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FOR THE CURE OF

Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Cholera Infantum and Kindred Complaints

Manufactured Solely By

CANADIAN DRUG CO. LIMITED

Wholesale Druggists, St. John, N. B.

Original Bears Register No. 1295

BENEFICENT RECIPROCITY

Pharmaceutical Journal Speaks Out Against Selfishness of Manufacturers—Mr. Borden's Weak Appeal of No Effect

(Montreal Pharmaceutical Journal)

You cannot find a manufacturer—opposed to reciprocity—who can, in detail, give any reasonable objection to the reciprocity proposed. When you can get one to talk calmly and finish a discussion on the subject as a reasonable and reasoning mortal, he will finish all or any argument on the subject by stating practically—"I cannot pick out items to object to—there is no objection to reciprocity in produce and unmanufactured products of Canada, but what I do object to is that if this is put in force it may succeed and tempt the government to reduce the tariff on the manufactures of the country." This is the selfish line of the manufacturers. They object to the producers—the farmers—from benefitting by reciprocity—not that it hurts them, but because it may help to effect another change in the fiscal system later on that would hurt them!

The government cannot do what these people think they might do under some circumstances—the government is committed—the country is bound to keep faith with capital carrying on the industries of the country—investments in rational industries, are safe with one government as with another. The faith of the country is pledged along certain lines for the building up of Canada's industries. The manufacturers are at the bottom of the political attack upon the Laurier government in connection with reciprocity. It is costing them time, energy and much money that might be better employed in view of the fact that a great increase in the volume of produce from field, forest, and farm will make an infinitely greater and better home market for the same manufacturers.

Many who talk of reciprocity insist upon calculating the produce of the Canadian farms, etc., on its present basis as a continuing basis, or base for calculations as to what will happen when the markets of the United States are opened to our producers. If Canada were to stand still as to production possibly the aspect would be different in some respects, and one might not be as anxious to move. It is ridiculous to say that production will stand still or decrease in the face of ready demand and the opening of the nearest, best and widest market in the world to our producers. What reciprocity really means to Eastern Canada at least is—cultivation. With a good market and good prices the farms will be cultivated to a greater extent, and in a few years there will be no vacant, unused land with the ordinary farmer. Instead of cultivating and seeking crop from five or ten acres in the hundred acres of his farm, he will till twenty or fifty acres or more and reap his golden harvest with his increased production from the United States markets, always large and always open. He will have money to employ help. He will be a master farmer instead of a drudge, and learn to use his brains in managing his business like his brothers who "run" stores in the towns and villages.

Reciprocity will give a great impetus to industry and business throughout the country, and when we look back five years from now the folly of all and any opposition to reciprocity will be better understood. History will not spare the man or men who are responsible now for holding up the government in its desire to accept the offer of the United States for the great and even incalculable benefit of the producing community, and incidentally as well of the business men of the country.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's appeal to the people of Canada is clear and concise. It bears the stamp of a statesman. It tells the whole story effectively, and it will reach the mark. Mr. Borden challenged the government to bring on the elections when he was in the West. Now the elections have been called he has issued an address to the people remarkable solely for its weakness. He avoids the subject of reciprocity that brings about the election itself. He complains of having the elections thus brought on for a most sensible object, in one way or other, and his real "piece de resistance" is the Oliver inquiry and sympathy for the poor witnesses summoned by the committee and who were disappointed in the journey by the dissolution!

The election will put the Conservative party out of business for twenty years, and utterly discredit for the future the men responsible for obstructing Parliament, preventing a vote and compelling an election to extricate the Dominion from an impracticable position. On top of great prosperity the country will boom with a new vigor and increased volume of trade and profit to all with the acceptance of reciprocity now offered by the United States, and further it will tend toward cementing further the good feeling and peace between Greater Britain and our great neighbor to the South. There can be no doubt as to the result of the election. Sir Wilfrid will come back with a stronger folowing, and the only unsatisfactory feature in the whole matter is the unnecessary delay in grasping a golden opportunity for the advancement and prosperity of Canada.

PILES Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for all and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c. at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & CO., TORONTO.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

SHIPPING

ALMANAC FOR ST. JOHN, AUG. 8.

	A.M.		P.M.
Sun Rises	5.23	Sun Sets	7.36
High Tide	10.55	Low Tide	5.01

PORT OF ST. JOHN,

Arrived Yesterday.

S. S. Governor Dingley, 2856, Mitchell, Boston, W G Lee, mdse and pass.

Schr Osprey, Mathers, Lubec.

Coastwise—Stmrs Bear River, 70, Woodworth, Bear River and cld; Grand Manan, 282, Ingersoll, North Head; Coromilla, 28, Melanson, Annapolis Royal and cld; Emil R, 30, Sullivan, Meteghan and cld; James Barker, 80, Gough, St Martins; Osprey, (Am), 11, Mathews, Beaver Harbor; Lena, 50, McLellan, Noel; schrs Lloyal, 37, Anderson, Annapolis; Ethel May, 10, Hudson, Annapolis Royal and cld; M & E Hains, 30, Hains, Freeport; Yarmouth Packet, Thurber, Yarmouth; Maudie, 25, Beardsley, Port Lorne (N S).

Cleared Yesterday

Schr A B Barteaux, 398, Barteaux, for Apple River, A W Adams, ballast, to load lumber for a Sound port.

Schr Osprey, 11, Mathews, for Lubec, with 25 hogsheads of fresh herring.

Coastwise— Stmr Bear River, Woodsworth, Digby; schrs Yarmouth Packet, Thurber, Yarmouth; Maudie, Beardsley, Port Lorne.

Sailed Yesterday.

Stmr Governor Dingley, Mitchell, for Boston via Eastport.

Steam yacht Sheelah, for Digby and other ports, with a pleasure party.

CANADIAN PORTS.

Quebec, Oug 7—Ard, stemrs Lake Erie, London; Mount Temple, London.

Halifax, Aug 5—Ard, stmr Amelia, St John.

Dorchester, Aug 1—Bark Cervo, Kayeto, Genoa.

Sld—July 31, schr Wanola, Williams, New York; Aug 1, stmr Coaling, Davies, Manchester.

BRITISH PORTS.

Liverpool, Aug 4—Ard, stmr Corsican, from Montreal.

Fish Guard, Aug 7—Ard, stmr Mauretania, New York.

Plymouth, Aug 7—Ard, stmr President Lincoln, New York.

Glasgow, Aug 7—Ard, stmr Cassandra, Montreal.

New York, Aug 7—Ard, schrs Harry S Lewis, Greeville (N S); Kenneth C, Eatonville (N S); Myrtle Leaf, Advocate Harbor; Wandrain, Altona (N S); Percy J, River Hebert; Crescent, Stonehaven (N B).

Havre, Aug 7—Sld, stmr Sicilian, Montreal.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Vineyard Haven, Mass, Aug 4—Ard and sld, bark Emma R Smith, St John for New York.

Savannah (Ge), Aug 4—Steamed, stmr Norton, St John.

City Island—Passed, bound south, schr Mineola, St John via Bridgeport for New York; bound east, schr Emily F Northam, New York for Moncton; schr Hibernia, New York for St John; schr Nettie Shipman, New York for St John.

New York, Aug 6—Sld, stmr Tanagra, Dolton, fo Colon.

Norfolk, Aug 6—Ard, stmr Leuctra, Hilton, from New York for Tampico.

New York, Aug 6—Stmr Lavonia, Atkinson, South Amboy for St John.

Vineyard Haven, Mass, Aug 5—Sld, bark Emma R Smith, from St John for New York.

Southwest Harbor, Me, Aug 1—In port, schr Greta, St John for Vineyard Haven, leaking and with part of deckload gone.

CHARTERS.

Messrs Scammell Bros, New York, under date of Aug 5, announce the following charters of interest here:

Br stmr Bendu, 2821 tons, Mauritius to Halifax, sugar, 21s 6d, option Montreal, 22s 6d. Sept; schr Childe Harold, 675 tons, Baltimore to Calais, coal, $1.10; schr Samuel Dillaway, 623 tons, Philadelphia to Savannah, coal, 90c; schr Orleans, 605 tons, Philadelphia to Calais, coal, $1; schr Roger Drury, 307 tons, same, $1.05; Br stmr Leuctra, 1950 tons, Norfolk to Tampico, coke, and back North of Hatteras, time charter, p t; schr Fannie Prescott, 318 tons, Shulee to Philadelphia, lath, 65c; schr Carrie Strong, 412 tons, New York to Prince Edward Island, coal, and back from Miramichi, spruce, p t.

TOUCHED ON HIS FAILING

Binks—Confound it! I've gone and sat down on that chair I varnished this morning.

Mrs. Binks—Well, for once you've stuck to your work.

COULDN'T HELP IT:

"Since you got married you are late every morning," complained the boss.

"Well," explained the breathless clerk, "I have to button up the ashes, and shake down a shirt waist, and carry out the furnace every morning."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR

Admiral Togo, of Japan, who will arrive at Niagara on August 17, and return home via Vancouver, after a visit to the United States.

La MARQUISE de FONTENOY

Denmark's Crown Prince To Be Guest of Duke and Duchess of Connaught at Rideau Hall — King George Visits This Week at Historic old Mansion

(Copyright, 1911, by the Brentwood Company)

Denmark's crown prince is about to visit the United States. He sails from Copenhagen next month, on board a Danish man-of-war, escorted by a cruiser and a gunboat, to visit those Danish possessions in the West Indies, the sale of which to the United States was at one time the subject of negotiations which came to nothing, owing to overwhelming popular sentiment in Denmark, against their abandonment. After a stay of two or three weeks in the West Indies, the Crown Prince and his squadron will come north stopping at Annapolis, to visit the President at Washington, and touching at New York, where there is a large Danish born population. From New York he will proceed to Canada, where he will be entertained by the new governor general, the Duke of Connaught, and by the duchess, at Ottawa.

The crown prince is a very tall, powerfully built man, forty-one years of age, who holds the rank of Major General in the Danish army, and is married to one of the two sisters of the late reigning granddukе of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, the other sister being the crownprincess of Germany. He has two boys, one twelve and the other eleven and his next brother, Charles, now occupies the throne of Norway, under the title of King Haakon VII. The crownprince is also a nephew of Queen Alexandra of England, of King George of Greece, and of the widowed Empress of Russia.

He came quite prominently into the public eye of America, in connection with the role which he played in welcoming Dr. Cook at Copenhagen, as the discoverer of the North Pole. It is to be hoped that nobody will be unkind enough to remind the crown prince of this when he visits New York. For Dr. Cook's name is a very sore subject with him, and its mention has much the same effect on his temper, as the holding up of a red rag does to a bull. Let me add that the crownprince is very rich, and will inherit still greater wealth on the death of his mother, Queen Louise, who is the female Anak of Old World royalty, boasting of a stature of some six feet two and a half inches, and is also the richest royal lady of Europe.

On Friday next King George will arrive at Studley Royal, to stay with the Marquis of Ripon, and to shoot over his moors, the visit extending until the following Tuesday, when the monarch will proceed to Scotland. This will be the first occasion of a sovereign visiting Studley Royal, or the neighboring town of Ripon, since James I was there in 1617.

Lord Ripon's patronymic is Robinson, and the family was founded by William Robinson, Lord Mayor of York in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, who carried on a very large trade with Hamburg. His son was likewise Lord Mayor of York, and his grandson member of parliament for that city. Indeed, in each generation, until the middle of the eighteenth century, the head of the Robinson family was identified with the city of York, as its chief magistrate or member of parliament. Sir William Robinson, the first baronet of the line, and Lord Mayor of York, married the daughter of George Aislabie, of Studley Royal near Ripon. It was owing to this alliance that Studley Royal eventually came into the family of Lord Ripon, on the death, just a hundred years ago of, Miss Georgiana Aislabie, the last of the family.

The best known member of the latter, was her grandfather, John Aislabie, who remains on record as having, while chancellor of the exchequer promoted, and passed through parliament, the bill for the enterprise eventually known as the South Sea Bubble, and which, according to him, was destined to enable the government to liquidate and pay off the national debt. The collapse of this extraordinary scheme, and the wholesale ruin which followed it, drove him from office, landing him in the Tower of London as a prisoner of state. On his release he retired to Studley Royal, where he passed the remainder of his days, in a considerable amount of seclusion, devoting himself to his superb garden, and retaining sufficient money to be able to purchase the adjoining Fountains Abbey estate.

There is nothing worthy of particular attention at Studley Royal, save the shooting. But the Fountains Abbey ruins, now comprised in the property, are of wonderful interest. The Abbey owed its foundation to Saint Bernard, the author and composer of that so widely popular and well-known hymn commencing with "Jerusalem the golden." St. Bernard was born in the eleventh century, at a place called Fontaine, in Burgundy, and after creating his Cistercian monastery at Clairvaux, brought into existence no less than a hundred other Cistercian monasteries, of which Fountains Abbey, deriving its name from his birthplace in Burgundy, was the most dear to him. In course of time, Fountains Abbey became known as the most enlightened school of thought in medieval Christianity, and its stately church renowned as one of the noblest fanes of Europe. Henry VIII., who ruined so many Abbeys, intended to spare Fontains. He proposed that it should become the cathedral of a great diocese, which he had planned for Lancaster. But its enormous wealth proved too much for his cupidity, and he ended by confiscating it, selling its buildings and lands to Sir Richard Gresham, founder of the Royal Exchange, in London.

Nothing but the ruins remain of the Abbey, and of the various buildings. But they are among the most exquisitely picturesque ruins in Europe, the grey arches arising amongst century-old trees, from mounds covered with lawns kept like velvet. The nave, with its twenty-two bay windows, dating from 1147, the transept of the same age, the choir and Lady chapel, the refectory, a hundred feet long and fifty feet wide, the hall of pleas, the chapter house, the califactorium, all roofless, and the great cloisters, 300 feet long and 40 feet wide, divided by a row of nineteen columns, and the graceful arcade work, are all guarded and tended, until Fountains Abbey has become more than a ruin. Indeed, it is like a noble poem, breathing the spirit of the great days of the past. And not far off is the so-called Anne Boleyn's Chair, where the gay Queen waited for her Blue Beard husband, Henry VIII., while he was pacing up and down the cloisters of Fountains Abbey, with Sir Richard Gresham.

At the time of the late Lord Ripon's conversion to the Church of Rome, it was believed that he would set to work to rebuild Fountains Abbey, and restore it to the Cistercian Order, to which it belonged until the time of the Reformation. But he was possessed of too keen an artistic sense not to realize that any attempt to tamper with these ruins, or even to re-roof the roofless Abbey and buildings, would be nothing short of an act of vandalism.

The present Lord Ripon is treasurer of Queen Alexandra's household, and was attached to his father's special embassy to Washington, forty years ago, in connection with the settlement of the Alabama claims. He is renowned as the champion sporting shot of Great Britain, is one of the moving spirits and financial backers of the Covent Garden Opera Company in London, and is very rich, his income being estimated in the neighborhood of $1,000,000 a year. He has no children, nor brothers, and on his death the family honors will become extinct. His wife, Lady Ripon, a sister of the Earl of Pembroke, and of the late Sir Michael Herbert, British Ambassador at Washington, has a daughter by her first marriage, with the late Earl of Lonsdale, namely, Lady Juliet, who is married to Robin Duff, eldest son and heir of Sir Charles Assheton-Smith, owner of Vaynol.

MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

DYE YOUR Last Year's Summer Frocks

Delicate Shades of this year's

Popular Colors with

DY-O-LA

ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS

CLEANEST, SIMPLEST, BEST HOME DYE.

Send Post Card for Folder "Delicate Shades for Summer Frocks," and Color Card D.

The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal, Can.

The Evening Chit-Chat

By RUTH CAMERON

HOW do you lie when you sleep? And can you lie in more than one position and be comfortable?

An impertinent question?

I'll admit it does sound so, but I'll tell you why I ask it.

I have just been forcibly impressed with the danger of forming too rigid a habit in this respect.

A friend of mine was operated upon for appendicitis. The operation was eminently successful, but my friend had a pretty serious time of it simply because he had to lie on his back on account of the incision, and having invariably slept on his side all his life he could not get to sleep in the new position.

A young business woman contributes a less serious but none the less unpleasant experience. She sprained her right shoulder and, having a rigid habit of always sleeping on that side, lost several nights' sleep and was actually incapacitated for work because she had to lie on her back.

There has been much said in medical circles from time to time about the proper position in which to sleep. Some doctors advocate sleeping on the back; others on the right side.

A prominent physician says that the normal position in which to sleep is on the stomach and that you will notice that a healthy child invariably sleeps on his stomach.

The left side, I believe, has no advocates at all, as lying on that side brings too great a pressure on the heart.

Of course, I don't know anything about all this, but one thing I do know and want to impress upon you, and that is that if you will train yourself to be able to sleep in more than one position, and especially to be able to sleep on the back if necessary, you may be forestalling many sleepless and uncomfortable nights.

* * *

We have heard much talk lately about the danger of protruding hatpins.

So much, in fact, that I fancy we are rather wearied of the subject and inclined to think the danger is overrated.

But here is one more word on the matter which has galvanized my indifference, at least, into a new realization of the possible danger and a resolution not to be at fault in this respect.

"I would ask you," writes my correspondent, "to sound a note of warning to the woman wearing long hatpins in small hats. A most deplorable accident occurred to a young lady on the very eve of her graduation from Normal School, caused by the thoughtlessness of another of the graduates in wearing a long hatpin in a small hat with point protruding two or three inches.

"The young lady in question was struck in the eye and may probably lose her sight.

"Now, I think, if many women and girls knew of this accident they would surely be more careful to regulate the length of the pin to the size of the hat, or, if a pin of the required length were not at hand, they could at least see to it that the head and not the point protruded."

COUNCIL HAS PROMISE OF NEW INDUSTRIES

The claims of St. John as a manufacturing centre are receiving such attention that no less than three propositions regarding new industries, all of considerable magnitude, were brought before the common council at the monthly meeting yesterday.

The city's property at Greenhead, which was first brought into the limelight as a desirable site for a cement manufacturing plant by David Craig, is now being anxiously sought by two companies. H. S. Keith, representing one company, has offered $800 for an option on the property and yesterday R. Max McCarty for another group of capitalists offered $1,200 for an option at the same price of $20,000. The whole matter was referred back to the safety board for further investigation as to the intentions of the companies.

It was stated at the meeting that the Ballast wharf property, transferred to F. H. Durant in exchange for city property granted to him for a sugar refinery site, is now wanted for another industry of great magnitude.

The intention of the Partington Pulp & Paper Company to erect a large paper mill was also mentioned in connection with their desire to purchase some of the city's Lancaster lands.

An indication of a desire to keep abreast of the times was shown in a decision to make a trial of motor trucks as part of the equipment of the fire department.

The report of the committee on the Mayor's inaugural address with regard to the proposed taxation reform was laid on the table to be taken up at a special meeting of the council on Aug. 15. A suggestion was made to add to the committee's duties an investigation of the advisability of selling the city's lands in Lancaster but action on this was deferred.

The work of the ferry committee came in for considerable attention and the recommendation to provide an additional amount of $7,500 for the new ferryboat was the cause of a lively discussion. In the course of the debate the chairman of the committee declared that he knew nothing of the expenditure for repairs which had exceeded the appropriation and said that the ferry committee had met merely to ratify the work of the superintendent. After this statement had been vigorously criticized he qualified it by saying that he meant that he had kept closely in touch with the work and was ignorant only of the details of the expenditures. He made a thinly veiled attack on the superintendent for which he was not supported, the mayor leading the defence of the official. An appropriation of $5,000 was finally made.

Notice was given of a motion to provide bond issues of $41,400 for the ferry and $90,000 for pavements and street work.

All recommendations for salary increases were voted down, the council showing a desire to uphold the rule of dealing with such proposals only at one time in the year according to the established rule.

The council decided to appeal the cases of Sleeth, Quinlan & Co. and the Gordon Nail Works. The proposal to abandon the gravel pit at Golden Grove was referred back.

Two sessions were required to get through with the business done, the council sitting from 3 to 6 o'clock and from 8 to 10 o'clock.

NEVER FORGET THIS!

When packing for the country cottage, don't forget your box of Zam-Buk and your Zam-Buk Soap!

Blisters, sunburn, scratches, insect stings, etc., if not immediately attended to are likely to spoil your pleasure. Zam-Buk ensures you against trouble from these.

Zam-Buk is antiseptic, kills all poison in wounds, whether from barbed wire fence, or insect stinging. Soothes aching feet and blistered hands; heals baby's chafed places; cools the sunburn patches, and prevents freckles. No mother should be without it. Purely herbal in its composition, Zam-Buk is superior to the ordinary ointments containing animal oils and fats, and mineral coloring matter. All druggists and stores 50c. box. Use also Zam-Buk Soap. Best for baby's bath and for tender skin. 25c. tablet.

Headaches — nausea — indigestion—muddy complexion—pimples—bad breath—these are some of the effects of constipation. The mild, sensible, reliable remedy is

NA-DRU-CO LAXATIVES

They contain the latest discovered and best evacuant known, which empties the bowels without the slightest discomfort and without disturbing the rest of the system. Constantly increased doses are not necessary. 25c. a box. If your druggist has not yet stocked them, send 25c. and we will mail them. 25

National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, - Montreal.

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"Our easy payment plan" has proven an agreeable and pleasant surprise, while our prices challenge competition.

We are ready to furnish your whole house, or a single room at the shortest notice. A matchless range of Furniture to select from.

Lace Curtains in profusion, also Ladies' and Gent's Clothing.

"A rare snap" A Five-Piece Parlor Suite, richly upholstered in silk, mahogany frame. Note the price $29.50

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Facts for Weak Women

Nine-tenths of all the sickness of women is due to some derangement or disease of the organs distinctly feminine. Such sickness can be cured—is cured every day by

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

It Makes Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.

It acts directly on the organs affected and is at the same time a general restorative tonic for the whole system. It cures female complaint right in the privacy of home. It makes unnecessary the disagreeable questioning, examinations and local treatment so universally insisted upon by doctors, and so abhorrent to every modest woman.

We shall not particularize here as to the symptoms of those peculiar affections incident to women, but those wanting full information as to the symptoms and means of positive cure are referred to the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser—1008 pages, newly revised and up-to-date Edition, sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only;* or, in cloth binding for 50 stamps.

Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Chocolates, Package Goods, Mixtures, Penny Goods and Ice Cream Cones Etc. Our present stock has been selected as particularly suitable for the summer trade. Picnic and mail orders a specialty.

EMERY BROS., : 82 Germain Street.

INTENSE HEAT ON RUSSIAN STEPPES

Candles Melt Down In Few Minutes with Indoor Temperature at 98

Odessa, Aug. 5 —The torrid heat wave which recently oppressed the Upper Volga Provinces of Saratoff and Samara, where in the open, 154 degrees, Fahr., were registered, appears to have passed down to the lower reaches of the river. At Astrakhan the other day the temperature in the shade was 116 degrees, and in the open 152 degrees Fahr. During the nights, with closed windows, the indoor temperature averages 98 degrees.

One curious effect of the intense heat, says the "Astrakhan Despatch," is that the commonly used stearine candles, already in partially melting state, when lighted completely burn down within a few minutes. A similarly extraordinary heat prevails on the Kirghese Steppe, where there have been many cases of plague.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Odds and Ends at Half Price

After our big sale we find a lot of odds and ends of dry goods, furnishings, waists, etc, that, in order to clean out at once we cut the regular prices in half.

These special bargains are not very numerous so you want to buy quick to take advantage of them.

N. J. LaHOOD

282 Brussels St.

SPECIAL CUT PRICES ON

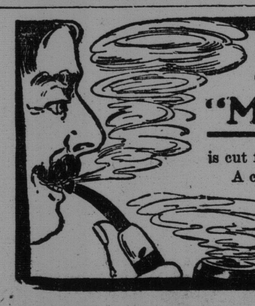
LADIES' RAINCOATS

GOODS MUST BE CLEARED OUT

Ladies'	$12.00 Raincoats	for	$8.98
Ladies'	10.00 Raincoats	for	6.98
Ladies'	8.50 Raincoats	for	5.98
Ladies'	6.50 Raincoats	for	5.00

Girls' Raincoats from $2.98 up.

Dock Street WILCOX'S Market Square



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is cut from our original American Navy Plug. A cool and most fragrant smoke. Made from the finest selected American leaf tobacco.

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