

The location of the webs can be learnt while carrying on the spraying for the Codling-worms. During the warmer hours of the day the caterpillars are scattered over the limb, feeding upon the foliage, and therefore it is necessary to attack them when they are all at home in their tent. If they are allowed to grow big, they distribute themselves over the tree, and can only be destroyed by a liberal spray of Paris green or other poison.

The second species, the Forest Tent-caterpillar (*M. disstria*), attacks forest and shade trees of various kinds, and sometimes also invades the



Fig. 4. Apple Tree Tent-caterpillars on their web; c, egg-bracelet; d, cocoon.



Fig. 5. Tent-caterpillar: Male Moth.



Fig. 6. Female Moth.



Fig. 7. Forest Tent-caterpillar: Moth and eggs.



Fig. 8. Forest Tent-caterpillar.