The Toronto World,

An Independent Liberal Newspaper, published every morning at 5 o'clock, and every evening at five o'clock, at No. 4 King street east, Toronto. Extra editions are also published whenever there is news of sufficient moment to demand them.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:

Twenty-five cents a month, or $3 00 a year in advance, post-paid. Single copies, one cent. Sold on the streets and by newsdealers in every city and town in Ontario, Quebec, and Manitoba.

ADVERTISING RATES:

All advertisements are measured as solid nonpareil, twelve lines to an inch, and are inserted in all editions at the price of a single insertion.

Casual advertisements of whatever nature, FIVE CENTS a line for each insertion.

Reports of meetings and financial statements of banks, and railway, insurance and monetary companies, TEN CENTS a line.

Paragraphs among news items, double the ordinary rates.

Special notices, twenty-five per cent. advance on the ordinary rates.

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INSERTIONS.	1 mo	3 mos	6 mos	12 mos
Daily	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$5 00
Every other day	.....	1 25	2 00	3 00
Twice a week	.....	1 00	1 50	2 50
Once a week	.....	0 75	1 00	1 50

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Address all communications to THE WORLD, No 4 King street east Toronto.

City Subscribers for the World would do us a favor by reporting at the Office any irregularity in the delivery of the Paper.
World Printing Co.

Persons leaving town for the season, and summer travellers, can have THE DAILY WORLD *mailed to them, postpaid, for twenty-five cents a month, the address being changed as often as desired.*

COL. ROBERT INGERSOLL is about to retire to a sort of seaside hermitage for the summer. He is said to be very busy preparing thunder for his next winter's lecturing campaign. He is to make a vigorous attack on the revised New Testament.

THE UNFORTUNATE MONGOLIAN appears destined to be shown the door by every civilized country which he dares to enter. The working classes in Australia are just now greatly agitated about the influx of the Chinese into that colony, and are clamoring for special legislation at the hands of the legislature, which meets this month, for the purpose of restricting it.

THE HOT SPELL is upon us again. For the past three weeks the weather has been unusually cool and the crops have been making slow progress. While it has been exceedingly favorable weather for strawberries, which have never been larger or finer in flavor than this season, it has almost ruined the prospects of the corn crop. But it may not yet be too late; certainly a few days of such weather as Sunday and yesterday will make a great change in the appearance of both corn and wheat. The meadows, too, are backward, and we will not be much surprised if haying and harvest this year come together.

THE HARD TIMES have not yet wholly passed away. The reports of the first six months of the present year show that both in Canada and the United States there has been an increase in the number and amount of failures as compared with the first six months of the past year. Yet business seems to be booming on every hand, and for many years there has not been such an active demand for laborers or so much difficulty in procuring them. Many of the leading railway lines show a considerable falling off in net earnings, which causes many to doubt if the good times have really come back to us again. The circumstances are not of a character to encourage any rash speculation.

IF THERE IS ONE MAN more than another who should rejoice at the recovery of President Garfield, that man is Chester Arthur. The vice-president has taken ground in the late contest between Mr. Garfield and Mr. Conkling that must stamp him as a factionist of the worst kind, and should a vacancy occur in the office of chief magistrate Arthur would be open to the charge of having instigated a conspiracy to get the office for himself. He may be entirely innocent, but strong party men like himself would be only too ready to insinuate that he was guilty, and life in the white house to him would be as uncomfortable as the life of the czar of Russia. For the sake of the Republican party as well as for his own sake, the best thing Mr. Arthur can do in the event of Mr. Garfield's death is to offer his resignation.

NEW YORK'S "finest police in the world" are often charged with using their clubs too freely. A few evenings ago a citizen and his wife brought their sick child to the steps of the front door in order to give it some fresh air. A policeman came along and ordered them to go inside. The man refused—or, in the words of the policeman, "he resisted me and I gave him the stick." He was brutally beaten and dragged to the station, where he lay all night. The magistrate saw the man, and heard the story of his wrongs from the policeman himself, but he does not appear to have concerned himself any further about the affair than to administer a mild reproof. Imagine Mr. Denison letting off a Toronto policeman in that way! But imagine a Toronto policeman being guilty of such inhuman conduct! He has too much sense and feeling.

INSTEAD OF SHOWING that American institutions are a failure, the tragedy just enacted is the test that proves them, and that at the same time uncovers their defects in bold outline. No people could have been calmer when their head had been removed by a political ruffian than have been our neighbors during the present crisis. Another people less used to liberty would have been a seething mass of incoherent rage. What then are the defects uncovered? (1) That the spoils system is an unmitigated evil; (2) that bossism, intimately connected with the spoils system, is as great an evil; (3) that the better class of citizens, in keeping away from politics—that is, in neglecting to exercise their rights and influence in maintaining pure and efficient government—are only offering the opportunity which the ward politicians, the managers, the machinists and the bosses so much desire; and, lastly, that the method of providing a successor to the president is one possessed of very serious defects. But every one of these defects can be mitigated, if not entirely removed.

THE TORONTO, GREY AND BRUCE.

Owing to the opposition worked up by the Hamilton interest and its agents, the proprietors of the Toronto, Grey and Bruce railway are blocked for a time in carrying out the arrangement made with the Grand Trunk.

It is easy enough to comprehend Mr. Hendrie and Mr. Cumberland's motives, but not so easy the motives of some other people.

It is asserted that the offer of the Northern company is better than the Grand Trunk's by several thousand dollars a year, but when all considerations are taken into account this is by no means manifest; the difference is certainly much less than Mr. Hendrie, Mr. Cumberland and their spokesmen try to make it appear.

It is also argued that in the interests of Toronto, which has aided the Toronto, Grey and Bruce to the extent of $300,000, it is desirable that the road should be leased to the Northern; since in that case there would be a transfer of east-bound freight here, giving employment to a number of people. If, on the other hand, it should be leased to the Grand Trunk, the freight would be carried right on to the sea-board, without breaking of bulk here or any attending advantages of transfer.

But what of the interests of the rural municipalities, which have aided the road to the extent of over a million dollars?

If the farmers, grain-dealers and cattle-buyers of Grey, Huron and Bruce can get rates for their exports right through to Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, Portland, Boston or New York, is it not to their advantage? The cheaper the rates are the better prices they will get for their products. Toronto is not, and never will be, their grain market, but it always will be their chief market for the purchase of merchandise. The wholesale merchants of Toronto may continue to supply the northwestern counties for all time.

And who will pretend to say that employment for twenty or thirty men in Toronto, shovelling grain, or shunting cars from one track to another, is to be compared with the gain to the farmers of the northwestern counties in procuring through rates to the sea-board?

The farmers who contributed so liberally to the construction of the Toronto, Grey and Bruce railway ought to be heard as well as the bondholders. It is of the first consequence to them that the road should be kept open, and put in a condition to do economical work. It is of little consequence to the bondholders, many of whom are foreigners, how soon the road is closed, or what exorbitant rates are charged, so long as they are made sure of getting their money returned.

The wealth, stability and enterprise of the Grand Trunk company offer the best guarantees that if it got possession of the Toronto, Grey and Bruce road it would place and keep it in first-class condition, and that the rent would be punctually paid. The Northern company, on the other hand, cannot pretend to offer an equally good assurance, either for maintaining the road or paying the rent—to say nothing of the monopoly which it would acquire of the traffic of the northern and northwestern counties.

The present outlook for the Toronto, Grey and Bruce, and of the country which it serves, is by no means cheering, and the farmers and business men of Huron, Grey and Bruce have little cause to thank the obstructionists for the tactics that have been pursued.

THE TIME FOR ECONOMY.

In periods of trade depression no class suffers so keenly as the working class. For them hard times mean loss of work, reduced wages, strikes, penury, and often starvation.

But hard times are not an unmixed evil. There is one real good they may do working people, if they will accept it: they should teach them the virtue of economy. Then they must practise economy; but when good times return the wholesome lessons of adversity are too ofter forgotten. In their present prosperity, working people are too apt to be oblivious of the evil day until it is upon them again, and the extravagant habits they have formed land them once more into penury.

If hard times teach the lesson of economy, it is in good times that that lesson must be applied. To-day the working people of Canada and the United States are rejoicing in abundance of work and good wages; and this is apparently but the beginning of an era which shall bring them years of solid happiness.

What use will they make of their present splendid opportunity? Will they adopt the fool's motto, "Let us eat, drink and be merry, for to-morrow we die," and waste all their earnings in useless or pernicious luxuries? or will they, like wise men, lay something by for a rainy season? For as sure as night follows the day, that rainy season will come.

During the coming time many a workingman may, if he will, lay the foundation of future independence. There is at least one thing which every workingman in Canada should strive for—he should endeavor to possess a home of his own.

To-day, when money is cheap, when real estate is abundant and cheap also, there is no better investment for a workingman than a house and lot for himself and his family.

—Erysipelas, Scrotula, Salt Rheum, Eruptions, and all diseases of the skin and blood are promptly cured by BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. It purges all foul humors from the system, imparting strength and vigor at the same time.

Girls in College.

There is trouble in Harvard college on account of the admission of girls as students, an innovation that was recently made. It appears that the college has a large library, provided with "authorities" and sofa seats, where the students go to refresh their memories upon certain points in their studies, and the complaint is that girls will get down some work, of which there is only one copy in the library, and when a young man comes in and desires the same book he is obliged to wait until the girl gets through with it, or else sit down and look it through with her. On a recent occasion a venerable professor entered the library and was surprised to see no less than six girls with books that young men were desirous of perusing—so desirous, in fact, that the two were seated together eagerly scanning the pages, when the professor entered. The sight fairly caused the glass in his spectacles to bulge out, and it would be a mild expression to say that he was shocked. He at once inquired the cause of the extraordinary desire for information that had suddenly sprung up, and the young men told him plainly that there must be duplicate copies of the books procured, so that the girls could have one and the young men the other. He said he would attend to it the first thing in the morning, and then the old puritan glared around the room at the girls, who, poor things, were sitting with their noses close down to the pages of ther books, and studying as though their hearts would break. Then he coughed a couple of times, vaguely, and had the decency to go out.

Carrying Concealed Weapons.

As the constitutions generally say that the right of the people to bear arms shall not be infringed, it seems to be established that laws cannot be passed to forbid men from carrying firearms. But most of the states, probably, have laws declaring that these weapons shall not be carried concealed; whoever wears a pistol must wear it openly, so that his neighbors can see that he goes armed and may take care accordingly. Alabama has a stringent law of this kind. One man lately attempted to evade it by carrying in his pocket a pistol which could be taken apart and put together; the cylinder would unscrew from the barrel. He carried the pieces separate, but they were all in readiness, and could be screwed together and put in order for use at short notice. He said the pieces of the pistol were not a weapon. But the court decided against him. An unloaded pistol cannot be fired, but would any one say that carrying an unloaded pistol in the pocket was not carrying a concealed weapon? Unless some essential part of the pistol is wholly wanting so that it cannot be made useful, it is a weapon.

Archer, the Jockey.

Archer, the English jockey who rode Iroquois for Mr. Lorillard, is a person to be envied. He is the companion of lords and earns more than a prime minister. His regular fees are $25 if he wins, $15 if he loses, and $10 for a trial. This, however, does not tell the stories of his earnings, for he receives presents of enormous value, like gold watches, diamond rings, riding horses, dog carts, yachts, suits of clothes, cases of champagne, etc. Mr. Lorillard gave him $5000 for winning the Derby, and Mr. Keene gave Fordham $2500 for coming in first at the Grand Prix. Archer's earnings in 1876 are reported to have reached $60,000. He is a perfect demigod on the subject of horses. Wherever he moves a crowd of open-mouthed admirers follow him. His services are intrigued for by owners of horses, and his opinion of a horse earnestly solicited by his patron. The papers chronicle his movements, and the nobility are honored by receiving his visiting cards. When he goes down to the race he rides in a first-class carriage, and, on the whole, is what our English cousins call a "howling swell."

The Lost Aeronauts.

Charles E. Wise, the aeronaut, and son of the late Prof. John Wise, writes to the Philadelphia Times to say that the circumstances of the death of Prof. Donaldson and those of his father were widely different. Donaldson, he says, went out in an old leaky balloon, after it had already performed a voyage and stood all night inflated, and furthermore, the start was made directly on the edge of lake Michigan. In Prof. Wise's case, he says, it was an entirely new balloon, and the ascent was made at a distance of over 200 miles from the lake. The companion of Prof. Wise, so far from being inexperienced, was not only an aeronaut himself, but the owner of the balloon, which he had purchased from Prof. Wise, and agreed to pay the money, $375, when the descent was made. It is the belief of Prof. Wise's son that the loss of their lives was due to Prof. Wise placing the sailing of the balloon in the hands of his companion while he himself took a nap, telling the other to wake him up if necessary, which the latter failed to do.

Shakespeare in Bermuda.

(*Correspondence London Times.*)

The poet Moore, who resided at Walsingham, in Bermuda, where his house and his calabash tree are still pointed out, is no doubt in error when he tells us that the scene of the "Tempest" is laid in those islands, for the only passage in the play in which any allusion is made to them marks them, indeed, as one of Ariel's remote haunts, but in no way connects them with the shipwreck, which must have been on an island in the Mediterranean. And yet, so far as scenery goes, it would be hard to imagine any more appropriate to that exquisite play than is to be found here. How often in wandering along the shore one comes upon the scene itself! There, within a stone's throw, is the reef where the ship struck, and here the sheltered bay and Prospero's cave and Miranda's bower, and yonder the yellow sands to which Ferdinand was led by the mysterious son of Ariel; on either hand a rugged, rocky coast, tumbling in picturesque ruins into the sea. Many other details, too, would the scene-painter find, and could he faithfully portray it, the scene would surely be pronounced by all who saw it a very beautiful one indeed.

The Record of Business Failures.

(*From Bradstreet's, July 4th.*)

One hundred and fifteen failures throughout the United States and Canada were reported by wire to Bradstreet's the past week, an increase of 22 over the number reported for the preceding week. Only one failure of any magnitude in general importance occurred during the past week, that of W. O. Kinzey & Co., notions, New York city. The middle states had 23, an increase of 2; New England, 16 an increase of 5; Southern states 17, a decrease of 1; Western states 22, a decrease of 1; California and Pacific coast states 25, an increase of 13; Canada and the Provinces 12, an increase of 4.

—All those painful and distressing diseases and irregularities peculiar to the female sex may be promptly cured by BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. It regulates every organ to a healthy action. Trial bottles 10 cents.

—In the hot months of July and August the blood should be kept pure and cool with an occasional dose of Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters, a worthy family medicine. In large 8-ounce bottles, 50 cents, at all drug stores. Smith & McGlashan, special agents, 135 Yonge street.

TAILORING

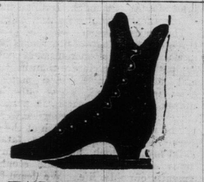
JAMES NOBLE
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 100 Yonge Street.

MARTIN'S
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT!
Adelaide Street East.
Gentlemen's own cloth made up in first-class style.

NOTICE.
If you want a First-class Spring Suit, at a reasonable price, go to G. & J. Fawcett's, 287 Yonge St., where you can get a first-class fit without the trouble of trying on.

Messrs. Kennedy & Co.,
TAILORS,
91 KING STREET WEST,
Have on hand a full assortment of
SPRING TWEEDS,
Worsteds, Serges, &c.,
and are turning out the finest work at the
Lowest Prices in the City.
Remember the Address:
KENNEDY & CO.,
91 King St. West.

BOOTS AND SHOES.



R. DOUGLASS,
50 YONGE STREET.
Spring and Summer Boots and Shoes. Full Lines Ladies' and Misses' Kid and Prunella Boots and Slippers.
GENTS' FRENCH CALF HAND-MADE.
Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes made to measure and a good fit guaranteed. 6

LADIES' WEAR ETC.

LADIES! NOW OUR TIME TO GET ONE of my Celebrated Saratoga Waves, made out of Natural Curly Hair in the latest styles. Also a large stock of all kinds of Hair Goods, as Wigs, Switches, etc., on hand. A call is respectfully solicited.
A. DORENWEND, Wig-maker,
Paris Hair Works, 105 Yonge street.

Beware of poor imitations, none are Genuine without our name stamped on Corset. 6

COLONIAL EXCURSIONS

MANITOBA.
THOSE GOING TO MANITOBA WILL FIND it to their advantage to correspond with us. Subscribe for the Colonist's News, a paper giving just the information you require, 10c. to end of year. PRITTIE'S popular excursions, with sleeping cars attached. The seventh of the season will leave Toronto on the 26th July, preceded day before by the fast freight train. 75,000 acres of choice lands for sale. Letters enclose three-cent stamp for reply and receive pamphlets, with maps free.
D. A. HOLBROOK, successor to R. W. Prittie & Co34. King Street East, Toronto.

REST AND COMFORT TO THE SUFFERING
"Brown's Household Panacea," has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a pain or ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25cents a bottle.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!!
Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever use it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physician and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere at 25 cents a bottle.

RETAIL CLOTHING.

FOR THE HOT WEATHER.
After long delay, the hot weather has come upon us with a rush, and
JAMIESON, THE GREAT CLOTHIER,
IS PREPARED FOR IT.
He can show the finest assortment of LIGHT, BREEZY CLOTHING in the city, at the lowest possible prices. He has also a large selection of Boys' Jersey Suits, which ladies should not fail to see before purchasing elsewhere.
JAMIESON, Agricultural Hall, cor. Queen & Yonge sts., TORONTO.

OAK HALL.
GREAT CLOTHING SALE NOW GOING ON.
Such bargains were never offered in Toronto before. We are determined to make this Sale the grandest and most successful ever held in Toronto. We have made further reductions for to-day's trade. We have resolved to clear the goods regardless of the loss. Give us a call and see for yourselves.
OAK HALL, *The Great One-Price Clothing House,* 115, 117, 119, 121 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO

DENTAL

WM. MYERS,
Surgeon Dentist.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
No. 77 King Street West.
Office open day and night.

W. C. ADAMS, L. D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
No. 87 King St. east, Toronto.
Best Mineral Teeth inserted in a manner to suit each patient. Strict attention given to all branches of the profession. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Private residence, 209 Jarvis street. A. W. Spaulding, Assistant.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY!
M. F. SMITH,
DENTIST, 266 Queen st. East
Artificial teeth, life-like in appearance and perfect eating and speaking; moderate fees.

FRANK H. SEFTON, L.D.S.,
DENTIST
Member of Royal College of Dental Surgeons o Ontario.
RooMS—Corner of Queen and Yonge sts. over Rose's Drug store, TORONTO.
Aoilerations skilfully performed.

LAUNDRY.

TORONTO
STEAM LAUNDRY.
LACE CURTAINS,
GOTTEN UP IN
SUPERIOR MANNER
—AT—
60c. and 75c. Per Pair.
56 WELLINGTON ST. WEST
GEO. P. SHARPE.

ELECTRO AND STEREOTYPING.

Since removing to our new premises we have added to our plant all the latest improved machinery for Electro and Stereotyping, and the manufacture of Printers' Furniture, facilities for executing work which no other establishment in Dominion possesses, and not excelled by any on the continent. A large assortment of various cuts constantly on hand. FLEMING & SON, 26 Colborne street Toronto.

F. DIVER & CO.,
Electro & Stereotypers,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
DESIGNING AND ENGRAVING ON WOOD.
14 King St. east. Toronto.

Reader—Whoever you are, you cannot have a cheaper or better paper than the World.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

MAIL PRINTING CO.
JOB DEPARTMENT NOW OPEN.
Everything First Class.
FINE PRINTING,
PROMPT AND CHEAP.
Entrance to Job Department on Bay Street.

TO THE COMMERCIAL PUBLIC!
IF YOU WANT FIRST-CLASS
JOB PRINTING
Equal in Design and Workmanship to any in America, try
R. G. McLean, General Job Printer
13 Adelaide Street East.
(Bell's old stand). Work delivered when promised, and prices right with A 1 work. Estimates given and samples shown on application. 3m.

MERCHANTS!
YOU CAN HAVE
Bill Heads, Circulars, Cards,
Etc., Printed Cheap and neat at
G. C. PATTERSON & CO.'S,
4 Adelaide Street West.

LOVELL BROTHERS,
BOOK AND JOB
Steam Printers & Publishers.
Fine work of Every Description a Specialty.
Attention given to Book Work. Estimates given on application.
31 AND 41 MELINDA STREET TORONTO

RESTAURANTS &c.

WILKINSON'S
RESTAURANT AND CONFECTIONERY,
187 Yonge Street.
A large and attractive stock of Pastry and Confectionery manufactured on the premises daily. Parties, Picnics, Suppers and Private Families Supplied at Moderate Rates. Full Bill of Fare Every Day. Day Boarders at $3 a Week.
Handsome Ice-Cream Parlors.
We have arranged to supply Victoria Park and the Island with Ice-Cream during the summer.
T. H. WILKINSON,
PROPRIETOR.

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT
YONGE STREET.
Hot Lunch only 15 Cents.
FULL DINNER only 25c.
The Best in the City in the Lower Dining Room.

FANCY GOODS.

SPECTACLES
EYE GLASSES.
C. POTTER, Optician,
31 KING STREET ST, TORONTO,
Makes a specialty of giving an easy fit, so that the will not tire the eye. 30 years' experience.

PHOTOGRAPHING & FINE ARTS.

J. B. COOK,
THE PHOTOGRAPHER,
Albert Hall,
191 and 193 YONGE STREE
Has all the latest kind of scenes. Rustic, Conservatory, Boating, and Swinging Pictures all the rage.
Cabinets, - - $3 per Dozen.
Tablettes, - - $5 " "
Cards - - $1 per Dozen up.
AMBROTYPES, Four for Fifty Cen

J. DIXON,
Photographer,
Has all the latest scenery in Photo use. His Photo and prices cannot be equalled in the city.
J. DIXON,
201 AND 203 YONGE STREET.

MICKLETHWAITE'S
RAPID PROCESS
PICTURES.
GALLERY,
Cor. Jarvis and King-sts.

MIRROR AND Picture Frames
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
MADE TO ORDER
AT
COOK & BUNKER'S
36 Kin street West.

DIXON,
The Photographer,
Is putting in a north light, having it built in the latest style. It is especially adapted for the finest class of work. He will arrange the other light expressly for tintypes.
GALLERY: COR. KING AND YONGE,
ENTRANCE ON KING ST. WEST.

STEAM DYEING.
ESTABLISHED 1869.
Ontario Steam Dye Works,
334 YONGE STREET, Opposite Gould, TORONTO
THOMAS SQUIRE, Prop.
The only house in Toronto which employs first-class PRACTICAL MEN to press Gentlemen's Clothes.

J. EYRES & SONS,
From J. Puller & Sons, Perth, Scotland
DYERS TO THE QUEEN.
STEAM DYE WORKS,
329 YONGE STREET, TORONTO, ONT.
Branch Office, Leader Lane, off King street East
We wish to inform the Merchants and Milliners of Toronto and vicinity that we have made an engagement with Mr. L. G. Bernyard, from Paris, France, to take the management of our Feather Department.
We have also engaged a first-class Feather Curler from London, England, so that the greatest care and skill will be employed to turn out first-class work.
The dyeing and cleaning of Ostrich Plumes and Feathers is an art which requires the greatest care and skill. We curl them beautifully, and guarantee to give satisfaction.
We solicit your patronage.