

Be as sure of the Quality as you are of the Price

Be careful! Consider well! Look to the stores that have won your confidence through past experience, our sale prices are the lowest.

Public recognition of the outstanding thrift opportunity is demonstrated by the generous response which has marked each day so far.

All our winter footwear—Overshoes, Gaiters, all Felt Shoes, Slippers, Hockey Boots and warm lined Boots.

—THREE STORES—

WATERBURY & RISING, LTD.

A leading life insurance company established in province for many years.

wants active agents in St. John city and all counties of the province. An excellent contract is offered and a good man can make money representing them, either all or part of his time. For particulars, apply in confidence, Box 767, St. John, N. B.

Rev. J. W. Graham, D.D., LL.D., general secretary of education for the Methodist church of Canada, will be the special preacher at the morning service in the Portland Methodist church on Sunday. Dr. Graham is one of the greatest pulpits in Canada, and it is expected that a large congregation will be present to hear this distinguished preacher.

FRENCH VOTE CONFIDENCE.

Paris, Jan. 21.—The Chamber of Deputies voted confidence in the new ministry of Premier Briand today, 475 to 68.

STOMACH O. K.

Indigestion, Acidity, Sourness and Gases ended with "Pape's Diapiesin"

Millions of people know that it is needless to be bothered with indigestion, dyspepsia or a disordered stomach. A few tablets of Pape's Diapiesin neutralize acidity and give relief at once.

When your meals don't fit and you feel uncomfortable, when you bloat, gases, acids or raise acid, undigested food. When you feel lumps of indigestion, heartburn or headache, from acidity, just eat a tablet of Pape's Diapiesin and the stomach distress is gone.

The cost is so little. The benefits so great. You, too, will be a Diapiesin enthusiast afterwards.

Your Throat

is a breeding place for germs, which may be destroyed before they occasion serious illness by the timely use of Cinniform Pastilles. Specially recommended for Quinsy, Sore Throat, and Tonsillitis. They are sweetened and pleasant to take.

50c. a bottle. Smaller sizes, 25c. National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited

CUT OUT NEATLY

The Standard's Big Automobile and Movie Star Contest

Good for 50 Votes

FOR

ADDRESS

This Coupon, when neatly cut out, and brought or mailed to the Contest Department of THE STANDARD will count for the person whose name is written thereon.

Valid After Jan. 27. Cut Out Neatly.

WRANGLER WANTS TO CONTINUE WAR ON BOLSHEVISTS

Is Worried Over Future of His Cossack Warriors.

THINKS THE FRENCH MADE BIG MISTAKE

Were Badly Advised in Insisting on Removal of Troops to Constantinople.

By CLARENCE K. STREIT.

(Copyright, 1921, by Public Ledger.)

Constantinople, Jan. 21.—On board the Russian yacht *Laetitia*, anchored in the Bosphorus, where he is kept virtually a prisoner by the Allies for his own safety, your correspondent today found General Wrangel, consumed with anxiety over what is to become of his troops when the French withdraw their support at the end of January, but unbroken in spirit and still desirous of continuing the war against the Bolsheviks.

Worried Over Soldiers' Fate.

The fate of the Don Cossacks, whether or not they are well established in the late of Lemnos, is a matter of grave concern to General Wrangel, who fears they may be forgotten here and left to starve. It was only because of his firm belief that "surely the civilized world would not stand by and see my men perish from hunger," that he signed the order for the removal of the troops, which prevented serious trouble. Two French soldiers and two Russians were injured when the French alone attempted to enforce the evacuation order, according to Wrangel, who said he then asked for French guarantees that the men would be left to starve in Lemnos if he agreed to send them there. General Charney, commanding the French, replied: "Of course not. We aren't ogres." General Wrangel then asked for a written guarantee, but General Charney replied he could not give it.

"As the French had threatened to stop shipments of supplies to Chateau, I had to give in and sign the order and arrest several Cossacks who opposed going," General Wrangel said, "but it was with a very heavy heart, for I fear it was sending my men to destruction."

Would Continue War.

He thinks the best solution of the present difficulties of his troops would be to continue the war against the Bolsheviks, which he is ready to carry on anywhere, but has little hope that the Allies will agree to furnish him backing. He considers the French are making a mistake in sending him to Constantinople, for it is the only army which the Allies have against the Reds. But if it must be disbanded, he wants the future of his men assured, and he suggested sending part of them to Vladivostok, where they would be under Japanese protection, and part to Siberia.

"Serbians have told me," he said, "they would be glad to welcome my men, to settle on deserted land, but they lack agricultural tools and cannot accept them now."

He declared it would not be possible to use his troops against the Turks, as they have much sympathy with the Nationalists. From another source I understood that the Cossacks men have joined the Kemalists.

The General expressed warm appreciation for work done for his men by the American Red Cross, which he said equaled aid given by the French.

Japanese To Remove

The Tsing Tao Eagle

This Arrogant Emblem Regarded as an Obstacle to Friendship With China.

(Copyright, 1921, by Public Ledger.)

Tsingtao, China, Jan. 21.—The German eagle, carved in the granite side of one of the hills flanking the harbor here, across which has been superimposed the inscription of Imperial Japan, has been removed to Tokyo, where it will be placed in a military museum, thus removing the offending emblem that Tsingtao is not under the rule of the Chinese republic.

When Germany occupied the city she chose the high hill across the bay on which to inscribe the symbol of her victory. The German eagle, emblematic of an imperial house that has since perished, followed the boast of the former war lord of Potsdam that "No Chinese shall ever again look askance at a German." He sent his brother, Prince Henry of Prussia, to introduce culture into China.

"With the seizure of Tsingtao by Japan in the late fall of the first year of the world war, the Japanese inscribed the date of their victory across the eagle—November 7, Third Year of Taisho" (1914).

The present decision to remove the entire emblem is prompted by the desire of the Japanese to eliminate all obstacles in the path of Chinese-Japanese friendship.

Her Weapon

Was A Hat Pin

Woman Informs Court She Stabbed Defendant When He Became Obnoxious.

The potentiality of the hat-pin as a defensive or offensive weapon in the hands of the weaker sex, was brought out in the police court yesterday afternoon in a case heard behind closed doors.

The defendant was accused of a serious offense alleged to have been committed in a first-class car on the 10.30 C. N. R. suburban train while between St. John and Bellowsay on the night of January 6.

Used Hat-Pin

The complaint was the only one to give evidence, and her version of what occurred indicated that the defendant had committed most indecent advances, if not of a more serious nature. In addition, he spoke of the Scotch nationality of the complainant in a disparaging manner, and threatened to slap her. She further stated that the accused was under the influence of liquor, and that when his conduct became offensive she retaliated with a hat-pin.

Although the young man is a returned soldier, having enlisted and gone overseas at the age of seventeen, and had two brothers who served as originals with the 25th, he was unable to resist the clutch-thrusts and immediately desisted.

The magistrate remanded the prisoner pending inquiries as to his record. The railway authorities desire to press the charge, as they feel that altogether too much license is permitted some of those traveling on their trains.

The Diamond Pin

A case against Max Williams, charging him with refusing to return a diamond stick-pin deposited in his care, was heard in the police court at 10.30 a.m. J. A. Barry will argue for the accused that the charge is based on legislation, which is ultra vires in this province. J. Starr Tait for the complainant.

The Humphreys' Case

In the case of Herbert Humphreys, charged with doing grievous bodily harm to Geo. Grayley and assaulting Police Constable Thomas in the discharge of his duty, Thomas was sworn and said that accused was brought into the Central Station at midnight by Sergeant Scott. He was very abusive and resisted all the way to the cells. Shortly after four o'clock the prisoner was brought up to be identified and was searched for weapons. During the search accused struck witness twice in the jaw and mouth, breaking two teeth out of a plate and cutting his lip. His head bled and he was dazed. Detective Saunders took defendant to the cells. No unnecessary violence was offered. Witness was taken home and the ambulance and treated by Dr. Barry. The magistrate remarked that the only point which seemed to need explanation was why the prisoner was taken from the cell at that hour.

One drunk pleaded guilty and was remanded.

A collection for the down and out fund was taken during the session.

Many Women And

Girls Disappear

Estimated That More Than

Two Thousand Are Lost

Yearly in London.

By VIOLET BARRE.

(Copyright, 1921, by Cris Atlantic.)

London, Jan. 21.—It is estimated that more than two thousand women and girls are reported missing in London every year. Every day in the year missing women are reported to the London police. Three times a day the names and descriptions of these people are read out to the uniformed police before they go on duty. But the police seldom find the missing persons. How can they? A policeman has far too much to do with out gazing into every woman's face to see if she tallies with any one officially reported "missing."

About 80 per cent of the women who leave home return of themselves within a few days. The majority of the remainder write to their people to say they are all right. A few, a very few, however, are recovered from the river or the hedges, dead, either by their own act or from exposure. The others—about four per cent—are untraced and their fates are mysteries which are never unravelled.

A recent case in point was that of a nurse, Miss Hickman of the Royal Free Hospital of London, who disappeared last spring. A great outcry was made at the time of her disappearance, but no trace of her could be found. Then she was found and died away some months later. Her body was found in a ditch near a railway station. The story behind the tragedy, if known, has not been made public.

STOLEN JEWELRY VERY OFTEN BAIL SECURITY

(Copyright, 1921, by Public Ledger.)

Special to The Standard.

New York, Jan. 21.—The investigation into the bonding of prisoners by surety companies has recently brought to light curious facts with relation to some of the concerns. They appear to have been travelling in a circle, "playing both ends against the middle," as it were. First, they insure the citizens against loss of his jewelry by burglary. Second, they furnish the bonds upon which prisoners are released pending trial, and accept jewelry as security.

Fin Finn, the now chief clerk of the police courts of New York, says that it is just as likely as not that jewelry put up as bail money is often the very jewelry that has been stolen and upon which the surety companies have settled with the rightful owners.

WRANGLER WANTS TO CONTINUE WAR ON BOLSHEVISTS

Is Worried Over Future of His Cossack Warriors.

THINKS THE FRENCH MADE BIG MISTAKE

Were Badly Advised in Insisting on Removal of Troops to Constantinople.

By CLARENCE K. STREIT.

(Copyright, 1921, by Public Ledger.)

Constantinople, Jan. 21.—On board the Russian yacht *Laetitia*, anchored in the Bosphorus, where he is kept virtually a prisoner by the Allies for his own safety, your correspondent today found General Wrangel, consumed with anxiety over what is to become of his troops when the French withdraw their support at the end of January, but unbroken in spirit and still desirous of continuing the war against the Bolsheviks.

Worried Over Soldiers' Fate.

The fate of the Don Cossacks, whether or not they are well established in the late of Lemnos, is a matter of grave concern to General Wrangel, who fears they may be forgotten here and left to starve. It was only because of his firm belief that "surely the civilized world would not stand by and see my men perish from hunger," that he signed the order for the removal of the troops, which prevented serious trouble. Two French soldiers and two Russians were injured when the French alone attempted to enforce the evacuation order, according to Wrangel, who said he then asked for French guarantees that the men would be left to starve in Lemnos if he agreed to send them there. General Charney, commanding the French, replied: "Of course not. We aren't ogres." General Wrangel then asked for a written guarantee, but General Charney replied he could not give it.

"As the French had threatened to stop shipments of supplies to Chateau, I had to give in and sign the order and arrest several Cossacks who opposed going," General Wrangel said, "but it was with a very heavy heart, for I fear it was sending my men to destruction."

Would Continue War.

He thinks the best solution of the present difficulties of his troops would be to continue the war against the Bolsheviks, which he is ready to carry on anywhere, but has little hope that the Allies will agree to furnish him backing. He considers the French are making a mistake in sending him to Constantinople, for it is the only army which the Allies have against the Reds. But if it must be disbanded, he wants the future of his men assured, and he suggested sending part of them to Vladivostok, where they would be under Japanese protection, and part to Siberia.

"Serbians have told me," he said, "they would be glad to welcome my men, to settle on deserted land, but they lack agricultural tools and cannot accept them now."

He declared it would not be possible to use his troops against the Turks, as they have much sympathy with the Nationalists. From another source I understood that the Cossacks men have joined the Kemalists.

The General expressed warm appreciation for work done for his men by the American Red Cross, which he said equaled aid given by the French.

Japanese To Remove

The Tsing Tao Eagle

This Arrogant Emblem Regarded as an Obstacle to Friendship With China.

(Copyright, 1921, by Public Ledger.)

Tsingtao, China, Jan. 21.—The German eagle, carved in the granite side of one of the hills flanking the harbor here, across which has been superimposed the inscription of Imperial Japan, has been removed to Tokyo, where it will be placed in a military museum, thus removing the offending emblem that Tsingtao is not under the rule of the Chinese republic.

When Germany occupied the city she chose the high hill across the bay on which to inscribe the symbol of her victory. The German eagle, emblematic of an imperial house that has since perished, followed the boast of the former war lord of Potsdam that "No Chinese shall ever again look askance at a German." He sent his brother, Prince Henry of Prussia, to introduce culture into China.

"With the seizure of Tsingtao by Japan in the late fall of the first year of the world war, the Japanese inscribed the date of their victory across the eagle—November 7, Third Year of Taisho" (1914).

The present decision to remove the entire emblem is prompted by the desire of the Japanese to eliminate all obstacles in the path of Chinese-Japanese friendship.

Her Weapon

Was A Hat Pin

Woman Informs Court She Stabbed Defendant When He Became Obnoxious.

The potentiality of the hat-pin as a defensive or offensive weapon in the hands of the weaker sex, was brought out in the police court yesterday afternoon in a case heard behind closed doors.

The defendant was accused of a serious offense alleged to have been committed in a first-class car on the 10.30 C. N. R. suburban train while between St. John and Bellowsay on the night of January 6.

Used Hat-Pin

The complaint was the only one to give evidence, and her version of what occurred indicated that the defendant had committed most indecent advances, if not of a more serious nature. In addition, he spoke of the Scotch nationality of the complainant in a disparaging manner, and threatened to slap her. She further stated that the accused was under the influence of liquor, and that when his conduct became offensive she retaliated with a hat-pin.

Although the young man is a returned soldier, having enlisted and gone overseas at the age of seventeen, and had two brothers who served as originals with the 25th, he was unable to resist the clutch-thrusts and immediately desisted.

The magistrate remanded the prisoner pending inquiries as to his record. The railway authorities desire to press the charge, as they feel that altogether too much license is permitted some of those traveling on their trains.

The Diamond Pin

A case against Max Williams, charging him with refusing to return a diamond stick-pin deposited in his care, was heard in the police court at 10.30 a.m. J. A. Barry will argue for the accused that the charge is based on legislation, which is ultra vires in this province. J. Starr Tait for the complainant.

The Humphreys' Case

In the case of Herbert Humphreys, charged with doing grievous bodily harm to Geo. Grayley and assaulting Police Constable Thomas in the discharge of his duty, Thomas was sworn and said that accused was brought into the Central Station at midnight by Sergeant Scott. He was very abusive and resisted all the way to the cells. Shortly after four o'clock the prisoner was brought up to be identified and was searched for weapons. During the search accused struck witness twice in the jaw and mouth, breaking two teeth out of a plate and cutting his lip. His head bled and he was dazed. Detective Saunders took defendant to the cells. No unnecessary violence was offered. Witness was taken home and the ambulance and treated by Dr. Barry. The magistrate remarked that the only point which seemed to need explanation was why the prisoner was taken from the cell at that hour.

One drunk pleaded guilty and was remanded.

A collection for the down and out fund was taken during the session.

Many Women And

Girls Disappear

Estimated That More Than

Two Thousand Are Lost

Yearly in London.

By VIOLET BARRE.

(Copyright, 1921, by Cris Atlantic.)

London, Jan. 21.—It is estimated that more than two thousand women and girls are reported missing in London every year. Every day in the year missing women are reported to the London police. Three times a day the names and descriptions of these people are read out to the uniformed police before they go on duty. But the police seldom find the missing persons. How can they? A policeman has far too much to do with out gazing into every woman's face to see if she tallies with any one officially reported "missing."

About 80 per cent of the women who leave home return of themselves within a few days. The majority of the remainder write to their people to say they are all right. A few, a very few, however, are recovered from the river or the hedges, dead, either by their own act or from exposure. The others—about four per cent—are untraced and their fates are mysteries which are never unravelled.

A recent case in point was that of a nurse, Miss Hickman of the Royal Free Hospital of London, who disappeared last spring. A great outcry was made at the time of her disappearance, but no trace of her could be found. Then she was found and died away some months later. Her body was found in a ditch near a railway station. The story behind the tragedy, if known, has not been made public.

STOLEN JEWELRY VERY OFTEN BAIL SECURITY

(Copyright, 1921, by Public Ledger.)

Special to The Standard.

New York, Jan. 21.—The investigation into the bonding of prisoners by surety companies has recently brought to light curious facts with relation to some of the concerns. They appear to have been travelling in a circle, "playing both ends against the middle," as it were. First, they insure the citizens against loss of his jewelry by burglary. Second, they furnish the bonds upon which prisoners are released pending trial, and accept jewelry as security.

Fin Finn, the now chief clerk of the police courts of New York, says that it is just as likely as not that jewelry put up as bail money is often the very jewelry that has been stolen and upon which the surety companies have settled with the rightful owners.

INCENDIARIES FROM IRELAND ARE IN LONDON

Police Get Proof of Sinn Fein Plot in Arson Attempt on Oil Storage Plant.

LEADER PLACED UNDER ARREST

Conspiracy to Organize Band of Army Volunteers Revealed in Captured Data.

By CARL W. ACKERMAN.

(Copyright, 1921, by Public Ledger.)

London, Jan. 21.—Your correspondent learned tonight from an authoritative source that within the last forty-eight hours the British Government had discovered proof that the attempt to burn the oil reservoir of the Vacuum Oil Co. at Wandsworth was a Sinn Fein plot to start a conflagration in London. The man who organized it is under arrest and will be tried for arson. He was arrested at his temporary home in London while he was preparing to report to Michael Collins on the failure of his agents to burn the oil depot.

Proof Positive.

The metropolitan police also found original instructions of the Irish Volunteers which prove beyond doubt that the Wandsworth plot was organized in Dublin and by young Sinn Feiners, who were sent to London. The Vacuum Oil depot was only one of a number of fires which were to have been started in London under direction of Collins and Mulcahy.

Further evidence of Sinn Fein activities in London came into the hands of the Government today through the discovery by the police of a secret letter written from London to the Sinn Fein in Dublin, in which the Sinn Fein committee of Great Britain, with the object of collecting funds for people in distress in Ireland. This letter, which was sanctioned by eight of the leading Sinn Feiners in London, stated that the real object was to collect funds for the Irish Volunteers who had escaped from Ireland to England and to obtain recruits from the Irish in England for the Sinn Fein army.

List of Names Found.

At the same time the police discovered a list of names and addresses of persons of Irish birth and extraction, and another especially selected list of persons who were to be appointed to canvass London under cover of making appeals for a distress fund and solicit aid for the Sinn Fein volunteers working in England and Scotland.

Another important development which became known today was that the British military authorities in Ireland had arrested ten of the actual murderers of the British in the "Bloody Sunday" wholesale attack upon British officers in Dublin some weeks ago. Twenty other accomplices are under arrest also, but the ten above mentioned have been identified and will be tried for murder.

MURPHY TOO HEALTHY TO QUIT LEADERSHIP

Tammany Boss Says He Will Retire When Whiskers Reach His Knees.

New York, Jan. 21.—Charles Francis Murphy told a score of leaders yesterday afternoon that he had no intention of going to Europe as an easy way of getting rid of the leadership of Tammany Hall. He had just returned from French Lick Springs, where he had been on a long vacation. "What is there in these reports that you are preparing to retire from politics?" he was asked.

"Nothing to them at all," he replied. "Any basis for the speculation?" "None at all," he replied. "But you are going to retire some day?"

"Oh, yes, when my beard gets 'way down here (pointing to his knees). It hasn't started to grow yet."

How To Be Healthy During The Winter

Many Troubles May be Avoided if the Blood is Kept Pure.

Do not let your blood get thin this winter. For people who have a tendency towards anemia, or bloodlessness, winter is a trying season. Lack of exercise, lack of fresh air, and a more restricted diet are among the things that combine to lower the tone of the body and weaken the blood.

As soon as you notice the tired feeling, lack of appetite and shortness of breath that are warning symptoms of thin blood, take a short course of treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Do not wait until the color has entirely left your cheeks, until your lips are white and your eyes are dull. It is so much easier to correct thinning of the blood in the earlier stages than later. This is well illustrated in the case of Mr. B. B. Day, Newcasle Bridge, N. B., who says: "From my own experience with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I can most heartily recommend them. Some time ago I was badly run down and my blood seemed thin and watery, accompanied by the usual symptoms of this condition. A friend recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and after taking several boxes I felt like a new man."

You can procure Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or they will be sent you by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing direct to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Macaulay Bros., & Co., Ltd.

Stores Open 9 a. m. Close 6 p. m.

Our Annual January Whitewear Sale COMMENCED FRIDAY January 21st

We are offering exceptional values in this sale. Our prices are based on the Spring quotations for these goods.

Ladies' Corset Covers, in fine quality cotton and nainsook with lace and hampburg trimmings; all sizes from 36 to 44; at the following exceptional cut prices49c., 59c., 69c., 79c., 89c.

Ladies' Best Quality Cotton Drawers, open and closed styles, finished with tucks, lace and hampburg, at 79c., 85c., \$1.10, \$1.15, \$1.29

Ladies' Nighties, made in high neck and long sleeves or low neck and short sleeves, in many different lengths, at \$1.49, \$1.98, \$2.49 and \$2.69

Ladies' Underskirts, with trills of hampburg and lace, are being offered at prices much below cost, \$1.98, \$2.19, \$2.29 and \$2.39

Ladies' Silk Envelope Chemise, with filet lace trimmings, in Mauve, Pink and White, at \$4.69 and \$4.98

Ladies' Chemise of Voile and Nainsook, in White and Flesh, with lace and ribbon trimmings, at All sizes. \$2.69, \$2.98, \$3.19

Use a MAJESTIC ELECTRIC HEATER to warm up that cold corner. SPECIAL \$6.00 each.

THE WEBB ELECTRIC CO. Electrical Contractors. S. C. WEBB, Manager. Phones M. 2152 Store; M. 2247-21 Res.

FIRE INSURANCE

INSURE WITH THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY

Cash Assets, \$54,595,060.31. Cash Capital, \$5,