



### OTTAWA UNIVERSITY.

#### THE ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT.

Conferring Degrees—Mr. Curran, M.P.,  
Deservedly Honored—The Successful Students.

At the Ottawa University on Tuesday evening of last week the title of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon the following gentlemen:  
John J. Curran, LL.D., Q.C., M.P., of Montreal.

Dennis Ambrose O'Sullivan, M.A., LL.D., Q.C., of Toronto.

Maurice Francis Egan, LL.D., Professor of English Literature in Notre Dame University, Indiana.

Rev. Alphonse Nolin, O.M.I., M.A., Professor of Ancient and of French Literature in the University of Ottawa.

Henri Glassmeyer, M.A., Professor of English Literature in the University of Ottawa.

#### MASTERS OF ART.

Rev. William Joseph Murphy, O.M.I., B.A., Professor of Mathematics in the University of Ottawa, and Rev. Terence Wade Smith, O.M.I., B.A., Professor of English in the University of Ottawa, were created Masters of Arts.

Having passed with success the recent examination required, the following gentlemen have received the degree of Bachelor of Arts: With great distinction—E. J. Joseph Landry, of Quebec, P.Q.; Cornelius C. Delaney, Burlington, Vt.; Michael T. Fitzpatrick, of Norwood, Ont.; Jeremiah Moriarty, of Orléans, Ont.; Francis Francis, of Montreal, Ont.; Richard W. Jones, of Springfield, Ont.; Patrick O'Rourke, of Trenton, Ont.

Bachelor in Literature—Duncan McDonald, of Glenside, Ont.

The following gentlemen have successfully passed the special examination for honors in the Philosophy—E. J. Joseph Landry, with 2nd class honors; Cornelius C. Delaney, with 2nd class honors. In French Literature—E. J. Joseph Landry, with 2nd class honors. In Mathematics—Jeremiah Moriarty, with 1st class honors.

The following gentlemen have successfully passed the intermediate examination: Albert Newman, Almonte; John Smith, Ottawa; Hugh J. Canning, Toronto; Isidore A. French, Renfrew; Frank C. Raymond, San Francisco, Cal.; Leon J. McLaughlin, Ottawa; John J. Maguire, Read, Ont.; Alban B. White, Angers; Frederick Owens, North Adams, Mass.; Anthony McKenna, Berwick, N.B.; William S. Prodick, Ottawa; Walter E. Cavanaugh, Munster; Daniel D. McMann, Alexandria; John E. O'Connor, Ottawa; Arthur E. Carrière, Ottawa (candidate for B.L.S.).

The following candidates have been admitted to matriculation: James Murray, Lake Umbagog, N.B.; Anthony A. Burke, Springfield, Mass.; Albert Gagnon, Ottawa; Edward Backeroff, Ottawa; Edmund J. Ryan, St. Kitts, West Indies; Ernest Campbell, Ottawa; Adrien Proulx, L'Acadie, Thomas, Tetreau, Hazelton, Mass.; Wm. John McDermott, Egmontville, James Mullin, Ireland; Alfred Redden, Hull; Adolph D. St. Pierre, Brossard, Que.; Gerald O'Keefe, Cambridge, Mass.; Gustave Robitaille, Ottawa; Adolphe Christian, Montreal; James Delaney, Springfield, Mass.; Paul Paradis, St. Jean; Walter Cavanaugh, Munster; Francis Doyle, Belleville.

The following students, having passed with success the examination of the highest class of the commercial course, are deservedly entitled to receive the commercial diploma: Walter G. Brophy, Ottawa; Ozias Deplante, Peterboro; Joseph Leonard Monier, L'Ange Gardien; Wm. Michael Weir, Ottawa; John Henry Dussault, St. John, N.B.; Joseph Arthur Theriot, Quebec; Wm. Lawrence Fagan, Vancouver; Henri Emile Quenel, St. Andre; Avelin John J. Kearny, Wilmington, Del.; Rodrick Macdonald, Alexandria; Jules Omer Allard, Lowell, Mass.; Arthur Raoul Beaulieu, Ottawa; Joseph Arthur Archambault, Ottawa; Joseph Louis Belanger, Maiden, Montana.

In acknowledging the honor conferred upon him by the University of Ottawa, Mr. J. J. Curran, Q.C., M.P., said his first duty was to thank most sincerely the Chancellor and Senate of the University for the distinguished honor they had just conferred upon him—an honor which no one more than himself could realize he was unworthy of. He had a couple of hours ago received a brief note intimating that he was to say a few words. That intimation he needed to with pleasure, and he would be a very poor lawyer, not to mention a Doctor of Laws, if he were to constitute an invitation to say a few words into a desire to have him make a speech. (Laughter.) Some years ago, in the British Parliament, when the Civil Service Act was being discussed, Mr. Disraeli is reported to have remarked that it was a good thing no Civil Service examination was required for Cabinet Ministers. He would now echo that sentiment regarding the degree of LL.D., *honoris causa*. (Laughter and applause.) He was truly grateful that he was allowed to pass, and no questions asked. As for the young gentlemen who had achieved their honors that evening, after days and nights of incessant toil, they had a right to feel proud and elated at their success. The degrees conferred upon them were the tokens of talent, assiduity and high moral conduct. (Applause.) For himself, he felt that having thirty-two years ago left the college, then in its infancy, and having had more or less of a prominent career since, at the bar and in public life, he could say that at all events his Alma Mater was not ashamed of him.

The speaker then traced the career of the college from the days when it occupied a very humble building, on Sussex street, to the present time. He referred to the assemblage of relatives and students, from all parts of the continent, who had gathered around the statue of Father Tabaret, the founder of the university, and paid a glowing tribute to the memory of the great and good man whose name would live in the history of Canada. (Prolonged applause.) In conclusion he spoke more directly to the young gentlemen who had taken their degrees, and he urged them ever to look back fondly to the institution where they had spent the best days of their youth; to be loyal to its teachings and to spare no pains to uphold its honour. The great philosopher whose works they had studied held them to be steadfast in their unity in all essentials; that they would be, but he also inculcated broad liberality when the right of judgment existed, that liberality they would cherish, and in this mixed community they would cling to the teaching of Christian Charity in all things. That charity, the love of one's neighbour, was more especially needed here, they must extend the right hand of fellowship and generous sympathy to all men of every race and creed who were anxious to be good citizens of our Canadian home. (Applause.) Thus they would live down prejudice and fanaticism, of which there were unfortunately some indications in certain quarters. He would conclude his remarks to each of the young men now about to embark upon the voyage of active life with the lines of the poet:

Be thou like the great apostle,  
Be thou like heroic Paul,  
If a true thought seek expression,  
Speak it boldly, speak it all;  
Speak it boldly, nothing fearing  
The gibbet, rack or rod,  
Speak it boldly, all unceasing,  
And leave the rest to God.  
(Great applause.)

#### Modern Music.

La Semaine Religieuse holds that, according to the decision of the Popes and Councils, modern music cannot be accepted as church music, and that Gregorian chant is the only real music adapted to the Catholic liturgy.

#### Sudden Death.

Mr. Richard T. Thomas, the keeper of the Examining Warehouse of Her Majesty's Customs, Montreal, died suddenly on Saturday. He was at his office the day before, but that evening was complaining of being unwell. Mr. Thomas was, with very few exceptions, the best known and best liked man in the Customs service. He was appointed twenty-seven years ago and was rapidly promoted from position to position until he reached the one he held in.

#### Human Language.

La Semaine Religieuse protests against an article which appeared in some of the Montreal papers a few days ago, alleging that the language of man commenced with articulate sounds, which were afterwards progressively modified so as to form an articulate language. The religious organ holds that such a doctrine is contrary to the Bible, which shows man as having been created perfect and with the full development of all his faculties.

#### The Power of Prayer.

At High Mass on Sunday His Grace the Archbishop asked the congregation to join in prayer that Almighty God might cause the rain to fall and thus avert the threatened famine. Last evening His Grace's prayers were answered, and rain fell in abundance. The country is thus saved from destruction, for though the hay crop is entirely destroyed, yet the grain and root crop may yet be plentiful. The efficacy of prayer was most remarkably exemplified in its instance.—*Canadian Freeman* (17th).

#### A Rumor.

A well known politician is authority for the statement that Lady Macdonald is to be made a peeress by the Queen, in recognition of Sir John Macdonald's eminent services to the Empire. The same authority states that after the session Mr. Hugh John Macdonald, son of the late Premier, will go to England to lay personally before Her Majesty Sir John Macdonald's order and decorations, which have to be returned to the Sovereign, and that there is the likelihood of Hugh John Macdonald himself being knighted by the Queen.

#### Ottawa Lyceum.

His Grace Archbishop Duhamel on Sunday afternoon performed the ceremony of blessing and formally opening the new Catholic Lyceum, Ottawa, which has been erected adjoining St. Patrick's church, mainly through the efforts of Rev. Father Whelan. An address was presented to His Grace by a number of Catholic societies of the parish, which evoked an appropriate response. Sir John Thompson also spoke and ridiculed the statement that the Catholic church relied for the fidelity of its children on their ignorance and superstition. Addresses were afterwards delivered by Hon. W. R. Scott, Hon. L. G. Power, Rev. Dr. McGuiken, of Ottawa University, and Dr. MacCabe.

#### Irishmen Must Lead.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Canadian Pacific railway on Thursday, the resignation, as director, of Hon. J. J. C. Abbott was accepted, the vacancy being filled by the election of T. G. Shaughnessy, assistant president. Mr. Shaughnessy was also elected vice-president of the company. The promotion is one on which the new vice-president is

to be congratulated. Though not yet 38 years of age, he fills the second office in one of the greatest railway corporations on a continent covered by great railway corporations. He came to the C.P.R. a few years ago as purchasing agent, having previously held a similar position on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway. Soon after he was promoted to the assistant presidency and has since been Mr. Van Horne's right hand man in the administration of the road. Besides his abilities as a railway man, Mr. Shaughnessy possesses social qualities that makes him a favorite in a goodly circle of acquaintances, from which he will receive many felicitations on his new honor.

#### PARNELL'S POSITION

As Regarded by the Episcopal—Cardinal Manning and Archbishop Walsh Explain.

The following correspondence appears in the Dublin Nation and has reference to the recent visit of the Parnell delegates to this city.

ARCHBISHOP'S HOUSE, DUBLIN,  
3rd June, 1891.

MY DEAR LORD CARDINAL.—On my return from Rome, a few days ago, my attention was called to a letter published last week in the Dublin Freeman's Journal, containing a statement which I cannot but regard as a very disgraceful calumny against your Eminence. It is my duty to bring the matter under your Eminence's notice at once.

The letter in which the statement occurs is dated from Montreal, and was sent by the writer of it, who signs himself H. J. Cloran, for publication in the Freeman's Journal here. According to Mr. Cloran's statement, the letter was originally addressed by him to the Archbishop of Montreal, and, as he is not ashamed to proclaim, it was sent by him to the Archbishop with the view of influencing the Archbishop's action in a matter of great public importance—the advice to be given by his Grace to the Catholics, or at all events, to the clergy, of his diocese, in reference to the reception to be accorded to the Parnellite delegates visiting Canada.

So far as the letter deals with matters of which I happen to have direct personal knowledge, it is made up of statements diametrically at variance with facts of the most public notoriety. I can have no hesitation in saying that, whilst the falsehood of the statements may or may not have been within the knowledge of Mr. Cloran, their falsehood was of necessity well known to the responsible editors, who, to the discredit of Dublin journalism, gave prominent insertion to them in the newspapers of which they have control.

As regard your Eminence, the letter contains the following outrageous statement:—

"The raising of the moral question was simply an afterthought, and when the agitation was started to decapitate Mr. Parnell on that ground, his Eminence Cardinal Manning, being called upon to give his opinion, said that the friends of his rule were free to oppose Mr. Parnell, and that his retirement from the leadership should be demanded, not on moral but on political grounds. Consequently the moral aspect of the situation was not the bona fide cause or *raison d'être* of the opposition to Mr. Parnell's leadership."

It is important that I should be in a position to contradict the calumnious statement thus made about your Eminence.

I have the honor to remain,  
My dear Lord Cardinal,  
Your Eminence's ever faithful servant,  
WILLIAM J. WALSH.

Archbishop of Dublin.  
His Eminence Cardinal Manning,  
Archbishop of Westminster.

The following is Cardinal Manning's reply:

ARCHBISHOP'S HOUSE,  
WESTMINSTER, June 4, 1891.

MY DEAR LORD ARCHBISHOP.—I hope the Archbishop of Montreal was not deceived by the audacious falsehood in which my name occurs.

The statement is not only without shadow of foundation, but at variance with my repeated written declarations.

But as I know, suppressed what I have written, I am the less surprised at its publishing this fabrication.

For many years I have held that a judicial record such as that in Mr. Parnell's case disqualifies a man for public life. From the moment of this deplorable divorce case I have held Mr. Parnell to be excluded from the leadership, not on political but on moral grounds. Men in various responsible offices have letters of mine of that date containing this express judgment. But I hardly need to say more. Believe me always,  
Yours faithfully,  
HENRY E.  
Cardinal Archbishop.

#### The Census Returns.

The census returns are now being received at Ottawa from the large cities and towns. Several have been received from Montreal and Toronto, but there are still sixty places to hear from. The Chief Commissioner yesterday sent out a circular for the purpose of drumming up districts which are late in forwarding returns. The accounts of the enumerators are being checked as fast as they come in. Yesterday about 250 cheques were issued. The tabulators are well up in their work, and Mr. Johnson expects to be able to give a statement of the census by the second week in July.

HALIFAX, June 18.—Hon. T. W. Dodd has resigned the presidency of the Legislative council of Prince Edward Island and is succeeded by Hon. Alexander Rogers.

### BROTHER ARNOLD

#### HONORED BY FRIENDS AND PUPILS.

A Complimentary Address and a Substantial Present—Thirty-six years Service.

On Monday evening last a large number of citizens and old pupils of the Rev. Brother Arnold gathered in the St. Ann's Hall for the purpose of presenting a purse full of gold and a complimentary address to that venerable and beloved gentleman, in acknowledgement of his long and valuable services to the cause of education. Mr. C. J. Doherty, Q. C., presided and made the presentation, first reading the following address:

To Rev. Brother Arnold:

REV. AND DEAR BROTHER.—What we ask you to accept this evening we do not dignify with the name of a recognition of the invaluable services you have rendered to the cause of Catholic education in our midst. No gift, and certainly no words of ours, could adequately acknowledge those services. But if the grateful appreciation of all who have at heart the best interests of the Catholic youth of this country, and the affection, deep and sincere, of those who themselves have in the past had, or are at present enjoying the advantage of your teaching can serve as a recompense in some measure for your life's labors, we can assure you that you have them. And it is as such an assurance, only, that we ask of you this evening the acceptance of our trifling gift.

In any country, and perhaps particularly in a young country such as ours, no man does better service to the state than he who educates her sons, preparing them to perform their duties as citizens creditably in the different walks of life, imparting to them not only that knowledge that may enable them to advance themselves in the practical affairs of life, but above all and before all instilling into their minds those principles of conduct that make of them Christian men and many Christians. To know that you have succeeded in this, your life task, we feel is the recompense most grateful to the heart of the Christian brother. That you have won that reward is the testimony of all who have watched your labors and their results. For those of us who are proud to rank ourselves among your pupils it has been and will always be our constant endeavor that no act of ours shall be reflective discredit on your teachings; and so by its influence upon our lives does the memory of your teaching remain always with us, in itself a continuous lesson, and truly we may say that you today are no less a guide to us than you were when you directed our first tottering steps in the paths of learning.

For your teaching in the past and your guidance in the present, and for the constant example of modest virtue that does a great good work quietly and unassumingly, with a humility so profound and so sensitive that we almost dread to cause pain, were we to give pleasure by words of praise, we owe you a debt that we shall never be able to repay. So, far however, as may repay it, our sincere gratitude is yours as reward. So long as memory remains to us it shall serve to keep alive in our hearts your loving remembrance, and your name, that has stood to us as a symbolical of all that is to be loved and honored, shall be handed down to our children and our children's children, and they, too, shall learn to love and venerate the name of Brother Arnold.

Before closing, permit us a word to the Irishman and the patriot. We know that under your Christian Brother's casock throbs the heart of the patriotic Irishman, that, next to the religion, you have taught us to venerate, dearest to that heart is the old land you have taught us to love. Permit us to assure you that that teaching has not been wasted upon us, and that however our hearts may be bound up in this our Canadian country, we will always keep in them a very large corner for the old land you have given us so many reasons to love, and which, had we no other reason, would be entitled to our affection as being Brother Arnold's country.

Requesting your kind acceptance of our gift, and that it and the affection that prompts it may secure for you your kind remembrance at all times, and more especially in your prayers to the Master to whose service your life he been devoted.

#### We are.

#### YOUR DEVOTED FRIENDS

AND GRATEFUL PUPILS.  
Rev. Brother Arnold acknowledged the gift and address in feeling terms and with characteristic modesty disclaimed any title to them. During thirty-six years in which he had been engaged in the education of the young he had simply done his duty. His great object had always been to make of the boys entrusted to his care good and worthy citizens of the Dominion, capable of occupying positions second to none in any sphere. (Applause.)

Rev. Father Cattané bore testimony to the sterling qualities of Brother Arnold and hoped that he would remain in St. Ann's parish sufficiently long to celebrate his golden jubilee. (Cheers.)

Before the presentation was made an excellent concert was given, in which the following took part: Messrs. J. Morgan, W. Clancy, W. Murphy, M. O'Brien, E. Quinn, J. Penfold, M. J. Quinn, G. P. Holland, and W. E. Finn. Master Chas. Magee delivered a recitation in a manner which evoked considerable allocutionary talent and reflected credit on those who are his teachers.

The following letter was read from Mr. J. J. Curran, Q.C., M.P.:—  
MY DEAR DOHERTY.—Enclosed you will find my cheque for twenty-five dol-

ars, amount of my subscription to the Brother Arnold testimonial. I regret that I am not able to quadruple the amount. Brother Arnold has been, and is, one of the best friends of our youth in the Dominion of Canada. His zeal is boundless and his success as an educator is best appreciated by the grand results he has achieved. He is a model Christian Brother, an ardent lover of Ireland, the land of his birth, and a true Canadian patriot. God grant that he may be spared many years to continue his noble, generous and self-sacrificing work. I must be in Ottawa to-morrow morning or I would be with you to-night.

#### Solemn Requiem Mass for the Victims of the Ship Fever of 1847-'48.

The annual Requiem Mass for the repose of the souls of over 6,000 Irish immigrants who died of ship fever in 1847-48, and whose remains are buried in the plot of ground near the entrance to the Victoria Bridge, will be celebrated in St. Ann's Church, by Rev. Father Cattané, C.S.S.R., Rector of the Redemptionist Fathers, on Friday next, at 7 o'clock a.m.

#### Irish Catholic Pilgrimage.

The annual pilgrimage of the Irish Catholics of Montreal and vicinity to Ste. Anne de Beaupre will take place on Saturday, 18th July, by the steamer "Three Rivers." The pilgrimage will be, as usual, under the personal direction of the Redemptionist Fathers of St. Ann's Church, Montreal, and will no doubt be as successful and edifying as those conducted by them for several years past. The sale of stereograms will commence on 5th July, as per announcement in our advertising columns.

#### A Correction.

With respect to the statements appearing in certain Ontario papers that Mr. Devlin is about to introduce a motion of censure against the Government, because of the attitude assumed with respect to the Manitoba School acts, it may be said that such does not seem to be the immediate intention of the member for Ottawa county. It will not be forgotten that *Le Manitoba*, the official organ of Mr. Lariviere, severely criticised Mr. Devlin's speech and even asserted that it was injudicious, and that he had no business interfering in the matter, that Mr. Lariviere was the natural defender and champion of the French-Canadians in Manitoba, and he was the one best qualified to look after their interests. In conversation today Mr. Devlin said that he was waiting to observe the position Mr. Lariviere would assume. He had spoken on the subject because the Catholic school was as dear to him as to Mr. Lariviere and it must not be forgotten that he represented forty-five thousand French-Canadians, so that he was justified in taking the stand that he had. In the meantime he was waiting and unable to say what would be the issue of the question. He would do his duty.

#### The Drowning Season.

On Sunday about eleven o'clock while four young men named Polus, Parmelee, Eugene Wallace, Edward McKenna and John Holden were bathing in the lake at Waterloo P. Q., young Parmelee, who was swimming some 100 feet distant from the others, either got beyond his depth or was taken with a cramp and drowned before assistance could reach him. He was shortly afterward taken from the water but life was found to be extinct. The young man was a brother to C. H. Parmelee, editor of the Waterloo Advertiser. On Saturday evening two young men, named Elzeur Murphy and Joseph Laliberte, were out for a row from Market wharf, Quebec, but just as they were getting into a stream the ferry steamed backed up, threatening to run them down. To avoid this Murphy sprang to the bow to fend off, but was carried into the water and disappeared. He reappeared at the other side of the ferry boat and swam a dozen strokes, but before help could reach him he sank. Two boatmen went to his rescue, but their boat upset and both had to swim to shore. Murphy's body was found about 8 p.m.

#### France and the Czar.

PARIS, June 21.—The Comte de Montbello, who replaced M. de La Boulaye as French ambassador at St. Petersburg, will be specially charged to obtain definite information from the Czar as to the action of Russia in the event of war between France and Germany. M. Ribot, minister of foreign affairs, has learned that M. de La Boulaye's failure to get the proposals for an alliance discussed arose from the Czar's anger at the fact that the overtures were first submitted to M. DeGiers, Russian minister of foreign affairs, instead of to him. The Czar ordered M. DeGiers to ignore the proposals for negotiations and to take the first opportunity to snub M. de La Boulaye, who was compelled to ask M. Ribot to relieve him from his duties. The withdrawal of Baron Mohrenheim, Russian ambassador to Paris, is imminent, as M. de La Boulaye acted on his advice. During the visit of the French viceroy to Constantinople the Czar will be personally approached on the subject of united action against the Dreibund, which is rendered all the more necessary through the menacing of the commercial coalition.

#### The Empress' Opinion.

La Journal of Paris publishes an interview with ex-Empress Eugenie, in which she says she intends to leave Paris in a week, as it has been intimated that her presents might give rise to unpleasant incidents. Being questioned regarding the resurrection of the empire, she said: The Empire died with my son.

### IN MEMORIAM.

#### ST. JEAN BAPTISTE SOCIETY.

Commemoration of the Founders of the Society and the Sufferers in 1837.

The formal inauguration of the monuments erected in Cote des Neiges cemetery, Montreal, to Duvernay, the founder and the president of St. Jean Baptiste Society, and to the Quebec political victims of the rebellion of 1837-38, took place last Sunday. The procession to the cemetery was very large, there being seventy carriages and an immense number on foot. Two funeral cars carried the numerous wreaths designed to decorate the monuments. Among the prominent citizens present were Mr. L. O. David, president of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, Mr. Justice Loranger, Dr. Marcell, M.L.C., of St. Eustache, Judge Charland, of St. Johns, P.Q., Mayor McShane, L. J. U. Papineau, M. Arhambault, of Montebello, Ald. Gauthier, Rouer Roy, Rev. A. S. Gosselin, Fire Chief Benoit, etc. The demonstration met with strong opposition in many quarters, and the utterances of some of the French journals were decided in their condemnation of the affair. It was proposed to remove the remains of Dr. Chenier, who was killed at St. Eustache in 1837, to the monument, and Dr. Marcell caused the exhumation of certain bones, alleged by an old inhabitant who presided at the burial, to be those of the deceased. But on this subject there seems to have been some doubt; and another point of importance in the case, not generally known, apparently, was that the insurgents were excommunicated, and the supposed remains of Dr. Chenier were taken from the place of burial assigned to unbaptised persons. La Minerve, alluding to this, said editorially that it regretted the demonstration "to the heroes of '37-'38" had not been kept separate from that to Duvernay, the founder of the St. Jean Baptiste Society. It adds: "Dr. Marcell says that he has obtained the necessary authorization from the religious authorities for the removal of the remains of Dr. Chenier, but did he explain that they were 'in the cemetery of unbaptised children?' We believe that this important fact was omitted from this delicate matter. All should have been said to avoid all possible misunderstanding. We know that the church, in her great mercy, allows prayers for the victims of these popular movements, but it does not grant benedictions after death to those who did not want them during their lifetime." Other protests were made, and at the last moment the Archbishop prohibited the removal of Dr. Chenier's body to the cemetery. The wreaths having been deposited on the monuments by the members of the society, the Rev. Cure Sentenne chanted the *Libera*, and shortly after the assembly proceeded to the platforms erected near the cemetery, where speeches eulogistic of the deceased were delivered by Judges Loranger, Charland, Dr. Marcell, Dr. Marchand, Mr. L. O. David, L. J. N. Papineau and others.

#### A Macdonald Memorial.

A largely attended meeting of the leading citizens was held on Saturday last for the purpose of making arrangements for the erection of a monument to the late Sir John Macdonald. Mr. Richard White presided, and among those present were Hon. E. Murphy, Messrs. H. Lyman, J. S. Hall, M.L.A., L. Beaubien, Henry Hogan and others. After some discussion the following resolution (moved by Mr. Henshaw, seconded by Mr. C. McDonnell) was adopted:—"That we deem it proper to erect a monument to Sir John Macdonald in the city of Montreal." Letters were received from Sir D. Smith, M.P., J. J. Curran, M.P., and others, endorsing the scheme. A committee of management as follows was appointed: Hon. president, Sir Donald Smith; hon. vice-presidents, Hon. Alexander Lacoste and Sir Joseph Hickson; hon. treasurers, R. L. Gault and Hon. Louis Beaubien; hon. secretary, Joseph H. Jacobs, with an executive committee.

#### Conservative Convention.

The Manitoba conservative convention closed Thursday night. It was very largely attended and enthusiastic throughout. Resolutions of regret at the loss of Sir John Macdonald and Hon. Mr. Norquay were passed and the Greenway Government was denounced for corruption and incapability and the course of the Opposition in the Legislature endorsed. A protest was entered against the centralization of so much power in the hands of a municipal commissioner, and the Government was condemned for not opening the South Winnipeg and Manitoba railway. The co-operation of all irrespective of party was asked to defeat the Government. A welcome was extended to Mr. Roblin, the leader of the Opposition, who hitherto has been a Liberal.

#### Canada's Wealth.

PETERBORO, June 20.—Work was begun yesterday in opening a lead mine in Galway township, this country, owned by the Galway Mining Company. An experienced miner from the lead mines of Colorado has been brought here to take charge of the work.

#### Montreal's May Death Rate.

The mortuary statistics for the month of May show that the highest death rate was in Montreal, where the number of deaths reached 503, equal to 2.15 per thousand, compared with 544 in the same month last year. The lowest death rate was at Woodstock, where the number was only four, or equal to .48.