

**PART II**  
**PROVISIONS CONCERNING**  
**THE APPLICABLE LEGISLATION**

**ARTICLE VI**

**Rules Regarding Coverage**

1. Subject to the provisions of the following paragraphs of this Article:
  - (a) an employed person who works in the territory of one Party shall, in respect of that work, be subject only to the legislation of that Party; and
  - (b) a self-employed person who ordinarily resides in the territory of one Party and who works as such in the territory of the other Party or in the territories of both Parties shall, in respect of that work, be subject only to the legislation of the former Party.
2.
  - (a) An employed person who is covered under the legislation of one Party and who is assigned to perform work in the territory of the other Party for his or her employer shall, in respect of that work, be subject only to the legislation of the former Party as though that work was performed in its territory and provided that such assignment does not exceed sixty months and the person concerned is not also employed in the territory of the other Party by a different employer located in that territory.
  - (b) In the application of this paragraph in regard to a person who, on the date of entry into force of this Agreement, is already on assignment in the territory of the other Party and subject to the legislation of the former Party by virtue of Article VI(2) of the previous Agreement, the reference to sixty months in sub-paragraph (a) shall be read to refer to the total period during which that person may remain subject only to the legislation of the former Party while in the territory of the other Party, inclusive of the period already completed before the entry into force of this Agreement by virtue of Article VI(2) of the previous Agreement.
3. A person who is employed as a member of the crew of a ship or aircraft shall, in respect of that employment, be subject only to the legislation of the Party in the territory of which the employer's principal place of business is located. However, if the person concerned ordinarily resides in the territory of the other Party, and if the employer has a place of business in the territory of that Party, that person shall be subject only to the legislation of the other Party.
4.
  - (a) A person employed in the territory of one Party in a government service of the other Party shall, in respect of that employment, be subject to the legislation of the first Party only if he or she is a national thereof or ordinarily resides in its territory.