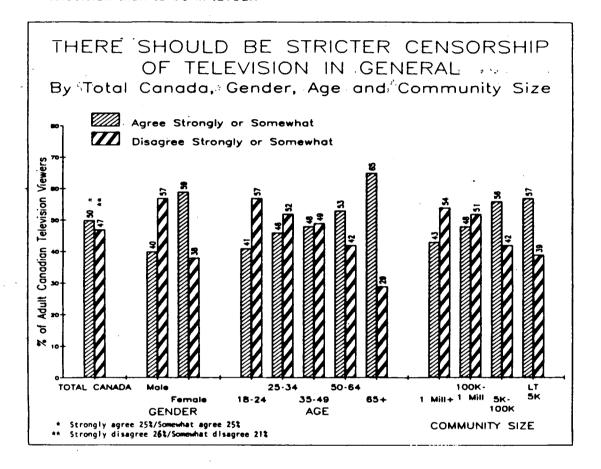
Proponents of censorship are more likely to be people from the most vulnerable groups in Canadian society: women – particularly homemakers, those whose home language is other than English or French, the elderly, Canadians with lower levels of education and household income or living in smaller, non-urban communities.

Conversely, men, young adults, people with full-time employment outside the home, Canadians with higher levels of education and income and urban dwellers are more likely to be opposed to stricter censorship of television than to be in favour.



## Classification of Children's Programs

If Canadians are hesitant to endorse stricter censorship of television, they strongly support a system of information which would allow the viewing public to regulate itself. As an example, most television viewers – 87 per cent – agree that television programs should be classified according to their suitability for children; 58 per cent agree strongly.

This view is widely held and includes both parents and adults without children.