TTON-SEED HULL PAPER.

117, 1901

derican is said to have discovered st for treating cotton eed hulls so efbre attached may be utilized for suking, and a company has been for testing the process experiment-Regarding the system in exchange what it is doubtful whether it is posso destroy the hulls, either me-By or chemically, as to make the spitable for printing papers. The ful resolving of cotton-seed hulls be a matter of great importance to band paper industry There is an quantity of cotton seeds produced By, and attached to these seeds sa considerable quantity of valuable Hitherto they have been crushed extraction of oil, but their value in frection would not presumably be dby their use in paper making, as the d seeds would be quite as valuable, more so, for the paper maker. The are also very largely used-especial-India-for cattle-feeding purposes, course there are large quantities of te used in England made from them, egh linseed is also used for this pur-The Egyptian seed, however, is the stay of this trade, as it is larger and es fibre attached than the American fan. The result of the experiments to be tried in the United States will whed forward to cagerly.

has been announced that the Carnegie Company will ship steel by an all route from Lake Erie ports to Europe be St. Lawrence route. As the vesannot be loaded to their full capacity the locks are passed, it is expected they will complete their cargo at real, taking on considerable pulp.

ESTIMATES. SUPERVISION AND CONTRACTS

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PULP NOTES

The Waterous Engine Works, of Brantford, Ont., have already secured orders for \$40,000 worth of pulp making machinery.

It is again stated that McKenzie & Mann, railway contractors, have decided to erect large pulp mills at Fort Frances, Ont., next summer.

It is said that the Canadian Electric Light Co., of Quebec, have completed arrangements for the construction of a large pulp mill at Chaudiere Falls.

It is reported that Mr. W. J. Hill, M.P. P., of Toronto, has secured the contract for building a large pulp mill at Shawinigan Faiis, Que., for Belgian capitalists.

Mr. H. G. Fuller, of Portland, Me., is negotiating with parties in Canada in regard to establishing a plant for the manufacture of felts used in paper and pulp mills.

Eastern capitalists are proceeding with arrangements for the establishment of the proposed pulp mill in British Columbia. The mill will be tributary to Vancouver, the site chosen being but a few miles from that city.

The company which proposes to build a pulp mill at Musquash, N.B., will shortly apply for incorporation. The capital stock will be \$100,000. Geo. McAvity, H. R. McLellan, Geo. W. Jones and F. Stetson, of St. John, are interested.

The town of Woodstock, N.B., wants a pulp mill, and has offered a bonus of ten per cent. of the cost of the mill, the bonus not to exceed,\$50,000. Mr. Henry Upham, of that town, has decided to donate a suitable site for a mill.

Mr. Thomas Malcolm, contractor for the building of the Restigouche and Western railway in New Brunswick, states that

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he has received j positions from capitalists who purpose cructing pulp mills along the railway as soon as it is completed.

Chas. Lionais, civil engineer of Montreal, recently sold an iron pyrites mine at Garthby, Que., to a New York syndicate who have in view the erection of a sulphur factory at Levis. It is proposed to use the sulphur for the manufacture of pulp,

About three years ago Randolph & Baker, of St. John, N. B., discovered magnesia lime in the lime rock about their quarry. Recently they have commenced to burn it and have shipped large quantities to the United States for use in pulp mill digestors.

Sweden has 88 mechanical pulp mills, producing yearly 144,000 tons, dry weight, of pulp. She also produces 125,000 tons of sulphite, and 38,000 tons of soda pulp. Norway has 61 mechanical pulp mills, with an annual output of 180,000 tons of soda pulp. The total production is, therefore :

Dry tons.

Reporting on the wood pulp market in

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MATS

France, M. A. L. Grondal, of Paris, states that prices of chemical wood pulp are wel maintained. Considerable activity has been experienced in the renewal of contracts for 1901, and at the moment nearly all important buyers are covered. In regard to mechanical wood pulp prices remain high, especially for delivery during the winter The demand, however, is insigmonths. nificant, and consumers who have not contracted for next year show a disposition to await future events.

A West Hartlepool correspondent of the Timber Trades Journal thus refers to a shipment of Canadian pulp: "We have just received 1,971 bales Canadian sulphide wood pulp per steamer via Liverpool for local consumption, which we believe is the first lot we have had, hitherto it having come from West Hartlepool. The having come from West Hartlepool. The bales, we notice, are very compact, and well bound with hoop steel, and as our cousins, the Canadians, are evidently push-ing this article in England, this new depart-ure may mark an epoc', in the pulp trade, as the supply of whitewood in Canada is pratically unlimited. Baltic exporters take note! The shippers are Becker & Co., London, and the shipping agent here is Mr. Andrew Farmer. is Mr. Andrew Farmer.

PULP

MILLS

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