peu adoucir son cœur : elle jouissait d'une beauté toujours nouvelle; mais elle paraissait avoir joint à ses grâces divines je ne sais quoi de dur et de cruel à l'égard de son époux.

1. A quelles parties du discours appartiennent les mots *trône,—étincelants,—ne... que,—pendant,—mais,—toujours ?*

2. Ecrivez au pluriel *front,—lumière,—nuit ;*—au singulier *yeux,—animaux,—grâces.*

3. Faites connaître le féminin de *pâle,—creux,—cruel ;*—le masculin de *odieuse,—seule,—nouvelle.*

4. Indiquez le sujet et le complément direct de *offense* (1), de *attirait* (2).

5. Relevez tous les verbes de la phrase (2), et dites à quelle conjugaison appartient chacun de ces verbes.

6. Quels sont les mots que modifient *dur* et *cruel* (2) ?

7. Donnez des noms appartenant à la même famille de mots que *pâle,—ridé,—cruel ;*—des adjectifs dérivés des mots *front,—lumière,—beauté.*

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1. To what parts of speech belong the words : *trône, étincelants, ne...que, pendant, mais, toujours ?*

2. Write the plural of *front, lumière, nuit ;* and the singular of *yeux, animaux, grâces.*

3. Give the feminine of *pâle, creux, cruel ;* and the masculine of *odieuse, seule, nouvelle.*

4. Point out the *subject* in (1), and the same of *attirait* in (2).

5. Make a list of all the verbs in (2), and state to what conjugation each belongs.

6. What are the words which modify *dur* and *cruel* in (2) ?

7. Give French nouns cognate with *pâle, ridé, cruel ;* and adjectives derived from *front, lumière, beauté.*

(Translate into English as closely as difference of idiom will permit.)

SACRED HISTORY.

The world, according to the chronological system generally adopted, was created about four thousand years before the Christian era. God alone is a *Creator.* Whatever man may invent or make, he must use an already existing substance; but the Almighty *created* the universe from nothing. He willed, and the world was. The universe in all its admirable details, from the tiniast blade of grass to the most brilliant planet, was created in six days. On the sixth day, God made man from the dust of the earth, and breathed into him an imperishable soul.

LATIN.

1. Translate, *without unnecessary change of construction* :—

(A) Dum hæc in his locis geruntur, Cassivelaunus ad Cantium, quod esse ad mare suprà demonstravimus, quibus quatuor reges præerant, Cingetorix, Carvilius, Taximagulus, Segonax, nuntios mittit, atque his imperat, uti, coactis omnibus copiis, castra navalia de improviso adoriantur atque oppugnent. Il quum ad castra venissent, nostri, eruptione facta, multis eorum interfectis, capto etiam nobili duce Lugotorige, suos incolumes reduxerunt. Cassivelaunus, hoc prælio nuntiato, tot detrimentis acceptis, vastatis finibus, maxime etiam permotus defectione civitatum, legatos per Atrebatem Commium de deditione ad Cæsarem mittit. Cæsar, quum statuisset hiemem in continenti propter repentinos Galliæ motus agere, neque multum æstatis superesset, atque id facile etrahi posse intelligeret, obsides imperat, et, quid in annos singulos vectigalis Populo Romano Britannia penderet, constituit : interdicit atque imperat Cassivelauno, ne Mandubratio, neu Trinobantibus bellum faciat.

Cæsar, Bk. V, Ch. 22.

(B) Quid, si quis cestus ipsius et Herculis arma
Vidisset, tristemque hoc ipso in littore pugn [am ?
Hæc germanus Eryx quondam tuus arma [gerebat
(Sanguine cernis adhuc fractoque infecta ce- [rebro) ;
His magnum Alciden contra stetit ; his ego [suetus,
Dum melior vires sanguis dabat, æmula [necdum
Temporibusgeminiscanebat sparsa senectus.
Sed, si nostra Dares hæc Troius arma recu- [sat,
Idque pio sedet Æneæ, probat auctor Aces- [tes ;
Æquemus pugnas. Erycis tibi terga remitto ;
Solve metus ; et tu Trojanos exue cestus.

Virgil, Æneid, I, vss. 410-420.

(C) Pastor quum traheret per freta navibus
Idæis Helenen perfidus hospitam,
Ingrato celeres obruit otio
Ventos, ut caneret fera

Nereus fata : Mala ducis avi domum
Quam multo repetet Græcia milite,
Conjurata tuas rumpere nuptias,
Et regnum Priami vetus.

Heu, heu ! quantus equis, quantus adest viris
Sudor ! quanta moves funera Dardanæ
Genti ! Jam galeam Pallas et ægida
Currusque et rabiem parat.