

vements are highly satisfactory. A carriage going at the rate of 33 miles an hour, is stopped within a hundred yards by means of this break, the strength of which can be increased to any extent....Accounts from Bologna, of the 19th ultimo, represent that after three days of the most unusually heavy rain, the rivers overflowed their banks, and inundated their country and villages, particularly at and around Malalbargo, inasmuch that twenty communes have been flooded, and sustained serious losses. An express had also arrived from Romagna with the news that the bridge over the Lamona at Jaenza, had been washed away and the tower thrown down....Dr. Ireland, the late Dean of Westminster, has by his will, made the following bequests—1,000l. for the Western Dispensary, after a life interest therein in 1841; 2,000l. Westminster Hospital, after a life interest therein in Westminster; 2,000l. King's College, for promotion of religious education; 1,000l. now forming in London for the education of the sons of clergymen; 1,000l. trustees for poor persons in Ashburton; 10,000l. University of Oxford for a professor of theology; 2,000l. Oriel College, for an exhibition, besides many others....The *Lepic Gazette* of the 25th ult., states that the treaty of commerce between Austria and Great Britain, which has been for some time under consideration, is about to be concluded, Prussia Metternich having agreed to the principle. The existing duties on the importation of British manufactures are to be considerably reduced....*Thames Tunnel*.—The Rotherhithe staircase is now being carried on rapidly towards completion, and the whole undertaking begins to assume a finished appearance. *The Queen's visit to Ireland*.—The *Mayo Telegraph* states that it is her Majesty's intention to honour the "Island of Saints" with a visit in the course of next summer. The *Telegraph* makes the announcement on the authority of a gentleman holding an official situation. *The Hindostan*.—The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Company's splendid ship *Hindustan* left Southampton on Saturday for Calcutta, she has upwards of 90 passengers, and among the number were Captain Engle-duc, R. N., formerly, the Commander of the Great Liverpool, who has been appointed resident superintendent and agent of the Oriental Company at Calcutta....*Duties on Tobacco*.—The American Chamber of Commerce of Liverpool has addressed a memorial to the Premier, respecting the heavy duties on tobacco. The memorialists represent that an immense amount of the tobacco is smuggled into the country, and that, if the duty were lowered to 1s., the revenue would not lose, as the consumption would increase, and the expense of protecting the revenue would be lessened....*Foreign Provisions*.—Somewhat of a "sensation" was produced in the neighbourhood of Chard last week by the introduction of American pork and beef, retailed at from 3d to 4d per lb. The anxiety manifested by the people to obtain cheap food was not slow in manifesting itself, and the first consignment of pork was cleared in a few hours, more being expected this week....*Foreign Corn*.—Since the passing of the new Corn Law Bill, the importation of grain into London from foreign ports has been unusually great; and, notwithstanding that there is a glut in the market, the importation of foreign produce (chiefly wheat) appears to be daily on the increase.

THE CAPE.—Cape of Good Hope papers to the 21st of July bring the gratifying particulars of the relief and recapture of Port Natal and the discomfiture of the Boers. It may be observed as a tolerably general conviction in the city now, that all this rebellion of the Boers, with the slaughter on both sides consequent, is mainly attributable to the ill-judged acts of the Society for the Protection of the Aborigines, and to the House of Commons' committee on the state of the aborigines in South Africa, both of which lent themselves to be used and abused by the unfounded, exaggerated and false as well as one-sided representations of witnesses not exactly, as subsequent events seemed to show, actuated by the purest of motives. The large folio of a report of evidence, introduced by a summary historic and *raisonne* of the chairman, is a standing monument of flagrant injustice and gross calumny, upon the abolitionists, where not really discreditable from the ludicrous ignorance and perversions of fact and South Africa history which it

betrays. Some of the reverend and secular witnesses, who volunteered their testimony against the frontier colonists, or Boers, of the Cape on the occasion, — none else being heard or called — or their friends or connections, were fortunate enough to obtain their recompence afterwards in large free grants of thousands of acres of colonial lands, in one case, that of Lieut. Governor Stocken-strom, the magnificent grant of 10,000 acres. The results are now matter of history. The Boers on the frontiers were forbidden by proclamation to defend themselves against Caffre and Hottentot plunderers, ordered to deliver up their arms, and the shopkeepers and merchants at Cape Town prohibited from supplying them with gunpowder under heavy penalties. Finding themselves thus impugned in the mother country, and at home maltreated, oppressed and suspected, the Boers in two bodies amounting to 700,000 souls, waves and families inclusive, met and planned their celebrated emigration to Natal. The deepest sense of wrong and impossibility of obtaining redress could alone have prompted men to abandon their long cherished homes, the homes of their fathers, and to exchange for the wilderness their own fertile and well cultivated pastures and farms. How they accomplished their stupendous undertaking is well known; after journeying for eighteen months and over thousands of miles through desert lands and hostile tribes, by whom attacked, persecuted and slaughtered, sometimes defeated but finally victorious, they reached and settled at Port Natal with their families, their flocks, herds and convoys of waggons, when their first act was not unnaturally, to cast off their allegiance to a Government which had ceased to afford the protection its first duty, and had abandoned them to the asagays of their savage enemies, and their second act was to erect themselves into an independent community, and to seek aid from Holland from whence their forefathers derive. Left for a considerable period in peace and themselves, they were entitled perhaps to hope that their pretensions and separation were and would be respected; which, however, unless the imperial Government could have determined to alienate South Africa from the empire was impossible. The despatch of Captain Smith at the head of an inadequate force was the timely signal to the unhappy colonists of the resolution to assert the supremacy of imperial rule. The weakness of the force sent to exact obedience only unfortunately served to invite resistance, which could not fail, as it should have been apparent to reasoning men, however ill-used and resentful, to be in the end futile and disastrous, as by the accounts now received comes confirmed.

Office of Her Majesty's Chief Agent for Emigrants in Canada.

Quebec, Oct. 22d 1842.

Number of Emigrants arrived at this Port, during the Week, ending Oct. 22d:

From England.....	42
" Ireland.....	32
" Scotland.....	3
" Lower Ports.....	0
Total.....	77

Cabin passengers, not included in the above, 18

Previously reported, ... 594 43699

Total..... 612 43776

To corresponding period last year, 23279

Increase in favour of 1842, .. 15197

A. C. BUCHANAN,
CHIEF AGENT.

RELIGIOUS STATISTICS OF THE CITY OF TORONTO.

	1842	1841
Church of England.....	6575	6734
Kirk of Scotland.....	1722	1503
Church of Rome.....	3000	2101
British Wesleyan Methodists.....	890	816
Canadian Wesleyan Methodists.....	724	681
Episcopal Methodists.....	184	
Other Methodists.....	209	
Presbyterians not in connection with the Kirk of Scotland.....	221	483
Congregationalists or Independents.....	447	404
Baptists and Anabaptists.....	429	430
Lutherans.....	13	
Quakers.....	14	
Jews.....	10	
All other Denominations.....	239	
United Secession Church.....	221	
Primitive Methodists.....	201	
Apostolical Church.....	160	
African Methodists.....	39	
Unitarians.....	132	
No Religion.....		132
Total.....	15336	

Toronto Market Prices,
Toronto, 1st Nov., 1842.

	s	d.	s.	d.
Flour, Millers' fine per bbl.	20	0	21	3
Farmers'	15	0	20	0
Wheat, New Primo	2	10	3	0
Do Inferior	2	3	2	8
Barley.	1	10	2	2
Rye	1	8	2	3
Oats	0	7	1	0
Oatmeal	12	0	15	0
Peas	1	0	2	0
Bran, per 100lbs.	1	3	0	0

Since our last, the Wheat market has been gradually declining, and although our quotations run as high as 3s. 6d. for good Wheat—it is not worth more than 3s. to 3s. 3d. for the best samples. The flour market has remained dull with scarce alteration in prices. Barley and Rye have a steady sale at above rates, but very little coming in.

WM. GAMBLE, & Co.
Corn Flour and Commission Merchants,
Market Buildings, Toronto.

Advertisements.

Earthenware, Wholesale and Retail.
JAMES PATTON & Co., Manufacturers and Importers of CHINA, GLASS and EARTHENWARE, are receiving a large assortment per *Souter Johnny* and *Mohack*, and expect a farther supply by the *Thorburn*, *alpha*, and other vessels.
McGill-street, Montreal, }
May 17. 1842 } 19

J. E. PELL,
LOOKING-GLASS MANUFACTURER,
Carver, Glazier, Picture Frame Maker,
Glazier, &c.
Removed to King Street, nearly opposite the Commercial Bank.
Toronto, Dec. 15, 1841.

C. & W. WALKER,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
181, KING STREET, TORONTO.
All kinds of ready-made clothing constantly on hand.—Terms moderate.
Toronto, Oct. 6, 1841. 3

NEW CUTLERY.
THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs his friends that he has just received direct from *Sheffield*, a large and well selected Stock of *Fine and Common Cutlery* of every description, *German Silver, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware*, with many other Goods, too numerous to mention, which he will sell, *Wholesale & Retail*, low for Cash or short approved Credit.
Country Store-keepers are invited to call and examine for themselves.
SAMUEL SHAW.
Toronto, Dec. 29, 1841. 8

LOOKING GLASSES, PICTURE FRAMES, &c. &c.
THE Subscriber offers low for Cash, a great variety of Mahogany, Mahogany and Gold, Walnut, Walnut and Gold framed Mantel and Pier Glasses Cheval; and Toilet Glasses, all sizes and patterns; Looking Glass Plates from 9 by 7 to 53 by 24 Looking Glasses re-framed according to the latest patterns; old Frames repaired and regilt; Pictures, Fancy Needlework, &c. framed on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.
ALEXANDER HAMILTON,
King Street.
Toronto, October 6, 1841. 2

TORONTO AXE FACTORY,
HOSPITAL STREET.

THE Subscriber tenders his grateful acknowledgements to his friends and the public for past favours, and would respectfully inform them that in addition to his former Works, he has purchased the above Establishment, formerly owned by the late HARVEY SHEPPARD, and recently by CHAMPION, BROTHERS & Co., where he is now manufacturing CAST STEEL AXES of a superior quality. Orders sent to the Factory, or to his Store 122 King Street, will be thankfully received and promptly executed. Cutlery and Edge Tools of every description manufactured to order.
SAMUEL SHAW.
Toronto, Oct. 6, 1841. 2

THOMAS J. PRESTON,
WOOLLEN DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Wellington Buildings, King Street, TORONTO.
T. J. P. respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he keeps constantly on hand a well selected stock of the best West of England Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, &c. &c. Also a selection of Superior Vestings, all of which he is prepared to make up to order in the most fashionable manner and on moderate terms.
Toronto, October 20, 1841. 3

Ready Money the Spirit of Trade!!!
THOMAS CLARKE,
HAIRER AND FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his Patrons and the Public the receipt of a choice Stock of Water Comforts, viz. Caps, Gloves, Gannets, Mitts and Drivers, Waterproof and Fur Coats, Leggings, Capes and Sleigh Robes; together with a suitable Stock of Skins, consisting of Bear, Buffalo, Wolf, Raccoon, Fisher, Seal, Otter, Martin, Mink, Astrachan, Russia-Lamb, Neutria, &c. &c. Ladies Fur trimming. Robes made to order. Naval and Military Lace, Mohair Barding, Cocksades and Militia Ornaments. The highest price paid, in cash, for Shipping Furs.
Toronto, Feb. 8, 1842. 2

PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY, BRUSHES, &c. &c. &c.

THE Subscriber is receiving, direct from England, a great variety of Genuine Colours superior to any that have appeared in this market before; and such as he can, therefore, with the utmost confidence, recommend to his Customers,—among which are
Lamp Black, Blue Black, Imperial Drop Black, Black Lead, Prussian Blue, Chinese Blue, Indigo, Blue Verditer, Saxon, Brunswick, Imperial, Chrome, and Emerald Greens.
Green and Damask Verditer, Orange, Middle, Lemon and Primrose Chrome, Spruce and Common Yellow, English and Dutch Pinks, Terra de Sienna, raw and burnt, Umber, raw and burnt, Venetian Red, Red Lead, Indian Red, Tuscan Red, Vermillion, Antwerp Crimson, Rose Lake, Violet Lake, Rose Pink, White Lead, dry, and ground in oil, Paris White, Whiting, Glue, Putty, Sand Paper, &c. &c.
Linseed Oil, raw and boiled, Copal Varnish, various qualities, Window Glass, from 9x7 to 40x26, Crate Glass for Pictures, Clocks, &c. Plate Glass for Coach Windows, Stock and Nailed Whiteners, superior, Ground Brushes, all sizes, Bristle Tools, do. Quilled do. Camel do. Fitch, Camel and Sable Pencils, &c. House, Sign and Ornamental Painting, Paper Hanging, &c., as usual.
To his Customers he returns his sincere thanks for former favours; and hopes by a proper application of the superior facilities now in his possession, to prosecute his business so as to continue to merit that liberal patronage with which they have so kindly favoured him hitherto.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON,
No. 5, Wellington Buildings, King Street.
Toronto, Oct. 6, 1841. 2

The Wesleyan

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