

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

JULY 2.

A LESSON ON HOME.— Mark 10, 1-16.

He arose—This marks a very solemn period in our Lord's public ministry. So slightly it is touched here, that few readers probably note it as the Redeemer's farewell to Galilee, which, however, it was. Our Lord Jesus was an itinerant preacher; did not continue long in a place, for the whole land of Canaan was his parish, or diocese, and therefore he would visit every part of it, and give instructions to those in the remotest corners of it.

Is it lawful for a man to put away his wife?—It was quite in accordance with the habit of the day to appeal to any rabbi on a disputed religious question, or scruple, on lighter or weightier points; it gratified the universal love for controversy and gave an opportunity for showing dialectical wit and sharpness. The question here proposed to Jesus was a trying one, because an affirmative answer might subject him to the charge of lax morality, and a negative one to that of disrespect for the authority of Moses. Instead of entering into their vexed questions and minute distinctions, he appeals at once to the law and the testimony, and requires them to recite the provision made by Moses for such cases, not as settling the difficulty, but as presenting the true status questionis, which was not what the scribes taught or the Pharisees practiced, but what Moses meant and God permitted.

For the hardness of their heart.—This word is in sharp contrast with the sentimental excuses made for breaches of the marriage vow, such as rest upon the softness of the heart, the overpowering emotions of love, etc.

From the beginning.—That is, in the very act of creation, God embodied the idea of marriage. Observe here how he who came to fulfil the law (Matt. 5, 17) in this case goes back to the permission of the civil law, enacted because of the hardness of the people's hearts, to the original and divine intent of marriage, as interpreted in the very act of creation. God made them male and female—He made the race male and female, with the divine intention that marriage should exist. And by still maintaining the race as divided into two sexes he shows that marriage is a permanent and natural institution. And as he made one for one, and no more, so the marriage of a single man with a single woman is a law of the race. And since, by some mysterious law, the two sexes are perpetually preserved in an approximate equality in point of number, it is plain that the permanent marriage of one man with one woman is the permanent law of nature. Polygamy, as well as capricious divorce, is a violation of natural law.

Leave his father and mother.—The tie of man and wife is stronger than that of parent and child. Hence, as the latter maintains its tie upon the heart during life, so the former should be indissoluble. Take the daughter of a good mother—Fuller. Never marry but for love; but see that thou lovest what is lovely.—William Penn.

Let no man put asunder.—No human legislature has a right to declare divorce, except in one single case. If they do, they are accessories to the crime that may follow, and presume to legislate where God has legislated before them. By making marriage indissoluble Christ proclaimed the equal rights of woman and man within the limits of the family, and in this gave their charter of nobility to the masters of the world. For her nobler position in the Christian era compared with that granted her in antiquity woman is indebted to Jesus Christ.

Young children.—Luke says infants. The English reader will get the true significance by comparing the following passages, where the same Greek word is used as that rendered infants in Luke: Luke 1, 12, 16; Acts 7, 19: 2 Tim. 3, 15; 1 Pet. 2, 2. It is evident, from a comparison of these passages, that children too young to receive instruction, or to understand what was being done for them, were included among the "little children" brought to Jesus. That He should touch them—in accordance with the Old Testament custom, (Gen. 48, 14) he should lay His right hand on them and pray the divine benediction upon them. His disciples rebuked—Our Lord was not to teach them, but only to touch and pray over them. This simple, seemingly superstitious, application of those that brought them (perhaps not the mothers only) the disciples, interrupted in their converse on high and important subjects, despise and reprove.

Suffer the little children.—The language of rebuke in the original is stronger than in our version. Our Lord does not merely say, suffer these children, but suffer all little children to come unto me. To look into their innocent, artless eyes must have been a relief after enduring those of spies and malignant enemies. Of such—Of children and of childlike souls. For the adult man must become childlike to be fit for the kingdom of heaven. The kingdom of God—There are two kingdoms—one of darkness, the other of light; one of good the other of evil; one of Satan the other of God—in which every person is of necessity; for there is no third kingdom. The children belong in the Lord's kingdom until they voluntarily depart from it to enter, by deliberate sin, the kingdom of Satan.

As a little child.—This saying implied that a childlike spirit, free from pride and self-will, receiving divine impressions in humble submission and conscious dependence; in a word, all the qualities of the child, suffering itself to be guided by the developed reason of the adult, are to be illustrated in the relations between man and God.

Took them up in his arms.—Time was when Christ himself was taken up in old Simeon's arms, and now he took up these children. This condemns all conduct on the part of the Church, the teacher or the parent, which tends to repress, chill, or check the enthusiasm of childhood for Christ, and darken its simple faith in him.

WATERMELONS.

Watermelon of excellent quality may be grown in latitudes which are naturally unsuited to them on account of the shortness of the season, or where the soil is not sufficiently sandy to furnish the necessary heat for their rapid growth, by starting the plants in a hot bed. My plan, which is very successful, is to put two seeds in a small earthen pot, two inches in diameter, filled with rich earth. The pots are then placed in a hotbed, and the spaces between them filled with sand. The plants should be left in the hotbed until they begin to run, by which time the earth will be sufficiently warm for their transplanting. Holes should be dug in the garden or field, in a sunny spot, and filled with well-rotted manure mixed with soil, in which the plants should be set. A hole a foot in depth, and large enough to contain two shovelfuls of manure is large enough. One plant should be set in a hill. They can be readily removed from the pots by a slight blow on the bottom from the hand. A hill of sand two feet in diameter and about four inches thick should be placed around the plants, which serves to both increase and retain the heat, and at the same time act as a mulch to the bed underneath, in which the plant has been set. The south side of a stone wall or board fence is a nice place to grow melons, as the fence reflects the heat and at the same time breaks the wind. The Mountain Sweet is the best variety I have grown, as they are early and of superior quality. The Excelsior is sweet, but it lacks in solidity. A dozen hills managed in this manner described will afford more of this delicious fruit than an ordinary family can consume. The surplus will find ready market at good prices.—N. Y. Tribune.

Great age carries with it a certain respectability whether it attaches to a person or thing. This is seen particularly in the case of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, which is the most marvelous internal and external remedy ever discovered. It ought to be kept in every house.

If farmers and others continue to buy dust and ashes put up in big packs and sold for condition powders it won't be our fault. We have exposed the swindlers time and again. Sheridan's Powders are the only kind we know of worth carrying home.

Would not be without it if cost \$100 a bottle.—Mr. Wm. P. Tyler, of the firm of A. S. Tompkins & Co., Iron Manufacturers, Boston, Mass., in writing of Graham's Pain Expeller curing him twice of Inflammatory Rheumatism says: "For Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, or any form of pain for which I have found occasion to use it, I have never found its equal, and I would not allow myself to be without it if it cost \$100 a bottle. June 16 21

THE COMMON EXPRESSIONS, "I feel so dragged," "My food don't digest," "I do not feel fit for anything," which we so often hear during the early Spring, and Summer months, are conclusive evidence that the majority of people require at that season especially a reliable medicine that will strengthen the organs of digestion, stimulate the circulation of the blood, and "tone up" the debilitated constitution. Hanington's Quinine Wine and Iron, and Tonic Dinner Pills, taken according to directions, produce buoyancy of spirits, vigor of mind, and give lasting strength to the whole system. Beware of imitations. See that you get "Hanington's," the original and genuine. For sale by all druggists and general dealers in Canada. June 9—1m.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINDLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle, feblly

Useful Hints.—The spending of five cents per day for tobacco would amount in twenty-five years to \$1,001.25. In fifty years it would be \$5,298.50, with lawful interest.

The tomato delights in a dark, warm, sandy loam, made rich through fertilizing for previous crops, with the addition of thoroughly rotted manure, ashes, or guano to stimulate to a quick growth.

The custom of planting a tree when a child is born is a pleasant one. When a far-off friend visits you, plant a tree to commemorate the event. If you do not live to rest under its welcome shade some one else will.

Take carbolic acid diluted with water; take one part acid to ten parts water, and with a syringe throw this liquid into all the cracks and holes, and ants will soon vanish. Cockroaches are also driven away by it.

By using syrup or molasses for mustard plaster, it will keep soft and flexible, and not dry up and become hard, as when mixed with water. A thin paper or fine cloth should come between the plaster and skin. The strength of the plaster is varied by the addition of more or less flour.

A slate hung in the kitchen with a pencil attached to a string is very convenient. If the cook or housewife finds a lack of any thing she can write it on the slate, and thus save her the trouble of trying to remember the different articles which may be wanting through the day.

A New York farmer prefers apples to roots for feeding stock. While the apples may not be more nutritious, he thinks they are medicinal in effect. He thinks a horse would do better with a peck of oats a day and apples, than with twelve quarts without apples. He prefers sweet apples, as sour fruit sometimes makes the teeth sore.

To grow verbenas successfully, plant them in beds cut in the turf. Chop the turf well, and thoroughly mix with a good share of well-decomposed stable manure. Never, on any account, plant verbenas in old and worn-out garden soil, as they will most assuredly fail. Give them a change of soil each season, as they do not thrive well two years in the same bed. As a house plant the verbenas is not a success.

Boiled corn beef is much improved if cooked in plenty of water, and when thoroughly done, left until cold in the same water that it was boiled in. Lift the pot off the fire, and let pot, water and meat grow cold together. This will make it much more moist and juicy, besides tender and sweet, than if taken out, and all the moisture in it dried out by standing and steaming until it grows cold. Hams, tongues, etc., should be cooked in the same way.

As the drowning season will shortly begin, always supposing the setting in of fine weather, it may not be amiss to remind our readers that, when a person is drowning, if he is taken by the arms from behind, between the elbow and shoulder, he cannot touch the person attempting to save him, and whatever struggles he may make will only assist the person holding him in keeping his head above water. A good swimmer can keep a man thus above water for an hour. If seized anywhere else the probability is that he will clutch the swimmer, and, perhaps, as is often the case, both will be drowned.

PUTNAM'S PAINLESS CORN EXTRACTOR, the great remedy for corns, is absolutely safe and painless, does its work promptly, without in the least interfering with the comfort of patients, and is absolutely alone as a safe, painless remedy for corns. Do not be imposed upon by dangerous counterfeits. Use only Putnam's Corn Extractor. Beware of base substitutes. Sold everywhere by druggists and dealers in medicine.

Remember This. If you are sick, GOLDEN ELIXIR will save you. It is making you well again, WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. If you are comparatively well, but feel the need of a grand tonic and stimulant, never rest easy until you have taken GOLDEN ELIXIR. It is a sovereign remedy in all such complaints.

If you are wasting away with any form of KIDNEY or URINARY disease, STOP TEMPTING DEATH this moment, and turn for a cure to GOLDEN ELIXIR. If you are such with terrible sickness, "Bile in the Gall" in the use of GOLDEN ELIXIR. If you are a frequenter of a residence of a malarial or miasmatic district, barricade your system against the scourge of malarial fevers—ague, bilious, malarial, yellow, typhoid, and intermitting fevers—by the use of GOLDEN ELIXIR.

If you have rough, pimply, or scabby skin, bad breath, pains and aches, or feel miserable generally, GOLDEN ELIXIR will give you a fair skin, rich blood, the sweetest breath, health and comfort. In short, it cures ALL diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Nerves, Kidneys, etc., and Free will use Free for a case it will not cure or help, or for any thing impure or injurious found therein.

FELLOWS' SPEEDY RELIEF ONLY REQUIRES MINUTES—NOT HOURS—TO RELIEVE PAIN AND CURE ACUTE DISEASES. Fellows' Speedy Relief In from one to twenty minutes, never fails to relieve PAIN with one thorough application. No matter how violent or excruciating the pain, the Rheumatic, Bed-ridden, Inflamed, Crippled, Nervous, Neuragic, or prostrated with diseases may suffer.

Fever and Ague. There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all malarial, Bilious, Scorbutic, Typhoid, Yellow and other Fevers so quick as Fellows' Speedy Relief. It will in a few moments, when taken according to directions, cure Chills, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhoea, Dyspepsia, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all internal pains.

Travellers should always carry a bottle of FELLOWS' SPEEDY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pain from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant. Miners and lumbermen should always be provided with it.

The uniform, gratifying and often astonishing results attending the use of FELLOWS' SPEEDY RELIEF since its introduction, render it desirable and proper to bring it to the notice of all classes. The relief afforded by this relieving and healing remedy for all ailments almost constantly occurring in nearly every household, affords the most positive evidence of its superiority. For those very painful and distressing Complaints Rheumatism and Neuragic, it is regarded as the great specific, and as such it is used by all classes of people.

The volume of testimony regarding its surprising effects constitute the strongest reason for considering FELLOWS' SPEEDY RELIEF as probably the most valuable and worthy remedy to be kept ever ready. The proprietors of the article, believing that there is nothing unmercantile in giving the broadest publicity to goods of recognized merit, whether of a medicinal or other nature, herewith present this Household Remedy.

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PAIN CANNOT STAY WHERE UNIVERSAL LINIMENT IS USED. UNIVERSAL LINIMENT Is warranted equal to any article for all Diseases of Man and Beast.

UNIVERSAL LINIMENT. An external application for Sprains and Bruises, sore Throat, Quinsy, Pains and Soreness in the Joints at Muscles, Pains and Soreness in the Limbs, Pains and Stiffness of the Joints, Swellings and Tumors, Rheumatism, Gout, Tic Doloureux, (Neuralgia), or Pains in the Nerves, Milk Leg, White Swelling, Chilblains or Frost Bites, Ringworm, Pains in the Chest, Side and Back, etc., and useful in all cases where Liniments, Rubefacients, Blisters, Sinapiams, etc., or any other kind of Counter Irritant is required.

Directs for Using Universal Liniment. This Liniment should be liberally applied to the parts affected, three or four times a day (and even more frequently in severe and dangerous cases), and rubbed well into the skin with the hands and fingers, or with a small piece of flannel, saturated with the Liniment, so that more or less irritation, or smarting is produced in the parts to which it is applied.

CHILBLAINS.—They are inflammatory swellings of the feet, especially about the toes and heels, with painful itching and burning, and are caused by exposure to cold. Some are bilious, and become bad ulcers. Treatment.—Wash with castile or tar soap, and apply UNIVERSAL LINIMENT freely. Wet them with the tender portion with the Liniment and keep it on during the night. Keep the feet warm and dry during the day.

LAMENESS.—It is the result of over use. The is soreness, accompanied by pain on exertion, in the affected part. The celebrated UNIVERSAL LINIMENT is unequalled in its efficacy. Rub the tender portion with the Liniment at night, and on going to bed, and again in the morning.

BURNS.—They consist of enlargement or thickening of the skin about a foot, usually that of the big toe of the foot. Caused by light boots. Treatment.—An easy boot or shoe is essential. Bind on lint soaked with the UNIVERSAL LINIMENT and cover with oil silk every night.

BRUISES.—They consist of enlargement or thickening of the skin about a foot, usually that of the big toe of the foot. Caused by light boots. Treatment.—An easy boot or shoe is essential. Bind on lint soaked with the UNIVERSAL LINIMENT and cover with oil silk every night.

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THIS ORGANIZATION has for its object the acquisition of desirable locations in the North-West Territories with a view to speedy colonization in accordance with Government requirements; and the exercise of other functions incidental to this end, and promotive of the general interests of its Colonies.

THE STOCK LIST consists of numerous and widely distributed, bona-fide subscriptions to the Capital of the Company, liable to calls, at reasonable intervals, in the discretion of the Directors. The project being the spontaneous outcome of a large class, no advantage is allowed to one shareholder over another, but all stand upon an equal footing.

THE OPERATIONS of the Company will be conducted upon a basis of prudent liberality, that will strongly invite all classes of settlers from the most needy colonist to the well-to-do farmer, artisan merchant or manufacturer; and at the same time afford a fair compensation for the capital invested.

HOMESTEADS and Pre-emptions will be offered in these settlements upon the same conditions as those of the Dominion Government. SUBSTANTIAL AID will be given in the erection of places of worship; and the Company will encourage public improvements of all kinds, such as the construction of railways, the formation of Commercial centres, early and direct postal communication, etc., etc.

ARRANGEMENTS are being made with the Government, pending which, reference to locations would be premature. It may be premised that the utmost care and discernment have been exercised in making selections, as will be very evident when details are furnished. This announcement is made that those interested may govern themselves accordingly. PROSPECTUSES containing full information as to locations, lands, prices, conditions, etc., will be prepared as soon as possible, and will be favored to any person on application to the Secretary. Address communications to JOHN T. MOORE, Secretary, Drawer 2717, Toronto.

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