CHATS WITH YOUNG MEN. When Saving Money Means Losing Health.

Some people never get out of the world of peunies into the world of dollars. They work so hard to save the cents that they lose the dollars and the larger growth—the richer experience and the better opportunity.

If a man is going to do his best work, he must keep up his mental and physi-cal standards. He must keep a clear brain and level head, and be able to think vigorously. He can not think effectively without pure blood, and that requires good food, refreshing sleep, and cheerful recreation.

The men who accomplish the most, who do a prodigious amount of work, who do a prodigious amount of work, and who are able to stand great strains, are very good to themselves. They have the best they can get. They give themselves all the comforts possible, especially in traveling, and one result is that they are always in much better condition to do business. It is a pretty poor economy that will lessen one's vitality and strength and lower the standard of his possible efficiency for the sake of saving a few efficiency for the sake of saving a few pennies and putting a little money in his pocketbook.

Or course, we realize that those who haven't the money can not always do that which will contribute to their highest comfort and efficiency; but most people overestimate the value of most people overcastinate one value of a dollar in comparison with their phy-sical well being. Power is the goal of the highest ambition. Anything which will add to one's power, therefore, no matter how much it costs, if it is with-

in possible reach, is worth its price. Generous expenditure in the thing which helps us along the line of our ambition, which will make a good impression, secure us quick recognition, and help our promotion, is often an infinitely better investment than putting

ency in the savings bank.

Those who are trying to get a start in life must emphasize the right thing, keeping the larger possibility in view

keeping the larger possibility in view instead of handicapping their prospects, killing their opportunities by keeping their eyes fixed on petty economies.

Great emphasis is to day placed on Great emphasis is to day placed on appearances. Success is not wholly a question of merit. Appearances have a great deal to do with one's prospects and chances, especially in a large city, where it is so difficult to get acquainted. In a small town, where everybody will soon know you and can quickly judge of your ability and real worth, it is very different, although even there appearances count for a great deal.

appearances count for a great deal. There are thousands of young men in our large cities struggling along in mediority, many of them in poverty, who might be in good circumstances had they placed the right emphasis upon the value of good clothes and a decent living place, where they would be associated with a good class of people.

If you want to get on, get in with the people in your line of business, or in your profession. Try to make your-self popular with them. If a business man, associate with the best men in your business; if a lawyer, keep in with lawyers. Join the lawyers' clubs, or associations. The very reputation of standing well in your own craft or profession will be of great value to you.

Of course, it will not cost you quite as much to hold yourself aloof from the same specialty, but you cannot afford the greater loss that will

result from your aloofness.

Do not take a little, narrow, pinched, cheese paring view of life. It is un worthy of you, and belittling to your restabilities. Possibilities. It is insulting to your Creator, Who made you for something large and grand.

Everywhere we see people with little starved experiences, because they are too small to spend money to enlarge themselves by seeing the world and getting a broder education and larger outlook. They have a little money in the bank, but their mental capital is very weak, so that others who took a larger view of life have completely overtopped them in their faller manod and greater wealth too.

Nobody admires a narrow souled, dried up man who will not invest in books or travel, who will invest in the grosser material property but not in himself, and whose highest ambition is

to save so many dollars.
You can always pick out the man who is so over anxious about small savings that he loses the larger gain. He radi ates smallness, meanness, limitation. His thoughts are pinched, his ideas narrow. He is the small calibered man who loses that consider that the small calibered man are proposed to the small savings that the small calibered man are proposed to the small savings that the small calibered man are proposed to the small calibered man ar who lacks that generosity and breadth which marks the liberal broad gauged

Many men of this type remain at the head of a little two penny business all their lives because they have never learned the effectiveness of liberality in business. They do not know that a eral sowing means a liberal harvest. They know nothing of the secret of the larger success of modern business

There is a vast difference between the economy which administers wisely and that niggardly economy which saves for the sake of saving and spends

dines worth of time to save a penny.

I have never known a man who overestimated the importance of saving nnies, to do things which belong to

large minds.

Cheese-paring methods belong to the past. Skimpling economies, and penu rlousness do not pay. The great things today are done on broad lines. It is the liberal minded man, with a level head and a sound judgment, the man who can see things in their large relations, that succeeds. Large things to day must be done in a large way. It is the liberal policy that wins.

Economy, in its broadest sense, in rolves the highest kind of judgment and level headedness and breadth of vision. The wisest economy often requires very lavish expenditure, because there may be thousands of dollars depending upon the spending of hundred.

with their customer, or in their dealings with men. They think nothing of spending a thousand dollars if they can spending a thousand dollars if they can see two thousand or five thousand coming back from it. But the petty economizers are too narrow in their views, too limited in their outlook, too niggardly in their expenditures to ever measure up to large things. They hold the penny so close to their eyes that it shuts out the dollar.

The habit of saving may be considered.

The habit of saving may be carried to such an extent that it becomes a boomerang and proves a stumbling block instead of a stepping stone. It is had sonoung for a former training is bad economy for a farmer to skimp on seed corn. "He that soweth sparingly shall also reap sparingly." -O. S. M., in Success.

Individuality. It is odd, when you come to think of it, how few people in the world live up to their responsibilities. Some leave their talents folded in a napkin all their life long, at the same time envying others their accomplishments. Every human soul has something that another does not possess—some power or gift, which, if properly developed and used, would make that soul more indiv idual, stronger and more capable of meeting and conquering the difficulties of daily existence. For in proportion as the individuality is developed the minor faults of the character drop off like so many excrescences, and growth which follows is rich in possibilities, and in the satisfaction which comes of

using the God-given faculties. That is a beautiful character which like Kipling's ship, has "found itself."
For with the realization of its possibil ities comes the desire for advancemen along the lines which is recognized as peculiarly its own, and the inevitable ffect of this determination is breadth and growth. It is not something that may be assumed at will, as a beautiful robe is put on, but has been formed piece by piece, oftimes wrought in tears and heartbreaks—but wrought perfectly as the fabric is perfect, the original of which was folded about the infant soul when it crossed the fair

border which men call life.

What to Learn. Learn to laugh. A good laugh is

better than medicine.

Learn to attend strictly to your own Dusiness—a very important point.

Learn to tell a story. A well told

story is as welcome as a sunbeam in a sick room. Learn the art of saying kind and encouraging things, especially to the

Learn to avoid all ill natured remarks and everything calculated to create friction.

Learn to keep your troubles to your-self. The world is too busy to care for your ills and sorrows.

Learn to stop grunting. If you cannot see any good in the world, keep the

bad to yourself.

Learn to hide your aches and pains under a pleasant smile. No one cares whether you have the earache, head-ache or rheumatism.

Learn to greet your friends with a smile. They carry too many frowns in their own hearts to be bothered with yours.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.

Two Brave Boys.

In Hurgary the country is mountainous, and the inhabitants are very poor. In a village there lived a poor widow. She was ill, and in want of firewood; so she sent her two children out into the forest with a barrow. One of these boys was twelve, the other eight years old. It was winter; and the ground was deeply covered with snow. As they were on the way with their barrow they came to a church.

"Janko," said the younger. "I feel very strange. It seems to me as if

feel very strange. It seems to me as if some misfortune would happen to us to day. Let us go into this church be-Hi brother said: "I am quite will-

ing."
So they left their barrow at the church door, went in, knelt down and prayed.

rayed.

Then they went on farther, feeling cheerful and of good courage, although they often fell down in the snow. They found plenty of dry wood and while they were busy gathering it up and binding it fast upon the barrow, they saw two wolves in the distance running straight towards them. ning straight towards them. What could the poor children do now? To run away from the wolves was impossible. There was not a tree into which they could climb for round about them there was only low brushwood. Even if there had been a tree ever so high it would not have helped them for the wolves would have kept watch below, and the boys must have starved to death. What did they do, then in their distress? The eider a brave, de-termined boy, made the little one lie termined boy, made the little one lie down on the ground, then he covered him with the barrow threw as much wood as he could upon it, and called to him, "Do not move: I am not afraid."

"Ah, Janko," said the younger one, crying, "if we should perish our mother will die of grief."

The little fellow remained under the barrow and the dry wood; the elder stood up before him holding his axe. When one wolf, which had outrun the

When one wolf, which had outrun the other, came up, he dealt him such a blow on the neck that he fell to the ground dead. At this moment the other wolf seized the brave boy by the arm, and threw him to the ground. In terrible pain and fear he seized the monster with both hands by the throat and held his open jaws away from him, without screaming, however, for he did not wish his brother to come out and show himself to the wolf, and so risk his life. When one wolf, which had outrun the himself to the wolf, and so risk his life. himself to the wolf, and so risk his life. But a terrible fear came over the younger boy in his hiding place. He threw off the barrow and the wood, seized the are which had fallen on the seized the sxe which had fallen on the ground, and struck the wolf on his back several times with all his might. The beast now turned upon his new enemy, whom he would, undoubtedly, have torn to pieces, had not the other boy sprung up, quick as lightning, and struck the wolf in the head with his axe generous almost to extravagance

Thus the two boys, by God's help, overcame two ravenous beasts, without re-ceiving themselves any dangerous

They now gazed at each other with amazement; they then looked at the beasts, which with open jaws, lay dead upon their backs, and were astonished at their strong teeth and huge mouths. They knelt down and thanked Gcd for their wonderful preservation, and then returned home rejoicing with the wood and the carcasses of the wilves upon their barrow.—Our Young People.

Be Honest. Be honest, boys and girls, in all your dealings. Never let the least crooked desings. It was not not some state of the st ness enter into your life. Be honest with yourself. Too many people try to deceive themselves. Let there be no dark corner in your heart into which you do not wish to let God's light. Let there be no secret chamber into which you are airaid to enter to note what it contains. Young people get the habit of being untrue to themselves, of shunning whatever is painful or unpleasant. They strive to satisfy themselves, that everything is all right, yet their conscience troubles them, and solves that everything is all right, yet their conscience troubles them, and they are alraid to look into the matter to see how they stand. A good examination of conscience in God's holy presence would be very helpful in clearing away the cloud that may harbor a great deal of dishonesty. Be hon at with your neighbor. In all your dealings be onen clear above here. dealings be open, clear, above board. Let the truth shine out in your words, be seen on your countenance, and evidenced in your acts. Men will respect you; your reputation for integrity will be established; and the nobility of

or stablished; and the nobility of your honessy will meet, even in this life, with a great reward.

Be honest with God. The eye of God is ever resting on you. All things are known to Him. We may deserve man, but not God. Honesty is indeed the best policy, and all should be honest because it is right and just.—Providence Visitor.

lence Visitor.

The girl who is sunny. The girl who has heart. The girl who has culture.

The girl who loves music.
The girl who has conscience.
The girl who is tasteful and true. The girl whose voice is not loud.

The girl who stands for the right.

The girl who lives for her friends. The girl who sings from her heart. The girl who knows how to say The girl who belongs to no clique. The girl who believes in her home The girl whose eyes are wide open.

The girl who talks to some purpose.

The girl with no mania for features.

The girl who believes in her mother. The girl who dislikes to be flattered. The girl who is neither surly nor The girl who abhors people who gos-

sip.

The girl who avoids books that are The girl who is frank with her teach

rs. The girl who never worships fine

The girl whose good deeds shine in The girl who is especially kind to the poor.—Montana Catholic.

The Welcome Guest.

One day a farmer who lived away over the ocean in Germany, on the edge of a forest, saw a little robin redbreast fly to the window of his cottage. The bird looked around as if he wanted to be let in. It was a cold day in winter. The farmer opened the window and gladly took the trusting little bird

and gladly took the trusting little bird into his dwelling.

It soon began to pick up the crumbs under the table. The children, Hans and Bertha, loved birds, and took care of little robin. They gave him bread and water, through all the winter days. When spring came and the trees began to grow green, the robin was restless to grow green, the robin was restless in his cage. The kind farmer let him out, and opened the window. Away flew the little guest into the forest

singing a joyous song.

When the days grew cold again and snow covered the ground, robin came back to the cottage. He was not alone this time, but brought his little mate. The children and their father were happy to see them. The two robins looked out of their bright eyes so pleased that Hans and Bertha They look at us as if they wanted to say

something,"

Their father said, "If they could speak they would say, 'We trusted you, and you were kind to us. You

loved us, and we love you-"- From the

"Romanists (and priests especially)," writes the Rev. Mr. Parent in the Canadian Baptist, "are said to live and die in great terror of death. Evangelical Christians die triumphanter properties of the properties of the properties of the control of the properties of ly. Preparing souls to die in peace is a work that deserves to be continued."

Mr. Parent's second-hand knowledge of "Romanists" may be contrasted with Oliver Wendell Holmes' firsthand experience, derived from his attendance as a physician at many deathbeds. "Whatever may be said of the Roman Catholic artistics and the Roman that there is no more peaceful death than that of the man who has lived without God in the world; he dies as quietly as a dog and with as much thought of the hereafter. Before we praise a peaceful death we must know whether it was indifference, or pre-sumption or a bumble confidence in the



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