARRESTED FOR TREASON.

London, Sept. 3.—A despatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria today, says:

"Since August 16 the columns report 19 Boers killed, 3 wounded, 12 made prisoners, and 127 surrendered, and that 184 rifles, 27,500 rounds of ammunition, 1,700 horses and 7,500 head of cattle have been captured."

Dr. Krause, formerly governor of Johannesburg, and a prominent official of the late Transvaal government, who was taken into custody in London last night, was charged at the Bow street police court this morning with high treason in the Transvaal, under the fugitive offenders law, and was remanded for a week without bail. No evidence except as to Dr. Krause's arrest was offered.

Sir George Lewis, on behalf of the prisoner, asked if any deposition against his client supporting the charge existed.

Prosecutor Muir replied that there was, of course, information against the accused in Cape Colony. The police here, he said, had acted upon telegraphic instructions.

The police testified that Dr. Krause, when arrested, looked at the warrant and remarked "The charge is absurd."

Capetown, Sept. 3.—A well mounted force of Boers has looted Barrydale, 14 miles from Capetown.

Sheeper's Boer commando passed close to Montague, 150 miles from Capetown, yesterday, and had a slight brush with the local scouts. They had spare horses and were apparently well equipped. A column of troops has gone in pursuit.

Royal Visit To Victoria

Exact Hours of the Duke's Arrival And Departure Are Fixed.

South Australia Comes to Canada For Instruction in Agriculture.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Sept. 3.—The complete itinerary of the tour of the Duke of Cornwall in Canada is issued. The hours of arrival and departure at the British Columbia Coast towns are as follows:

Arrive Vancouver September 30, 11:30 a.m.; leave Vancouver October 1, 5 a.m.

Arrive Victoria October 1, at 10 a.m.

Leave Victoria October 2, 10:30 p.m., and arrive at Vancouver October 3, 9 a.m.

Leave Vancouver October 3, at 10 a.m.

The government of South Australia is anxious to procure a Canadian to fill the position of government professor of agriculture. The salary offered is $2,500 a year, with house, rations and fuel.

Labor Day was well observed here; beautiful weather prevailed, and the trades celebration was most creditable.

For August the Dominion revenue was $3,005,485, against $2,658,667 for the corresponding month last year, an increase of $346,818. For the first two months of the fiscal year the revenue shows an increase of $206,114.

Medals to South African soldiers are to be presented at Vancouver drill hall on September 30, and at Oak Bay hotel, Victoria, on October 2. It is imperative that individuals who desire to receive their medals call beforehand on the D. O. C.

The men should produce their discharge certificates. Medals of deceased soldiers will be delivered to the next of kin by Major Biggar, who has charge of arrangements about the medals.

Census clerks were in a state of semi-mutiny owing to Hon. Sydney Fisher cutting down salaries by a dollar a day. A deputation was appointed to interview the minister.

The office of Black Rod has been abolished. The Senate sergeant-at-arms will perform the duty.

The government have rented another building in the city to accommodate the immigration staff.

Many Deaths In One Day

Murdock L. McLelland Drowned at Eburne—Killed on the Track.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Sept. 3.—There is a long mortality list to chronicle today. Murdock L. McLelland, of Vancouver, was drowned at Eburne yesterday. He was associated with Mr. Wells in the lumber business in that town. While making a selection of some timber in the river he fell from a boom of logs into the water. It was early in the morning. No one saw him fall in, but a man living near saw a man's hands thrown up in the water. He called for assistance and rushed to the spot. The body was at once recovered, but life was extinct. Mr. McLelland was well known here and highly respected, being at one time manager of the Port Moody lumber mills.

Jim Four, an Indian, was killed on the C. P. R. track near North Bend by the Imperial Limited yesterday.

The funeral of the late F. L. Prior, a Vancouver pioneer, took place yesterday, under the auspices of the A. O. U. W. Mr. Prior had been ill for a long time. He was widely known in the city, having formerly been book-keeper for F. W. Hart.

An Indian woman, recently married to a half-breed, and aged about 30, was found dead with an empty whisky bottle by her side at midnight last night.

Joseph Magness is dead, having passed away at St. Paul's Home on Monday. "Joe" Magness, as he was familiarly known to all the old-timers of Vancouver, was highly esteemed by his wide circle of friends for his many good qualities.

WEDDED IN VANCOUVER.

Hon. Cecil Edwards Married to Mrs Buxton.

Vancouver, Sept. 3.—(Special)—Hon Cecil Edwards, of England, and Mrs Buxton were married today. They will tour the world on their honeymoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Mr.Guickin. Hon. Cecil Edwards is brother to Lord Kensington. The bride is a daughter of M. and Madame F. X. Martin.

Survey Of Boundary

Rumor That Part of Blaine Will Be Transferred to Canadian Side.

But There Is Nothing From Official Sources to Confirm This.

Borings In the Fraser River For Westminster Bridge Are Still Proceeding.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Sept. 4.—"They are going to take a slice off the city of Blaine and Sumas district and move it over into Canada." This was the startling announcement made by an American mining man who arrived from the Mount Baker district today. When asked for his authority he could not give one. He said he had heard it, and it was general talk. The story had been given color by the fact that the Canadian survey party who had commenced their labors, locating the boundary line some months ago, had worked their way down from the head of Chilliwack river and were now at Sumas Prairie, and some one thought they had discovered that the Canadian party survey lines, if continued, would show part of Blaine to be in Canada. When Mr. McArthur, head of the Canadian survey party, was spoken to about the matter last week, he said nothing definite would be known regarding the line until next year, when a joint survey would be made by parties representing both countries. In the meantime different ground was being gone over by the Canadian and United States survey parties, and he had not yet approached near enough to the United States lines to know whether they corresponded.

The fifty miles of country from the head of Chilliwack river to Sumas Prairie, surveyed by the Canadian party is inhabited only by wild beasts, and the work has been exceedingly difficult and perilous. It is reported that several men have had limbs broken by falling from precipices. The United States survey party after defining the line for five miles in the Mount Baker district, went into the Kootenays, where there was some doubt about the boundary. According to the United States survey party's finding, the Mount Baker Mining Company's property is two-thirds in Washington state and one-third in British Columbia. This company, according to their statement, have received assurance that they will be protected from jumpers, Mr. E. V. Bodwell, of Victoria and United States Senator Falkner have given legal advice, which was to go ahead and work the property. On this advice the company, which is a New York one, have decided to work winter and summer, and will spend $100,000 in development work before any shipments are made. In the meantime, as they do not know what country they are in, every latitude is being allowed them, as well as other mine companies located close to the supposed boundary by the authorities.

Mr. Maher, resident engineer of the New Westminster bridge construction, says the previous boring of the river bed made in connection with drawing up plans for the bridge, were incorrect, inasmuch as they said that bed rock would be found at ninety feet. The whole river has been bored and at a depth of 130 feet nothing but sand has been struck. Mr. Maher was seen by the Colonist correspondent yesterday at Westminster and asked as to the progress of the work. He said that he was now engaged at his last boring, but the plans would not be out probably for two months. He stated that the fact that they found no rock bottom would not necessarily make the bridge more expensive, for although the piers would have to be sunk deeper the spans would not be so numerous, for in the 2,200 feet there would be at least three, four hundred foot spans, and as they only had sand to contend with, they would construct the piers from scows and not from compressed air chambers. Mr. Maher said that he saw a report that as no rock could be found to support the piers on, a suspension bridge would have to be constructed at an enormous expense. This was not so, an arch truss bridge would be built and in his opinion it would not cost more than $750,000. The exact locality of the bridge was pointed out, and it was seen that the approaches will be on the Westminster side about 500 yards west of the Crescent on Columbia street, and on the Brownsville side about 500 yards east of the church.

The railway track will swing out on both sides of the hill and take a curve around to the C. P. R. track on both ends the two ends being 200 feet apart, while the foot and wagon way will come out on Columbia street.

LOSS OF FLESH.

If you find yourself falling below normal weight there is danger. The use of fish oils can temporarily add fat, but will never build up healthy tissues. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food acts through the blood and nervous system and carries new life and energy to every nook and corner of the body. It regulates the various organs of the body, makes the appetite good, adds healthy flesh, and replaces the tissues wasted by disease. Naturally and gradually this food cure restores color to the cheeks, increases the weight of the body and thoroughly overcomes disease.

BROKE THE RECORD.

A Fifty-two Pound Salmon Caught by a Lady.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh D. Heber Percy have just returned from a fishing excursion in the Comox district. They are registered at the Driard and express themselves delighted with their outing. They lived under canvas for several weeks and thoroughly enjoyed the beauties of the eastern coast of Vancouver Island.

Of the many pleasing incidents of their trip the most exciting was when Mrs. Heber Percy succeeded in landing a magnificent 52-pound salmon. The lady is justly proud of her achievement, which is believed to break all former records of catches by fair devotees of the gentle art.

Gun Club Meeting.—The Victoria Gun club will meet tonight in Weiler Bros. office at 8 o'clock. As it will be the last meeting of the season all members are earnestly requested to attend.