

## The Food Control Board and Sugar.

Editor Evening Telegram.

Dear Sir:—While your comment on the Sugar Situation in yesterday's issue was not made, I am sure, from any desire to misrepresent, the action taken by the Food Board, yet I would ask for a little space in which to set right some grave inaccuracies in the interviews which your reporter had with some sugar dealers.

First I gather from your report of the meeting of the sugar dealers that the retailers (who are not wholesalers as well), think that the profit allowed them is too small, but at the same time think that thirty cents is high enough for the consumer. With the latter view all will agree, and it is indeed a very serious proposition to think of advancing the price further.

Regarding the opinions expressed by sugar dealers, one of whom stated that the price here would not have advanced beyond twenty-three cents up to the middle of August, I beg to state that the evidence is altogether against such a view. Two propositions came to the Board, one that the price be advanced to thirty cents immediately in order that the risk of buying thirty-five cent sugar (which would sell for thirty-eight cents) be covered, the suggestion being made that thirty cents would be kept the price for many months; and the other proposition was that sugar be permitted to advance cent by cent until it reached thirty cents.

It may not be generally known that by a mutual arrangement between the Food Board and some large sugar dealers, the price was being kept at twenty-two cents per pound, but as sugar was being sold to arrive in July at twenty-nine cents (wholesale price) and for August onwards at thirty-five cents (wholesale), the sugar dealers were getting very restive. Because supplies have been so very short, many of them did not wish to sell at a price which would be quickly by reason of selling below other stores which had no cheap sugar. Thus the evidence against a continuation of sugar at twenty-three cents up to the middle of August is overwhelming.

The situation was such that one sugar dealer, at least, came to me and said he would not buy any thirty-five cent sugar if he were not permitted to advance his price, which was twenty-two cents. That being the case the Board felt that it was time to meet the situation by further action, and fortunately was able to buy one thousand tons of sugar at a much more favourable price than had been quoted to sugar dealers. And the sequel was that the Food Board was able to take over the 35 cent sugar at a price which entailed very heavy losses to the importer and was able to pool all the sugar.

Your report says that the mistake apparently made was that the Board bought heavily without consulting experienced dealers. That is absolutely in error in every particular. The Board did consult experienced dealers, and the sugar itself is here now to show that the Board made no mistake in buying. As to buying heavily, the sugar dealer who said that, could not have remembered the past six months, in which sugar has been coming along so slowly that every store has been restricting its sales and cutting down its customer's orders, when in some weeks stores were even out of such altogether. If this lot had not been bought, I estimate that a very serious shortage would have occurred this month. With the lot here there is a chance for all sugar dealers to provide against a period when shortages may develop again. Strikes, labour troubles, lack of freight space, trouble at Refineries, all these are beyond the control of Newfoundland, and these may delay any shipments to come. With the news that Canada is restricting the export of sugar, that the United States is contemplating prohibiting its export altogether, we have to recognize that the future will require very long heads to solve the problem that will arise.

In the United States and in Canada, the sugar situation is being controlled, and the Nfld. Food Board have taken over the sugar business with one object in view, the benefit of the people. Perhaps it is not now that this benefit is seen, but later on I think it will be very apparent.

I thank you for the courtesy of your columns for so long a letter, but I think that it is only fair that the Board should get a square deal from the sugar dealers as well as from the public. I write in explanation only, and with no prejudice.

Yours truly,

ALEX. W. MEWES,

Chairman Food Control Board.

June 18, 1920.

**When you are wide awake as you are at night, and can't "keep your eyes open" in the day, you certainly need**

**BEECHAM'S PILLS**

Self-purifying by its powerful action on the bowels, Beecham's Pills is a very common remedy.

**Beecham's Pills** are sold in all drug stores and by mail order.

**Beecham's Liniment Cures Dandruff.**

## Father and Son Restored; Both Well and Happy

The Way Tanlac Helped Us Is Simply Wonderful States Weeks.

"Nobody except those who have been through it can understand what I have suffered," said Richard H. Weeks, of 13 Cabot Place, Halifax, Nova Scotia. Mr. Weeks is a carpenter by trade and has lived in Halifax for a number of years. He is very emphatic in his declaration that a better medicine than Tanlac has never been made.

"My stomach has been out of order for the past year or two," said Mr. Weeks. "My appetite got so poor that I had to force down whatever I ate. I was troubled with gnawing pains in the pit of my stomach and had sharp pains around my heart. After every meal I had a heavy feeling, like a dead weight in the pit of my stomach and felt miserable for hours. I had sick headaches, with attacks of dizziness, and had sometimes I fell to the floor. I lost weight continually and hardly had strength and energy to drag my feet after me. My condition at one time got so bad that I had to give up work entirely for over a month. I went for days at a time without eating scarcely anything and sometimes even the sight of anything to eat made me sick. I couldn't eat anything like cakes, meat or pastries, and even plain, light food gave me indigestion. "After talking with a number of people who had taken Tanlac, I decided to try it, as they all recommended it to me so earnestly. Well, sir, whether you believe it or not I began to improve before I had taken half a bottle of that medicine. I am now on my fourth bottle and from the time I began taking it I have been improving by leaps and bounds. I now eat my three square meals a day, like any other healthy man. There is no looking about the table now for something I can get. Anything agrees with me, cakes, meats, pastry, just anything I want, and I never have a touch of indigestion. I am not bothered by constipation or dizziness; I have gained ten pounds in weight and am working every day. Tanlac had done me so much good that I decided to try it on my little boy, who has been pining for years, and the way it has helped him has been certainly wonderful. From now on, Tanlac is the medicine for me."

Tanlac is sold in St. John's by M. Connors; by Reg. Sullivan, Pouch Cove; Sound Island Store, Sound Island; Dennis Flynn, Avondale; J. J. O'Brien, Cape Broyle—adv.

## Bodies Recovered.

Remains of John and Thomas Wells Receive Christian Burial.

(Western Star, June 16.) On Tuesday night the S.S. George L. Capt. E. Barry, left for Port Saunders, the ship having been dispatched thither in connection with the bodies of two men that had been picked up in that vicinity the previous day. Mr. Abner Wells, brother of the missing men Messrs. John and Thomas Wells, went by her to identify the bodies, also Mr. A. Legro, of Ayre & Sons, with whom Mr. Thomas Wells had been employed, and Mr. B. Mussey. Port Saunders was reached the following afternoon, and Mr. Wells had little or no difficulty in identifying the bodies as those of his missing brothers.

Mr. W. Garland, J.P., gave us the following details: On Monday evening, June 7, two young men—James and Eugene Rumbolt—on the way to Port Saunders from Burnt Wood Point in boat, observed something on shore which attracted their attention, and upon investigation located the bodies of two men. They proceeded to Port Saunders and reported the matter to Mr. Garland, who immediately procured a boat and three men and proceeded to the place directed—about one mile west of Spirit Cove, being four miles from Port Saunders. They landed in a dory they had taken along with them. They found the two bodies about thirty yards apart lying parallel with the water, above high water mark as it had been making of late, which was much lower than at some times. Articles of clothing, also a lunch bag was picked up along the beach close by, showing that the bodies had not come far when thrown into the water. One of the men had his boots off; the other had one rubber boot on; the other was picked up on the beach close by. He also had his shirt removed and his braces over his shoulders as though he had proposed to swim to the shore. The coats and all clothing were picked up near the bodies, and an ear with a piece of rope attached was picked up about a quarter of a mile distant. Two weeks that had been picked up by the people of Spirit Cove, one about the middle of the previous week, the other some days earlier, corresponded with the pattern of the coats and the pants worn by the men. Pieces of canvas were procured and the bodies wrapped therein and conveyed to Port Saunders. There arrangements were made to coffin the bodies and the matter reported to Curling. The men who so willingly assisted in making the coffin were: John House, Isaac House, George Cole, Chas. E. Pike, Jr., and Mr. Calnes.

Mr. Henry J. House, of Daniel's Hr., stated that a string of ice some six or seven miles long and about 2 miles wide, passed about 2 miles off shore on the evening of the 16th May. It was heavy Gulf ice. Himself and others saw two objects on the ice, which they thought were seals, as they did not know at that time that

any men were missing. The objects appeared to be two or three hundred yards apart. The ice struck the shore in the vicinity of Spirit Cove Sunday night, 16th May, and remained until the 20th. One motor boat went off to the ice, but by that time the point upon which the objects were seen had passed down about 2 miles distant. It is now thought the objects seen on the ice were not seals, but the missing men, and that the hurricane that raged on the day that they had left Curling six days previous, had swept them out into the Gulf.

The remains were taken off board the S. S. George L. and brought to Curling, the steamer calling at Bonne Bay on the way to exchange mails. She arrived here about 11 a.m. on Friday. The funeral took place upon arrival of the steamer. The remains were interred in one grave in the C. of E. Cemetery, and were followed to their last resting place by a large body of citizens.

## To-day's Messages.

CATHOLIC WOMEN'S LEAGUE.

MONTREAL, June 17. Representatives from the West, from the Maritime provinces and from Ontario and Quebec, gathered in Congress Hall here last night for the first conference of the Catholic Women's League in Canada. The chair was taken by Archbishop Bruchesi. Archbishop McNeil, of Toronto and Monsignor Donnelly were also present. Archbishop Bruchesi, addressing the meeting, trusted the League would take into consideration such subjects as divorce and immodest fashions of dress.

FOR THE ABOLITION OF WAR.

LONDON, June 17. Premier Lloyd George yesterday received delegates of the League to Abolish War. These included some of the best known Labor leaders and prominent churchmen, but despite the delegates' representations the wide publicity was desired, the session was private.

SEEMS GENUINE.

MEXICO CITY, June 17. Orders that the Mexican railway will be turned over to its owners, a London corporation, to-morrow, were issued to-day by Provisional President Adolfo de Lahuerta.

SHOWS LACK OF WISDOM.

LONDON, June 17. Bands of General Denekine's forces and soldiers of the Russian "White" Government have occupied the Black Sea port of Batum, and attacked the Georgian army, according to a Moscow despatch to the Daily Herald. As a protest, the Georgians arrested some members of the Executive mission at Tiflis, says the newspaper, which ascribes its information to the Georgian mission at Moscow.

NEW PULP PROCESS.

PETERSBURG, Va., June 17. After experiments lasting over a period of three months, the Stancott Company, of Hopewell, announced to-day that a new process of making paper pulp from cotton fibre had been developed, and that the manufacture of pulp in quantities would be started soon.

GERMAN POLITICS.

BERLIN, June 17. Contrary to reports to the effect that the German ministerial crisis had practically been solved, the Tagblatt says the situation is as obscure as ever, but it reports that Karl Trimborn, leader of the German Centre Party, is trying to obtain the help of Dr. Mayer, German Charge d'Affaires at Paris, to form a cabinet.

LUMBERMEN ON STRIKE.

PRINCE RUPERT, B.C., June 17. All the employees of mills and logging camps, east of Hazelton, B.C., are on strike for an eight hour day and four dollars a day, with board, as a minimum pay rate.

SPANISH ROYALTY TO VISIT LONDON.

LONDON, June 17. The King and Queen of Spain are to pay an informal visit to London arriving on July 4.

VERY INTERESTING.

LONDON, June 17. Prince Mirza, the Persian Foreign Minister, had a long conference last night with Gregory Krassin, Russian Soviet Minister of Trade and Commerce.

BOLSHEVINS REPULSED.

PARIS, June 18. The repulse of the important groups of Bolsheviki on the River Teteroff, which flows into the Dnieper, north of Kiev, is reported in an official Polish communiqué received here yesterday.

AFRAID OF HIM.

LONDON, June 18. General Brusiloff's recent arrest was caused by fear that he would utilize the big defeat on the Polish front to overthrow the Soviet and form a new government, according to a Hel-singfors telegram to the Central

News, quoting a Russian newspaper as its authority.

BUBONIC PLAGUE DECREASING.

VERA CRUZ, June 17. Only one case of bubonic plague was reported Wednesday, and none yesterday. The epidemic is decreasing in intensity.

DRIVEN TO IT.

NEW YORK, June 18. One hundred daily newspapers of the country "without print paper supply, and largely dependent on open market purchases," have arranged to organize a publishers' purchasing corporation for the purpose of co-operation buying of print paper and paper mills, it was announced here yesterday.

ANOTHER ANGLO-FRENCH CONFERENCE.

LONDON, June 18. Premier Lloyd George goes to Boulogne on Monday morning. Premier Millerand of France, and Marshal Foch proceeding there the night before. The Premier's meeting at Boulogne bids fair to blossom into a full sized inter-allied conference.

Halifax, Also.

Dust is beginning to irritate the temperaments, as well as the throat and eyes of residents on Inglis Street. The sprinkler pays its visits fairly faithfully, but its wheels have the habit of throwing up large quantities of pulverized terra firma with disastrous results to the facades of newly painted buildings. As a result an indignation meeting is being mooted to call to the attention of the City Council the necessity of oiling the thoroughfare. The work of patching up Victoria Road and North Bland Street roadways rather neglected of recent years, is progressing favorably. Morning Chronicle.

To-Night's Line-Up.

C. E. L. Gool, G. Noseworthy; full backs, W. Thistle, M. Churchill; half backs, N. Hunt, W. Drover, N. Harvey; forwards, E. Churchill, E. Williams, G. Adams, W. Earle, S. Pennell. STAR—Goal, Nash; full backs, Delahanty, Kavanagh; half backs, Spratt, W. Hart, Madden; forwards, B. Hart, J. Reardigan, Ryan, Dawson, Byrne.

Here and There.

SOMETHING TO LOOK FORWARD TO.—St. Andrew's Ladies' Auxiliary will hold their Sale of Work first week in November. Don't forget. June 18, 1920.

A CORRECTION.—In Mr. Shortis' article yesterday, a slight error crept in. It should have read, "Hon. W. B. Grieve was Secretary of the Recruiting Committee and Chairman of the Forestry Battalion Committee." Hon. Mr. Grieve is also Trustee of the Patriotic Fund Distribution. Dr. V. P. Burke is the efficient Secretary of the Patriotic Association.

California Pears, soft and juicy; Green and Red Grapes, Grape Fruit, wholesale and retail at GLEESON'S, 108 Water Street.—Feb 18, 1920.

St. John's women, who really appreciate those delicate and refinement which are so essential to perfect dress, should see the Charming Dress Silks opened at BISHOP'S on Saturday. Gorgeous materials for day and evening wear.

From Cape Race.

CAPE RACE, To-day. Wind north, fresh, weather fine. The steamer Norfolk Range passed west yesterday afternoon; a Bell Island steamer passed in at 6.30, Turret Court west at 8; the schooner M. H. Scott also passed in this a.m. Bar 28.70; Ther 58.

BORN.

On the 14th inst., a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lundrigan, 15 Pleasant Street.

DIED.

On 16th June, at Cowansville, Quebec, Emma, wife of the late E. E. Lawrence, and daughter of the late Hon. J. J. Rogerson.

On the 18th inst., after a long illness, Bridget Ann (Bride), eldest daughter of the late Ellen and John Sheehan, aged 54 years, leaving 4 sisters, 1 brother to mourn their loss. Funeral on Sunday, at 2.30 p.m., from her brother's residence, 31 Springdale Street; friends and acquaintances please accept this, the only intimation.—R.I.P.

IN LOVING MEMORY

of my dear grandson, Patrick Joseph Cooke, who died June 20th, 1914. "Dearest loved one we have laid thee in a peaceful grave's embrace; But thy memory will be cherished 'Till we see thy heavenly face." "Gone but not forgotten." —Inserted by Grandmother.

PILES

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, and smarting piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. Ask a box, all dealers, or Edmundson, Hayes & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free; you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

## Grove Hill Bulletin

READY NOW.

Cauliflower...\$1.50 per 100  
Cucumber Plants...25c. ea.  
Marrow Plants...25c. ea.  
Stocks, Asters, Phlox,  
Dianthus, Clarkia,  
Gallardia.

J. McNeil,  
P. O. Box 792. Telephone 247.  
Closes at 6 p.m.

## NOTICE.

Four weeks after the date hereof application will be made to his Excellency the Governor in Council for Letters Patent for "New and useful improvements in suction boxes for Four-dialer type of paper making machines" to be granted to J. E. McLaughlin and J. O. Hamel, both of Grand Mere in the Province of Quebec in the Dominion of Canada, Mechanics.  
Dated at St. John's, this 1st day of June, A.D. 1920.

E. L. CARTER,  
Solicitor for Applicants.

June 18, 1920.

AT LAST

we have received a shipment of

Pure Gold Jellies—

STRAWBERRY,

RASPBERRY,

ASSORTED,

and can supply the trade promptly.

Orders accepted for five gross and upwards only.

Orders for less than five gross please place with your jobber.

P. E. Outerbridge,

Sole Agent,

King's Rd., cor. Gower St.

Telephone 60.

Steam for North Sydney.

The S. S. SABLE I. will sail for North Sydney direct on Tuesday, June 22nd.

For passage fares (First Class only), freight rates, etc., apply to HARVEY & CO., LTD., AGENTS.

June 18, 1920.

MARK YOUR LINEN WITH

JOHN BOND'S

'Crystal Palace'

MARKING INK

The very finest preparation made for marking all kinds of White-wear. After repeated washing the ink remains as when first applied—a beautiful hot blue-black. Linen marked with John Bond's "Crystal Palace" Marking Ink is permanently protected because IT NEVER FADES OR WASHES OUT.

Price: Small size, 20c; Larger size, with Linen Strips, 50c; Postage, 2c. extra.

GARRETT BYRNE,

Bookseller & Stationer.

ARRIVED

by last "Tupper",

5 Surreys,

2 HoodBuggies,

Express Wagons

1 Pony Buggy

Basket Seat.

C. F. LESTER

June 20, 1920.

If a child's petticoat is too short and there are no tucks to let out, open the seams on the shoulders and set in a piece of muslin.

## Knowing's School Examination Supplies

We are showing a large assortment of Requisites in our Stationery Department.

Set Squares, Protractors and Pen Nibs. Asstd. prices.

Compasses, 27c. and 45c. Blotting Paper, 3c. per package.

Sheet Blotting Paper, 6c. and 12c. per sheet.

Examination Pads, 10c. and 16c. each.

Pencil Cases—Filled; all prices.

Inks—All prices.

Rulers, 2c., 4c., 5c., 6c. each.

Rubbers, 2c., 4c., 5c., 6c. up to 12c. each.

Pen Holders, 3c., 5c., 6c. each.

Drawing Lead Pencils, 14c. each.

Lead Pencils, 3c., 5c., 6c. to 12c. each.

Fountain Pens, \$2.25 to \$3.40 each.

Drawing Pins, 40c., 45c. and 50c. per hundred.

East, Central 6. Knowing, Ltd. West Stores

June 18, 1920.

LUMBER.

All kinds of Lumber now arriving daily.

FRAMING, 2 x 4 up to 2 x 10; 3 x 4 up to

3 x 10; 4 x 4 up to 9 x 9.

ROUGH BOARD of all widths.

CEDAR and SPRUCE SHINGLES.

Also a large stock of

SASH WEIGHTS and AMERICAN FIVE-PANEL DOORS.

B. BOWRING,

Lumber Yards: Water (West) and

Springdale Streets.

June 18, 1920.

For Sale!

Big Fish Packing

Plant at Bay Bulls!

Property of NEWFOUNDLAND PACKING

CO., consisting of:

Waterfront, 265 feet; 2 Piers, Large Factory,

Fish Stores, Fertilizer Plant, Cold Storage,

Smoke Houses, Oil Refinery, Cooperage, Coal

Sheds, together with

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER PLANT,

situated on main river, developing 125 H.P.

(water shed 15 sq. miles).

For further particulars apply to

JOHN CLOUSTON,

St. John's.

PERSONAL.—Mr. J. LeDrew leaves

on Tuesday for Alexander Bay, where

he will assume a position on the office

staff of the Terra Nova Sulphite Co.

This big company has at present some

2,000 men employed there at building

a plant, and it is expected that the

place will grow like Grand Falls did.

At Your Service

with the following popular

arrivals:

Cuticura Soap, for sensitive

skins, 40c. cake.

Cuticura Ointment, for skin ab-

rasions, 40c. tin.

Freezone, for corns, 45c. bottle.

Blue Jay, for corns, 35c. pck.

Dandruff, for the hair, 45c. btl.

D.D.D., for eczema, \$1.50 bottle.

D.D.D. Soap, 35c. cake.

Tiz, for tired, aching feet, 35c. pck.

MAY WE SERVE YOU?

PETER O'MARA,

The Druggist.