

SUPPLY — INTERIOR — YUKON TERRITORY
—*Con.*

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Minister of the Interior)
—*Con.*

experiment has demonstrated the possibility of economical production to a degree beyond what had hitherto been achieved—5935.

SUPPLY—INLAND REVENUE.

Salaries—\$37,107.50; contingencies, \$5,250—367.

Brodeur, Hon. L. P. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—367.

Number of employees same as last year. Three junior second-class clerks have been promoted from third-class—367. Those clerks who were promoted have passed the examination. Deputy minister trying to do with less number of third-class clerks than were employed last year—368. Mr. Garneau, who was minister's private secretary, last replaced—369.

Daniel, John W. (St. John)—368.

Were there any additions made in supplementary estimates of last year to salaries in the Inland Revenue Department? Hon. minister is getting along with less salaries for ensuing year than last year—368.

Foster, Hon. Geo. E. (North Toronto)—367.

Whole aim seems to be to shove persons in lower branches of department up into higher classes, and so to add, of course, not to efficiency, but to the expense of department. If the salary scale is not high enough, I think it would be better to put it right and then keep it to it in the different grades and classes—367.

Stamps for imported and Canadian tobacco, \$26,000—1558.

Brodeur, Hon. L. P. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—1558.

In order to change colour of tobacco stamps a change of tariff would have to follow and the tariff question has been postponed until next session—1559. As law stands to-day, our only means of ascertaining that tobacco has paid proper duty is by variety in the colours of stamps—1560. No farmer in Jacques Cartier or Montcalm would accept suggestion of hon. friend (Mr. Monk) to put word 'Canadian' on his tobacco—1561.

Monk, F. D. (Jacques Cartier)—1558.

Would like to know from minister if the policy of the government is to abolish distinction in colour of stamps on Canadian tobacco, and if any measure will be introduced to that effect this session—1558. Why is it necessary to change tariff in order to change tobacco stamps?—1559.

Sproule, T. S. (East Grey)—1560.

Would it not be as well to put name on s amp?—1560.

SUPPLY—INLAND REVENUE—*Con.*

Zimmerman, A. (West Hamilton)—1559.

Cigar manufacturers in Hamilton take view that if colour of stamp is changed it would mean reduction in price of high class cigars—1559.

SUPPLY — INLAND REVENUE — ADULTERATION OF FOOD.

Adulteration of food and fertilizers, and the administration of the Act respecting fraudulent marking, \$22,000—2617.

Fowler, G. W. (King's, N.B.)—1618.

Is the charge for the cost of analysis the only penalty? The man is fined but, apparently, he is allowed to go on with the sale—1618. When you find a man selling goods that are adulterated, you should destroy the goods and also impose a penalty—2619.

Lake, R. S. (Qu'Appelle)—2619.

Asks whether the adulteration of formalin and bluestone, used in the Northwest for dressing wheat and other grains, would come under this Act; draws attention to dissatisfaction in the Northwest—2619. Reads resolution passed by the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association requesting the government to enforce rigid inspection of bluestone and formalin—2620.

Macpherson, R. G. (Vancouver)—2620.

American and German bluestone are both very much cheaper than English bluestone, and that is the reason they are getting poor bluestone to-day in the west—2620. Chemically pure bluestone is not at all necessary to kill smut, and for that purpose is not as good as commercial bluestone—2621.

Sproule, T. S. (East Grey)—2617.

What do you do where you find the articles adulterated? Do you inflict the penalty in all cases where adulteration is detected?—2618.

Templeman, Hon. William (Minister of Inland Revenue)—2617.

The penalty imposed for adulteration is generally the cost of the analysis, &c., amounting to about \$12. The details can be found in part 3 of the Adulteration of Food. We can inspect the same article every day if we like. There is not only the fine, but the publication of the fact in an official bulletin—2618. I think there is no greater deterrent than the publication of the name, especially of a manufacturer of food stuffs, in connection with a conviction for adulteration of food. An analysis of bluestone in the Northwest was made, and it was shown that a large majority of the samples collected was genuine—2619. The bulletin was issued on March 6 last—2621.

SUPPLY — INLAND REVENUE — ELECTRIC LIGHT INSPECTORS SALARIES AND EXPENSES.

Salaries of gas and electric light inspectors, \$19,800—2608.