Capleton Place herald Allies EVADED TRAP

d.

NO NOTICES are inserted at locts per line prition, and if the same matter is continued per line each subsequent insertion. tisements without specified instruction serted will forbid and charged accordingly

inserted till forbid and charged account business office of THE HERALD is open er ag from 7 to 8 o'clock, and on Monday day evenings to 9 o'clock, to oblige town a rs, advertisers and parties needing print NOTECE.—All copy for changes of admits should be in on Saturday svening, for than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. SERALD goes to press on Tuesday morn cossity for this rule is obvious.

file of this paper may be seen at McKim rtising Agency, Montreal, and at Gibbon

THE HERALD, Carleton Place, Ont

THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, DEC. 14TH, 1915.

The Dominion's national debt at the end of November was \$501,668,167, exclusive of the new domestic war loan.

THE huge sum of \$34,000,000 was ex pended this year in the United States and Canada on baseball. Think of it and so many thousands of the human family starving for bread.

CARLETON COUNTY COUNCIL has decided to follow the example of ts neighbor Lanark, and will contribute \$50,000 to the Patriotic Fund, the same to be paid in instalments.

Over two hundred licenses in the Province are being assailed in the present Local Option campaign. What makes the contest this winter even more spectacular than generally is the un usually large number of cities which are to vote on the question. There are eight of these; Belleville, Brantford, Fort William, Niagara Falls, Port Arthur Sarnia, Stratford and Woodstock, with a total of one hundred and fifteen licenses

THE CANADIAN EGG MARKET.

years eggs have taken a prominent place Canada's export trade, This is dargely due to the unprecedented demand for eggs on the part of the British market and the fact that British

British market and the fact that British dealers have shown a marked preference for Canadian eggs over United States eggs and a willingness to pay a distinctly higher price for them.

So great in fact has been the demand that Canadian dealers have shipped practically all of the available Canadian storage product to the Old Country. As a result there is not in Canada at

storage product to the Old Country. As a result there is not in Canada at the present time sufficient eggs in storage to supply home consumption until fresh receipts in appreciable quantities begin to come in.

Quantities of eggs from the United States, however, are being imported into Canada, some in bond for export, but the larger part to take the place of the Canadian product exported. On account of the keen demand for Canadian eggs above mentioned, United States eggs can be laid down in Canada at the present time, duty paid, at several cents per dozen less than the price at which Canadian eggs are selling for, for export,

present time, duty paid, at several cents per dozen less than the price at which Canadian eggs are selling for, for export, and they should be procurable by the consumers accordingly.

On the other hand, the Canadian market at the present time, is very firm for Canadian "Specials" (new laid), the production of which is not enough in most instances to supply the demand at local country markets. This means that high prices will have to be paid in consuming centres in order fo draw a portion of these supplies from local points. Producers may therefore definitely expect reasonably high prices during the period of low-production for fresh gathered eggs that will grade "Specials."

15 The question has been raised as to whether the phenominal demand on the part of the British market for Canadian eggs will continue. This depends entirely upon the quality of Canadian eggs exported. Canada has tremendous possibilities as an egg producing country. The poultry industry is at present but a mere fraction of what it might be. It remains, therefore, for those most interested in the development of this trade to make the best possible use of their present opportunities, and by careful supervision of the quality of Canadian eggs going forward to pave the way for an extensive and profitable export trade in the future.

The War Office has accepted the offer of Laval University, to establish a hospital.

hospital.

The following is the Honor Roll for November in S.S. No. 9 Beckwith: Sr. IV—1, Margaret Switzer, 2, Isabel McLaren, 3, Vera Lowe. Jr. IV—1, Violet Turner, 2, Dorothy McRae. Sr. III—1, Hester Lowe, 2, Grant Timmons, 3, Rebecca McLaren. Sr. II—1, Wilhelmine Switzer, 2, Gordon McBae. Sr. I—1, Peter Timmons, 2, Anna Timmons and Annie Robertson. Sr. Pr.—1, Orville Turner, 2, John Fumerton, 3, Kenneth Switzer. Jr. Pr.—1, Ernest Robertson, 2, Gerald Campbell, 3, Frank Lowe.

Battle in Southern Serbia Fast

Six Days' Fighting Results in With-drawal of Franco-British Force in Face of Superior Numbers, but Greek Frontier May Not Yet Have Been Crossed—British Loss is Very Heavy.

Approaches End.

Been Crossed—British Loss is Very Heavy.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—The battle between the Franco-British expeditionary army in Southern Serbia and the Bulgarians is rapidly approaching its end. Fighting of the utmost violence, which began six days ago when the beginning of the allied retreat was announced, is still going on; the Bulgars attacking and pursuing with undiminished force, and the Allies rendering stubborn rearguard resistance, but retreating steadily, and are now approaching, if they have not crossed, the Greek frontier.

So well was the work of destroying the railways nerth of the Greek frontier effected by the French engineers that the Bulgarians were greatly delayed, having to use roads covered with snow, with the result that the French escaped almost unscathed. In their retirement from the right bank of the Cerna the French burned the bridge spanning the river at Vozartsi, the ferry at Ribartsi, and the railway bridge at Gradiko. On abandoning Krivolak the French destroyed parts of the railroad. At Demirkapou they blew up a long tunnel and an important bridge.

During all these operations the French were facing four Bulgarian infantry divisions and one division of cavalry, but they succeeded in retiring with slight loss and took along all their supplies.

The British, who had advanced further from the railway to the north-east of Lake Doiran, had a much more difficult feat to accomplish when retirement was decided on, and suffered more heavily. They were faced by greatly superior forces, and according to an official report issued last night, their successful withdrawal to a position extending from Lake Doiran to the Vardar valley was largely due to the gallantry of the Connaught Rangers, the Munster Fusiliers and the Dublin Fusiliers.

The British casualties are estimated to leave behind eight field guns, which have been placed in position to

The British casualties are estimated at 1,500, while they were forced to leave behind eight field guns, which have been placed in position to cover the retirement, and could not

cover the retirement, and could not be removed.

What the next move will be is known only to the Allied staffs, but it is generally believed that the Anglo-French forces will fall right back to Salonica where reinforcements are arriving, and which will be fortified. There are also reports that the Allies have landed a division at Kayala, 90 miles along the coast from Salonica and near the Bulgarian frontier, but there is no confirmation of this. If it is true, the object doubtless is to secure the railway and prevent the Bulgarians from sending troops westward into Greece. A despatch to the Havas Agency from Salonica dated Sunday, says:

"An intense action continues along the Entente allied fronts, the Bulgarians attacking in dense mass

the Entente allied fronts, the Bulgarians attacking in dense mass formations. The Allies' retreat continues methodically.

"The situation of the British north of Doiran has noticeably improved, thanks to the arrival of reinforcements from Salonica. Fresh British troops are landing daily."

GERMANS WITHDRAW.

Forces in Russia Move to a Better Strategic Position.

Strategic Position.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—Despatches from Petrograd indicate that the Germans are withdrawing their centre to what is known as the Bug River line, which, however, at many places is considerably north-east of that river. This withdrawal is due to their inability to secure complete is considerably north-east of that river. This withdrawal is due to their inability to secure complete control of the Lida-Baronovitchi-Rovno Railway, which was necessary for the successful holding of the advanced position which they reached after their great drive of last summer. They have evacuated Slonim, lying to the west, and Baronovitchi and Kobrin, just to the east of Brest-Litovsk, which they are making the centre of their new lines. These are being very strongly fortified.

This suggests that the Germans plan to continue the creation of a stalemate in the east, as they did in the west, and that if they cannot break through they will make it just as difficult for the Russians to do so. The Bug River line runs from the south to Brest-Litovsk, then curves northwestward to the Vistula at Novo Georgievsk. It represents a withdrawal of 100 to 150 miles from Russian territory and makes the net gain of ground for the season about 50 to 60 miles on a front of 200 miles.

This withdrawal apparently indicates that the Germans have given up their project of proceeding with the invasion of Russia.

U. S. Sends Angry Note.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—The text of the American note to Austria-Hungary regarding the sinking of the Italian steamship Ancona, made public last night, reveals a formal demand by the United States for prompt discontinuance of the attacks on merchant vessels. The note arraigns the shelling and torpedoing of the liner as "inhumane," "barbarous," and a "wanton slaughter" of "helpless men, women, and children."

"helpless men, women, and children."

In official and diplomatic circles the communication is regarded as being the most emphatic declaration to come from the United States Goyernment since the beginning of the European war. I No attempt is made to conceal the fact that unless the demands are quickly compiled with, relations between the two countries will be in grave danger of being severed.

Canadians Distinguished Themselves in Daring Operations.

nall Parties Have Several Times Entered German Saps and Bomb-ed the Enemy's Trenches—Pte. Lindsay Performed a Remarkable Feat—No Material Change in the

OTTAWA, Dec. 13.—Major-Gen-eral Sir Sam Hughes has received the following communique from the Canadian general representative

"Canadian General Headquarter in France, Dec. 12 .- During the week Dec. 3-10, there has been no

"Canadian General Headquarters in France, Dec. 12.—During the week Dec. 3-10, there has been no material change in the general situation on the Canadian front. The weather has continued warm and there has been much rain.

On the afternoon of Dec. 7, the enemy bombarded some of our trenches and positions, mostly with high explosive shells. Very little material damage was done. In retaliation the enemy's front and communicating trenches were heavily shelled by our artillery. With this exception the enemy's artillery has been less aggressive than in the preceding weeks. The superior weight of our artillery fire has been well maintained throughout the period.

The heavy rains have rendered the low-lying ground very swampy. Large working parties have been employed reclaiming and improving our trenches. German working parties were frequently seen by day and as often fired on by our artillery with good effect. On one-eccasion a party of sixty Germans was caught by our artillery fire in a shallow communicating trench. Several casualities were seen to result.

On the 5th of December we exploded a mine and successfully blew up a German gallery, from which sounds of mining had been heard.

The enemy has displayed increased activity in patrolling. On the night of Dec. 8 an enemy bombing party was discovered approaching our trenches. Rapid fire was opened and the enemy driven off.

Our patrols have also been active. On the night of Dec. 3 a small patrol under Lieuts. H. Rant and A. V. Evans of the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles reconnotiered a small work constructed in front of the enemy party was heard at work and bombs were thrown among it by our patrol. The enemy replied with much gunfire, but our patrol returned without casualities.

On the night of Dec. 7 a patrol of Royal Canadian Dragoons, under Lieuts. E. W. Lindsay and A. B. Irving, entered a German sap and followed it inwards to the edge of the German wire. At this point a German aparol of the nemy thin our 2nd (Ontario) Battalion, under

drew safely.

On the night of Dec. 7-8 a patrol of

On the night of Dec. 7-8 a patrol of our 2nd (Ontario) Battalion, under Lieut. G. T. Richardson, cut through the hostile wire and climbed on the top of the enemy parapet. A party of five Germans were seen in the trench and successfully bombed.

On Dec. 8, Ptc. Lindsay of. Lord Strathcona's Horse, crawled out from our lines and looked over the enemy parapet. After counting the enemy in the trench and identifying the regimental badges on fheir caps, he returned undetected to our lines.

Some cases of "trench feet" and influenza have been reported, but the general health of our troops continues very good.

BLOWN UP FROM U. S.

Explosion in Munition Works at

Havre Had Origin in America.

PARIS, Dec. 13.—The inquiry into a causes of the explosion at the By-Law Number he causes of the explosion Beigian Government's nuge powder factory at Havre has taken the direction of discovering whether it was due to German machinations in the United States. Latest reports show that 100 to 150 persons were killed by the blast and one report says that 1,000 were injured.

Two hundred and fifty tons of powder blew up in an annex where several boxes of ammunition from America were stored. An official states that a short while ago one such box was found to contain an apparatus intended to cause its automatic explosion. Since then all cases re-

tus intended to cause its automatic explosion. Since then all cases received from America have been carefully examined.

Quite close to the scene of the explosion is a German prisoners' camp. Preperty within a two-mile radius of the factory was wrecked by the explosion. All the doors and windows in the big Schneider gun works nearby were blown in, killing severalmen.

WILL STOP WASTE.

Sir Sam Hughes Takes Steps to Inspect Depots Regularly.

OTTAWA, Dec. 13.—With a view keeping a more effective check on the food and other supplies issued to to keeping a more effective check on the food and other supplies issued to the troops, and to prevent waste and grafting, either through short-weight or the reselling of any unused food, Major-General Sir Sam Hughes has arranged for a staff of special inspectors. They will visit the various camps and training depots, and see that all due economy is being observed. It is stated that in some places through laxity or dishonesty on the part of some of the local officials thousands of dollars worth of supplies has been wasted, and petty graft has cost the Government large sums in the aggregate.

Lieut-Col. Mullins of Winnipeg, a well-known cattleman of western Canada, will have charge of the inspection word for bestern Ganada. Lieut. Col. Jamid G. Hangfort of Toronto has been appointed for eastern Canada, with Lieut.-Col. Stewart of Orono, Ont., as a sub-inspector. Other sub-inspectors are to be appointed.

The will of late Colonel Farquhar, formerly commander of the Princess Patricias, has been probated at \$70,000.

LEWIS-In Carleton Place, Surday, Dec. 12th, to Mr. and Mrs. John Lewis, a son.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOMINATIONS.

A. R. G. PEDEN,
Returning Officer. Carleton Place, Dec. 14th, 1915. BARBER BUSINESS FOR SALE.

THE BUSINESS and Plant of the late W. J.
Sadler, on the north side of the river, Carleton Place. An old and well established shop, which may be leased by the purchaser. For further particulars and terms apply to
THOS. SADLER.
B.R. No. 1, Carleton Place.

TEACHER WANTED.

QUALIFIED TEACHER for S.S. No. 11, Ram-say, for junior room. Protestant. Duties to commence after the Christman holidays. ROBT. BAIRD, Sec. Appleton, Ont.

NOTICE.

Carleton Place, Nov. 1, 1915.

BYLAW NO. TO FIX THE ASSESSMENT

Hawthorn Mill Property

The Municipal Council of the Town of Carleton

That the Assessment of the Hawthorn Mill property, being lot. Win the Wylie section of the Town of Carleton Place, including buildings, machinery and equipment, be fixed for a period of TEN YEARS, namely for the years 1015 to 1921, both inclusive, at \$5,000.00, and business assessment thereon at \$5,000 to, a total assessment of

of the Belgian Government's huge powder Corporation of the Town of Carleton Place.

> To prohibit the sale by retail of liquor in the Municipality of the Town of Carleton Place.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of the Corporation of the Town of Carleton Place hereby enact as follows:

And this By-Law shall come into force and take effect as from the FIRST DAY OF MAY next after the passing thereof.

Question re Voting \$35,000. 00 for a High School.

IN YOUR OPINION should \$35,000.00 be boowed at the present time to build and equipnew High School.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing as opies of the proposed By-Laws of the Coon of the Town of Carleton Place and uestion re borrowing \$35,000,00 for a net chool, to be submitted to the votes of the control of the contro

'XMAS SUGGESTIONS FOR MEN



Bath Robes. Smoking Coats. Shirts, all sizes

newest patterns Ties, 25c to \$1.25. Braces, 25c, 50c, 75c. Hose, 25c up. Scarfs, Silk or Wool, 50c to \$3.00 Coat Sweaters,

\$1 00 to \$6.00

Umbrellas, \$1.00 to \$3.50.

Handkerchiefs, plain linen or initial. Everything Men wear except Boots.

BAIRD & RIDDELL

For Every Man, Woman, or Child

A Book exists somewhere of some kind, which they would like to own if they knew about it. Isn't this your opportunity? Books are best for Christmas gifts. And this year is particularly

A Book Christmas

MCINTOSH'S DRUG AND BOOK STORE



It is Useful Presents that are appreciated, and that is why we offer the following Suggestions to busy Christmas Shoppers:

Slippers. Felt Shoes, Rubbers, Overshoes. Moccasins, Hockey Boots. Men's Solid Leather Work Shoes,

School Boots,

In fact anything in the Shoe Line.

Allan's Shoe Store

The Home of Good Shoes.

ERNEST REYNOLDS GORDON ORCHESTRA **Builder and Contractor**

Estimates furnished for all kinds of buildings and alterations

Hardwood Flooring — Birch, Beech, Oak and

AUCTION SALE

FARM STOCK AND IMPLEMENTS

Lot No. 11, 6th Con. Beckwith.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 15, 1915.

Beginning at 12:30 noon.

The following farm Stock and Implements, vz.: one span Heavy Work Mares, spanichoice say Mares extra fine pair; one aged Mare one Fool a good one; Chestnut Mare, go od worker as driver: Year-old Filly, a very choice folit: registered Roan Durham Bull, Pride of Covertisle, an exceptionally fine animal; 5 extra ch 4:e Mileh C. ws. 2-year old Hellets, in call, good ones: 3 of choice Rews, 5 purished extra good Yearlings, 22 choice Rews, 5 purished the Road County of the Road County of the County of the Road County of CHAS. HOLLINGER,

BROWNS TREES The Best that can be Grown

Who is our Agent in your Town ! BROWN BROS. COMPANY,

Nurserymen, Limited Browns Nurseries, Welland Co., Ont.

OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENTS FOR Assemblies, Balls, Concerts, etc.

ALL THE LATEST MUSIC. Terms and Dates apply to G. G. GORDON, Conductor.

Or W. M. ALLEN, Secretary, Carleton Place. STAR CAFE

OPPOSITE TOWN HALL

FIRST CLASS MEALS

PROMPT SERVICE AT ALL HOURS Try Our Homemade Bread

JOS. DAVIS, Prop.

We have a large stock of high

FURNITURE

in our store at present that is in the front rank with the largest city dealers.

Picture Framing and Upholstering of conty, all kinds promptly executed. Undertakers and Furniture Dealers.

PATTERSON BROS