

Charles H. Tetu, J.P. Studied law first with the late Hon. A. N. Morin, and afterwards with the late Hon. Sir George E. Cartier, and was called to the Bar, L.C., October, 1850. Created Q.C., 30 March, 1864. Was editor of the *Melanges Religieux* (Montreal) from 1847 to 1849, and also of the *Journal d'Agriculture* [same city]; and at a later period (1857) of the *Courrier du Canada* (Quebec.) Sat as a mem. of the City Council, Quebec, for some years, and was Chairman of the Water Works Committee. Was Secy-Treasurer and afterwards Vice-President of the North Shore Railway Co.; Mayor of Quebec from Jan., 1858 to Jan., 1861, and during his incumbency visited England on matters affecting the city finances, etc.; for two years, 1861 and 1862, Presdt. of St. Jean Baptiste Society (Quebec); and in 1863 and 1864, Presdt. of the *Institut Canadien*, same city. Author of *La Canada, ses Institutions*, etc., a prize essay (Quebec, 1855), and of *Droit Administratif ou Manuel des Paroisses et Fabriques* (do., 1862.) Was a mem. of the Ex. Council, Can., from 30 March, 1864, until the Union; and held the offices of Solicitor-Genl., L. C., from 30 March, 1864, to Nov., 1865; and Postmaster-Genl. from latter period until the Union. Was sworn of the Privy Council, 1 July, 1867, when appointed Secretary of State of Canada, in which office he remained until transferred to the Public Works Department, 8 Dec., 1869. Was, while at the State Department, *ex-officio* Registrar-General of Canada, and Supdt. Genl. of Indian Affairs. Was a Commr. to assist Mr. Speaker in the management of the interior economy of the House of Commons; also chairman of the Railway Committee of the Privy Council. Created a Companion of the Most Honourable order of the Bath (Civil) by Her Majesty, 1868. Created Knight Commander of the Roman Order of Pope St. Gregory the Great, 1870. Was a delegate to the Charlottetown Union Conference, 1864; to that in Quebec in same year; and to the London Colonial Conference, 1866-7, to complete terms of Union B. N. A. Provinces. In 1871, at the desire of the Privy Council, visited British Columbia with the view of acquiring a knowledge of that new Province in relation to the Pacific Railway and its western terminus, and also of studying the requirements of the Province, and ascertaining personally what public works were necessary for it. On his return he published a report, containing much information about British Columbia, and making known its present position and immense wealth and resources, (Ottawa, 1872.) Acted as leader of the L. C. Conservatives in the Session of 1873, during the absence in Eng., of Sir George Cartier, and was selected by the Conservative members, after Sir George