been subject to criticer, I am pleased to wever, I am pleased to such has generally been in a it; it does not exhibit any ten-use the Government the means their obligations and maintain-tingial institutions. their obligations and maintain-sincial institutions, but confines uiring that the public business ared with the strictest economy tain modifications be made. My is confident that public opinion aletely satisfied on examining etely satisfied on examining of the retrenchments made, assured that such amendments pted as will be justified by the the present law, and when fuller d information will have been rexisted last session.
accounts for the last year wil you, as well as the estim

commencing on the first day of am convinced that you will actively assist my Governmen res which they propose sub-ou, so as to bring about furthe the administration of public e called upon to legislate upon g of public officers, the salaries and of certain officers of jus-

on the establishment of agri-ciations. Agriculture should e reduction of the expenditure ease of revenue be the chief sase of revenue be the chief our attention. The system so mangurated last fall for the end butter making during the his gave results which exceeded. It is truly a salutary revolutaking place in our system of taking place in our system and my Government wishes system for the next three overnment will continue to as possible the establishmen hout the province the manu-

have to pronounce upon bills e sale of intoxicating liquor, re, the construction and work-ays subsidized by the Governpayment of debts incurred in out of these enterprises.

Providence will bless your earnestly hope that your de-ur dear province will steadily way of duty.

## ENCH POLITICS.

Inaugural Address-It is ufficiently Elaborate r the Members.

12.-Immediately after the to order to-day M. Casimir essor of M. Flouquet as he Chamber, made his inau-He spoke briefly and lividual failures, he said, ock the progress of the Repubwas anxious to punish evil ing to their crimes, and the ruments of justice provided ad constitution would be found the purpose. M. Perier's ad-sived with only moderate ap-ne deputies expected a much to address.

e address.
assaing, socialist republican
e Seine, made a motion to the
rsons making false accusations
with the Panama scandal be
certain specified penalties of
e Chamber refused to recogncy of this motion. Several
unced M. Chassaing for conthe pretence of a wish to the pretence of a wish to a mud throwing, a plan to ent investigation of the scan-bard, Radical deputy of Seine pellated the Government as to next general elections, at advising that as early a date

iche, Boulangist deputy for plemented M. Hubbard's in-and request, by demanding in a speech, the immediate dissolu-amber and the appointment of sal assembly. Amid great con-touted that the people had outed that the people had i the present clique of minis methods, and that no amoun

replying to M. Hubbard, M. Chassaing's proposal in law must be left to accomhout interference, as it was fully adequate means for the Its proceedings could not be personal considerations. The personal considerations. The to pursue its labors and york of justice to be executed of the elections should come the firm in the conviction of have

n demanded the order of the

Poisoning Fallon, a very intelligent lad

was poisoned while assisting physicians at an autops 5 years ago, and soo terrible ulcers brok out on her head, arms tongue and threat. He hair all came out. He of dollars without any benefit. She weighed but 78 pounds, and saw allon. At last she began

Sarsaparilla a well woman. I weigh 128 LLS should be in every fami

U. S. Gov't Report.

aking wder PURB

CANADIAN NEWS.

O'Brien on the School Question-Confidence That the Premier Is Not Biassed.

cold Weather Causes Fatalities in Ontario-Vancouver Asking University Examination.

(Special to the COLONIST.) TORONTO, Jan. 16.—Charles Whetham TORONTO, Jan. 16.—Charles Whetham, Dedeze, of the Viadikavkase railway, has M.A., principal of the Whetham College, Vancouver, B.C., has written to the Senate of Toronto University asking it to hold a first year examination in the Arts course at Vancouver, B.C., three candidates having expressed a desire to write on it at that that place. The communication has been referred to the committee on examinations. of Toronto University asking it to hold a lace. The communication has been re-rred to the committee on examinations. QUEBEC, Jan. 16.-It is reported that

Mr. Dionne will ask for a recount before a judge.

PARRY SOUND, Jan. 16.—Col. O'Brien, M.P., addressed a Conservative meeting here on Saturday. Among the questions he referred to was that of Education in Manitoba. He reviewed the action which had so far been taken with reference to this matter, and, while he thought it was not worth while to criticise the course of the Government until its final determination was

so far been taken with reference to this matter, and, while he thought it was not worth while to criticise the course of the Government until its final determination was known, any interference by it as requested by the supporters of separate schools would, in his opinion, be fatal to its existence. Many persons were apprehensive that Sir John Thompson's course in regard to this question would be influenced by his own religious belief, but he had confidence that such would not be the case.

QUEBEC, Jan. 16.—James Kavanagh, a London, Jan. 16.—Reports of extreme

## CABLE NEWS.

who are boycotting single brewers. The shall gain any advantage in Morocco if quarrel threatens to assume proportions out of size with the questions involved. The striking coal miners at Goldenkirchen this Office denies the truth of the report that striking coal miners at Goldenkirchen this morning caused a dynamite explosion in one of the mines. Fortunately no one was working near the scene, so nobody was killed, though a number of miners working at a considerable distance were thrown violently to the ground. The explosion was of immense force and wrecked the interior of the mine in the neighborhood, causing great damage and resulting in delay while the galleries were being repaired. The number of strikers is decreasing daily.

All hope of the success of the strike is gone Paris, Jan. 15.—Mme. Joseph de Rein ch, with her husband's approval, has relin quished all claims upon the estate of the late Baron de Reinach. Four hundred holders of bonds and shares in the Panama nolders of bonds and shares in the Panama canal met to-day and passed resolutions in favor of reorganizing the company on a purely commercial basis. Count Keratry was the principal speaker, and his suggestion that an appeal be made to American capitalists in the interest of the enterprise was approved unanimously by the meeting.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 15.—Director Kerbedeze, of the Vladikavkase railway, has

Central News, from St. Paul de Loanda, and his colleagues were anxious to learn whether they lived under a secular governirregularities have been discovered in one of the polling districts in L'Islet, and that me polling districts in L'Islet, and that and natives was halted on the Congo, near

Newman street, London, November 27, HALIFAX, Jan. 16.—English military 1809. She made her first public appearance papers to hand state that the Queen has October 5, 1829, at Sadlers' Wells, then

HALIFAX, Jan. 16.—English military papers to hand state that the Queen has conferred on Capt. Sir Baldwin Walker, R. N., the Companionship of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, for services rendered as senior naval officer engaged in the protection of the Newfoundland fisheries. Sir Baldwin Walker is the officer who was protection of the Newfoundland fisheries. Sir Baldwin Walker is the officer who was protected against by the Newfoundland lobster men for destroying their property. The sait went against him.

KINGSTON, Jan. 16.—George M. V. Wilk inson, senior member of the grocery firm of Wilkinson & Sons and a native of Kingstep is dead, aged 69.

QUEEDC, Jan. 16.—It is believed the Dominion Government has decided not to engage the river police this Spring, and there is a probability of the harbor comnision assuming the responsibility.

DUTTON, Jan. 16.—Price's general store, Hall's butcher shop and Ferguson's photograph gallery were burned last ening. Loss, \$10,000; insurance partial.¹

HAMILTON, Jan. 16.—Commander Cheyne, the well-know Arotio explorer, who has lived here for years, is going to Jamaics. He is suffering from bronchial trouble, and has been advised to seek a warmer climate.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Saturday night was the coldest of the season. The thermometer was as low as 22 degrees below zero.

was as low as 22 degrees below zero.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Wm. Solomon, of Huron township, Bruce county, was frozen to death the other night. He went out to the barn during a snow storm and lost his way while returning to the house.

Champlain street laborer, died suddenly cold come from all parts of the constant.

Champlain street laborer, died suddenly cold come from all parts of the constant.

The harbor at Kiel is completely icebound. The harbor at Kiel is completely icebound. All over Germany railway traffic is delayed.

All over Germany railway traffic is delayed.

M. Ribot replied that the magistrate's expectations and the completely icebound. All over Germany railway traffic is delayed. ressel while lifting his sick wife into bed. It is reported that because during his life he belonged to a secret order, the Odd Fellows, funeral rites and interment in conservated ground have been refused by the Roman Catholic church authorities here to his remains.

WOODSTOCK, Jan. 16.—The crazy Chinaws almost unendurable, and a person's would freeze during a five.

All over Germany railway traffic is delayed. M. Ribot replied that the magistrate's exmination had been almost completed and that the report would be submitted to the chamber shortly. The Government would ignore all questions during the discussion of the estimates. To-morrow he would introduce a bill providing for such an amendment of the press law that persons libelling ment of the press law that persons la man who murderously assaulted a fellowcountryman at Guelph, some months ago,
was badly frozen while wandering about
Oxford county, and died in Ingersoll on
Saturday.

CHESLEY, Jan. 16.—The horses drawing
a hearse containing the remains of Hugh
Kidd, of Eldersie, who died suddenly on
Friday, became unmanageable during the
progress of the funeral procession, and ran
away. The hearse was wrecked and the
coffin thrown to the ground with such vio-

progress of the funeral procession, and ran away. The hearse was wrecked and the coffin thrown to the ground with such violence that the lid came off and the body rolled out.

PAISLEY, Jan. 17.—Alexander McNeill, M.P., addressed a large audience here, making a strong appeal in support of Imperial Federation.

Monoton, Jan. 17.—Rev. E. B. Henson, a well known Baptist divine, has received a call from a Biptist church in Montreal at a largely increased salary, and has decided to accept it. Mr. Historia disparature will be a great loss to the Scott Act party, as he has been a strong supporter of the agitation.

Cobourg, Jan. 17.—Mrs. James Comried died from the effects of a burn received on December 31, while rescuing her mother, aged 86, and her children from a burning

Tangler states that the courier sent to the fez with the ultimatum of the British Government demanding the arrest and punishnent of the men who murdered a British Berlin, Jan. 15.—The Socialists of Magdeburg have proclaimed a boycott against the brewers of that place for forming a union for protection against Socialists who are boycotting single brewers. The

CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

Interesting Proceedings Before the

pellated the Government as to the expulsion of four Nihilists from France on Jan. 13, at the instance of Baron Morhenheim. Russian ambassador. What had these four men done, he asked, that the right of living London, Jan. 15.—A dispatch to the in this country should be denied them? He ment or under a government which, while ostensibly free, had allied itself with the nstitutions of mediaeval despotism.

M. Ribot replied at length to the interpellation. Since the discovery of a Nihilist bomb in Paris in 1889, he said the police had watched with unremitting vigilance all dangerous persons. France would never permit foreigners to intrigue on her soil

to proceed as vital interests were at stake. If the Government had the right to expel If the Government had the right to expelall who disagreed with its opinions in domestic or foreign politics, he said it might as well proclaim a despotism at once. An uproar followed this statement, the Socialists cheering and the rest of the chamber shouting their disapproval.

On the vote, Deputy Jude's motion was lest by \$35 to 34.

nim some time ago and to-day they were changed to summonses for him to appear as an accused party."

The last statement by M. Bourgeois was received with prolonged cheers from the Left. M. Millevoye shouted, "Why did you wait so long?" but M. Bourgeois ignored the question.

nored the question.

A committee from the Deputies, who devote themselves to questions of parliamentary procedure, urged M. Ribot to finish the Penama inquiry with all possible speed lest the other business of the Chamber should be

Berlin, Jan. 14.—Direct the specified from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on died from the effects of a burn received on the striking miners at Dortmund became to took and the striking miners at Dortmund became to took and the striking miners at Dortmund became to took and had to be dispersed by the police. A number of them were wounded and the leader was arrested.

ABERDEEN, S. D., Jan. 15.—Miss Minnie Martin, of Omaha, four weeks ago married Almer Dresser, of Rutland, Ill. To-day it was learned that Dresser was an escaps of unation, said that he did not know any ting about it. Mr. McCreight leaves on Thursday for England.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 16.—Piedad station, in Guanajuato, was recently the scene of a daving robbery. The place was attacked until to-morrow.

Thursday for England.

PAISLEY, Jan. 17.—John Galbraith, an old man living near here on a farm owned by Alex. McNeill, M. P., was frozen to death while returning from town on Saturday.

HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 16.—The first-class battle-ship Temeraire, now in the Devonport dockyard, will be dispatched on February 28 to Esquimalt as a seagoing guard-ship, strengthening the equadron at the Pacific station. This will in no way affect the Selection of the new flagship to relieve the Warspite.

tion, in Guanajuato, was recently the scene of a daring robbery. The place was attacked by a band of ten brigands who succeeded in getting off with \$200,000 in silver. Troops have been sent in pursuit of the outlaws.

San Francisco, Jan. 16.—The Government of a veterinary surgeon whose duty shall be to examine all stock shipped from San Francisco to the Australian colony. Dr. Wii. Pacific station. This will in no way affect the selection of the new flagship to relieve the Warspite.

Tion, in Guanajuato, was recently the scene of a daring robbery. The place was attacked by a band of ten brigands who succeeded in getting off with \$200,000 in silver. Troops have been sent in pursuit of the outlaws.

San Francisco, Jan. 16.—The Government of a veterinary surgeon whose duty shall be to examine all stock shipped from San Francisco to the Australian colony. Dr. Wii. Pacific station. This will in no way affect the selection of the new flagship to relieve them shortly, and the commission adjourned them shortly, and the commission adjourned that the morrow.

Base—Took an active part in the Maine them shortly, and the commission adjourned that th regarding Panama, and that no develop-ments adverse to Carnot are possible. The discredit thrown on the Gaulois has aided greatly in relieving Carnot. The staff of that paper were active in endeavoring, be-fore the Panama Commission of the chamber, to connect Carnot's name with the Panama canal corruption, but when cor-nered declined on alleged professional grounds to give their authority for the

Frence nor Spain intends that England shall gain any advantage in Morocco if diplomacy can prevent it.

London, Jan 14.—The British Colonial Office denies the truth of the report that General Lord Wolseley is to be the next Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada.

London, Jan 17.—The balance of the Toronto 4 per cent. local improvement bonds, amounting to £158,000 sterling, is now offered for subscription at 100½ therefore, be released from the accusation of completity in the Panama canal corruption. It has been alleged on the strength at the strength and the grounds to give their authority for the statements made.

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Deputy Pelletan made a violent attack to-day in the Chamber upon the bank of France, which he said had increased its note issue by twenty million transcribed to the satisfaction of Magistrate Franqueville, who policy. M. Tirard replied that the presence caused by its own reprehensible to the satisfaction of magistrate Franqueville, who policy. M. Tirard replied that the presence caused by its own reprehensible to the satisfaction of the counterfoil of the charge that the initials "J. R.," made by the late Baron Reinach on the counterfoil of the charge that the initials "J. R.," made by the late Baron Reinach on the counterfoil of the charge that the initials "J. R.," made by the late Baron Reinach on the counterfoil of the charge that the initials "J. R.," made by the late Baron Reinach on the counterfoil of the charge that the present in the Panama canal corrupt the first the present the charge that the present the charge that the accusation of the Bank of France, which he said had in the Panama the charge that the Bank of France, which he said had in the Panama the charge that the last few months, to meet emer-denies the charge that the initials "J. R.," made by the late Baron Reinach on the counterfoil of the

of these initials that Roche received 20,000 francs from Reinach. The evidence sgainst others who have been accused is said to be no stronger than that against Statement for the Prosecution Made

French House—All About the
Expulsion of Nihilists.

The Panama Scandal Ventilated—
Government Laxity—Charges
Against Russian Press.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Immediately after the opening of the Chamber to-day, M. Lahavey, Socialist deputy for the Seipe, interpellated the Government as to the expully pushed.

There is profound relief in Republica

There is profound relief in Republican circles over the statement that Charles de Lesseps has implicated Arthur Meyer, editor of the Gaulois, as having received 100,000 francs from the Panama company. This at last brings the Royalists into the dragnet, and shows what the friends of the republic have claimed from the beginning—that Republicans officials and journalists did not have a monopoly of the Panama corruption. The fact that four Boulangist deputies are said to have been put under strong suspicion by the evidence before Franqueville is also considered as strengthening the case of the republic by showing the hypocrisy of those who assail it in the pretended interest of better government.

persons. France would never against other powers. The Government would not hesitate to expel persons who came to the country for the purpose of plotting there the overthrowing of other governments. (Cries of "Oh! Oh!" from Panama affairs and aroused deep interest in the foreign affairs of France and the Gironde, moved, amid much confusion, that the discussion of the expulsion. est in the foreign affairs of France and the necessity of Frenchmen standing together against enemies abroad. The situation today, therefore, is improved, and although the Figaro has published a sensational article, signed by Editor-in-Chief Maynard, urging Carnot, in the interest of the Republic to resign, little is heard of adverse criticism.

cism upon the President.

Attention is called to the fact that the Attention is called to the fact that the Gaulois recently printed a malignant story that Mme. Carnot made gifts to the poor out of the Panama funds. There is not a word of truth in the assertion. Several prefects from the interior attended at the ministry of the interior to-day, in order to receive strict instructions to deal promptly with all attempts by the enemies of the republic. A prominent Republican says: "The great object of the reactionists of all parties is now to disgust Carnot with the exercise of power, and get him to resign before the election of a new chamber of deputies. This chamber just now stands too badly in the eyes of the country for a president elected by it to have great weight in the eyes of the nation."

His Life Summarized in a Few Paragraphs From the Cradle to His Sick Bed.

1830-James G. Blaine was born in West frownsville, Washington county, Pa., anuary 31. 1847—Graduated from Washington Col-

1847—Graduated from Washington College, in his native county, with honors.
1852—Instructor in literature and science in the Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind in Philadelphia.
1854—Removed to Augusta, Me., and became editor and half proprietor of the Kompeleo Journal

became editor and hair proprietor of the Kennebec Journal.

1856—Elected a delegate to the first Republican National Convention, which nominated General Fremont for the Presidency.

1858—Elected to the State Legislature, serving four successive terms in that body, two of which as its speaker.

1862—Elected to Congress, where in one branch or the other he served for eighteen years.

years.
1865—Began to take a prominent part in the work of reconstructing the Confederate

1869—Chosen Speaker of the House of Representatives, and was re-elected Speaker by the next two Congresses.

1874—The Democrats having gained control of the House, Mr. Blaine became the leader of the minority.

1876—The most prominent candidate for the Presidential nomination. On June 11, the Sunday before the convention, was prostrated by the heat when entering his church. At the convention he only lacked 28 votes of a majority necessary to nominate him, but was defeated by the consolidation of his opponents. Was appointed to the United States Senate to fill unexpired term caused by resignation of Senator Morrill.

ill.

1878—Advocated the establishment of a steamship line to Brazil and urged a subsidy to be given to insure its success.

1880—Again a prominent candidate for the Presidential nomination. When Garfield was elected he was offered and accepted du Temps.

Yesterday the expulsion was announced for the presidential control of Rasnacsoni, Paris correspondent

the State portfolio.

1881—Retired from the Cabinet De-

1881—Retired from the Cabinet December 19, after inaugurating several measures which were calculated to accrue to the benefit of the United States.

1882—Began to write his historical work, entitled, "Twenty Years of Congress," on which he labored four years.

1884—Nominated for the Presidency, but was defeated at the polls and retired to his home in Augusta and continued writing his book. his book.

1886—Took an active part in the Maine

would not be a candidate under any dredun-stances. He returned in the autum and de-livered several speeches in favor of Gen. Harrison's candidacy, 1889—Appointed Secretary of State and began to interest himself immediately in the Behring Sea and fisheries question with Great Britain and other international affairs. 1890—Formulated his reciprocity idea; which were incorporated in the Tariff Act this year, and which led to commercial

reaties with several countries.

1892—Resigned as Secretary of State in June and spent the summer at Bar Harbor. In October he madela speech at Ophir Farm on his way to Washington, where he has since remained.

by the French Advocate

but among those present might be seen some of the distinguished men of the Paris har and Paris finance. The prisoners looked firm and confident, with the exception of Charles de Lesseps, whose sharply accentuated features looked painfully worn. The discipline of the Conciergerie Mazas is telling, and harsh food and regular habits are transforming the volupatry into a lean and hungry-looking being. The anxiety also relative to his situation and that of his aged father is evidently having a wearing effect.

Advocate-General Rau opened for the prosecution. He said that until the last moment he had cherished the hope that the defendants, whose reputation hitherto had been unsullied, and some of whom had contributed to the glory of France, would furnish a frank explanation of the charges against them and establish their innocence. In this expectation he was disappointed, and found himself compelled to demand from the court a judgment that would brand them with fraud. He also felt it his duty to demand an adequate sentence upon Ferdmand de Lesseps, whose former glory the first and force of whom had contributed to the glory of France, would furnish a frank explanation of the charges against them and establish their innocence. In this expectation he was disappointed, and found himself compelled to demand from the court a judgment that would brand them with fraud. He also felt it his duty to demand an adequate sentence upon Ferdmand de Lesseps, whose former glory the first of the columnia of the charges of the content of the charges of the content of the content of the charges of the content of the content of the charges of the content of the city meteorological records, the men were employed in keeping the track the bond that we have deen of the content of the city meteorological records, was the college of the city meteorological records, was the content of the city meteorological records, was the substitute sleighs for the case where the substitute sleighs for the case of the City Council to make it the substitute sl

and found himself compelled to demand from the court a judgment that would from the court a judgment that would from the court a judgment that would for the process of the Everybody was bribed who could be reached by bribery and who had influence that could affect the scheme, either favorably or unfavorably. The capital of the company was so laid open to plunderers that seven hundred millions of francs were squandered, besides the sums expended for actually carrying out the legitimate work of

bearer. I have proof of this. I deny these reports; they are false and malicious, and I shall demand personal satisfaction from the man who is responsible for them."

Chairman Brisson stopped M. du Cassagnac to assure him that there was some misunderstanding as no charge had been preferred against him by M. Dupuy de Temps or any member of the commission and that his integrity was not under suspicion.

M. Dupuy du Temps corroborated M. Brisson's statement, and several other deputies made similar efforts to calm de Cassagnac's wrath. M. de Cassagnac left the commission, however, still protesting his conviction that he had been slandered, and

lery. Gen. Loizillon, the new Minister of War, had a cong conference yesterday with Gen. Saussier. It is also known that Gen. Saussier's visit to President Carnob had other motives beside a desire to disclaim any ambition for the presidency. Carno intimates assert that he is capable of bei as stern and resolute in the enforcement of authority as any man who ever ruled France. Should Carnot be compelled, his friends say, to face either a Monarchist or Anarchis a aprising, he would astonish the people with his severity in crushing the insurer in and punishing the guilty parties.

It is stated that secret orders have been seen at the commanders of army corns to as stern and resolute in the enforcement

It a stated that secret orders have been ser a to the commanders of army corps to be ready to co-operate in case of necessity with the authorities, and deal promptly and observed by the company of insubordination in the army itself. There is no reason to suppose, however, that any insub-ordination exists. Both officers and soldiers are generally loyal to the republic. The attacks of foreign critics on the republic have aroused indignation, and served to stimulate a spirit of patriotism which rises above factional differences. The Paris

newspapers to day show either decided leaning or milder opposition toward the Government. The resolute course of the ministry has had a favorable influence, and there is virtually unanimous approval of the expulsion of foreign detractors.

Paul de Cassagnac Summons Dupuy du Temps to the Field of Honor.

Paris, Jan. 17.—The court-room was not thronged this morning when the trial of de Lesseps and his associates was resumed, but among those present might be seen some of the distinguished men of the Paris bar and Paris finance. The prisoners looked

actually carrying out the legitimate work of the company.

Deputy Paul de Cassagnac appeared before the Parliamentary Commission of Inquiry and behaved so truculently that several times it required the combined persuasiveness of Chairman Brisson and his colleagues to calm him and induce him to proceed coherently with his testimony. Moreover, the committee, with having circulated reports to the effect that he had accepted bribe from the Panama Canal Company. Such a classagnac said, and he challenged any body to show an iota of evidence that they were true.

The arbitrators are to meet in Paris, February 23, and it is nearly time for the submission of the counter case by Great Britain and the United States. Justice Harlan, the other American arbitrator, and Mr. Williams of the counsel are already in Paris. The others connected with the case will leave here for Paris in the course of a few weeks. Secretary Foster will probably be the last to go as he has arranged to re-G. Foster, ex-Minister Phelps and Senator body to show an iota of evidence that they states.

1867—Opposed that section of the Reconstruction bill placing the South under military government, and was finally successful in defeating the obnoxious clause. He also delivered a powerful speech against the doctrine of paying off the public debt in greenbacks.

1869—Chosen Speaker of the House of Representatives, and was re-elected Speak.

body to show an iota of evidence that they will leave here for Paris in the course of a few weeks. Secretary Foster will probably be the last to go, as he has arranged to retain his present position in the State Decain his present position in the State Deca canal people. M. de Cassagnao listened to this assertion with a scornful expression of incredulity in every line of his face. As soon as M. Dupuy du Temps resumed his seat, M. de Cassagnac said: "M. Dupuy de Temps has spread reports that I received a Panama check payable only to bearer. I have proof of this. I deny these reports; they are false and malicious, and I shall demand personal satisfaction from the man who is responsible for them."

Chairman Brisson stopped M. du Cassagnac to assure him that there was some misperson to the presentation of the counter-cases and the meeting of the board, it has been agreed by the two Governments that the arbitrators, after their meeting and organization of February 23, shall adjourn for one month to March 23, at which time the printed arguments are to be ready. Besides one month to march 25, at which time the printed arguments are to be ready. Besides these arguments, it is understood that the arbitrators will ask for additional oral argument by counsel. A decision by the arbitrators is required by the treaty within three months of the close of the argument and presentation of the syndence. three months of the close of the and presentation of the evidence.

SOCIALISTS IN COUNCIL. dals of Various Kinds Ventilated -

neral Amnesty for Political Prisoners Advocated. Yesterday the expulsion was announced of Bernacsoni, Paris correspondent of the Corriere Della Fera, a newspaper of considerable circulation in Milan, for having thrown suspicion upon Gen. Menabrea, formerly Italian ambassador in Paris, as a saving been implicated in the Panama bribery. This action is generally approved, as Marquis Menabrea is a personal favorite with the people of France, and nobody believes the charges. The Government is also much displeased with the alarmist reports sent abroad, but since the ministry has shown a resolution not to harbor foreign correspondents striking at the Government, sensational utterances are either confined to the editorial columns or dated in large part from other capitals than Paris.

Notwithstanding the Government's protessions of security, there is no doubt that the troops of the Paris garrison are kept ready for an emergency, and that on a few minutes' notice any street in Paris could be commanded by infantry, cavalry and artillery. Gen. Loizillon, the new Minister of War, had a consequence and also approved the Lore Tweley and a content of the Government with the Government's new minutes' notice any street in Paris could be commanded by infantry, cavalry and artillery. Gen. Loizillon, the new Minister of War, had a consequence and also approved the Lore Tweley and a content part of the United States as a discrimination in a consequence of the manifesto under which the meeting large the property of the manifesto under which the meeting large the part of the United States as a discrimination in excess of December, Paris depution at Vancouver during December was over three thousand dollars in excess of December, Solid Paris the panama canal shades of opinion, bent on discussing the Panama canal shades of opinion, bent on discussing the Panama canal and shades of opinion, bent on discussing the Panama Canal Investigation of Government as the property of the "Bourge Guestian Canal Investigation of Government Investigation of Government Investigation of Government Inve

Years—A Busy Street with Grand Scenery.

Niagara river, which formed on January 3rd, is still intact, and the interest of the court of the strengthened and in the united States was justified or correct.

Mr. Saunders has sent to the Government his report as World's Fair Commissioner upto the time of his resignation. The expenditure to the end of December was \$40,000.

January 3rd, is still intact, and the interest of the court is for depositing factors. January 3rd, is still intact, and the intensely cold weather has strengthened and enlarged it until it has become the greatest bridge since that of 1880, when the Canadian hackmen made a driveway across the river and used it for three months. Since the formation of the giant bridge hundreds of people have viewed it daily from the terraces along the Michigan Central railway. Buildings for the sale of refreshments have been erected on the bridge, and, with its been erected on the bridge, and, with its hundreds of passengers to and fro, the sum-mit of the ice dam has become a busy street, traversing the grandest winter scenery in the world.

MONTREAL MATTERS.

Six Hundred Men Thrown Out of Work by the Street Railway.

The Coldest Week For Years-Bishop Lafleche to Visit the Pepe.

(Special to the Colonist.) MONTREAL, Jan. 17 .- The Street Railway Co. suspended 600 men to-day, ewing to the threat of the City Council to make it substitute sleighs for the car service. The

Dr. A. B. Laroque, for 17 years medical health officer of this city, died yesterday morning after a long and painful illness.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Sir John Macdonald's Memoirs in Process of Preparation by His Private Secretary.

Judge McCreight-The Hog Quarantine-Chinese Immigration at Vanconver-Railway Fight.

who was imprisoned at Morrisburg recently for carrying out the federal law, will bring a suit for damages against the magistrate.

harbor police force at Quebec this year. harbor police force at Quebec this year.

A great fight progresses at the assizes between the Canadian Pacific and the Canada Atlantic Railways, respecting the right of way through Northern Ontario.

The forthcoming memoirs of Sir John Macdonald, which Joseph Pops is preparing, contain details of Sir John's Irish Home Rule scheme, prepared in 1871 at the request, it is said, of high authorities in England. It was written from Washington in the form of a letter to Lord Lisgar.

Judge McCreight is still here. It is un-Judge McCreight is still here. It is u derstood that parties in British Colum are endeavoring to secure his superannu

Ing unanimously adopted a resolution in favor of a general amnesty to all political prisoners and also approved the declarations of the manifesto under which the meeting had been called.

SOLID NIAGARA.

The Greatest Bridge for the Last Twelve Years—A Busy Street with Grand

night.

The mayor to-day appointed a French-Canadian as city auditor, although that-element represents only one-fifth of the City.

Rome, Jan. 17. - The Italian Government. fearing that Great Britain intends establishing a protectorate over Morocco, has instructed Count Ternielli, Italian Ambassstructed Count Ternielli, Italian Ambass-ador in London, to represent urgently to the British Government the necessity of main-taining the status quo.