Five Bollars a Week

Young Man's Plea for Work to Save Him From Starvation.

Me Says Dozens of Men in London Would Be Glad to Work for that Sum.

To the Editor of the "Advertiser": Seeing the report of the free library board in your paper, I noted with disgust the remarks of Mr. Keene, in the course of which he said: "I do not beone who applied for the situation), who known society pays at present, and would be delighted to obtain employment at \$5 per week—yea, less, in order to keep myself from starvation, and can safely say there are dozens of other young men idle in the city who would only be too glad to be earning the said sum. True, the wage is low; known society pays at present, and not more than any one of the societies are paying at the present tme. It must be remembered that in addition to fees paid for ordinary attendance, we also pay for extra attendance at operations, etc., when the medical profession show their charity by their but it would manage to keep one fairly well cared for during the winter months. I have no doubt the girls employed are well able to do without rows. ployed are well able to do without same, ployed are well able to do without same, and it would have conferred a great been on a number of young men had boon on a number of young men had mittee. they been employed. Can Mr. Keene give me employment at a better salary, as he will not allow young men to work for \$5 per week? Yours faithfully,

F. J. FORREST. London, Dec. 5, 1895.

THE SALVATION ARMY HOTEL-LETTER FROM DR. ARNOTT. To the Editor of the Advertiser:

I read your kindly reference to the work of the Salvation Army some days ago. In that article you say that possibly that hotel may attract tramps to our city, I wish to point out that while at first it might have that effect. it will have a tendency to rid us of all undeserving tramps as soon as citizens understand and apply this solu-tion of the tramp question. As long as citizens continue to give tramps money they can stay with us without doing any work, but if they will only give an order for for the tramp distribution of the tramp deep doing any work, but if they will only give an order for for the tramp question. As long known to many people in Brockville, having been at one time a resident of the "Island City." To your corregive an order for the tramp question. Salvation Army Hotel, we will soon be rid of all that class that deliberately refuse to work. Under that plan an impostor tramp cannot stay here long till the Army finds him out, and after that, no matter how many orders he may have begged they will not keep him and he can make no use of his orders. For instance, I continu know of a gentleman who gave a man years. an order for a bed and breakfast on condition of his being willing to do some work. He stayed all hight at the hotel, but skipped out next morning before breakfast to escape the work. That man will not be kept there in future on any consideration. Thus, you see that, as soon as the system is thoroughly understood by the citizens, the city will be a very cold place for the able-bodied tramp who will not work, and yet provision be made for the unfortunate and those really in night and giving him his breakfast for 15 cents. Last winter they did it for 12 cents, but lost a good deal of money by it. I would therefore be-speak the consideration of the citizens in this great burden which the Army have taken off our shoulders.

by the citizens the system will be found have a most wholesome effect, but we must not allow the Army to feed so many of our poor and care for our tramps without coming to their assistance. I regret very much to find that they lost money in the work last winter and trust that it will be made up to them this winter. aI think you would be doing a good work by casonally urging citizens not to give money to tramps. The Army will supply blank orders to any person desiring them.

H. ARNOTT.

RE LODGE DOCTORS AND BENE-FIT SOCIETIES.

To the Editor of the Advertiser: Having seen a letter in your paper dated Oct. 1, regarding the above, will you be good enough to give space in your paper to vent the views and feelings of a large committee meeting of societies, who have been authorized to consider the best method to adopt in view of the doctors deciding not to attend to lodge members as at present. noting their complaint of one or two dollars not being sufficient remun-eration for examinations, which generally take from fifteen to twenty minutes each, we should think it was one of their best paying practices. Often two or three drop into their office of n evening, for which they receive, as they state, one or two dollars each.

As regards their basis of visits of four times a week to each patient, we can show that they do not average more than two at the most, as a member who is not confined to his bed, but is able to get out, has to attend at the doctor's office at office hours, We can show where some members for whom they get paid two dollars per year, though they have been on the sick list for several years, they have not been attended by the doctor once twelve months. As regards the different members of a family being attended by different doctors at the same house, surely they would be showing their boasted charity by having a consultation for the benefit of each patient-we presume that no one would object-rather than take their fee of \$1 per visit for each person that was sick. It was stated that practice for societies, in providing medical attendance and medicine for its members at our present rates is unprofitable and unjust to the medical profession. If so, how is it that the best of our doctors have been anxious and glad to have their patronage. In many cases it has introduced them to families of members, and has thus given them good paying patients, as it is well known that nearly all societies pay their bills in full. As regards the absolutely poor not suffering for lack of medical attendance on account of our free hospitals and dispensary, if it was not for the provisons made by the members of societies we should need hospitals three times the size we have at present to care for the sick. As regards the societies mentioned not believing in providing free attendance, so far as free attendance is concerned,

s to say, the doctors do not give their attendance and medicine members pay the amount the doctors agree to accept for their services, which, if truth be told, has built up of the best members of the medical profession in London, and now that they can get along without attending lodges for the present remuneration paid, they seem jealous of these coming after them, and wish to bar the path to their success; but they must understand that London is a great society center, and although the societies named that do not provide, as it is

we do not look upon it as such:

committed. Worms cause feverishness, moaning called, free attendance, they are merely insurance societies, and nearly all Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasof their members belong to other so-cieties that provide for paid medical gist has none in stock, get him to proattendance. It is strange they give us cure it for you.

credit for being engaged in laudable work, and that we are promoting pro-vident and thrifty habits, as well as relieving the sick and distressed, and profess to be ready to assist us in our actual charitable work. We do not consider our work entirely charity, as we pay a certain sum, which provides us with certain benefits when we need them, but we do not claim to work in sympathy and exercise it in its true sense. If they desire to assist us in our good work, let them that do not want societies keep quiet, and leave those alone who are willing to attend them. If they do not, but can induce all the profession in London to combine against the lodges, then we do not wish to disguise the fact that we shall try and do the next best thing. We have enough society men in London to run leve in allowing any man to work for a first-class dispensary, with first-class 55 per week." This is all very well in medical gentlemen in charge, which its way. I am a young man (not the could be done at a less rate than one

HIS FACE WAS RAW.

The Terrible Suffering of Mr. John Vanaxan,

Working as a Molder Excessive Heat Caused Large Water Blisters to Break Out On His Face-An Attack of Sciatica Also Added to the Agony He Endured

(From the Brockville Recorder.) Mr. John Vanaxan, now a resident of Merrickville, is well and favorably

give an order for bed or meal at the an interesting story of his release from a trouble which had made his life miserable for years. "I was born at Perth 43 years ago," said Mr. Vanaxan, "and when 14 years of age removed with my parents to Merrickville, where I learned the trade of iron molder. After working at my trade for several years I went to the States, where I continued to live for a number of years. Returning to Canda, I, with my family, settled down in Brockville, where I lived about a year. Last March I moved once hore to Merrickevery day. About five years after I commenced working at the molding business, my face broke out with what is best described as a rash, and this would break out into large water blisters every time we took off a cast, caused by the excessive heat, and when those broke they were terribly painful. This kept my face raw nearsearch of work. Citizens should also understand that the Army does not be of physicians both in the States and Canada, who prescribed for it, but they did me no good, and for years my suffering in this way went on. Then to make matters worse, I was taken with sciatica in my left hip. Year in and year out I was a constant sufferer from this disease. I consulted a number of physicians for this trouble, who prescribed, but the pain never left me. Last spring my hip became so bad that I had to quit work owing to my leg giving out, and this continued for several weeks. Shortly after I was laid up friends advised me strongly to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but I had about lost faith in all medicine, I had tried so many kinds with no effect, but to please my friends I got a half boxes and commenced their use ling to directions. After using four boxes I found the sciatic pains had almost ceased, and although a slight rash was still discernable on my face it was unaccompanied with the usual water blisters. I used four more boxes, and still occasionally take a pill, and although working at my trade every day, I have not since had a sintwinge in my hip, and the rash has entirely disappeared from my face. When I first commenced to use the pills I weighed 131 pounds; I now weigh 152 pounds and am gaining in health and flesh all the time. I need not say that I feel grateful. I feel deeply thankful to the friends who advised me to try this wonderful medi-cine, and I freely give permission to

> induce some other sufferer to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills." Sold by all dealers or sent by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box of six boxes for \$2 50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brock-ville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

publish this statement, hoping it may

THE BUSINESS OUTLOCK

General Trade More Active in Toronto-Quiet in Mout eal-Sluggish in the United States.

Bradstreet's weekly review says: Toronto reports general trade more active with the appearance of season-able weather, and confidence is expressed as to trade prospects after the holiday season.

An exceptionally quiet business is reported from Montreal now that navigation is closed, while at Quebec city it would appear that good roads have served to stimulate trade. Shoe manufacturers there are arranging to start up their factories. Wholesale business at Halifax continues quiet, under the influence of unseasonable weather, while from St. John, N. B., it is reported that the lumber industry is in a favorable condition.

Bank clearings at Winnipeg, Hamilton, Toronto, Montreal and Halifax aggregate \$25,500,000 this week—an increase of 8.5 per cent over last week, about 14 per cent over the like week last year, 18 per cent over the corresponding total in 1893, and 2 per cent

more than in 1892.

There are 39 business failures reported from the Dominion of Canada this week, against 52 last week, 33 in the week one year ago, 28 two years ago, and 31 in the first week of December of 1892.

You need not cough all night and disturb your friends; there is no occasion for you running the risk of contracting inflammation of the lungs or consumption, when you can get Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. This medicine cures coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all throat and chest troubles. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which immediately relieves the throat and lungs from vis-

Some of the sins whose consequences are visited upon us most cruelly are sins most naturally, and most fondly

and restlessness during sleep. Mother

The Crowds Coming Daily.

WE WILL ASSUREDLY ==== Trade winners doing the good work, Our expectations—"most sanguine"—will be met.

Great List To-Day And For The

Be amongst the early shoppers, you'll get better attention. Avoid the rush of the afternoon if possible.

AD THIS BILL OF FAR

VEILINGS:

5c There are over two hundred pieces of Veiling in this great lot; colors and style right; procured we won't say how, but we've got them. They're well worth 3 and 4 times the price . . 5c

DRESS GOODS.

372°C We called your attention to this lot Wednesday; many heeded, but some didn't. The pile is greatly reduced but the assortment is still good—in fact we have added many pieces that should be sold at 75c, bargain sales; every yard must go......37½c

> A small lot of Black Dress Goods. some 50c, some 60c, some 75c some \$1, plain and fancy, take your

IXMAS.

15c Xmas is nearing. Your friend will remember you. It won't cost much to play old Santa Claus. Silk Handkerchiefs, worth 25c and 50c, quick selling at......15c

HANDKERCHIEFS.

25c We stand alone in magnitude of stock as 1 multiplicity of styles. Three thousand five hundred (3,500) dozen to pick from; a leader among them, 50c hemstitched, silk, large

FLANNELS:

15c A clean all-wool Flannel-bought a jobbers lot only—20 pieces, cannot be duplicated, so don't be coming in late in the week for this line, it will have gone over the counter, all

LINENS.

50C From a Belfast manufacturer, without a particle of adulteration, wide width, 75c quality, sale price....50c

\$1 25 Family reunion Xmas dinner. Oh! what a jopous time. Everything to make bright and happy the hour, and beautiful spotless Linen is a great appetizer. Our \$1 75 Napkins, a nice present too, reduced to...\$1 25

122°C Shame to sell them at this figure; look at the large, clean, bright towels, you would place them a bargain at 20c; private families and hotel keepers should note this lot....12½c

FURS

Don't know how long they will last, but 25 per cent comes off every article in furs from now till Xmas eve. Capes—Greenland Seal, from \$15; fair imitation Bear Muff, \$1 10; best No. 1 Greenland Seal Muff, \$3.

UNDERWEAR:

25c The sale contains additional lines today; 40c vests down, away down, and drawers to match25c

50c All wool, never made to sell less than 75c; on the inner track, we offer them

GREAT PREPARATIONS!

We made great preparation for the holiday trade. Walk around the circular counters; trays here, piles there, all laden with the brightest kind of articles of the common sense kind, marked in bold figures that will insure rapid sale and assist im making this the

GREATEST OF ALL SALES

AVLEY95 Dundas Street

Strange Sun Clusters,

Remarkable Discoveries Among the H avenly Bodies.

The discovery, through photographs ence in certain star custers of an extraordinary number of variable stars, is one of the most remarkable of recent astronomical advances. No less than 87 stars in the well known globu-lar cluster Mess er 3, in the constalation Canes Venatici, have been proved by thes e photographs to be variable; and the variation is, in some cas s, not only large, but exceedingly rapid. Some of the stars affected changes the course of a few hours as much as two entire magnitudes; that is to say, such stars, at the beginning of their swift decline, are six times as bright as tinue to revive until they are as bril-

Hitherto most of the var'ab'e stars observed have been found sea tend broadcast in the sky, ap prently un-connected with one another, although there are certain regi ns, one for intance, in Virgo, where they especially The re has never been any reain to suppose that some of the stars clusters might not be chargeable, nd, in fact, a few variables have beore this been discerned in such situa-ons. But the Arequipa discovery now reveals the interesting fact that, in some star clusters, the ratio of the number of variables to the total number of stars included in the cluster is so great as irrestibly to suggest the exstence therein of a special cause of variability. Prof. Pickering remarks that the number of known variables among the stars visible is only 1 per cent; yet in the cluster N. G. C. 5004, out of 750 stars separately examined on the Arequipa negatives 46, or about 6 per cent of the whole, have proved to be variable. And in the same cluster there seems to be a curious tendency to local aggregation of the variables, for in a circle 110 minutes in diameter, including sixteen stars, no le's than 6,

cr nearly 40 per cent, are variable. Is variation, then, a special character stic of stars assembled in close clus ers? It would aprear not; for while some clusters photographed at Arequipa abound in variable stars, other clusters just as crowded, have, as yet, given no evidence of the ex-istence of a single variable. But Prof. Pickering reminds us that this negatve evidence can only be taken to show that the clusters concerned contain no variables of short per od. By continuing the periods of photographs for a sufficient length of time long period variables might be discovered in such assemblages. But even then it would be evident that a striking difference exists, in this respect, between different clusters, some possessing stars that go quickly through their changes, and others only stars that vary slowly. It is from differences as well as resemblances that causes are to be de-Ore thing is much to be regretted. Owing to the fact that in the middle of a globular cluster the light of the swarming stars run into a blaze,

discovery a confirmation of his meteoric hypothesis, according to which varistars are swarms of clashing meteors in various stages of condensation. Speaking broadly, every star, no has its attendant and where large numbers of stars are asembled in comparatively close proximade at the Harvard College observatory station at Arequipa, of the existilisions may be increased. At any rate mity, the possibility of meteoric colsuch phenomena as the successive outbursts exhibited by the new star in Auriga a few years ago, indicate that there is an amount of wrack and ruin the administration of the universe, at the sight of which some of the old-

er astronomers, who perceived only smooth-running wheels in the celestial mechanism, would have stood aghast.
While we are awaiting an explanation of the causes underlying the phenomena which form the latest achievements of astronomical photography we may again congratulate the astronoswift decline, are six times as bright as mers on their acquisition of an instruat the end of it. But immediately they commence to bright n again, and continue to review the state of the same of their acquisition of an instrument of research so penetrating, powerful, and undissembling as the camera.-New York Sun.

A FIRECRACKER FIRE!

Some \$75,000 Worth "Touched Off'-Risky Business for the Brigade.

New York, Dec. 7 .- Fire started in Drigg's warehouse, 271 South street, yesterday and gained headway rapidly. When the firemen arrived they found it impossible owing to the dense smoke, to enter the building. On the fourth floor about \$75,-000 worth of firecrackers were stored. These exploded and made the work of the firemen dangerous. In the building there was stored over \$1,600,000 worth of merchandise in bond, from the East India and China trade. It is fully covered by insurance. Two fire boats were docked at the pier opposite the burning building and played streams on it.

The only way to reach the blaze with effect was through the roof, and the work of cutting that away, while underneath were gunpowder and other explosives, was extremely dangerous. This did not deter the firemen from making an assault on the roof, which was made in the main of tin. Twelve of them were sent to work with axes. A large hole was made and a great pillar of smoke rushed out. Into this hole great streams of water were directed. The firemen knew by this time that they had saved the gunpowder from the flames. The windows on the South street side were also opened and the water towers played on them.

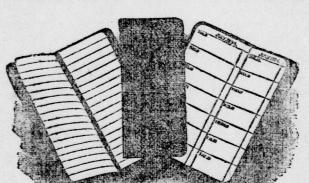
A Trained Nurse Suffers from Rhou-matism for Six Years, and is Then Cured in Four Days.

Mrs. E. Eisner, a trained nurse, of Halifax, living at 92 Cornwallis street, writes: "I have been a terrible sufferer for six years from rheumatism. Many doctors treated me, but relief was only temporary. A friend advised me to try South American Rheumatic Cure. I did so, and after four days' use of the remedy, to my great surprise and delight, I found myself entirely free from the disease. I am sure there is no sheumatic remedy in existence equal to this one."

Kindness, nobler ever than revenge.

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Combined Pocket Diary and Memorandum

Diary One Side. Reverse Side Memorandum.

Two Distinct Books in One Vest Pocket Style

The Most Sensible Pocket Memorandum for Business Men.

Bound in Cloth, 35c. Bound in Morocco, 50c Bound in Calf. 75c.

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READY-MADE CLOTHING----BOYS' OVERGOATS

Children's Suits, \$1 and up.

Men's Tweed Pants, \$1 25 and \$1 50.

Men's All-Wool Overcoats, \$4 95.

Men's Heavy Lined Ulsters, \$7 50.

Men's Beaver Overcoats, \$9 50.

PETHICK & McDONALD, SIGNATOR ST. Gity Hall

to distinguish separate points of light, no variables have been detected close to the center of any cluster.

Mr. Lockyer will probably find in this

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.