

Agallia flaccida Uhl. But few of this common species were seen at Muskoka.

Agallia siccifolia Uhl. Not uncommon in dry pastures.

Pediopsis viridis Fitch. Apparently rare.

Pediopsis variabilis Fitch. Examples occurred of varieties *A.* and *C.* of Fitch, and a single specimen of a uniform ferrugineous, with pale yellow elytra crossed from the shoulder to the apex by a broad ferrugineous band.

Pediopsis minor Fitch. Two examples.

Pediopsis fenestratus Fitch. A common species on birch trees.

Tettigonidæ.

Oncometopia costalis Fab. Very abundant among coarse weeds and grass, particularly near South Falls, where the pretty striped nymphs occurred with the newly developed imagines.

Diedrocephala coccinea Forst. Not uncommon on blackberry bushes.

Diedrocephala mollipes Say. Common.

Diedrocephala novæboracensis Fitch.

Helochara communis Fitch. Common.

Euacanthus orbitalis Fitch. A few examples taken.

Gypona 8-lineata Say. The form named *flavilineata* by Dr. Fitch occurred abundantly on various trees and bushes. I place this variety with *8-lineata* Say, as it seems impossible, on a superficial examination, to find any constant characters for separating the two forms, although they have every appearance of being distinct species. Some of the examples taken exhibit no indications of the yellow lines on the head, pronotum and scutellum, while all are extremely variable in the elytral venation. A careful study of our northern species of *Gypona* is needed.

Jassidæ.

Accephalus vitellinus Fitch. One example.

Grypotes unicolor Fitch. Not uncommon.

Cicadula (Macrosteles) quadrilineata Forbes. A few examples of this common species occurred on cultivated lands. Near Buffalo it is