

COURIER
COMICS

IN AMPLI TIME.
Mrs. Gotham—Were you late for church?
Mr. Gotham—Not too late.
"What do you mean by not too late?"
"I missed the sermon but I was in for the collection."

SLIGHT MISUNDERSTANDING.
A well-known Englishman was calling on an editor when he rose abruptly and said: "But I must not further occupy the time of a busy man."
"Not at all," explained the editor. "I'm always pleased."
"Oh, I was referring to myself," was the placid rejoinder.

ONCE ENOUGH.
Reggie had laid his very small portion of the world at Marianne's very small feet, and Marianne had gently, but firmly, said "No."
"Then you won't marry me," said Reggie, feeling very bad about it.
"No, a thousand times not," said Marianne with decision.
"You needn't say 'No, a thousand times,'" said the rejected suitor, resentfully. "I've only asked you once!"

Marriage Difficulties.
"Marriage, with our marriageable young men all in France, is going to become more and more difficult as the war keeps on," said a Congressman Rankin.
"Two French girls were talking in a Paris tea-room."
"I'm going to learn teaching," one of them said.
"Teaching?" said the other. "Why I'd rather marry a widower with six children than teach!"

Snapped Him Up.
She—You looked so sheepish when you proposed.
He—And you looked so wolfish when you accepted me.

DANDRUFF GOES!
HAIR GETS THICK,
WAVY, BEAUTIFUL

Save your hair. Double its beauty in a few moments.
Try this!
Hair stops coming out and every particle of dandruff disappears.

Try as you will, after an application of Danderine, you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is immediate and amazing—you hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance, an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that is has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—thats all.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them, its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

INTERVIEW ILL-ADVISED.
By Courier Leased Wire.
Hallfax, Dec. 19.—Col. W. P. Purney, Dominion president of the Great War Veterans Association of Canada has made the following reply to Major-General A. D. McRae's interview, which was carried by the Canadian Press:

"I can only characterize Major-General A. D. McRae's statement regarding demobilization in the press this morning as thoughtless and ill-considered. He has just returned from England and is probably unfamiliar with the conditions prevailing in this country. Canada is not immediately prepared for the demobilization of her full forces now overseas, and to dump over 300,000 men here during the winter under present industrial conditions might lead to a situation which the people of this country would long regret."

Get your gift slippers at Coles Shoe Company.



CANADIAN SOLDIERS GREETED AS THE LIBERATORS OF BELGIUM.

On November 18th, the 4th Canadian Infantry Brigade entered Roulez, Belgium. The pictures above illustrate the occasion. On the left is shown a detachment of Canadian Light Horse which led the column entering the town. On the right is shown the 19th battalion, drawn up amidst a dense crowd in the town square, where an address lauding the Canadians as the liberators of Belgium, was presented by the town officials. Major Hatch, who was in command of the 19th battalion, replied on behalf of the army. In the centre of the picture is the 19th battalion's original pipe band. To its right is the battalion's brass band, which was formerly attached to the Canadian Buffs.

"CEASE FIRING"

Confident of Victory, Men in Trenches Received the News of Signing of Armistice With Extraordinary Calmness.

By Lieut. R. S. M. Sturges. (Author of "On the Remains of our Front.")

Anyone who watched the outburst of enthusiasm which filled the streets of London with cheering, flag waving crowds of men and women, on Monday November 11th, must have thought that much as the end of the war meant to these people, it meant far more to the soldiers at the front. The people of London, of England have, it is true, good cause to rejoice; their loved ones in France are out of danger, the haunting fear of air raids is gone for ever, there is a prospect of the removal of the various restrictions on fighting, on food, coal, petrol, etc. there is above all the knowledge that the cause of right and justice has triumphed.

But how much more cause for rejoicing have the men in France. They who have lived for so long with death lurking round the corner are now safe from his machinations. The noises of death—the snarl of the bullet, the whistle of the shell, the drone of the Gothas, the detonation of high explosives—are silent for ever. No more must they drive forward through the mud and rain, wade rivers and cut through wire with the prospect always before them of a water-proof sheet, a little wooden cross and a mound of earth in one of the many cemeteries which mark the battlefields of France. Their job is done; the enemy is beaten and victory has come at last. In France must be the real rejoicing; London's joy is but a reflection of it. How then did the British soldier receive the coming of peace?

The answer to this question is now coming through in the letters written by the men themselves. The gist of all these letters is the same. At the front there was little or no excitement. One man says that he was asleep when the news came, and he did not wake up till some time afterwards. Then someone told him that the armistice was signed at 5 o'clock that morning. "Was it?" was all he said. "I hadn't heard." It was as though it was something so tremendous that any attempt to express it by shouting or cheering was hopelessly out of place. There is a feeling in the air, these letters say, of absolute peace. The strain is at an end and there is rest at last. One letter tells of an attempt to celebrate the occasion by a very light display, but as a peace celebration it was a failure. Instead of showing any enthusiasm in the display the writer found himself arguing with another man on the subject of the British S. O. S. signal, whether it was changed from time to time and if so how often. The searchlights also contributed to the proceeding and wasted drunkards across the sky. But the soldiers were not inspired thereby to cheer and wave flags. What they appreciated

far more was the permission to light fires in the open—a luxury which had been forbidden for years. The extraordinary calmness with which the end of the war has been received at the front is a thing to marvel at. It may be that the desolate surroundings are not without their influence on the men. They realize more than the people in England can ever do, that the coming of peace has by no means put an end to the misery and havoc which the war has wrought in France and Belgium. Every letter from the front contains heart-rending stories of the plight of the civilians, who have been taken from their homes by the Germans and are now returning to find them mere heaps of ruins. One letter says that these unhappy people, after a life of wretchedness and starvation in the hands of the Germans, are too dazed to be able to understand what is happening. They cannot realize what the war is over, and that they are free again. They are grateful to their liberators, but they are full of thanksgiving for the food, shelter and clothing that they are now receiving, but they do not cheer and wave flags.

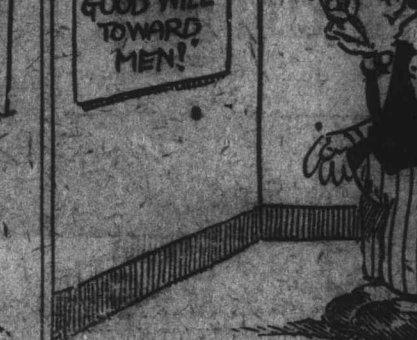
All the flag waving, shouting, with singing, with which England has celebrated the coming of peace, is but so much froth which bubbles to the surface and overflows because it cannot contain itself. It is a symptom of a much more real and permanent emotion which lies underneath. Those who shouted loudest and waved most vigorously were for the most part those to whom the end of the war meant least of all. By way of contrast may be cited the case of an officer, who as he pushed his way through the cheering crowds in the streets on that fateful Monday morning felt a lump rise in his throat and with difficulty expressed the tears that rose to his eyes. It is this deeper underlying feeling of thankfulness, of relief and of real joy which finds no adequate expression in outward manifestations that characterizes the attitude towards peace of the British soldier at the front, who has done so much to win it.

BOLSHIEVSKI SCATTERED.
By Courier Leased Wire.
London, Dec. 19.—(British wireless service)—Reports that the Russian Bolsheviks have raised an army of 3,000,000 men are discredited by special correspondence to The Daily Chronicle. It is said that the most reliable information puts the number of Bolshevik troops at about 180,000, scattered over most of the former Russian Empire. It is pointed out, however, that it is probable an effort will be made to increase this force for the purpose of marching westward toward Germany, where the Bolsheviks have carried on an extensive propaganda campaign for the last year.

PERUVIAN MINISTER.
By Courier Leased Wire.
Paris, Dec. 19.—Francisco Calderon, who has been first secretary of the Peruvian legation here, has been named minister for his government to Belgium. He was the guest of diplomatic representatives of Latin America at a banquet.

HOOD'S PILLS. Cure Biliousness, etc. Best for all liver ailments.

THAT SON-IN-LAW OF PA'S. (By Wellington.)

In the World
of Labor

Hereafter city laborers in Baltimore, Md. will be paid 40 cents an hour for an eight hour day.

At the last election in Portland, Ore., the two platoon system for municipal firemen was endorsed by a majority of 11,521. The vote was: For 26,314; against, 14,793.

A union of negro Pullman porters has been organized in New Orleans with 92 members. It is chartered by the A. F. of L. Employees, who have suspended work to enforce their wage demand of \$18 a week and 60 per cent. of receipts in excess of \$24.

The 3,000 organized flat janitors in Chicago, Ill., have asked building owners associations to confer with them that wages may be increased the first of next year. Before the end of the year, they say, they will strike if their demands are not met.

The United States Railroad Administration has ordered that soldiers who desire to return to their employment on government-controlled railroads shall be given their seniority wherever practicable.

Seventy thousand telegraphers of the various railroads of the United States under the direction of the Railroad Administration are affected by the latest award of that board, which calls for an increase of 13 cents an hour, or of 13 per cent. for eight hour day and time and one half for all overtime. This will approximate \$30,000,000 yearly to the pay of the railroad telegraphers. The award does not include persons paid less than \$30 per month for part time services, but does include all operators, telephone operators, agents, telegraphers, agents-telephon operators, tower men, lever men, tower and train dispatchers, block operators and staff men receiving over \$30 monthly. A separate wage schedule is soon to be issued to station agents, who are not operators.

During the last couple of years in Great Britain organized labor has been making immense headway. There is no line of industry now outside the pale of the marching trades union movement, both men and women workers are flocking to its banners as never before. Perhaps no other organization has made more phenomenal headway during the present year in England and Wales than the Agricultural Laborers' and Rural Workers' Union, which twelve months ago had only a few thousand and is growing every month. After the war agriculture will be one of the most important vocations in the United Kingdom, and it is cause for congratulation to the Labor leaders to know that it will be one of the strongest organized callings in the land.

Old Age Pensions.

Here is a Canadian industrial concern that does not believe in waiting for the Canadian Government to enact an old age pension law, but has adopted one of its own. The Whitman and Barnes Manufacturing Co., Limited, St. Catharines, the well known manufacturers of hammers, wrenches and twist drills, believes that it is profitable to retain the continuous services of its employees, and as an inducement for men and women to continue in their employ from year to year, have introduced a pension scheme, the following being some of the main features:

No contributions from employees shall be required, and no assessments shall be levied upon them, but the company shall bear all expenses in connection with the administration of the pension system.

Any male employee who shall have reached the age of 55 years and any female employee who shall have reached the age of 50 years and who shall have been in the company's service continuously for fifteen years or more, may be required to retire from service and granted a pension.

Any male employee who shall have reached the age of 65 years and any female employee who shall have reached the age of 60 years and who shall have been in the company's service continuously for twenty years or more, may, upon request, subject to the approval of the management, be retired from service and granted a pension.

Any male employee who shall have reached the age of 65 years and any female employee who shall have reached the age of 60 years and who shall have been in the company's service continuously for 25 years or more, may, upon request, subject to the approval of the management, be retired from service and granted a pension.

Any male employee who shall have reached the age of 65 years and any female employee who shall have reached the age of 60 years and who shall have been in the company's service continuously for 30 years or more, may, upon request, subject to the approval of the management, be retired from service and granted a pension.

Pensions shall be paid monthly as follows: For each year of continuous service, one per cent. of the average regular monthly pay during the ten years preceding retirement. Bonuses and awards shall not be included in computing the average monthly pay. No pension shall be granted in amount more than \$100 per month, nor less than \$50 per month.

The company guarantees that when a pension is granted to an employee, it will continue and pay such pension for the life of the employee, and further, that should such employee be married and be survived by a widow or widow, as the case may be, and so long as such person shall remain unmarried and shall possess no other income or means of support, the company will continue to pay such pension for life of a widowed widow, all subject, however, to the provisions of these rules and regulations.

Cataract Cannot Be Cured

LOCAL APPLICATIONS. As they cannot reach the seat of the disease, CATARRH is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure cataract. It is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surface of the eye. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best known blood purifiers and some of the best known blood tonic. It is what produces such wonderful results in cataract conditions. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

BELGIAN BOY BRIBED HUN SOLDIER TO MAKE ESCAPE

"There were six other little Belgians of my age, who worked on the farms in the neighborhood," says a young Belgian boy, 17 years of age, who was deported by the Germans and put to work on a farm near the frontier but who made good his escape which he himself describes in the following extract he gave in an interview to a Dutch newspaper representative.

"For a long time we had been saving our pay—I earned twelve marks (\$3) a month—to bribe a sentinel, Sunday morning we met and we gave fifty marks (\$12.50) to a soldier whom I had known for some time. He let us pass. For an hour we pretended to be playing not far from the wire fence. I walked alone to the next town. My friends were stopped by the Dutch soldiers. I alone escaped. I called on the Belgian consul and he told me I was too small to be a soldier. But, sir, this was my fault. The Belgian doctor here said that I had not had enough to eat, and that I had not grown as other boys do. I will wait. I am going to work to earn a lot of money to send to my mother in Belgium. My father was a soldier and my older brother. They have both been prisoners in Germany for a long time now. I was able to see my poor father just once, but never my brother."

The doctor said he had not had enough to eat, and he was not a soldier. This little episode, told by one solitary Belgian boy is true of many thousands, some of whom have been virtual prisoners in the hands of the Germans and who were made to work for a mere pittance and hardly enough food to keep body and soul together, while others suffered slow starvation in the occupied regions. The condition of these small boys together with their mothers and brothers and sisters is little better today. Belgium was stripped of all

its food stores by the Germans, and until fresh and ever increasing supplies can be sent into the country and distributed, the Belgian people must still feel the pangs of hunger. Everything is being done to rush relief to their aid through the Belgian Relief Fund, but more funds are needed to feed and clothe these people until such time as they are again able to sustain themselves. Contributions for the help of the Belgians should be sent to your local committee or direct to the central committee, Belgian Relief Fund, 59 St. Peter street, Montreal.

WOMAN'S INSTITUTE, CANNING KITCHEN

Echo Place, is completed. Owing to adverse conditions it has not been possible to get the building completed at an earlier date which the committee in charge regret. The needs of our Canadian hospital at home and overseas are greater to-day than ever before; we cannot do too much for the men who have saved our freedom, especially those who have been wounded and maimed for life. The committee in charge will commence operations immediately after Christmas. A special request is made of those who can contribute chicken for canning and soup, also apples suitable for canning or making jelly, etc. No contribution too small to be appreciated.

Coles Shoe Company for heavy mackinaws, linemen's shoes, etc.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

STANDARD FEEDS

Are endorsed by the Organization of Resources Committee of Ontario, and are for sale by the following firms:

The Campbell Flour Mills Co., Ltd., West Toronto.
The Campbell Flour Mills Co., Ltd., Peterboro.
Howson & Howson, Wingham.
D. C. Thomson, Orillia.
A. A. McFall, Bolton.

Write for prices and purchase direct from the above manufacturers. See "Standard" on the tags.

OFFERING FOR SALE

OIL CAKE MEAL COTTON SEED MEAL
for immediate sale in carload lots. To be sold direct to Farmers, Farmers' Local Organizations, and local dealers selling directly to feeders of live stock. This offer is open only to December 31st, when other disposition will be made of stocks remaining.

Prices on application. Till Dec. 31st they will be approximately \$63 to \$64 per ton, f.o.b. Hamilton, depending on carrying charges at the time of purchase.

Sold on the basis of marked weights as they arrive. Purchase directly from James Richardson & Sons, Ltd., Royal Bank Building, Toronto, in charge for the Organization of Resources Committee, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

Lost or Stolen

Two Cleveland Bicycles—Numbers 6874 and 270440. For the return or information "if stolen" of these bicycles, \$5.00 reward will be paid for each. Return to

C. J. Mitchell
or Courier Office

LINGARD'S TAXI

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