

McCULLOUGH BACK BEHIND THE BARS

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his possession is also thought to have been stolen.

Woman Engaged Room.

On Saturday, April 19, a young woman came to the home of Mrs. Kate Kinsella, of 78 Bathurst street, and engaged a room for herself and husband for \$3 per week. She gave the name of Mrs. Knight, but stated that Mrs. Kinsella might call her Vera. The young woman stated that her husband was a coal driver for the Conger-Lehigh Coal Company. McCullough and the young woman arrived on the evening of Saturday, the former covered with coal dirt.

The young woman remained with McCullough from Saturday night till Wednesday morning, when she suddenly left, explaining her absence by saying that she was going to Port Credit to visit her sister. During the time she remained with McCullough she brought in eatables and cooked them.

After the woman left McCullough used to go out in the evenings about 9 o'clock, returning at 11 o'clock.

Because she could not see to read, Mrs. Kinsella, who is a little Irish woman about 75 years of age, frequently had McCullough read the papers for her. The condemned murderer often read aloud to her, accounts relating to himself, the recurring comment on them.

During his stay at 78 Bathurst street, McCullough never had any communication from the outside world by way of letters, telegrams and parcels, and looked after his room himself after the departure of his companion. Mrs. Kinsella stated that he was to leave on Saturday as she did not like him staying in the house all the time.

On the Streets Often.

An astonishing part of Mrs. Kinsella's story is that McCullough frequently left the house, both in daytime and at night. He made frequent visits to a nearby grocery store and purchased food, and at night went for walks for the sake of exercise. That he was not recognized or, if recognized, not reported to the police, is one of the remarkable facts of the case. It will be remembered that the female woman was several times reported to have been seen in the vicinity of Bathurst and Queen streets before her capture, although she was finally taken in Queen street east.

Who Gets Reward?

The absorbing question among thousands of people is, who gets the \$1,000 reward for the information leading to the arrest of the condemned murderer, but unless Inspector of Detectives George Guthrie is inclined to speak, this information is not likely to be forthcoming unless the claimant comes forward.

Acting Inspector of Detectives Wallace Marks, fellow prisoner of McCullough, absolutely denied last night that Irene Lavelle, had been the "pigeon" through which the police derived the news as to the whereabouts of the hunted man. The police express the belief that Mrs. Kinsella was not aware that she was harboring the condemned murderer.

In connection with the McCullough case generally the detective force paid a high tribute to the sterling qualities exhibited by Vera De Lavelle, who, no matter what her general reputation may be, had proved beyond doubt that she could stand nobly by a friend through thick and thin and would also sacrifice everything to such an end.

McCullough's Record.

The police are now in possession of McCullough's record in the United States. They state that in 1911 he was sentenced in Kansas City to a term of ten years, which was later commuted to five years, for a list of that time.

The story crediting McCullough with being the sender of the family is entirely discounted by the police.

Mr. T. C. Robinson, R.C.M., is determined to keep up the fight and he intends to go down to Ottawa, probably with McCullough's pastor, for this purpose.

He accused McCullough of being a liar as cards, petitioning for his release, were pouring in at the rate of 200 a day, he said.

That he did not make any struggle and was not in possession of a firearm when captured was, in his opinion, to save his life," he said.

Hon. Arthur Meighen, acting minister of justice, stated yesterday afternoon that, unless clemency be exercised, McCullough will be executed on June 12, the date fixed by the court at Toronto.

How Did Police Find McCullough?

(Continued From Page 1).

he can act quickly and with effect in an emergency has been amply demonstrated. That such a woman as this would willingly accept, as we would, a force under spiritual or moral suasion, return her lover to the hangman's hands, is almost beyond belief.

The Vera de Lavelle had a past is beyond dispute, but as a French writer once said, "Even the most fallen woman will be true to the man she loved." Not that Lavelle has fallen to the level of the woman of the French saloon, but that she is true to the man she loved.

For all that, however, she has stood by her lover, and it is beyond the realm of imagination to suppose she would be a free agent in returning him to custody, the conversation the prison mate of McCullough, one Irene Marks, reported in court on Wednesday was true in substance and fact, it was but logical to suppose that Lavelle's movements, possessed some additional information, the disclosure of which might lead to the arrest of the escaped man. Such is but common reasoning and the public would not be likely to miss such a point.

STOMACH TROUBLES ARE DUE TO ACIDITY

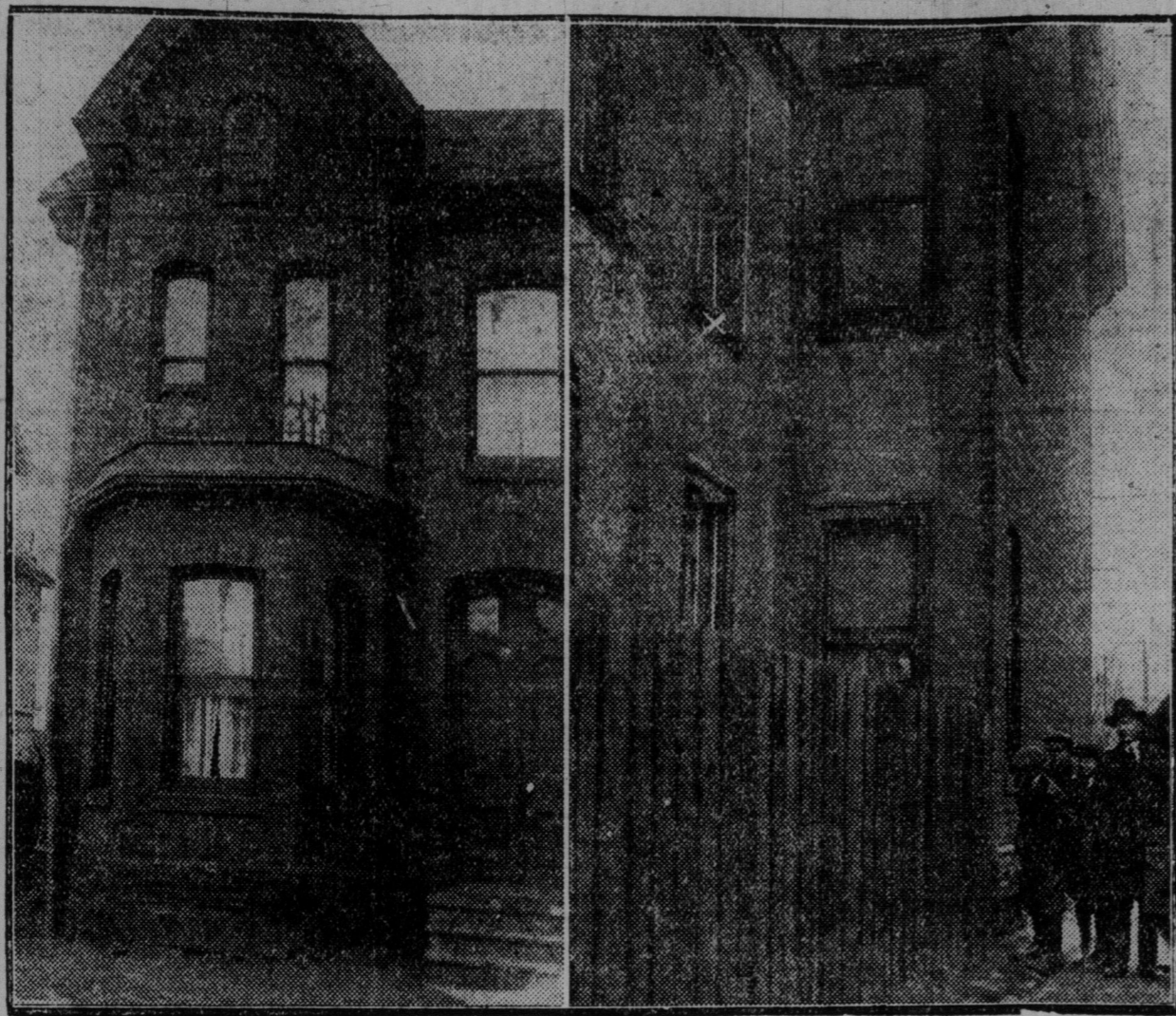
Tells Safe, Certain, Speedy Relief for Acid Indigestion.

So-called stomach troubles, such as indigestion, gas, sourness, stomach-ache and inability to retain food are in probability due to acidity of the stomach. Evidence that excessive secretion of acid is taking place in the stomach, causing the formation of gas and acid indigestion, is given by the following symptoms:

Gas distends the stomach and causes that full, oppressive, burning feeling so often known as heartburn, while the acid irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach. The trouble lies entirely in the excess development or secretion of acid.

To stop or prevent this souring of the food contents of the stomach and to neutralize the acid and make it harmless, a teaspoonful of bisulphated magnesia should be taken in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water after eating or whenever gas, sourness or acidity is felt. This sweetens the stomach and neutralizes the acidity in a few moments and is a perfectly harmless and expensive remedy to use.

An antacid, such as bisulphated magnesia, which can be obtained from any druggist in either powder or tablet form, enables the stomach to do its work properly without the aid of artificial digestives. Magnesia comes in several forms, so be certain to ask for and take only Bisulphated Magnesia, which is especially prepared for the above purpose.



WHERE McCULLOUGH HID IN.

This is the house at 78 Bathurst street where Frank McCullough lived since his escape from Toronto Jail three weeks ago. The window with the cross on it is the one from which he jumped when cornered. Strange to say, the drop did not hurt him, although he might easily have broken a leg.

HOME THIS MORNING, BUT NO RECEPTION

Public Welcome of Fifteenth Battalion is Postponed Until Saturday.

There will be no parade of the returning 15th Battalion through the streets today, but the reception and ceremonial parade to be tendered the 15th have been postponed till Saturday, at 2 p.m. This was the statement issued by the 48th Highlanders last night, when it became known from military headquarters that the trains bearing the famous Highland battalion would be in all probability be some five hours apart.

According to the military authorities late last night, the first train will pull in at Exhibition Camp this morning at 10 o'clock; the second train, carrying the remainder of the battalion, will pull in at 1 p.m., while a third train, carrying the 48th Battery and the 1st Divisional train is expected in at 2 p.m., and the last train having aboard a number of drafts, is due at 2:45 p.m.

It is on account of this big gap in the time of arrival of the trains that the Highland brigade here felt that the men in the second train would not be able to greet their relatives properly; that the date of the big public parade and reception have been changed.

The parade will, therefore, form up at the armories on Saturday afternoon at 1:30 p.m., along with the returned battalion, the city will begin the already formulated march.

The route of the parade will be as follows: Arriving to Queen street, to Bay, to King, along to Yonge, up Yonge to Queen, to Jarvis street, to Bloor, to the city hall, to the already formulated march.

The parade will be led by the 15th Battalion, followed by the 48th Highlanders, the 1st Divisional train, the 48th Battery, and the 1st Divisional train.

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JUDGE JOHN WINCHESTER IS CALLED BY DEATH

Well-Known Jurist and Public Man Dies After Short Illness.

The announcement of the death of Judge John Winchester, which took place last night at his residence, 77 High Park Boulevard, will be received with genuine regret by a wide circle in this city. The senior judge of the county surrogate court had been ailing for about eight weeks, but it was only on Tuesday afternoon that his condition gave cause for serious apprehension.

Mayor Church last night stated that a great loss had been sustained through the death of Judge Winchester, who he said, had been faithful and efficient in his public service. He had been a member of the county council since 1882, and in 1883 he became registrar of the Queen's bench division, and in 1884 he was appointed first inspector of legal offices. At the age of 41 he became master-in-chambers at Osgoode Hall. Four years later he was made a Q.C., and in April, 1903, he became senior county judge, and the Ontario government made him surrogate judge.

In 1904 he investigated for the city the charges of stuffing the ballot boxes in connection with the civic election, and on his findings several convictions were obtained. In the same year he investigated the alleged fraudulent practices of employment agencies in importing Italians to Canada. In 1905 he was a special commissioner to inquire into the employment of American engineers on the transcontinental railway survey, and in the same year he investigated the conditions in connection with the Perre Marquette. In 1906 he investigated matters connected with the building of the city hall, which cost \$3,000,000. Other investigations which he conducted were the employment of girls of the Bell Telephone Company; the conduct of the city's park department; London election conspiracy, the isolation hospital the Exhibition and the city's works department.

The late judge was born at Elgin, Scotland, and came to Canada with his parents, when three years of age. Since then he spent all his life in this country and to the great benefit of the Dominion. At an early age he showed that he was a youth of ability and obtained whilst a pupil at Givens Street School, the first scholarship given to the old Toronto

Grammar School. Since that time by hard work and ability he had fought ahead, and at the time of his death was the senior county judge, which position he held since 1903.

The late judge was called to the bar in 1871. During 1874-7 he was a school trustee for St. Stephen's ward. The following two years he sat in the city council, and became chairman of the waterworks commission. He retired from the council in 1879, and in 1880-1-2 he was first reeve of Brockton. During all these years he sat on the county council of York. In 1882 he became registrar of the Queen's bench division, and in 1884 he was appointed first inspector of legal offices. At the age of 41 he became master-in-chambers at Osgoode Hall. Four years later he was made a Q.C., and in April, 1903, he became senior county judge, and the Ontario government made him surrogate judge.

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