is far more restricted than it ought to be, considering the wants of the people of that country and the means they have of supplying themselves, and it follows that encouragement is continually being given, in an increasing degree, to all those who are engaged in any of the employments which form part of bookmaking to seek a home for themselves and their families in the United States in preference to Canada? Overweighted, as we continually are, by reason of the vast competition of the United States in every branch of trade, industry and commerce, your lordship will not wonder at our being disposed to complain when, in regard to so important a matter as the furnishing of literature for our people, we are hindered by a monopoly; nominally in favour of the London publishers, but really and practically in favour of the publishers in the United States, and when we are held in that position by virtue of an imperial statute passed nearly half a century ago, when the wants and capabilities of the people of British North America were greatly different from what they are now, when the population of British North America was only a fraction of what it is now, and when the powers of its people, as regards self-government, had only begun to exist, while they are now fully developed.

I proceed now to show that the request which I am urging upon your lordship, by the direction of the Canadian Government, was pressed on her majesty's government immediately after the dominion of Canada was established, has been pressed at many times since, and has always been met in a manner which justifies the hope that compli-

ance with our request will not now be longer delayed.

On the 15th May, 1868, the senate of Canada passed an humble address to his excellency the governor general, as follows:

"THE SENATE, 15th May, 1868.

"1. To call the attention of her majesty's government to the provisions of the imperial act 10 and 11 Victoria, c. 95, by which power is given to her majesty to approve of any act passed by the legislature of any British possession, admitting into such possession foreign reprints of British copyright works, provided that reasonable

protection to the authors is, in her majesty's opinion, thereby secured to them.

"2. To impress upon her majesty's government the justice and expediency of extending the privileges granted by the above cited act, so that whenever reasonable provision and protection shall, in her majesty's opinion be secured to the authors, colonial reprints of British copyright works shall be placed on the same footing as foreign reprints in Canada, by which means British authors will be more effectually protected in their rights, and a material benefit will be conferred on the printing industry of this Dominion.

"Ordered that such members of the privy council as are members of this house do

wait on his excellency the governor general with the said address. Attest.

F. TAYLOR, Clerk of the Senate."

In June, 1868, Mr. Rose, then Canadian minister of finance, being in London, was referred to by the colonial office for information on the subject of this address, and in a memorandum, dated the 30th of that month, he stated briefly, the inconveniences which were felt in Canada, and he declared the desire of Canada to be, in accordance with the address of the senate, that the Canadian publisher be permitted to reprint. English copyrights on taking out a license and paying an excise duty, effectual checks being interposed, so that the duty on the number of the copies actually issued from the press should be paid to the Canadian government by such publishers for the benefit of the author.

A letter from the colonial office to the board of trade stated that consideration ought to be given to the course which should be taken with regard to the recommendation of the senate of Canada, that colonial reprints of copyrighted words be placed on this same footing as foreign reprints in the Dominion, and that the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, then her majesty's principal secretary of state for the colonies, would