4 P.M. EDITION

# London Advertiser

Read Small Ads. ON PAGE 3.

40TH YEAR. NO. 2016 THE ADVERTISER, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1903. PRICE TWO CENTS.

## PREMIER BALFOUR FAVORS A RETALIATORY POLICY

### But Says the Country Is Not Prepared for Food Tax.

### Speaks to Immense Audience at Tory Conference.

**Mention of Chamberlain Provokes Wild Cheering—No Reference Made to the Resignations.**

Sheffield, England, Oct. 1.—The artillery drill hall, in which Premier Balfour made his tariff reform speech this evening, was packed by an expectant audience long before 8 o'clock, the hour at which Mr. Balfour was announced to begin speaking. An overflow meeting in Albert Hall was also crowded, while thousands unable to obtain seats, joined those inside the halls in patriotic songs and cheering.

Mr. Balfour arrived shortly before 8 and was given an enthusiastic reception. He rose to speak at 8:05 p.m., and announced at the outset that he intended to confine his speech to tariff reform, which, he said, had come prominently to the front owing to the growing uneasiness among men of varied opinions. Mr. Chamberlain's speech in May, he added, would not have produced the effect it did if it had not fallen on ground already prepared, and the threats against Canada for granting preference to Great Britain brought home the helplessness of this country to deal with such a situation. Tariff attacks could only be met by tariff replies.

This statement of the Premier was greeted with prolonged cheering.

Continuing, Mr. Balfour said that for fifty years England had watched in silence the building up of a wall of hostile tariffs against her. Even her colonies were building up a system of protection, which, when it reached its natural conclusion, would make it as hard for the United Kingdom to export goods to her colonies as to export goods to the United States and other protected countries. For the present state of affairs, Mr. Balfour remarked he did no know of a cure. The evil had gone too far, but he knew of a palliation. A nation depriving itself of the power of bargaining, Mr. Balfour pointed out, could never make a good bargian.

Mr. Balfour did not think the country was ripe for the taxation of food; but the evil of food taxation had been exaggerated beyond what reason and logic justified. He advised the Unionist party that to tax food would

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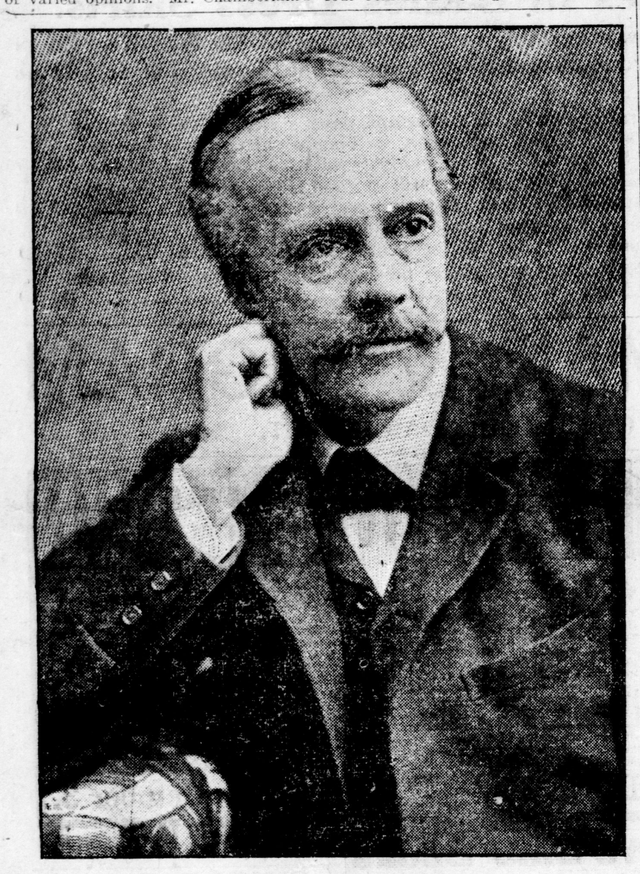

PREMIER BALFOUR.

### *Huffy Musicians.*

Berlin, Oct. 2. — Frau Gadski refused to sing at the Wagner banquet last night because it was given in the Winter Garden Music Hall, which contains the largest accommodation in Berlin. She said she had never sung in a music hall, and would never do so, but she attended the banquet. Her name was on the programme.

Edgar Stittman Kelley, who was to have represented the United States, has withdrawn from the international concert, because the orchestra has been unable to learn the Chinese airs from his opera, "Aladdin," and is likely to break down. Sir Alexander Mackenzie, the representative of Great Britain, and the Norwegian, Grieg, have also withdrawn.

## IRRECONCILABLE DIFFERENCES IN THE CONSERVATIVE PARTY

### Was Again Emphasized at the Closing Session of the Sheffield Convention.

Sheffield, Eng., Oct. 2.—The attendance today at the conference of the Conservative Associations was much smaller than yesterday, the opening day. The irreconcilable differences in the party on the fiscal question were again emphasized in the debate, and ultimately, in the interest of unity, Henry Chaplin, M. P., formerly president of the board of agriculture, and a lifelong protectionist, withdrew his "rider" of yesterday, and thereupon Sir John E. R. Dorington's official resolution of yesterday was carried unanimously, Sir John Gorst saying in behalf of the free fooders that they did not desire any more amendments. In withdrawing the rider, which promised to further disrupt the ranks of the Unionists, Mr. Chaplin explained that he was convinced, after hearing Mr. Balfour's speech of last night, that it would be mischievous to press the matter, as it was directly hostile to the Premier and nothing was further from his views.

Lord Hugh Cecil, M. P., and Winston Churchill, M. P., subsequently announced that they had neither voted for nor against the Dorington resolution. After the passing of a resolution urging the Government to take steps to insure the efficiency of the army, the conference terminated.

### New Light for Lizard.

London, Oct. 2.—A single electric light, said to be the most powerful in the world, which exhibits a flash every five seconds, has been substituted for the double fixed light at Lizard Point.

### *May Be Cromer.*

London, Oct. 2.—It was rumored on the stock exchange yesterday that Lord Cromer had been offered the post of secretary for the colonies in the cabinet, and that Lord Milner, who has been spoken of as the successor to Mr. Chamberlain, would return to South Africa.

## MADE FINE SHOWING

**Collegiate Institute Pupils Had Splendid Appearance on Parade.**

The boys of the Collegiate Institute made a fine showing when at 1:30 p.m. today they marched from the school to Tecumseh Park, where the annual games are being held. They were headed by the Kilties' Band and stretched for the distance of almost a block. Each boy kept in step nicely, and the effect of the physical training they receive was apparent. The sports commenced at 2 o'clock and were going on enthusiastically when The Advertiser went to press.

TWO OF THE OLD FELLOWS.

Two visitors at the police court this morning were Ex-P. Cs. Hobbins and Boyd, both of whom saw forty years' service on the force. They are always warmly welcomed by the younger members. Both say they never saw a finer body of men on the force than at present.

## FIRE AT THE CAPITAL

**Big Office Furniture Factory Badly Gutted.**

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 2. -- Early this morning fire destroyed the large factory of the Eclipse Office Furniture Company on Albert street. The walls are intact, but the inside is gutted.

The loss is about $60,000 with about $40,000 insurance, principally in nontariff companies.

About 130 men are thrown out of work until the factory is rebuilt, which will be done immediately.

The insurance companies interested are Ottawa Economical, London Mutual, Queen City, Merchants, Equity, Fire Insurance Exchange and Metropolitan.

## DIDN'T FEEL ABLE

**Balfour Tells Why Milner Refused the Office.**

Sheffield, Eng., Oct. 2.—Premier Balfour addressed the delegates after lunch this afternoon. In the course of his speech he announced that Lord Milner did not feel himself able to accept the colonial secretaryship.

## HE DIDN'T KNOW IT WAS LOADED

### Young Man in Play Blows Off the Head of His 17-Year-Old Bride.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 2.—Because he pointed a gun that he did not know was loaded at his wife, Ignatz Klenent, aged 22 years, of Oliphant, a groom of two weeks, is a widower and a prisoner.

Recently he and his 17-year-old bride returned from their wedding tour and began housekeeping. Yesterday he started out on a hunting trip. As he kissed his young bride good-bye at the gate she laughingly said something about his being unable to shoot and that she would give him leave to shoot her. He playfully raised the gun, pointed it at her and it went off. She was only six feet distant and the top of her head was blown away. He said that he did not know the gun was loaded. He was committed to the county jail, but will likely to released on bail.

## TWO CAN PLAY RUSSIA'S GAME

### Japan May Refuse to Evacuate Korea Until Czar Soldiers Leave Manchuria.

London, Oct. 2.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Kobe, Japan, dated Oct. 1, says that Japanese troops left Dari a few days ago for Korea, and more troops are expected to embark at Karatsu. Activity prevails at Kokoura, the headquarters of the twelfth division of the Japanese army, and also on the Kiushiu Railway. A standing squadron is at Masampio, on the Korean coast. The Hong Kong correspondent of the Daily Mail learns that 10,000 Chinese laborers are building barracks at Port Arthur for 50,000 additional Russian troops, and that feverish haste is being displayed in railway construction.

The Daily Mail considers the dispatch of Japanese troops to Korea a grave move on the part of Japan. The troops are intended to guard her telegraph lines, but all means the occupation of Korea, which Japan will probably refuse to evacuate till Russia evacuates Manchuria. This, adds the newspaper, means a permanent occupation, as it is not expected that Russia will leave Manchuria. Whether the step will lead to war will depend largely upon whether Russia acquiesces or not in Japan's move.

Washington, Oct. 2.—The State Department has been informed that Prince Ching has determined to refuse to consent to any terms proposed by Russia for a postponement of the evacuation of Manchuria, which might be injurious to Chinese sovereignty rights or the rights of other nations. China insists that Russia, having given a pledge to move out of Manchuria on or before Oct. 8, should keep her agreement without imposition of any further demands.

## CONCLUSION NOT REACHED

**Decision on Charge of Violation of Lord's Day Act Reserved.**

The case in regard to violation of the Lord's Day act came up again at the police court this morning, and Magistrate Love decided to further reserve his decision until next Tuesday, the defense bringing up several other points which he thought should be taken into consideration.

George W[illegible]ker, charged by his wife, Laura, wit[illegible] non-support, was allowed to go. Th[illegible] two, it was shown, found it impossible to live happily together and decided to take this course.

Isaac R. Dowdy was charged by the medical health officer with a breach of the public health act. It was said that his premises were in a very unsanitary condition. The case was adjourned.

John McKenzie, a young man with his bright hopes blighted by his indiscretions, was given until tomorrow night to pay a fine of five dollars for being drunk.

## SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES DOWN

### Ten and a Half Millions Submitted to Parliament.

### EXPENDITURE WAS $67,700,000

**Many Important Improvements to Harbors and Canals—Some New Armories.**

Ottawa, Oct. 1. — The supplementary estimates for 1903-04, presented to the House today by Hon. W. S. Fielding, call for a total vote of $10,590,863, of which $5,861,885 is chargeable to consolidated fund, and $4,728,978 to capital account. The main estimates for 1903-04 amounted to $57,109,974, or a total for the year, adding the supplementaries, of $67,700,837, compared with $59,061,934 for the year 1902-03. To-day's estimates contain many items of interest, both from the standpoint of internal development and of international relationship. For instance, there is $146,000 as Canada's contribution to the Queen Victoria memorial, and $140,000, the amount required to pay expenses connected with the Alaska boundary commission, on the one hand, and $250,000 additional for schools, clerical assistance, printing, etc., to be granted the Government of the Northwest Territories. A large number of old claims against the Government on small matters are also provided for.

A vote of $40,000 is asked to pay salaries and expenses in connection with the railway commission of Canada, in addition to the statutory provision, and $25,000 to provide for expenditure in connection with the transportation commission. The sum of $194,666 is set apart for a steam service between Canada and Australia. Another interesting item is an increase of 25 cents per day in the wages of lockmen, lockmasters, bridgemen and ferrymen of the various canals, amounting in all to $37,000.

*PUBLIC WORK ITEMS.*

Public works chargeable to income form the largest part of the expenditures, amounting to $3,173,731, with railways and canals, chargeable to capital, coming second, with $2,954,359. Under the former heading, following are some of the items:

Guelph, armory, $10,000; Chatham, armory, $10,000; Sault Ste. Marie, public building, re-vote $10,000, $25,000; Woodstock, public building, $3,500; Brantford, drill hall, alterations, and additions, $15,000; St. Marys, public building, $8,600; London, military buildings, magazine, $3,000; Collingwood, improvement in harbor, $60,000; Depot Harbor, breakwater, $20,000; Goderich, breakwater off entrance to harbor, $20,000; Gores' Landing, wharf, $3,000; Leamington, wharf, sheet piling, etc., $3,800; Meaford, harbor, new breakwater, pier, $15,000; Midland, harbor, improvements, $12,000; Oakville, harbor, additional amount for dredging, $3,500; Port Dover, piers, works of reconstruction and renewal and repair, $10,000; Penetanguishene, dredging, etc., $4,800; Parry Sound, wharf, $8,000; Point Edward, dredging, $6,000; Port Burwell, improvement of harbor, re-vote $5,000, $34,000; Port Stanley, dredging, $4,000; Port Perry, dredging harbor, $2,200; Port Arthur, repairs to breakwater, $17,500.

The appropriations for harbors and rivers in the other provinces are as follows: Nova Scotia, $313,770; Prince Edward Island, $68,800; New Brunswick, $98,400; Quebec, $437,700; British Columbia, $85,100; Yukon, $30,000; Manitoba, $1,000.

Under fisheries, $75,000 is asked toward providing for a steamer to replace the Acadia and one to replace the Petrel on the great lakes, and $15,000 further for building and maintenance of fish-breeding establishments.

*LARGER PERMANENT FORCE.*

Under militia, chargeable to capital, there is a sum of $1,300,000 (re-voted $200,000), for purchase of ordnance, arms, rifle ranges, lands for military properties, reserve stores of clothing, equipment, etc., including $75,000 for the manufacture at the Dominion arsenal of a reserve supply of ammunition. Under militia chargeable to income there is $45,000 further for provisions and supplies; $28,000 to increase the permanent force to 1,500 men; $10,000 further for schools of signaling and musketry; $10,000 for military surveys, and $1,750 for monument on the battlefield at Fort Erie.

FUNERAL OF "JEFF" CHADWICK.

The funeral of the late Godfrey Chadwick, who was drowned in Chicago, took place today from the residence of his brother, Berkeley Chadwick, 447 King street, to Woodland Cemetery. Rev. Canon Dann conducted the service. The pall-bearers were chosen from among the former members of the old Grand Opera House orchestra, to which deceased belonged.

## WEATHER BULLETIN

London, Friday, Oct. 2.

Sun rises..6:15 a.m. Moon rises..4:00 p.m.
Sun sets...5:59 p.m. Moon sets...2:13 a.m.

**Tomorrow—Mostly Fair.**

Toronto, Oct. 1—8 p.m.

Showers have occurred very generally today in Ontario and Quebec, while elsewhere fair weather has prevailed, and the temperature has been nearly the same in all parts of the Dominion.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 12—40; Victoria, 40—56; Calgary, 26—56; Swift Current, 34—66; Winnipeg, 26—64; Port Arthur, 40—56; Parry Sound, 56—64; Toronto, 54—66; Ottawa, 46—68; Montreal, 50—64; Quebec, 48—56; Halifax, 84—68.

Friday, Oct. 2—8 a.m.

FORECASTS.

Today—Northeasterly winds; fine.

Saturday—Easterly winds; fair most of the day; showery by night.

Temperatures.

| Stations. | 8 a.m. | Min. | Weather. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Winnipeg | 48 | 46 | Cloudy |
| Parry Sound | 40 | 38 | Clear |
| Toronto | 54 | 54 | Cloudy |
| Ottawa | 50 | 48 | Fair |
| Montreal | 52 | 48 | Clear |
| Quebec | 58 | 50 | Clear |
| Father Point | 44 | 42 | Fair |

WEATHER NOTES.

The weather is now fine throughout Ontario and Quebec. In Manitoba and the Territories it is showery, with fresh easterly winds.

Local temperatures: Thursday—Highest, 68°; lowest, 60°.

## THE G. T. R. EARNINGS

**Half-Yearly Report Shows Substantial Gains.**

London, Oct. 2.—The Grand Trunk Railway's half-yearly report shows that passenger earnings made a gain of £80,000, mails and express £13,000, freight and live stock £307,000. The increase in the numbers of passengers carried was 335,000, and an addition of a farthing on the average fare received, and a like gain on the average rate per ton of freight. The quantity of freight and live stock showed an increase of 1,079,600 tons. The working expenses increased £389,000, the additional expenditure being largely due to the augmented price of fuel.

The new issue of Grand Trunk guaranteed stock, I am informed, has been considerably oversubscribed.

## HERBERT'S SUCCESSOR

**Foreign Office Has Not Yet Considered the Question.**

London, Oct. 2. -- The Associated Press is in the position to state that the foreign office has not yet considered the question of a successor to Sir Michael Herbert as British ambassador at Washington, and will not consider it for some time to come.

## SILVER LINING TO SOO CLOUD

### The Allied Companies Appear To Be On the Verge of Rehabilitation.

Sault Ste. Marie, Oct. 1.—Lively developments of the silver lining variety have marked the day in the Soo. Apparently the allied companies are on the verge of rehabilitation, and the impecunious crowd of unpaid employes are about to receive their arrearage. The announcement that the Government would pay amounts due the men on Saturday, information from Francis Clergue that indicated successful reorganization and early resumption, and the withdrawal of all the military forces except the regulars have been the three great factors in the elation manifested today among the citizens of the Soo. While a conservative view rather discourages the idea of immediate resumption of the syndicate's operations, the disbursement of so large a sum among the people of the town at once is raising the spirits of the citizens and merchants amazingly. This favorable situation following so close upon the riotous scenes is a sequel that has wholly changed the complexion of things in this section of the Dominion.

## SEA BISCUITS AND A FEW FISH

### American Exploration Party Has a Hard Time in the Wilds of Labrador.

St. Johns, Nfld., Oct. 2.—It appears that the failure of the Labrador exploring expedition, organized by Col. Willard Glazier, of New York, which has just returned here, was due to the lack of necessary equipment. The expedition, comprising only six men, five whites and one Eskimo, started without boats, canoes, tents or adequate provisions. On arriving at Nain, they had to procure the boat of the Moravian Mission there, a small undecked skiff.

The deep sea mission steamer Strathcona, with Dr. Grenfell aboard, towed them some distance on their way, and they proceeded very litttle beyond where the steamer left them. Dr. Binion, the only scientist of the party, was taken ill and had to be invalided back. The expedition spent only 23 days in Labrador altogether. Owing to a shortage of food, the members were forced to exist on hard tack (or sea biscuits) and coffee, with a few fish which they caught with lines. The leading Labrador authorities severely criticised the want of wisdom of expeditions inadequately equipped visiting that coast, as it is feared that loss of life may occur.

## GOWN GOES TO THE DUMP

**And the Fair Owner Gets Box of Scraps.**

New York, Oct. 2. — Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner Clarke, of Brooklyn, was visited today by an excited little man, who demanded immediate attention. "You have my velvet dress, my velvet dress," shouted the man, glaring fiercely at the commissioner. "I am ruined, ruined." "What do you mean, are you crazy?" asked the commissioner. "My dress, my beautiful velvet dress is on the dump," was the only answer.

After a time it was learned that the excited little man was S. Rabinowitz, a tailor. It is the habit of the tailor to give the street cleaning department the daily sweepings from his store. This morning he put his sweepings into a box. In a similar box he placed a handsome velvet gown to be sent to a customer.

The box containing the gown was sent to the dump, while the box of sweepings was sent to a young woman who was waiting for her new dress. When she opened the box to inspect the new dress she nearly fainted. Recovering quickly, however, she hurried to the tailor's shop and demanded to know what was meant by such conduct. Clarke sent word to the superintendant of dumps and the much-prized box was found and returned.

### Smuggled Mongolians.

New York, Oct. 2.—Fifteen Chinamen, who, it is alleged, had been smuggled across the border from Canada, were arrested when they arrived at Weehawken today. The federal authorities were notified of their arrest.

## TELL-TALE BLOOD STAINS FAIL TO UNNERVE KENNEDY

### He Takes Things Coolly Despite Much Damaging Evidence.

### How the Brantford Police Outwitted an Enraged Mob.

**Although They Had Kennedy They Allowed Watchers to Remain at "Willows" All Night.**

Brantford, Oct. 2. — There is little new in connection with the foul murder of 8-year-old Irene Cole, and it is not expected that there will be any more particularly interesting developments until this evening, when evidence will be received by the coroner's jury. It is supposed that there will be told for the first time the exact details of the disappearance from her home of the murdered girl. Nothing can shake the belief of the authorities that they have the right man under arrest, and gradually a chain of evidence is being woven about Joseph Kennedy, the groom recently from Belfast, arrested early yesterday morning on suspicion, which will make it exceedingly difficult for him to free himself from the fearful charge. The police say that Kennedy was seen in the vicinity of the place where the murder occurred on the morning of the tragedy, and that he was not seen from 1 o'clock in the afternoon until 4, when he was seen to come from the district where the murder occurred. The prisoner still maintains an apparently stolid indifference to all that is going on about him.

Kennedy still refuses to discuss the apparent presence of bloodstains on his clothes, and says that he cannot explain it. It is evident that the stains were sponged in an unsuccessful effort to remove them, but the condition of the clothing worn by the man will go far, the police think, towards securing a conviction. So certain are the authorities that they have the right man that they have practically given up the idea of looking further, and they are pretty well content with what they have accomplished.

Another point in the case was cleared up, when a bar of castile coap was found on the bank of the river a few yards away from where the murder took place, and it is alleged that the prisoner went there to endeavor to remove all traces of the crime.

All Wednesday night "The Willows" were surrounded by a cordon of volunteers, who suspected that the murderer might still remain there, in the hope that the body of his victim would not be recovered so soon, and that, under cover of the darkness, he might succeed in slipping away unobserved. These watchers were not made aware of the arrest made at 2 o'clock in the morning, the local police keeping them in ignorance of the fact for two reasons, first, that there was a possibility that the right man had not been apprehended, and, second, that the crowd were in an angry mood and an attempt might be made to mob the prisoner. However, the crowd was entirely orderly when the news became known, and there was no demonstration.

When the accused was arraigned in the police court an enormous crowd was present, but he was detained at the station until some time after the court had adjourned and there were not more than a dozen people present when he was taken to the jail. The coolness of the man puzzles the authorities, and in the fact of the most damaging evidence they have against him they cannot understand how Kennedy can be such a stoic.

### General Smith Ill.

Chicago, Oct. 2.—General Orland Smith, vice-president of the B. B. and O., prior to the receivership, is critically ill at his home in this city, and is not expected to live longer than two or three days.

### *Joy at the Soo.*

Sault Ste. Marie, Oct. 2. — The announcement today that the Ontario Government was to pay the wages of the men on Saturday came in the form of a telegram from C. N. Smith, Liberal candidate for the Legislature from this riding, and was immediately posted all over the Canadian Soo.

The men were nearly frantic with joy, and the scenes which the first of the week made the town a dangerous place to live in, gave place to such a one as might be expected on a great national holiday. Men cheered and yelled and cried.

## ITALY AND FRANCE

**King Victor's Visit Is of Very Little Significance.**

Rome, Oct. 2.—From the highest authority it is learned that King Victor Emmanuel's journey to Paris has not special political significance, except that it materially demonstrates the re-establishment of good relations between France and Italy. It will have no European international consequences, it is said, for Italy has no intention to abandon the Triple Alliance, which has just been renewed, and which has had a beneficial effect on the maintenance of peace for more than twenty years. It is also believed that no Mediterranean question exists because of Italy's understanding with England, and the Franco-Italian convention, by which Italy has given up any claim to Morocco, and has had her right over Tripoli recognized. Such is the official view of the situation.

The Late Sir Michael Herbert.

## LIPTON NO STATESMAN

**He Is Amused at Senator Kearn's Statement.**

Chicago, Oct. 2.—Sir Thomas Lipton smiled when told that Senator Kearns had mentioned the baronet as being an ideal successor to Sir Michael Herbert. He said:

"I must say that I am not a statesman, and there is no possibility in the world of my representing Great Britain at Washington."

Sir Thomas expects to leave Chicago for New York City today.

## THE UNION JACK AND ENGLISH MUSKETS IN BOSTON'S STREETS

### A Memorable Parade by the Honorable Artillery Company of Boston.

Boston, Oct. 2.—For the first time in many years, the flag of England, guarded by British muskets, was borne through the streets of Boston today by the Honorable Artillery Company of London, as special guests of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of this city.

Landing at Charlestown, almost on the very spot where their ancestors started on their memorable attack on Bunker Hill, 128 years ago, the redcoats of the twentieth century marched from their steamer, the Mayflower, over the bridge to Boston, and then through the streets, resplendent with American and British flags, to the hotels which will be their homes during their visit. For five days they will be entertained, then, after a week's tour, to include New York, Washington, Niagara Falls and Canada, they will return to England.

The parade was most spectacular, the showy uniforms of the cadets, the deep blue of the militia, the scarlet of the National Lancers contributed to the brilliancy of the escorting column, no less than did the British red of the royal garrison band of Halifax, and of the visiting company to the main body.

After a march through the principal streets and across Boston Common, the parade was dismissed.

Along the march many business houses were decorated, and crowds, which thronged the streets, cheered and applauded the visitors. The first entertainment for the visitors will be a smoker in Faneuil Hall tonight.

### *Guarding the Czar.*

Vienna, Oct. 2. — Emperor Francis Joseph and the Czar reached the imperial hunting lodge near Muerzsteig, Styria, last evening, after a day's sport. Their majesties were enthusiastically cheered. The police precautions at Muersteig and its vicinity are most unusual. Gendarmes, detectives and other police practically line the roads leading to Muerzsteig. They are posted so close together that they are able to see each other and exchange calls.

## AMERICA FOR THE NEGRO

**Mr. Washington Says It Is the Best Place for Him.**

Paris, Oct. 2.—Booker T. Washington, who is here says there is absolutely no foundation for the report that he is in Europe in the interest of a scheme for the emigration of the American negro. He added: "I had a conversation with Leigh Hunt in America with regard to helping him to secure a few educated colored men from Tuskegee for the purpose of introducing skilled agricultural methods among the natives of the Soudan, and it is possible that if Mr. Hunt's plan develops a few students may go to the Soudan. As the result of my observations abroad, I believe, as always, the best place for the negro is America. My belief is based on the fact that he has there better industrial opportunities and is better off than people in the same walk in life in Europe."