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Guelph Evening Mercury

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 10.

NORAH CUSHALEEN

OR THE
HAUNTED CASTLE.

Terry suffered himself to be led in, and with a heavy heart Barney Magee proceeded on his way.

Next morning, as Michael and Terry sat on each side of the fire, bawling their deep misfortune, the door opened, and Jacob O'Brady appeared on the threshold.

"The top o' the mornin' to ye both," said the factor, as his sinister eye glanced round the well-furnished room. The sneer on his lip gave the lie to the tone of the salutation, and a half-suppressed smile of triumph lurked on his ill-favoured countenance.

"What's yer business here, Mister O'Brady," said Terry, in a fierce tone, his face flushing up to an angry red, and his usually merry eyes glancing with indignation.

"Bless us," cried the factor, with affected astonishment, "is that the manners ye've learned in foreign parts to insult a gentleman when he comes to your father's house on a little business?"

"And be jabbers it's not your fault at all, at all, that my father has a house for ye to come to," said Terry, bitterly.

"Ye're mighty changed since I saw ye the other day," remarked O'Brady. "Ye were in a free and easy mood then, but this morning one does not know how to spake to ye."

"Nobody shall spake to me any but words of civility," cried Terry. "And as I know, Mr. O'Brady, that such a thing is not to be looked for from the likes o' you, I would rather that ye told yer business and tuk' yerself off."

"Do ye now? Well, I don't mind though I do come to the point. The sooner the better. After hearing from your own lips the other day that you had grown rich, I thought as how you might like to pay the debt which your father owes me, and has done for many a year. Says I to myself, Terry Cushaleen has the honest spirit in him, and he'll not see any one come to loss by his father, when he is able to clear off the old score himself. So I've just come down this morning with the account, and—"

"My father owin' you, ye cheatin' blackguard," roared Terry starting up. "And well ye know that ye ruined him, robbed him of his all, and turned him into a mud cabin. And yet ye have face to come here and say that he owes you."

"Thirty five pounds seven and ninepence," said O'Brady in a cool, unmoved tone. "That's not worth higgling about to a man that has just come from the diggings with four thousand pounds worth of gold dust."

"And as Jacob O'Brady said this, there was a sneering smile added to the ironical tone."

"If I had ten times the sum you say, you should not finger a farthing of it; but of course ye've heard that I've lost my boxes, and that's why you've come—to have a bit of triumph over my misfortune. But though I've lost my gold, Mister O'Brady, I haven't lost my fists, and if you don't take through the door immediately ye'll find yourself sprawling on the floor."

The factor retreated a step or two and cried 'Larry,' when immediately in stepped a tuncationary of the law, whom Michael and Terry knew only too well, for he had officiated at their ejection from Mountjoy.

"It is likely you are to be wanted here Larry," said O'Brady. "This young blade wouldn't care to show off some of his Californian airs."

"He'd better be quiet and civil if he doesn't want to make the acquaintance of the inside of our Cork jail," said Larry knitting his heavy brows and looking awful.

"Och, that's the way of it, is it?" said Terry, in a tone of disgust. "Well the sooner he and you get out of here the better for us three, for I'll not be after standing any nonsense."

"Sure and it's no nonsense that brought us," observed Larry.

"I should think not," chimed in O'Brady; "I only want what old Michael owes me, and if I get it I'll walk out this blessed minute."

"Then you'll not get it," roared Terry. "Och, then, it's much about the same thing, for I'll take it," said the factor carelessly.

"Take it," repeated Terry, "ye'll be mighty clever if you do that."

"I'll try. Do you think I'll make the sum out of that purty furniture, Larry?" "Och, murder," groaned Michael. "Another turn-out. We must go back to the old cabin, but ye can't take the furniture, Mister O'Brady, for sure it's not mine—it's Terry's."

"Not isn't it," quickly rejoined O'Brady. "Terry bought it in your name, and the receipts were given in your name, and if you don't mean to pay, Larry will take an inventory."

"It's no use holding out, father," said Terry, in a tone of sad yet fierce bitterness. "He means to ruin us again, and he has got the law to help him."

"Maybe ye should have minded that I had the power to do so, when you boasted and bragged and insulted me the other day. I thought you would have known by this time that I don't suffer anyone to insult me with impunity."

"I know you for the greatest black-guard in Ireland," said Terry.

"You hear that, Larry?" said the factor. "Don't forget that you heard him say so, and now you begin the inventory—there's a purty mahogany table to start off with."

"Stay," cried an authoritative voice, and Hargrave stepped into the midst of them from the adjoining room. He paused for a moment, and bent on O'Brady a look of stern indignation.

TO BE CONTINUED.

BIRTHS.

ANDERSON. At Elmwood on the 9th inst., the wife of Mr. John Anderson of a son.

DEATHS.

MITCHELL. Of dysentery, two children of Mr. Andrew Mitchell of Nassagaweya, on the 2nd inst.—Single aged 4 years and 1 month.

POETRY.

WISHING AND WAITING.

A maiden stood in her little room,
As she braided her silken hair,
And seldom has mirror in cot or hall
Reflected a form so fair.
But how often, alas! does the face belie
The state of the hidden heart;
And she cried, while the tears did start—
"O! this wishing and waiting is weary work;
And will he never come,
Who promised to make me his own dear wife,
And the pride of his future home?"

An anxious wife at her window sat,
And her cheeks turned deadly pale,
When she heard the shout of the storm without,
And the shriek of the angry gale,
As it dashed the wild breakers upon the coast.
With a hollow booming roar;
And she prayed that the husband of her heart
Might safely reach the shore.
"O! this wishing and waiting is weary work,"
She cried, with a quivering lip,
"May he who can silence the rudest blast
Keep watch o'er you storm-tossed ship."

An old man sat by a dying fire,
With a Bible in his hand,
And with eager gaze he scanned the page
Which told of the "better land."
And his face with an holy rapture glowed,
As the kindly words he read,
That safe on the Saviour's loving breast
There is rest for the weary head.
"O! this wishing and waiting is weary work;
But the time will shortly come,
When, far from the troubles and cares of earth,
My father shall call me home."

Clap-Trap.

This is what the *Sarnia Observer* calls the cry of "Disunion" with which the Tories idiotically think to bring opprobrium on Reformers. The howl is re-echoed from Sarnia to Gaspé, with no other effect that we can discover, than to prove that the originators of it are lunatics. The paper to which we have referred speaks of it in the following terms.

The Tories of Lambton are not behind their compatriots in other counties in the art of "dodging." Comparatively few of them have the manliness to avow themselves Tories! especially at election times, when the game of securing a portion of the Reform vote for their candidate has to be played, in order to give them the slightest chance of success. Then they call themselves "Liberal Conservatives," "Moderate Reformers," "Union men," or some other captivating title, under which they seek to hide the dirty rags of pure Toryism. The game they have in this way tried to play in the past, they have again had recourse to at the present election. They dub themselves "Union Reformers!" the object being to mislead the simple by the inference that the true, genuine Reformers of the country are opposed to the Union or Confederation of the Provinces. This is the most unfounded charge; one for which there is not the slightest ground whatever. To the exertion of the Reform party we are in a very large degree indebted for the accomplishment of Confederation. Even Mr. Macdougall himself, bitterly opposed as he is to Mr. Brown, had to admit, that to him and his followers the success of the scheme was largely due. It is, then not only the most absurd, but the most dishonest charge which could be made against the Reform party, that they are opposed to the successful carrying out of the Confederation Act. The truth is, that if any portion of the public men of the country are opposed to the maintenance of the new Dominion, on the basis on which it is now established, it is some of those, with their followers, who are making such a determined effort to maintain themselves in the position they have assumed on their own responsibilities, and altogether irrespective of the public opinion of the people of the Dominion. It is well known that several of those who now claim to lead in the affairs of the Dominion were open and avowed opponents of the measure throughout; and do not scruple, even now, to predict that it will be of short duration. Such is neither the desire nor the hope of the Reform party. It cost them a long and an arduous struggle to secure the control of their own local affairs, and a voice in the direction of the affairs of the Dominion, to which, in proportion of their numbers, and their contributions to the revenue of the country, they were justly entitled; and having obtained these long-sought-for, and hardly-earned concessions, nothing but sheer madness could or would tempt them to abandon them.

Dr. Ryerson's Epistle.

The *Barrie Examiner* thus speaks of Dr. Ryerson's latest epistle in favour of the coalition government.

"Old 'Leonidas,' of the 'twenty pages of calm reasoning,' in the time of Sir Charles Metcalfe, is out with a pamphlet in defence of the General Government and the Local Government, of Ontario. Without saying anything of the ability the worn out politico-religious hack exhibits in his political brochure, it may be set down as the emanation of a driveller, for Dr. Ryerson can be little more now. He won his spurs by a political display in 1846, and has ever since enjoyed a good fat berth, but can hardly, as he says, after half a century of public life, expect any pecuniary reward. That he enters the political arena once more, solely through a desire of benefiting his countrymen, he does not hesitate to declare; and possibly his assertion is worthy of credit, and we must, of a consequence, put down the grave error he has committed, to his over-weening vanity and a desire of keeping his name before the public. People generally can appreciate the value of Confederation without the assistance of the chief Superintendent of Education, and it would have been well if he kept quiet until the elections were over. The reverend gentleman's labored style will hardly have the effect of convincing the public that they err in having minds of their own, and venture to exercise them as they see fit."

It is related of two old Scotch ministers, that one asked the other if he was not sorely tempted at times to go fishing.

The visit of the Empress of the French to England has given rise to very much speculation. Some will have it that Eugénie has gone to express her sympathy with the Queen on account of the execution of her cousin, Maximilian, whilst others say that political reasons have suggested the propriety of her visit, as it will be evidence of an alliance between France and England against the United power of Russia and Prussia.

We find by a comparison of the merchant fleets of all nations that Great Britain and her colonies stand first, with nearly eight million tons, the United States next, with something over four millions, North German States, one million three hundred and fifty thousand tons, France 985,000 tons, Italy 666,000, Netherlands 510,000, Spain 276,000, Austria 233,000, Sweden 276,000, Denmark 140,000.

New Advertisements.

A NEW NAME,

CALLED TO ACCOUNT

BY ANNIE THOMAS.

Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Leisure Hour,
Sunday at Home,
FOR AUGUST!
Chamber's Journal,
FOR JULY.

AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE,

OPPOSITE THE MARKET.

Guelph, 10th August, 1867.

SUPERIOR

YOUNG HYSON

75 cents per lb.

Equal in quality and flavor to Tea at a higher price.

GEORGE WILKINSON.

Guelph, 5th Aug., 1867.

SOUTH RIDING
OF WELLINGTON.

To the Electors of the South Riding of Wellington:

GENTLEMEN,
I am a candidate for the representation of South Wellington in the House of Commons. I have become so at the request of a Convention of Reform Delegates, lately held in the Town of Guelph, and also at the request of many of my political friends throughout the Riding, who, while approving of my public career in the past, have been kind enough to express a willingness to still further extend the confidence reposed in me at the three last general elections.

I regard the new Constitution, so graciously conferred to us by Her Majesty and the British Parliament, as the means by which the British North American Colonies will become firmly bound together, and our connection with the British Empire established upon a firm and lasting basis, and if elected as your representative, I shall endeavor to further the best interests of the country for the sake of place and power, or who will make their public duty subservient to their own personal aggrandizement.

On entering upon our new state of political existence, many important questions will of necessity engage the attention of our first Parliament, and much will depend upon the ability and integrity of the gentlemen composing it. A good and economical government is what the country most requires. Honesty of purpose, intelligence and ability are among the qualities necessary in the gentlemen at the head of our affairs, and to such, as I am convinced that they are honestly working for the welfare of the Confederation—I will tender a generous support, but I will oppose any Government, or any set of men, who will attempt to further the best interests of the country for the sake of place and power, or who will make their public duty subservient to their own personal aggrandizement.

I am in principle opposed to the form of government styled "a Coalition." I believe that the general tendency of such arrangements leads to the alienation or abandonment of principle, the lowering of public morality, lavish expenditure and general corruption in the management of our public affairs. But while holding those views in all sincerity, I am decidedly opposed to the introduction of anything like a fictitious opposition such has too often in the past characterized our political history.

The events of the past eighteen months must have convinced every thoughtful man that an efficient system of defence is absolutely necessary for the better protection of the country. I believe the Volunteer system of service to be most in accordance with the genius of our people and best adapted to the wants of our country. But the Volunteer system to be kept efficient must be encouraged and supported. Officers and men serving for a number of years do so at much personal sacrifice, and have to be ready at a moment's notice to leave their homes and their business at the call of duty. Therefore, we the men among us who are thus ready and willing to make such sacrifices for our protection, we should not hesitate to accord to them in return encouragement and support. Officers and men serving for a number of years do so at much personal sacrifice, and have to be ready at a moment's notice to leave their homes and their business at the call of duty. Therefore, we the men among us who are thus ready and willing to make such sacrifices for our protection, we should not hesitate to accord to them in return encouragement and support.

I will do all in my power to foster and encourage our Volunteer Militia system so far as it is compatible with the interests of the country. I am also in favor of some general scheme which will have for its object the encouragement of rifle practice amongst the young men of our country.

I am in favor of a renewal of reciprocal free trade with the United States of America, such as will be of mutual advantage, and consistent with the honour of both countries.

A general revision and equalization of our Tariff will become necessary under our new Constitution. If elected I will endeavour to secure a measure based upon equitable principles to all interests and sections of the Dominion.

I am in favor of a lower and uniform rate of postage upon letters, the total abolition of postage on newspapers, and I am also in favor of the passing of some measure which will be the means of reducing the exorbitant charges now made for the transmission of messages by telegraph.

The Currency question will doubtless engage the early attention of the Legislature. I am in favor of a uniform currency throughout the Dominion, and I will support any well-considered measure for the removal of the *Silver Variance* which we at present labour under.

I am opposed to the re-enactment of the Usury Laws. Such, gentlemen, is a brief outline of the views which I hold on the public questions of the day, and also of the course which I am resolved to pursue, should you again confer upon me the honour of being your representative. It is, therefore, for you to say whether you approve of my principles and can trust in my integrity. To judge of a man's character it is necessary to examine his past life; you have to look at his actions and from those draw your conclusions. I have been a resident in the Riding for nearly forty years, and for half of that time a servant of the public, and to that public I now appeal whether I have ever neglected my duty, or attempted to advance my own interests at the expense of the community.

I am, gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
D. STIRTON.

Pushkin, July 9, 1867.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have entered into partnership in the practice of the Law in all its branches, under the name, style and firm of

English Magazines for July

TO HAND.

English Woman's Belgravia
London Society Oornhill
All the Year Round Temple Bar
Bow Bells
Family Herald
London Journal
Cassell's Monthly
The Quiver
English Mechanics'

Argosy
People's Magazine
Boys' Own
Boys' Monthly
Leisure Hour
Sunday at Home
Good Words
Sunday Magazine
Christian Society
Kind Words
Children's Friend
Infants' Magazine
Sunday Teachers' Treasury
British Workman
British Workwoman
Band of Hope
Christian Treasury
Father William's Stories.

AT DAY'S.

Guelph, 22nd July, 1867.

INDIA & CHINA TEA CO.'V.

Home Depot at London and Liverpool.
Canada Depot, 23 Hospital Street, Montreal.

THE India and China Tea Company beg to call the attention of the Canadian community to their directly imported Teas, which for purity and excellence will be found unequalled.

The Company have made arrangements whereby they have secured the entire produce of some of the best plantations in Assam and on the slopes of the Himalayas, and by a judicious blending of these magnificent Teas with the best varieties of China produce, they are enabled to offer to the public Tea of quality and flavour hitherto unknown to the general consumer. These Teas are in high favour in England and France, and a single trial will prove their superiority.

The Company supply two qualities only, either Black, Green or Mixed. Their Black Teas will be found to possess great briskness and flavour, combined with colour and strength, and to be entirely different to the flat and rapid article usually sold as Black Tea; while their Green Teas are altogether free from the deleterious mineral powder so commonly used for coloring the leaf.

PRICES: Rich, full-flavoured Tea for family use a real genuine and fine article, 70 cents per lb. Finest quality procurable, one dollar per lb.

The above can be had either Black, Green or Mixed. To be had in packets of Quarter Pound Half Pound, One Pound, and upwards, or in tin canisters of 5 lbs. and upwards from the Company's Agents in all the chief towns of Canada.—N.B. All the packages are lined with tin foil paper, and the Tea will consequently retain its flavour any length of time.

Onskare.—All packages have the Company's trade-mark, without which none are genuine.

MR. N. HIGINBOTHAM

Agent, Guelph.

Guelph, August 3, 1867. daw-ly

WILLIAM BROWNLOW,

(Late Tovel & Brownlow.)

Carpenter and Undertaker,

In rear of the Wellington Hotel.

DOUGLAS STREET, GUELPH

THE Subscriber begs to return thanks for past favors, and hopes by prompt attention to business and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of public confidence. Coffins on hand or made to order, and funerals attended. All orders will receive prompt attention. A Hearse for hire.

Guelph, 6th June, 1867.

DR. CUYS' ENGLISH
CHOLERA REMEDY

Is the only medicine when taken as a specific

For Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea,

Dysentery, Colic, &c.

Is quick and certain in its action, pleasant to take, and never fails to cure. Don't trust to Pain Killers and other trash, but get a bottle of CUYS' Great English Remedy.

Sold wholesale and retail by Lyman, Elliot & Co., Toronto; Winn & Co., Hamilton; N. Higinbotham, A. B. Petrie, E. Harvey, and J. Holden, Guelph, and retailed by all medicine dealers. For testimonials see circulars and wrappers.

Guelph, 2nd August, 1867. (dw-2m)

TROTTER & GRAHAM,
DENTISTS!

GUELPH and BRAMPTON,

Members of the Dental Association of the Province of Ontario.

(Successors in Guelph to T. Trotter.)

OFFICE:

Over Mr. Higinbotham's Drug Store

REFERENCES.—Rev. Archdeacon Palmer, Drs. Clarke, Parker and Herod, Guelph; A. E. Scott, Esq., County Judge; George Green, County Attorney; Dr. Pattullo, M. M. C.; Rev. Mr. Arnold Brumpton; Dr. Barnhart, Warden of Peel; Dr. Hampton, resident Surgeon Toronto Hospital.

The new anaesthetic agents used for extracting teeth without pain.

R. TROTTER. W. K. GRAHAM.

Guelph, 2nd August, 1867. (dw-ly)

DOMINION BITTERS

R. HOPKINS & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY inform the inhabitants of Guelph and surrounding country, that they are prepared to fill all orders for any quantity of

The Dominion Bitters

Put up in barrels, half-barrels, kegs and bottles. N.B. Purchasers will not confound the "Dominion Bitters" with the "New" or "Old" Dominion Bitters.

Manufactured a few doors West of the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street.

Guelph, July 23, 1867. daw-ly

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR sale, in the Township of Colborne, County of Bruce, 100 acres of splendid land, about 25 acres cleared, with 1000 apple and cherry trees, being lot No. 24, 11th concession of the Township of Colborne, 23 miles from Toronto, and near the gravel road. There is a fine spring creek running through the lot, and the timber is unsurpassed. It is in one of the finest wheat growing sections of Canada. The soil is limestone and clay loam. This eligible farm is now offered for the low price of \$1,700, for which a clear deed from the State of New York will be given.

New Advertisements.

No. 2, DAY'S BLOCK

UNDER A NEW NAME,

E. CARROLL & CO

THE UNDERSIGNED beg to notify the public that they have purchased the

BANKRUPT STOCK OF KIERAN BRO

at one half its actual cost, and will be open on WEDNESDAY, 7th Instant with a choice stock of

Groceries, LIQUORS, Crockery and Glassware

and hope by strict attention to customers' wants, to merit a share of the public patronage.

Remember the stand—opposite Horsman's Hardware Store.

Guelph, 5th August, 1867.

E. CARROLL & CO

Guelph, 5th August, 1867.

NOVELTIES

NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED IN

GOLD BROOCHES

Gold Ear-rings,
Ladies' Gold Chains,
Gents' Gold Albert Chains,
Jet Ear-rings.

D. SAVAGE

Guelph, 5th Aug. 1867.

FRESH GROCERIES

FOR SALE BY

JAS. MASSIE & CO.

IMPORTERS,

GUELPH, ON

Just Received, Ex. Ship LAUREL, from London.

Boxes Selected Valencia Raisins,

Barrels New Currants, in very fine order,

Java Coffee,

Fresh Sugar

Just Received, Ex. HERON, from Bordeaux.

Barrels French Prunes,

Cases Salad Oil,

Bags Sicily Filberts,

Bags Grenoble Walnuts,

Barrels Bordeaux

ALSO,

Hds. DeKuyper's Gin,

Red Case DeKuyper's Gin,

Green Case DeKuyper's Gin,

Hds. Martell's Brandy,

Cases Martell's Brandy,

Hds. Jules/Robin & Co's Brandy,

Cases Hennessy's Brandy,