money it was believed the structure could be restored. He did not feel justified in the new circumstances, and in the absence of plans, specifications and an estimate of cost in awarding such a large contract without calling for tenders. In view of the altered circumstances, and of the vote of last session, he declared, "I feel that I have no legal authority to depart from the rule laid down in the Public Works act that in all contracts above five thousand dollars tenders should be asked.

Mr. Lemieux therefore moved that the contractors be paid for the work done, and that tenders be called for the reconstruction, according to law.

This motion was allowed to stand over, and in the meantime the architects were asked for an explanation. They declared that the plans which "had been approved by members of the Senate and Commons" had contemplated the pulling down of a large portion of the walls. They itemized their statement of the value of the walls, and for the first time included in it \$650,000 representing the value of the Library. They further stated that when they undertook to take down part of the upper walls they found defects in the masonry of a serious nature.

It now transpires that the so-called "approval" of parliament was secured from two score or so of the legislators who had carefully examined the plans in the room of the minister at the museum. It is also a matter for notice that in the original report of values, the library (which is not part of the ruins) was dealt with in a separate paragraph. And the defects which were discovered are now said to have represented air spaces provided for in the original specifications.

When the committee reassembled after the laying of the corner stone, Mr. Lemieux again pressed for consideration of his motion. It failed, however, to secure a seconder, and was declared lost. He therefore resigned that evening.

From the remaining members, a lengthy statement emanated two days after Mr. Lemieux' resignation on Sept. 1st. The committee in its statement re-affirms the contentions of the architects, and clears them from blame for what they did. They undertake to see to it that the work is performed economically, and well. They declare that tenders will be called for all materials used, and that "supervision will be exercised on the work to free it from all influences, or considerations of an unhealthy kind."

The country will await further developments which are already beginning to take shape.

WEAK SIR ROBERT BORDEN

After this War is over and the people get back to sane thinking, it will be a severe shock to most of them to find out how the Tories have played "ducks and drakes" with their money. They will then realize the carnival of extravagance, inefficiency and waste, to say nothing of corruption, which went on in the Militia Department presided over by an individual as wild, erratic and irresponsible as was

ever placed under confinement for the safety of the public. The administration of that Department has been an horrible nightmare, almost unbelievable in DUR country which prides itself on its intelligence THE Firmness, strength of mind and decision of character interview. on the part of Sir Robert Borden would have avoides gra most of the awful results that have flowed from Singures Sam's work, but the people of Canada are learning16, rapidly in these days that these are qualities which omm the Premier does not possess. mpor

Sir Robert Borden has been tried and foundatise wanting. Courtesy he unfailingly exhibits illur personally honest he, no doubt, is, and likewis painstaking and hard working, but these merit^vear. are not enough in the Prime Minister of this country 914 He lacks what the man in the street calls "th1915 punch." He is not, and never has been master o¹⁹¹⁶ his own Administration, and because of that, he ha Th lost prestige with the public, and is unfit to hold hisverag exalted position. goods

BRITISH COLUMBIA ELECTIONS.

Joint Manifesto by H. C. Brewster and Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, K.C.

joint message to the British Columbia forcesWhen 1891, 1 A naval and military, in connection with the comin power provincial general election, signed by H. C. Brewster comme leader of the Liberal party in British Columbia, and rom 1 Hon. Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, K.C., who took of although an avowed Conservative, is an apostle oin 191 clean government above all things, has been has be addressed to British Columbia military and nave above forces empowered to vote under the Military Forces On Voting Act. On even 1

The text of the manifesto follows:-

"Gentlemen,-Representing as we believe, the public ad ex sentiment of this province, we extend this message. 1 1911

"To you is given the opportunity of offering you manhood in defence of our country and the preservation of its institutions and its ideals. To us at home falls the duty of maintaining those ideals and institutions in A a way worthy of your splendid sacrifices. In performanc of this duty we believe a united effort should be made by all lovers of clean government and efficient administra-tion, both Liberals and Conservatives, to drive from The office the men who are mis-governing our province as bee Proud as we would be to take our places beside you ofever, a the field and to offer our services and our lives in the lable the field and to offer our services and our lives in the able country's cause, we are precluded by circumstance infairly from discharging that splendid duty. May our lesse part be performed equally well. The least that we can of the do is to strain every effort towards improvement ostantia public conditions so that we may welcome you hom of Port to a province cleaned of all that is evil, mean and sordic ment. and blessed with high ideals and good government.

"You will exercise your franchise with nothing but. The the most sincere desire for the welfare of Britishudgme Columbia. We do not propose to discuss issues upon the C, which the future of this province depends, nor will we arning seek to influence you by promises. You have long known the C the record of the present government. Its tenure of the C office has been marked by extravagance, incompetency doubte and wholesale corruption. A chance now is afforded to activity save British Columbia as you are rescuing unhapp¹ low, a gagainst official wrongdoing. It is a fight in which not only all Liberals, but many Conservatives are united. The applyin applyin

(Signed) "H. C. BREWSTER, "C. H. TUPPER."

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