government seize upon flimsy pretexts

for delay and are throwing every ob-

stacle they can seize upon in the way of

settlement. And this, too, in face of

their repeatedly expressed desire to have

the Indians removed. It is like the con-

duct of that Pharaoh who hardened his

heart every time a favorable proposal

was made in dealing with the Israelites

and would not let them go. Mr. Mc-

March, 1897, it was arranged that an

to arrange with the British Columbia

government equitable terms for the re-

moval of the Indians. This shows that

Hon. Mr. Turner had practically come

to terms and only the details remained

to be arranged. Why, then, the extra-

ordinary backing and filling in the nego-

tiations with Mr. McKenna? That gen-

"Although I have considered the mat-

munication of the 18th inst. (second let-ter), which provides for their removal

without any trouble or cost to the pro-

vince and without the relinquishment

No language would be strong enough

to condemn the outrageous conduct of

the Turner government in refusing the

The continuance of the reserve in Vic-

or broad spirit. The same kind of crim-

stupidity that characterised the govern-

the correspondence. They came to the

discussion of the matter in a quibbling.

When a man neglects

his health for a day he marks two days off the

calendar of his life

When he neglects his health for two consecu-

tive days he marks four days off his life's cal-

endar. And so on

That's about the ratio, and it doesn't take

many days to cross off

an entire year. And yet men recklessly neglect their health for weeks at a time. It

is the easiest thing in the world for the aver-

age man or woman to get good health and then keep it. It only needs a little stitch

here and there. The big, dangerous mala-dies that threaten life are only the culmina-

tion of the little illnesses that are neglected.

olden Medical Discovery ne will soon fee

bright, strong and vigorous again and able to combat all the big maladies in the doctor-books. Moreover the "Golden Medical

Discovery" is a sure and speedy cure for

some of the most dangerous diseases. It cures of per cent. of all cases of consump-

tion. It cures nervous prostration and ex-

haustion. These are not mere assertions, Thousands of grateful men and women have

testified to the facts, and hundreds of their names, addresses and photographs are

"I used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for torpid liver and indigestion, and obtained permanent relief," writes J. A. Williams, Esq., of Mill Brook, Washington Co., Tenn.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Ad-

viser has had a larger sale than any other book of this class ever offered the public.

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book, in heavy manilla covers, is now of fered FREE to whoever will send 31 one-cen

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in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense

names,

Medical Adviser.

'run-down,' out-of-sorts," "run-down," overworked r overworried he will resort to Dr. Pierce's

If when a man feels "knocked

To-day the correspondence asked for by Legislator Henry Dallas Helmcken several weeks-or was it months?-ago came down. Had the fact of this correspondence being published in the Victoria Daily Times on Saturday, April 9th, 1898, anything to do with this Chilkoot Pass slide of unexpected activity on that the affairs of this province are in the part of our dreamy government? the hands of men who would give away And what are they going to do with it their souls (if they had any) if Sir Wilnow they have got it? We hope the gen- liam Van Horne demanded them. It is tlemen on the opposition and on the gov- time for a change; turn the rascals out. ernment side will unite in denouncing the conduct of Premier Turner in refusing the best offer this province will ever get. It would be interesting to figure up just how much the province, and particularly the city of Victoria, has lost by the stupid refusal of the Turner government to accept the Dominion government's offer. The Turner government will plead they were ofraid they might be over-reached in the bargain and wanted to protect the province against further liabilities. A party of ploughmen could not have acted with more ridiculous indecision and awkwardness.

### THE YUKON RAILWAY. With much of what the Colonist says

this morning in regard to the urgency of immediate action being taken to push forward into the Yukon district a Canadian railway, we agree. We have written and written and urged and urged and done our best to awaken the people to a sense of their danger in falling asleep on ton of the chance of their lives to make Western Canada the richest and most prosperous of the British colonies: but the anathy and indolence of government and people and the treacherous and narrow-minded action of the Tory majority in the senate have all but brought us to the verge of despair. Canada has so many internal enemies; men born in Canada, but working against her best interests and doing all in their power to thwart legislation that will do the country good, that it is no wonder Canada's friends sometimes feel despair seizing them. In regard to the Yukon, all Canada should be as one man with one aim: but what is the case? It is simply throatcutting and mean party spite all round. The Tory majority in the senate want a whack at the Laurier government, and although convinced that their action will damage Canada almost irreparably they sink patriotism, manliness; common-sense and decency and deal their country the renegade's dastard blow, for the mean satisfaction of embarrassing their political opponents. In ancient Rome they crucified and burned their traitors. To British Columbia the action of the senate possessed tremendous importance. The destinies of this province are bound up, so to speak, with the construction of the Yukon road; all men in British Columbia should be agreed on the single point that something must be done without delay. We note the Colonist's suggestions, which are practical, and we join in urging the two governments to take immediate action. The miserable, childish party squabbling, which is at once the wonder and the amusement of all strangers who visit Canada, should be dropped for once until this Yukon railway matter is settled—then gaily and with renewed waste and extravagance. vigor at one another's throats again and tear the windpipes out by the roots, if so please the partizins; the more killed the better the sport and the bigger the funeral. British Columbia has an ugly habit of remaining passive when it ought to be tackling hard work without gloves. There is now a chance for British Columbians to show the world they are not dead but have only been sleeping, and by so doing secure to themselves some of the desirable Yukon traffic. We wish we could say something hard enough and irritating enough to raise this community about our ears with a roar of rage-then we could talk to the awakened and aroused community in a way that would do them good, and perhaps we might even then indulge the wild giddy hope that British Columbia would actually do something-besides snore.

# THE BOOMERANG.

If anyone doubts the truth of the statement made that the action of the provincial government; of the Victoria and Vancouver Boards of Trade, and of the Victoria Colonist and Vancouver World in regard to the matter of the Corbin charter would result in dreadful damage to the coast cities, let him procure copies of the upper country papers and learn the facts. The people of Boundary, Rossland and all through southern British Columbia are simply wild in their wrath against Victoria and Vancouver, and the newspepers up there are calling upon the people to stop buying goods from those cities and so mark their displeasure in a way that will be felt. And this is all through the hasty and awfully short-sighted policy of a few not very intelligent people and two servile papers. One section of the province is not only set at the throat of another but the C.P.R.'s menstrous monopoly gets something that looks like official and disinterested support; whereas on this question every man who is worth the name in this province should be up in arms to see fair play to all honest competition. It is simply deplorable that Spring Medicine to purify your blood. those stupid resolutions should have such disastrous consequences, and that the cities of Victoria and Vancouver should be punished for the inexcusable blunders (if they were nothing worse) of a few inconsiderate persons. One of the Rossland papers says:

"The cities of Vancouver and Victoria do not deserve the patronage of our rich district. The Boundary Creek people are a unit in their determinaton not to patonize Victoria or Vancouver, and do everything in their power to build up closer business relations with Rossland and Eastern Canada. We recognize the fact that the financial and business interests of Southern British Columbia are fast centreing in Rossland, and we are willing to deal with her bankers, brokers and wholesalers. They will be able to compete with any of the coast points for the wholesale trade just as soon as the Crow's Nest Pass branch is completed and a broad guage road is running into this city."

Can we blame the people for this bitter feeling after the treatment they received? What are we to think of the

anxhous to propitiate their master; it was, figuratively speaking, the Turner government licking the blacking off the boots of Sir William Van Horne and his ought to feel heartily ashamed to think

THE COMING CAMPAIGN. An esteemed correspondent in the

North Yale district criticises the Times for inaction regarding the approaching elections, and points to North Yale, where the battle is already raging loud and long and knock-down blows are being delivered at every meeting. Seeing the Martin faction are willing to stand up and fight already, it is perhaps just as well to open the

long range batteries now and stir up things a bit in the enemy's camp with a few shells. What the districts should be at now is organizing; getting everything planned for a hot time in the ensuing six weeks-in that time a winning fight can be fought by an earnest, united and enthusiastic opposition. If ever a government deserved turning out it is the Furner government; a list of charges against them would run to considerable before their audiences:

(1) The mismanagement of the prorincial finances. (2) The absolute rottenness of the provincial civil service.

ness of the attorney-general's depart (4) The extraordinary conduct and utterances of the chief commissioner of lands and works, the sworn foe of the working man and the champion of John Chinaman as a factor in British Columbia life; the man who would take the bread out of the mouths of the white working classes of this province, whose struggle is hard enough, and who would

Canadians. (5) The record of Hon. Col. Baker as member of the Turner cabinet.

rather employ Chinese than the best

That reaches the half-dozen, and will blast the Turner cabinet at any meeting -even a government one. In the words of the song: "There are others;" charges innumerable; and it is perhaps superfluous to remark here that it is a government without a head, a government that could not hold office in any other British colony; a government the defeat of which ought to be absolutely certain if British. Columbia is to save its reputation for common sense and love of good government. We, therefore, add one word to that being spoken so emphatically by the upper country press: Now is the time for all good men to come to the rescue of this sorely-burdened province, and to show that they are weary of disorder,

THE YUKON RAILWAY.

It is to be noted as a curious fact that now the opposition newspapers have succeeded (through the Tory majority in the senate) in having the only feasible time to do any good to Canada, burked, a song. Before the slaughter of the bill by the senate those newspapers were fairly boiling over with rage against the government for proposing such a contract as the Mackenzie-Mann one to the country. Now they have got their way and the hard fact is daily pushing itself into their indignant minds that Canada has got the ugliest blow in her history. they simply don't know what to say about it. We publish to-day a letter from Senator W. J. Macdonald from Ottawanewspaper refused to publish. Why the donald's letter we fail to see, as it cannot possibly do any harm here, where the favor of the government's proposal. The matters touched upon in Senator Macdonald's letter have been already dealt with at greaf length, and it would serve no useful purpose to resurrect this dead ssue now. The action of the senate has effectually ended discussion there; what s now wanted is light on the new issue. What have the opponents of the government's plan to offer in its stead? We have read a great many of the propositions put forward by the newspapers that were most clamorous against the contract, but they are like the crackling of thorns under a pot. Verily it is much easier to destroy than to build up. One

Is the time when you should take a give you good appetite, sound sleep, steady nerves and perfect digestion. That scrofulous taint, that skin trou-

ble, that liver difficulty, that bilious ake tendency, that tired feeling, are

all cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Give this medicine a fair trial and you will realize its positive merit. It is not what we say, but what the people who are cured say, which prove that

Sarsaparilla Is the Best Spring Medi-

cine. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to perate, 25c.

push this matter by uniting with the reasonable to expect the Dominion government to have anything to do in a business like this with a provincial government that has shown its utter incapacity in two glaring instances—the Revelstoke bank affair, which lost to this province \$10,500 and the execution of a greatly-needed work; and the rejection of a most generous offer to remove the Songhees Indian reserve without trouble or expense to the province-not to mention others that might be mentioned? No. it is not reasonable. Then look at the provincial government's action in the Kettle River Railway matter; was that sensible or just, or honest? And what has been the result of that stupid resolution? Bitter feeling between the upper country and Victoria and Vancouver. and great loss of trade to the coast cities. Do not let anybody waste breath and time talking about what the Turner government ought to do or might do. A business government like the Laurier government is scarcely likely, after so many examples of incapacity and want of judgment on the part of Hon. Mr. Turner and his colleagues, to enter into partnership with that government in an undertaking so important. No matter how fully impressed Hon. Mr. Turner length; every member of that cabinet and his government may be by the nehas committed himself unpardorably. It cessity for urgent action, and in that rewill be the duty of the speakers at the spect they are not a whit superior to the meetings now to be held to lay plainly humblest person in the community, it is quite certain nothing is to be hoped for from them in the way of prompt action. While the Canadians are splitting hairs and talking time is flying and no doubt our American cousins are already well-(3) The dilatoriness and do-nothingdecided what they shall do to take the

SONGHEES INDIAN RESERVE.

Yukon business out of our hands,

On Saturday we had the pleasure of laying before the citizens of Victoria the | fair and reasonable, but each time his correspondence which passed between overtures were met with either a direct Mr. J. A. J. McKenna, representing the snub or vague generalities whose purport Department of the Interior of the Do- was refusal. The Turner government minion government, and Hon. Mr. made a great difficulty out of the Turner, premier of British Columbia, re- nineteen acres of railway land in the lating to the proposed removal of the reserve; they have obstinately refused to (6) The company-mongering of Messrs. Songhees Indians to a reserve outside take what every reader of Mr. McKenthe city. Mr. McKenna was here last na's letters will admit to be a just and September, and many conferences took reasonable view of the matter; nothing afford any speaker material enough to place between him and the provincial that that gentleman could offer or progovernment in the matter of the Song- pose, and no man could have offered hees removal. The correspondence, as more advantageous terms, could move will be noted, was carried on after Mr. Turner. Mr. McKenna had the good those personal interviews. It is hardly sense to see what the Turner governnecessary to remark that the subject is ment seemed incapable of seeing, that of the greatest importance to the citi- nothing short of liberal terms would in zens of Victoria, and of great interest to duce the Indians to consent to be rethe province, and even the Dominion. moved. He even offered to reduce the Taking for granted that everyone has term to the provincial government made himself familiar with the matter from two years to one year, but by reading the highly-interesting corres- in vain. Having done all that mortal pondence published by the Times on man or government could do to move the Saturday, we shall proceed to examine Turner administration to a sense of their into the conduct of the Turner govern- duty in the matter, Mr. McKenna rement in declining to accept so favorable gretfully winds up his last letter to Mr. and reasonable an opportunity to settle Turner thus: this affair.

In the first letter of Mr. McKenna it will be seen that after explaining in the clearest manner the danger of further delay, the slowness of the negotiations proposal than that submitted in my comhaving roused the suspicions of the Indians, he asks the provincial government to "pass an order concurring, without scheme for reaching the Yukon basin in prejudice to the claims of either govern- of any provincial right." ment to Indian reserves in the province. they are singing a very humble kind of in the conveyance by the Dominion to the E. & N. Railway Company of the land (nineteen acres) occupied by the Deminion government's splendid offer. company within the Songhees reserve. . . . on the understanding that toria is solely due to the refusal of the

such amount as may be received on ac- Turner government to accept an offer count of such land shall be held in trust that could not be exceeded for generosity by the government of the Dominion for the Songhees Indians."

Could anything be fairer or more reasonable than that proposal? The reader ment's action in the Revelstoke bank must not forget that Mr. McKenna the same letter which he sent to the made this proposal understanding and Colonist, we presume, and which that believing that the provincial government were ready and willing to do all that the Dominion government's offer are no Colonist refused to publish Senator Mac- lay in their power to push on the matter to a favorable conclusion. A conference between Mr. McKenna and the Turner popular opinion is overwhelmingly in government followed the aforementioned letter, and this is what Mr. McKenna proposed after the conference, when he found the provincial government were not prepared to acquiesce in the fore going proposal on account of the slow recomment from the sale of the reserve; that they expected would follow the incidental expenditure in removing the Indians:

"On the provincial government passing an order in council concurring, without prejudice to the claims of either governent to Indian reserves in the province in the disposal by the Dominion of the Songhees reserve the Dominion govern ment will agree to secure within two years from the date of the said order the removal of the Indians and to fund their benefit, subject to the laws of the Dominion in respect to Indian Trust Funds, the proceeds derived from the sale of the land comprised in the Songhees reserve, less such amount as may be expended in procuring a new and effecting the removal and rehabilitation of the Indians and in disposing the land in the present reserve.'

If the provincial government accepted they were to be relieved of all expenditure or responsibility. Mr. McKenna further pointed out in regard to the Turner government's stickling over the reversionary rights of the province in the reserve, that the Indians have a moral right to benefit from the proceeds of the sale of land secured to them and their descendants by a title granted by Sir James Douglas. In fact the Songhees reserve is peculiar in this respect, and over this technicality the Turner government have made much of the trouble. Mr. McKenna added that the provincial government's claim to reversionary right should not stand in the way of the acceptance of his proposal. In reply to Mr. McKenna's proposal the premier practically declined the most reasonable offer of the Dominion government by the simple expedient of magnifying all the imaginary or trifling obstacles in the way. He declined to recognize the moral or any other right of the Indians to bene-

SONGHEES CORRESPONDENCE. Turner government for passing such a thing is certain: Canada will suffer for fit directly in the proceeds of the sale has been countried, while Mr. Deane has resolution as they did? It was the fawn- the senate's action, and may yet bitterly of the land; challenged the Indian title incapable of recognizing a good offer careful and ing resolution of a gang of slaves regret the rejection of the government's to the land; claimed that "whatever value when they see it. What is the matter proposal. There is some talk of the pro- the land now possesses is the natural with the Turner government? Shall vincial government doing something to increment arising from its urban situa- we tell the people, what the trouble is tion and does not attach to the Indian and clear up what must puzzle many? Dominion government to build a railway | title," and raised a cloud of exceptions | Well, it is sheer incapacity, downright boots of Sir William Van Horne and his company. Every British Columbian to a British Columbia seaport. But is it and objections which amount to a declin-blockheadism. It is nothing more blackguardism, malevolence ation of the offer. We wish to be strict- than a party of very stupid gentlemen ly fair to the Turner government in deal- masquerading as ministers, whereas, ing with this very important matter, and they are no more fit to deal with affairs the question at this stage briefly put is of state than a blacksmith is fit to ad- ha; this: Dominion government makes a just a mathematical instrument. The most reasonable, even generous offer; elections are drawing nigh; let the elec-Turner government, while admitting the tors remember that by returning this ministry of blockheads to power they ex-Mayor Lee to join hands offer to be "reasonable and equitable," declines on grounds by no means clear themselves will incur a share of the or reasonable. We call attention also charge of brainlessness. Remember the to Hon, Mr. Turner's contention regard- Turner government's action in regard to and his supporters at ing the decrease in the number of the the Songhees reserve when going to the Indians since the time the reserve was poll. granted to them, and his statement that AGAIN THE SENATE. the Songhees reserve, notwithstanding the Douglas title, was placed on all fours Anxious expectation once more centres with the others at confederation. It upon the Dominion Senate. Interests will thus be seen that instead of doing most grave to British Columbia are all in their power to help forward the about to be put before that body for its removal of the Indians and the early consideration. The gigantic monopoly settlement of the question the Turner of the C.P.R., baffled in the Commons, is despicable tactics of the Mar

about to try the final throw in this wrestling match for the biggest stake on record—the absolute right to operate is, of course, written in a facetions vertex from the files of the Times telling a difference of the times a difference of the times telling a difference of the times tellin British empire. The Kettle River Rail- tale.-Ed. Times.) way Bill is going to the Senate, and the recent fate of the Yukon Railway Bill by which the Tory majority of the Senate showed most distinctly that between the opportunity to serve Canada and deal a blow at political opponents they know no hesitation is not comforting: and British Columbians

To the Editor: Lately from a the provincial legislature the provincial declared that the mower was not a dual tax, that if a dwas an illegal exaction. I under on reference of this vexed question that the more provincial declared that the movement of the provincial declared that the movement of the provincial declared that the movement of the provincial legislature the provincial declared that the movement of the provincial legislature the provincial declared that the movement of the provincial legislature the provincial declared that the movement of the provincial legislature the provincial declared that the movement of the provincial declared t Kenna reminds Hon. Mr. Turner that after the premier's visit to Ottawa in may well tremble as they wait for imposed by the legislature, officer would be despatched from Ottawa the Senate's action in regard to the Ketthe Senate's action in regard to the legality to save the Victoria tle River Bill. If the Canadians were legality to save the Victoria from something bordering on not the most placid, easy-going people in the world they would not put up with to the insult offered them by the Senate over the Yukon Railway Bill: a child could see the miserable motive for it. these improvement If the Senate kill the Kettle River Rail British Col tleman did all in his power, all that was way Bill it will be pretty nearly time for a revolution—at least for devising some ment has lately endeavored to means of putting a check upon the spite and venom of the Tory majority in the Senate. However, let us possess our souls in patience till the matter is settled. We of learn the C.P.R. are making herculean farmer's) improvements on efforts to lobby the Senators. We hope public road were in the the lobbyists will not have quite so easy a job as our excellent friend, Mr. George such McL. Brown, had with the moliuses com- per annum ad valorem was to prising the Turner "ministry."

The Ottawa Evening Journal draws attention to the fact that American the Esq newspapers will continue to come in to of Canada free under the international Canada free under the international reads as follows:

postal law, while Canadian papers will reads as follows:

"Improvements upon any part of land have to pay. It should be remembered owned by any person shall be deemed to however that the American papers pay postage in their own country.

Fresident McKinley's message to congress on the Cuban question adds very little to the evidence already in. President McKinley, if he will pardon the McKinley, if he will pardon the companions of the said immediately and joint land of such person, not exceed fag in the whole 640 acres."

This entirely new reading of an act that was singularly free from ambiguity, and the control of the said immediately fag in the whole 640 acres." odious comparison, does not quite come and upon the good faith of which nur up to the intellectual standard of Grover to be wrested from its obvious Cleveland; his messages are not so cleverly concocted, although he can say ter with every possible desire to meet the wishes of your government as to the removal of the Indians, I find myself un- as little in a greater number of pages,

The Colonist complains that the selection of an Eastern lawyer to fill the vacancy in the Supreme Court Bench here, is a slight upon the province. Maybe so, but was not the selection of an American citizen to act as editor of a British newspaper a much greater slight upon the province? And does it not come rather ungracefully from a gentleman who only a couple of years ago, or so, solemnly swore against Her Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria and renounced all allegiance to her, to meddle so officiously in the affairs of that gracious inal blundering, the same monumental ady's courts of law? There are some things that British people cannot see foreigners and aliens interfering with affair have been shown in this Songhees without feeling the strong desire to cry: reserve matter. The reasons advanced "Hands off!" Did the editor of the by the Turner government for declining Colonist, an American lawyer, expect the appointment himself? He writes as if reasons, as anyone can see by examining that were the case.

# ALBERNI AND HUFF.

To the Editor:-If Mr. Huff, M.P.P., nagines that his constituents are not keeping a close watch on his movements, he will find out his error in the ides of July. Opposed by the government party, who put up Mr. Halbed, Mr. Huff went in pledged as an independent. Has he kept that pledge? No; he has violated it at every opportunity and has been the most servile, crawling, fawning, all-round scho of the government in the house. He now coquetting with his constituents. pretending that he does not think he will stand for re-election, hinting at a requisistand for re-electron, finting at a requisi-tion and suggesting a nomination by the Independents of Alberni. No, thank you, Mr. Huff; once bitten twice shy. You have fooled Alberni once, you will never have another chance. It's "hands all round here" for the defeat of Geo. A

CANAL. Alberni, April 7, 1898.

NORTH YALE POLITICS. To the Editor: How calmly you Victorians are taking things political. that a general election was near at hand: days go by and time and time again no reference is made in that paper to political questions in this province. How lovely it must be to feel able to treat such mportant matters with so serene an air! How different things are in North politics cropping up on every conceivable occasion. Agents, good, bad and indifferent, of both sides, prowl about the country; blue smoke and red fire pervade the atmosphere in the quiet countrys de as well as in Kamloops, where already the contending forces are being brought into line of battle. The government men are hard at work, and the other day, when in Kamboops, the writer saw a number of Martin men buttonholing numbers of citizens and visitors. One man informs the Roman Catholics that Mr. Deane is a red-hot Orangeman, another assures the Orangemen that Mr. Deane is a staunch Romanist, a third accuses him of all the crimes of the calendar, while yet another declares he hasn't got "sand" enough to be aught else but a gentleman! Mr. Robinson, business manager of the Standard, tells the Nicola people that Deane was too new to the country to know anything about its needs; and the next moment he himself is telling them what is required to make this district a perfect Elysium, totally ignoring the fact that he has not yet been a year in British

careful and intelligent student years. Then C. W. Sarer, with so childlike and bland, pens the surd untruths about his friend particular and th opposition general. As for the paper h city, its only competitor World. Then John Fremont correspondent of the Vancou bosom and the joy of his s of Martin. Mayor Gordo Lee remembers too well the derhand, lying methods used elections, and he be bought over h sneak. Things are grow warm in this district. Mr. the chances are we will have time" before the campaign in Nicola is solid for Deane, ways proved himself a fail ledge of the needs of the G. B. Martin ever had Deane will head the poll

Nicola, 5th April, 1898. (Our correspondent's opening sentence

#### TAX ON LAND

first, and then also the mon rowed upon mortgage wherew the legal quibble sessment act not "immediately those on the other; and this mea such cases a penal tax of three upon such lands to oblige the create further taxable improver cape it. I am making a perfe statement! This judgment of t barrister of the court of revision the Esquimalt district in January aded upon a hair-splitting int f clause 9, chapter 45, section ssessment act, 1891 (still in for

owever that the American papers pay ostage in their own country.

President McKinley's message to con
President McKinley's message to conotwithstanding that five times over the amount per acre required by the act. I at once, in the absence of the attorney-general, laid the case before his deputy, only to be curtly informed that the government would certainly uphold the decision of the assessor's court in any appeal we made in the matter to the full court of the province.

SIr, I gave notice of appeal, and for the soil, I gave notice of appeal, and to mortal menths afterwards I danced ance on this case in Victoria, ten from our farm, and failed to obtain tendance of the deputy attorney-generate to the government of coursel on behalf of the governments to the course of the governments. enable the case to be heard court. During this period I driven over the same road to and fro toria between four and five hundre to obtain a hearing and decision ease, a public one affecting gener-farming community rather than n My experience illustrates the govealculation, that the ordinary, recalc tax-ridden farmer must of necess rufesce under such treatment istance, or be worn out and less of time and money in any attemp may make to defend his property as unjust government demands. However my own case my perseverance is at let rewarded by an intimation conveyed to at the last moment that if I allow matter to drop the government will fewilit amend the "assessment act" to vir by quash the decision of the assessor's in this matter, the ludierous position government being obviously that on the control of an election they will not risk (on a question of revenue) from a ta on such an issue, whilst a decision i favor against him would in this case

In the devil's cockpit of party politics where these men struggle to retain the refus of power to drive their tax-cart government Juggernaut car over the bodies of other men, how many small h in this province, striving bravely the temporary relief of the multimately submerged and disap At an election the various co can but vote one party out and can but vote one party out and party in, but they have no recret the borrowing power of the public donain public money for subsidies, and purposes that exploits Canada, her public debt and piles on more we have, however, at least the can call all this tion, that we can call all thi tive government and ourselves rdependent electors, and the politicians we pay and entertal petuate this fiction are satisfied best of all possible arrangement analority rule, which means that the correct the minority to ority coerce the minority colitician to exploit both, the 'politician' in Webster being "politician" in Webster being artifice and deep contrive exegesis we may one and all b

Nevertheless, this and the fisc its bearings upon sol people, based upon enforced tribi world at present, as it is the of almost all oppression of the everywhere, an extreme object lesson now before our eyes in Cuba, that he taxed and exploited into insurred.

Honest Help Free!

As old clergyman, deploring the that so many men are being unscrupulous quacks, ing to inform any man who is nervous, or suffering from vario tain a perfect and permanent cure. Havng nothing to sell he asks for no but is desirons for humanity's help the unfortunate to regain health and happiness. Perfect H. MACFARIANE, Franktown,

# THIS MAY MEAN

U. S. Senate Foreign Comm. for Armed Intervention in Cuba.

Every Indication That the Cannot Now Be Much Lo Delayed.

Washington, April 13.-The excited during the preliminary No attention was paid to it. crowded about Mr. Adams, act man of the foreign affairs of who brought over a printed co senate resolutions, and read th half a hundred members in following is the majori reported to the senate b

Davis, immediately upon the of the senate at noon to-day: "Whereas the abhorrent which have existed for more years in the island of Cuba, s own borders, have shocked sense of the people of the Uni have been a disgrace to Chris zation, culminating as they ha destruction of a United States with two hundred and sixtyofficers and crew, while on visit to the harbor of Havana not longer be endured, as he forth by the president of States in his message to o April 11, 1898, upon which the congress is invited; therefore, Resolved-First, that the pe island of Cuba are and of to be free and independent. "Second, that it is the d United States to demand and by demand that the government at once relinquish authority ment in the island of Cuba an its land and naval forces from Cuban waters.

"Third, that the preside United States be and he is rected and empowered to us land and naval forces of States, and to call into ac the United States militia of states, to such an extent as

cessary to carry those res effect." Later-Resolution passed. British Press Opini London, April 13.-The says editorially this mornin "We do not desire to detr

credit that justly belongs but neither the spiritual amachinery of Europe would put in motion to stop the Cuba but for the United Weyler would be invalumenia. There is nothing serica's resolve that Cuba from her butchers and to from her butchers and too the Pope really desires pea exert the whole of his gr with Spain, who cannot, in-disobey him, while Spain w fer humiliation in submitting fer humiliation in submitt who has no physical

President McKinley's mess sight of the fact, in both V Madrid, that those who occupation, to say the lea maintenance of peace, are fire in a powder magaz Fitzhugh Lee's influence wi gravate the bitterness fel the Maine a natural c cion and anger, but to ble dering fires into flames critical moment is a rash be condoned by the con civilized world."

The Powers Power London, April 13.-The nier in an interview this cording to a special dispatrid, said he thought the potential do more than they have a the way of intervention.

The Foraker Reso Washington, D. C., A will be the one submitted and the senate to-day, by eign affairs committees, nation of the second section it was thought late las pass both branches of reads as follows:
"Be it resolved by nouse of representatives States of America: 1. That the people of Cuba are, and of right ou and independent.

"2. That the government States hereby recognizes Cuba as the true and law of that island. "3. That the war Spagainst Cuba is so de ommercial and property Inited States and so of and inhuman in its chara it the duty of the Unite mand, and the government States does hereby dema from Cuba and Cuban v "4. That the president States be, and is hereby powered and directed to sary, the entire land and United States to ca tions into effect."

Atlantic Liners Washington, D. C., navy department has d the trans-Atlantic liner St. Louis.

President McKinle London, April 13.-Ti pers in this city unan the opinion that both t and Spain are heading and there is also a dispersion of the desired and there is also a dispersion of the desired and the desired are in the desired and the desired are in the desired are

Spanish Military I New York, April 13.-World from Madrid sa The press censor again government's na preparations from beir lough Madrid papers daily. The ministers rine have publicly star pension of hostilities Spanish preparations, on avail arsenals of Ferri thagena, where men a and day to prepare wa ships ready.
The Cortes, directly asked for considerable ships and completing of Spain abroad. Crews h take out two fine. bought at Hamburg, 7