The St. John Standard

VOL. XII., NO. 46. | TWELVE PAGES. | ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1920 | FAIR | TWO CENTS

NIGHT OF TERROR EXPERIENCED BY LONDONDERRY

Saturday When Part of the City Was at the Mercy of Rioting Mobs Hurling Missiles.

POLICE CHIEF SHOT AND KILLED

Several Others Injured by Revolver Shots or Bayonet Thrusts as Soldiers Charged Mob.

BUILDINGS BLOWN AT MAYNOOTH

Belfast, Ireland, May 16.—The town hall and Court House at Maynooth, 15 miles West-North West of Dublin, were blown up early Saturday morning by an explosion so heavy that it shook every house in the town. The buildings were the property of Lord Frederick Fitzgerald. It has been rumored that military forces would shortly be housed in the town hall.

Belfast, May 16.—(By the Associated Press).—Londonderry experienced a night of terror, Saturday, part of the city being for hours at the mercy of riotous mobs. During the disturbances Sergeant Dennis Moroney, Chief of the Special Criminal Department of the city was shot through the right lung and died within half an hour. Londonderry thus gains an unequivocal of being the scene of the first police murder in Ulster since the open of the Association campaign on January 1, 1919. The other casualty included James McCafferty, aged 18, shot in the chest; District police Inspector P. McDonough, wounded in the head with a stone while leading a police charge, and John McCallion, a former soldier, wounded in the head with a bayonet.

Air Thick With Bottles.

After minor disturbances early in the night, the ill-feeling between the Sinn Feiners and Loyalists flamed up. About 10 o'clock the air was thick with bottles, stones and other missles, while revolvers were freely discharged. When hostilities were in full swing, forty-eight policemen, armed with carbines, arrived in command of Inspector McDonough, who persuaded the Loyalists to retire to their quarters which was accomplished amid singing, cheering and other manifestations on the part of the rival factions. The Sinn Feiners continued their disorderly demonstrations and the police charged and scattered them into the side streets. Many of them made for the Quay near the Great Northern Station. It was here that Moroney met his end. Rioters entrenched themselves behind railway wagons and directed volleys of revolver shots point blank at the police. This led to a hot exchange of fire. Moroney was struck, walked a few yards and collapsed, exclaiming: "Boys, I'm done."

A few yards from this scene McCafferty was found lying on a tramway line. He said he was on his way home from the theatre when shot.

Troops Summoned.

During these happenings a Unionist crowd literally took possession of the thoroughfare in the neighborhood of Carlisle Square, and stoned persons believed to be of different political persuasion. The audience at the Empire Theatre were stoned so furiously when leaving that they had to return, the doors being barricaded. Shortly before midnight troops were summoned, and with their aid matters soon quieted down.

SENATE ADOPTED PEACE RESOLUTION

Declaring State of War With Germany and Austria-Hungary at an End.

Washington, May 16.—With few thrills and no hitch in the pre-arranged programme, the Senate adopted Saturday, 43 to 38, the Republican resolution declaring the State of war with Germany and Austro-Hungary at an end. The measure was in the form of a substitute for the Peace resolution, recently adopted by the House, which dealt with Germany alone. The two proposals will be adjusted in conference, beginning next week, the result be endorsed by both Houses and the final resolution be sent to the President for signature.

That the President will veto it is a foregone conclusion, unchallenged by any speaker during the debate in the House or Senate.

STRIKE AMONG THE SHIPBUILDERS

Port Arthur, Ont., May 16.—A number of departments of the Port Arthur Shipbuilding Company went on strike Saturday as a result of the Company's refusal to grant a wage increase. The company had refused to accept a Board of Conciliation, claiming there was nothing to negotiate as they were absolutely unable to make any further raise in the wage schedule.

SIR LOMER GOUIN LEAVES FOR HOME

Enthused Over the Outlook for Canadian Trade in Great Britain.

London, May 16.—(Canadian Associated Press.) — Sir Lomer Gouin, Premier of Quebec, sailed on the Minnedosa on Saturday. He said that on no previous visit had he realized so fully the breadth and vision of British statesmen and of the business community. He had good reason to anticipate, as a result of the visit, that immediate steps would be taken to develop some of Canada's great natural resources. The Premier said: "We are, I believe, on the eve of a great boom. The world is crying for more manufactured goods, and we have an inexhaustible raw material supply which we want worked by British capital."

The Agent-General's office in London, he added, was proving increasingly valuable, and the Quebec Government would extend its usefulness.

TORONTO WOMAN THINKS BLUEBEARD

Harvey Was Her Second Husband Who Deserted Her Some Eight Days After Marriage.

Toronto, May 16.—That her second husband, whom she married last year, and who deserted her some eight days later, was none other than "Bluebeard" Harvey, sentenced last week to life imprisonment at Los Angeles for the murder of Lena Deloney, whom he married, is the firm belief of a Toronto woman, widow of a Fourth Battalion officer killed in 1918 at St. Julien.

It is also her firm belief that a hammer found in his trunk, bearing stains apparently blood-rust, was the weapon with which he disposed of some of his victims.

According to this lady, the description of Harvey and facts brought out at his trial tally exactly with the description of her second husband. He used a different name.

"He was about six feet tall and claimed to be sixty years of age. He had false teeth and scars on the left leg at the knee and ankle. He told me he had never known any parents. He spoke with a slight accent, claiming to be Danish. He always slept with a revolver under his pillow," she said.

EXAMINATION OF NEWMAN CLARK

Alleged Slayer of Phoebe Bell Will Take Place Last Week of May.

Fredericton, May 16.—The preliminary examination of Newman Clark, charged with the murder of Phoebe Bell at Grand Falls on March 25th, will take place at Grand Falls the last week in May, it was learned today. The case of Peter Dubois, whom Clark named as one of his "kidnappers" when he escaped from the hospital at Grand Falls after the murder, will be taken up at the same time.

Clark is in Victoria County jail, at Andover, still suffering with badly frostbitten feet, while Dubois is out on bail. The date for the preliminary examination was arranged by Attorney-General Byrne, and Hon. W. P. Jones, K. C., of Woodstock, who is appearing for Clark.

KING ADDRESSES LORD MAYORS ON

Reconstruction of the Territial Army, Setting Forth Dependence of Empire on Volunteer Citizen Army.

London, May 16—(By Canadian Associated Press)—The King at Buckingham Palace yesterday, received Lord Lieutenants of Counties, Lord Mayors and Lord Provosts to whom His Majesty had issued his call for the reconstruction of the Territorial Volunteer Army.

The King said in part:

"The formation of a volunteer citizen army is indispensable to the safedom of the Empire. No more valuable proof of our peaceful strength, and the soundness of our national life and character could be given to the world. Setting an example to many nations, and giving proof of our confidence and good will to the whole world, we have abandoned the principle of compulsory military service to which we were forced to resort in the hard times of the war, and have returned to the purely voluntary system. The foundations of that voluntary principle must be a territorial army, strong enough to enable the regular forces to move about the Empire as circumstances require. It must be strong enough, also, if new dangers of a most serious kind confront us, to secure us a breathing space necessary to enable the full strength of all the peoples of the Empire to be organized for its defence."

It has been asserted, recently, that recruiting for the territorial army has been proceeding slowly throughout the country. Winston Churchill, Secretary of State for War, when questioned in the Commons, gave a qualified assertion that the position was turning out satisfactorily.

GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE ARE AGREED UPON

Fundamental Principles Involved in Reparation Demands Made of Germany for War Claims.

AND EXPERTS WILL MEET IN LONDON

To Fix the Amount of Indemnity, Details Concerning Payments, and Report to Conference.

Hythe, England, May 16.—(By The Associated Press)—Premier Lloyd George, Premier Millerand and their advisors conferred here this morning, the meeting lasting until nearly one o'clock. After the conference Premier Millerand and his suite left for home.

An official statement issued at the close of the conference said.

"The British and French governments recognized on the one hand that it is to the general interest that reparation for losses and damages caused by the war should be secured as soon as possible, and, with this object in view, its necessary resources would be made effectively available without delay, and, on the other hand, that it is desirable Germany should be put in a position to regain her financial autonomy by speedy fulfilment of her obligations.

Solve Difficulties.

"The two governments are further of the opinion that, in order to provide a solution of the economic difficulties which are gravely weighing upon the general situation of the world, and, in order to mark a definite beginning of the era of peace, it is important to arrive at a settlement which shall embrace the whole body of the International liabilities which have been left as a legacy of the war, and which shall, at the same time, ensure a parallel liquidation of the Inter-Allied war debt and of reparation of the debts of the Central Empire.

Experts to Meet.

"Accordingly, experts from each of the two countries will be charged to prepare immediately for examination by their governments proposals for fixing the minimum total of the German debt, which shall be capable of acceptance by the Allies, and, at the same time, be compatable with Germany's debt which will be best calculated to assure realization of the general views above expressed, and to establish conditions for division between the Allies of the payment made by Germany in accordance with agreements which, in the case of certain Allied countries, have already been arrived at, and which remain to be definitely settled in the case of the other Allied countries."

Premier Lloyd George was not sufficiently well to accompany M. Millerand to Folkestone, but the utmost cordiality marked their goodby. M. Millerand expressed his hearty thanks to Sir Philip Sassoon, at whose residence the conference was held, for his hospitality.

Andrew Bonar Law, the government leader, arrived at Tythe Saturday morning and attended the conference.

The Central News says that an agreement was reached on the coal question at the Franco-British conference in Hythe, by which France will receive 45 per cent. of the coal exported from England. The rate will remain unchanged, the Central News adds, but by a scheme of rearrangement of freightage certain economies will be effected.

Premier Lloyd George will prolong his stay at Lympne, near here, for the whole of the present week under medical advice, to make his cure as complete as possible.

It is said that the projected conference between the Belgian Premier and Mr. Lloyd George has been abandoned, and that the Belgian Mission will proceed direct to London to confer with Earl Curzon, Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

The commission experts to settle details of the German indemnity will also meet at London shortly under the Chairmanship of Sir Julian Bradbury, who is principal British representative on the reparations committee.

CONFERENCE OF CAN. UNIVERSITIES

Opens at Quebec Today With Noted Educators in Attendance.

Quebec, May 16. — (By Canadian Press.) — The seventh conference of Canadian universities will open here tomorrow at Laval University and will be attended by distinguished educationists representing universities in all parts of Canada. The conference will last two days, Monday and Tuesday, and some very important questions affecting education through the country will be brought up and discussed. The delegates to the conference include: University of Dalhousie, Prof. Stanley Mackenzie and Dr. B. Fraser Harris, Professor of Physiological; University of New Brunswick, Chancellor C. C. Jones; Nova Scotia Technical School, Prof. F. R. Faulkner; St. Francis Xavier College (Antigonish), Dr. J. J. Tompkins; University of St. Joseph's (Memramcook), Rev. Father Louis Guertin.

FRENCH WILL ASK HOSTAGES

Berlin, May 16.—With a view to insuring against unpleasant incidents on the occasion of the evacuation of Frankfort Monday, says a despatch from that city, the French are demanding the following hostages: President Cossmann, President of the local Government; Chief Burgomaster Vight; Police President Ehrler; Chairman of the City Council, Holt; Alderman Rumpf and Councillor Lion and are also demanding a guarantee of a million marks.

CANONIZATION OF JOAN OF ARC CELEBRATED

By Pope Benedict in St. Peters Which Was Most Impressive Function in Historic Edifice in Years.

THOUSANDS OF INCANDESCENT BULBS

Mingled Their Radiance With the Flickering of Innumerable Candles to Make the Scene Fascinating.

Rome, May 16—(By te Associated Press)—The canonization of Joan of Arc, the French national heroine, was celebrated by Pope Benedict this morning in St. Peter's. It was the greatest and most impressive function performed in the historic Basilica for several centuries past.

The interior of St. Peter's was lighted by thousands of incandescent bulbs and the soft radiance of innumerable wax candles, the flickering of which added a fascinating beauty to the scene. The enormous pillars of the Basilica were decorated with priceless ancient crimson damask, and pictures of Joan of Arc were prominently displayed. A passage was kept open in the middle of the Basilica for the Papal procession to the high altar, behind which the Papal throne was erected, having a smal tribune for the Papal family.

Descendants of Heroine

Another tribune that attracted much attention, contained 140 descendants of the family of Joan of Arc. These, belonging to all ranks of life, and coming from all parts of France, had for the most part, never met each other before. Three times as many applied for seats as relatives of Joan of Arc's family but their claims were not admitted.

Further along there was a tribune for the Roman aristocracy, the Knights of Malta, headed by Count Lambertenghi, the diplomatic body accredited to the Holy See, and a special mission headed by Gabriel Hanotaux, sent by the French republic. The diplomatic tribune glittered with uniforms and decorations of all kinds. From 60,000 to 70,000 persons were present at the canonization ceremonies. The vast temple was filled from dawn with the crowd which had gathered from all parts of the world.

The Pontiff was received at the entrance to the Basilica by Cardinal Merry Del Val, Arch-Priest of St. Peter's wit hthe Vatican Chapter. The choir sang "Tu Es Presues," while the faithful sank to their knees, but did not allow any details of the magnificent procession to pass unobserved.

London, May 16—The whole Catholic world was represented at remarkable scenes of devotion at the celebration today of the canonization of John of Arc at Westminster Cathedral. The thousands thronging the Cathedral includes visitors from China, India, Russia and other distant parts. The shrine of Joan of Arc was decorated with laurel wreaths and the French and British colors.

The culminating point in the celebration was a war pageant, organized by the Catholic Women's League, in the form of a long procession through the adjacent streets, preceded by the Cathedral dignitaries in their robes.

British and French officers escorted Joan of Arc, as impersonated by a girl clad in shining armor mounted on a gray horse. There were many bands and banners and French peasant children in the garments of the period the whole forming a beautiful and impressive spectacle, which was witnessed by 100,000 people.

Celebrations were held also in all the French churches in London.

At Paris

Paris, May 16—All churches in Paris from historic Notre Dame to the most humble chapel in the suburbs, celebrated the canonization of Joan of Arc today. Governmental orders forbidding processions and parades caused public demonstrations in the streets to be abandoned, owing to the strike effervescent in Paris.

Singly and in groups, elderly gentlemen and women in mourning, and middle aged men retaining their military bearing in civilian clothes, deposited numerous floral wreaths at the foot of the statues of France's heroine in the Place St. Augistin and Palce Rivoli.

At Notre Dame, in the absence of Cardinal Amette, Archbishop of Paris, who was attending the Rome celebration in honor of France's latest saint, Bishop Roland Gosselin sang high mass beneath the altar which was decorated with a standard in which the white and blue colors of Joan of Ars were entwined with the flag of the Third Republic. For the first time a golden halo was placed about the head of the statue of Joan of Arc, while the church goers worshipped silently.

THE MEMBERS OF COMMONS FACE BUSY WEEK

With Budget Coming Down Tuesday it Means Beginning of Debate of Long Duration.

HOUSE GOES INTO COM. OF SUPPLY

Monday When, it is Intimated, Arrangements for Appointment of Minister to Washington Will be Discussed.

Ottawa, May 16.—(Canadian Press)—Members of the Commons are facing a busy week. The budget will be down on Tuesday and that means the beginning of a debate which usually proves of considerable duration. Indications are that it will last from three weeks to a month, as a formidable list of members will want to have their say on this subject. Whatever may be in the mind of the Government and Finance Minister in the way of taxation proposals, the secret is being well guarded, and, outside of the actual members of the Cabinet, nothing will be known until Sir Henry Drayton has made his budget speech on Tuesday afternoon.

Committee of Supply.

On Monday evening at 8 o'clock the House is to go into Committee of Supply. This was requested by Hon. W. S. Fielding last week. It has been intimated that the subject for discussion tomorrow evening will be arrangements for the appointment of a Canadian Minister plenipotentiary to Washington. There has been complaint among the Liberals that this decision was reached without any consultation of Parliament, and they hold that the House should be asked for its opinion before any such important step is decided upon. The matter is expected to be well threshed out before the House adjourns tomorrow night.

There is yet much legislation on hand.

The Franchise bill can hardly be got out of the way before the budget debate intervenes, for there will only be three hours tomorrow afternoon for it if the bill was taken up immediately the House met at three o'clock. Then there are many of the estimates yet untouched, and legislation dealing with pensions and reestablishment of returned soldiers is expected to follow the report of the special committee which is now at work. With the grist of smaller bills still to come, the members have revised their ideas of returning home, and have put the probable date of prorogation anywhere between Dominion Day, July 1, and July 15.

CUT WIRES AND CRIPPLES RAILROAD

Extensive Damage Done to Electric Line in London Where Employees Are on Strike.

London, May 16—Extensive damage to the property of the London and Port Stanley Electric Railway has accompanied the strike of the employes. The men walked out on Thursday at midnight, and when an attempt was made on Friday to operate trains on the line this was found to be impossible owing to what was then said to be a break on the lines near this city. J. E. Richards, Manager of the Company, stated tonight that it was not a break; the wire had been cut.

Last night Mr. Richards offered a reward of $50 for information leading to the arrest of the persons who had inflicted further damage on the property and equipment of the railroad, and tonight he told of the line having been cut in several places.

Representatives of the striking employes deny that they have had any part in causing these interruptions, and claim that they had been the work of some enemy of both the men and the hydro-electric commission.

ICE BRIDGE FORMS AT NIAGARA FALLS

Extending from the Gorge on American Side to Maid of Mist Landing on Canadian Side.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., May 16.—One of the largest ice bridges in many years has formed in the Niagara gorge from the American Falls to the Maid of the Mist landing on the Canadian side. The solid formation is due to continued cool weather, a heavy flow of ice from Lake Erie and a steady north wind.

SENTENCED TO FIFTEEN YEARS IN PENITENTIARY

New Glasgow, N. S., May 16.—In the County Court at Pictou on Saturday, Judge Paterson sentenced Jack McGillivray and Gus McNeil, who shot and robbed Duncan Campbell, cashier of the Greenwood Colliery of $3,000 a week ago, to fifteen years each in Dorchester penitentiary.

LABOR MEN ACCUSED OF HOLDING UP

Country in Not Permitting Chinese Labor to Do Work Here When Others Not Available.

Montreal, May 16.—H. A. Mackie M. P. for Edmonton, addressing the Progressive Club Saturday, pointed out that, while there was not enough labor in Canada to meet the demands of the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Government railways which required between them 16,000 men, yet the Canadian Pacific Railway was, at the same time, carrying through Canada back to China thousands of laborers who have served in France. Labor here would not permit these men to do the work which it cannot do itself, and the nation is obliged to submit to labor's dictum. For the nation to insist would mean a state of civil war.

Mr. Mackie classified all extremists in Canada as coming under the "One Big Union." He admitted the right of combination but not when it become a menace to the nation whether a combination of labor or of capital.

POOR ROADS DRIVING THIS MAN FROM PROVINCE

York County Farmer Going to Maine Where There Are Facilities for Marketing His Crop.

Fredericton, May 16.—Declaring that he is leaving New Brunswick because of the failure of the Government to provide suitable roads for the farming districts, Sylvester Moore, of Scotch Lake, one of the leading farmers of York county, has purchased a farm of 175 acres at Skuhegan, Maine, for $10,450 and is going to sell his farm at Scotch Lake consisting of 400 acres.

"I have no fault to find with this country and I would like to stay here" said Mr. Moore, when asked this morning why he was leaving this province, "but the Government will not provide proper facilities for reaching the markets in New Brunswick, so I am going where they do have the facilities. It is more than 10 miles from my farm at Scotch Settlement to the railway on the eastern side of the St. John River, and the roads are not such that I could economically market the produce of my farm; the St. John Valley Railway is only five miles away, but it is on the other side of the river. I am going to take a herd of pure bred Ayrshire cattle to Maine with me and engage in mixed farming."

PRINCE THROWN FROM HIS HORSE

The Prince, However, Remounted and Seemed None the Worse from His Tumble.

Christchurch, N. Z., May 16.—The Prince of Wales was thrown by his horse yesterday, at the race course at Riccarton, after the racing events of day had been concluded. The Prince was not injured.

After taking several jumps the horse refused three times in an attempt at a bush fence, and on the last occasion spilled the Prince from his saddle. The Prince, however, remounted and seemed none the worse for his tumble.

RESENT SYDNEY LABOR COUNCIL ACT

Melbourne, Australia, May 16—Resentment over the decision of the Labor Council of Sydney, N. S. W., not to participate in the welcome to the Prince of Wales on his forthcoming visit to New South Wales, was expressed at a meeting of Trade Unionists, Friday. Resolutions were adopted to this effect and affirmations of loyalty to the Prince and the British Empire were made.

MANY PASSENGERS WERE DISAPPOINTED

London, May 15.—Passengers who planned to sail Saturday on Cunard liner Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, received telegrams announcing postponement of the voyage. Over 200 first class passengers were disappointed, including many Canadians and Americans, and British members of parliament and high army officials. Stoppage was due to labor disturbances at Southampton.

SMALL CROWD TO HEAR ALD. HEAPS AT HALIFAX

Halifax, May 16.—Alderman Heaps, of Winnipeg, and Mr. Dunn, a returned soldier, also from Winnipeg, addressed a public meeting in the Market Building tonight and told the story of the Winnipeg strike, of the trial and imprisonment of the strike leaders. Less than two hundred people were present.

SOLD HIS SPUDS AT 80 CENTS PER DOZEN.

Hamilton, May 16.—While some farmers on the market here on Saturday asked $7.50 per bag for potatoes, one farmer asked 80 cents a dozen for his spuds. He sold them at that price too.

CARRANZA NOW REPORTED AS FLEEING INTO

Mountains of Vera Cruz, and the Revolutionists Have Captured Many Prisoners and Material.

BEFORE FLIGHT CARRANIZISTAS

Set Fire to the Train on Which They Travelled, But the Flames Were Extinguished by Rebels.

REBELS CAPTURE MEXICAN CABINET

El Paso, Tex., May 16.—All of the members of Carranza's cabinet have been captured and sent to Mexico City, according to a message said to have been received today by revolutionary agents here from General Alvaro Obregon, who, at present, is in Maxico City.

Mexico City, May 15.—(Via Laredo Junction, Tex., May 16.)—Carranza is fleeing into the mountains of Vera Cruz by way of Petrote, and the revolutionists have captured 2,000 prisoners, with 24 trains, four pieces of artillery, 200 machine guns, a great quantity of ammunition and gold and silver bars, one airplane and many automobiles, according to a report from General Guadaloupe Sanchez, given out at Obregon headquarters.

Fighting began at 10 a. m. Friday in the vicinity of Rinconada. After three hours' heavy engagement, Carranza and the leading members of his party abandoned their trains and fled in automobiles, escorted by 500 cavalry. The rebel cavalry is pursuing Carranza.

Unconfirmed report, Friday night, said Carranza had been captured. General Sanchez promised confirmation or denial of the report later.

Sanchez's report, given out Friday night at Obregon Headquarters, said the Carranza party carried all the minted coin from the trains, but left a great quantity of gold and silver bars, valuable records and dies from the mint stamping office.

Set Fire to Train.

Before their flight, the Carranzistas set fire to the trains, but the flames were extinguished by revolutionists, who rescued several wounded occupants of the coaches. These included General Millan, who had been left severely wounded in a sleeping car.

General Jacinto Trevino, heading a revolutionary commission bearing a safe-conduct for General Carranza, should he wish to surrender, arrived on the scene a few hours after Carranza had fled.

General Candido Aguilar, son-in-law of Venustiano Carranza, has been captured at Jalapa, State of Vera Cruz, it was announced officially Saturday night.

General Pablo Gonzales announced formally and definitely his retirement from the Mexican presidential race, in a manifesto issued this (Saturday) evening.

JUNE 7 PROBABLE DAY FOR ST. JOHN BY-ELECTION

Writ Not Yet Issued But Believed it Will be Before Wednesday.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, May 16.—Monday, June 7th, is said to be the date which has been fixed by the provincial government for the holding of the by-election in the city of St. John, when Hon. Dr. Roberts, Minister of Health, will seek endorsement of the constituency upon his acceptance of a salary as a Minister.

The writ for the by-election has not yet been issued, but it is believed that it will be next week, and perhaps before the Government meets in St. John. Under the amended N. B. Elections Act, 17 clear days from the time of the posting of the proclamation are required before polling takes place.

It is not known what is to be done in respect to the vacancy in Carleton county, where there has been a demand for a by-election, but it is evident the proposal for a general provincial election has been abandoned.

NATIONALISTS ATTACK FRENCH

When Latter, 3,000 Strong, Went to Relief of the Garrison at Antab.

Constantinople, May 16.—(By The Associated Press)—A French column of 3,000 soldiers, which left Kilis, Asia Minor, May 9, to relieve the garrison at Aintab, about 30 miles north of Kilis, was met by a strong Nationalist force, when ten miles from tis destination, and was compelled to return. The Nationalists were equipped with 1,000 cannon, outranging the French 75's, and kept up a continual attack upon the French.

Advices received here describe the situation at Kilis as critical and that at Aintab as desperate.