

The Toronto World

FOUNDED 1890.
A morning newspaper published every day in the year by The World Newspaper Company of Toronto, Limited.
J. MACLEAN, Managing Director.
World Building, Toronto.
40 West Richmond Street.
Telephone Calls: Main 5308—Private exchange—connecting all departments.
Branch Office—31 South John St., Hamilton, Telephone, Regent 1946.
Daily World—2c per copy; delivered, 50c per month, \$1.35 for 3 months, \$2.50 for 6 months, \$5.00 per year in advance; or \$100 per year, 40c per month, by mail.
By Canada (except Toronto), United Kingdom, United States and Mexico, Daily World—10c per copy, \$2.50 per year, by mail.
Foreign Countries, postage extra.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 13.

Drury Will Be Shy.

"Let Drury do it" was too crude an attitude for the Toronto Street Railway to adopt towards its men's demand for eighty-five cents an hour which existing fares cannot supply. Mr. Drury is very accommodating but, as Sir Adam Beck knows, he isn't very free when it comes to pledging payments. It would be beautifully simple if the legislature were to authorize the increases in Toronto street car fares that would pay the extra wages demanded. But the government won't invite its friends to look that way.

It is suggested that, in looking for the money to pay more wages with, the company should first give tender heed to the way it used to hold the city down to the letter of the franchise, and should then search for sundry pockets which seemed to grow just naturally when profits were high and wages were low. It's pretty hard to get into a funnel from the small end; but it can be done. Anyway, it's worth trying even by Brother Fleming.

Mr. Nixon Wise.

The provincial secretary is one of the successes of the Drury government. He has mastered the details of his department, and has shown large grasp of large questions that have come before him. He has a grace of candor which is well shown in his admissions that revision is needed in the administration of the Ontario Temperance act. Mr. Nixon proposes a committee of the legislature to go into the whole matter during the recess, so that improvements will not be partisan profit, and will have the force of calm investigation behind them.

It is good to abandon the old attitude of partisan governments towards the need for administrative regeneration. It used to be said, "This is our own affair. We are the perfect party. We will supply all our own advice, but if you will make a definite accusation of crookedness against us we will investigate it. But unless you make charges against our honor and integrity or against the honesty of other public servants, we shall take everything you say as an outrage upon impeccable virtue and peerless wisdom."

The Nixon way is better. It is: "The methods of administering a complicated and difficult piece of social legislation may well be overhauled. Everybody who represents the public is concerned. We have been running the machinery that came to us but we haven't been blind. There is something in what you say. Wanting to do the best thing, we shall ask all sections of the legislature to join in finding out weaknesses and devising strengths, as soon as there is time to turn around."

There is size and sanity in an attitude like that. Mr. Nixon is a wise young man—and all the better for being young.

Towards Better Education.

It will be seen whether the current legislative debate will clear the way for the general improvement in the educational system of Ontario, which every student of pedagogy has professed to desire, but which the department has seemed unable to accomplish. Publicity killed the Massey Foundation's plan for a privately chosen, privately-run commission, largely because it was laid with a maximum lack of publicity, and a band of well-meaning, public-spirited men. The Hon. Mr. Grant showed, during that episode that he thinks there is wisdom enough inside the department and the legislature, without invoking the sort of thing Principal Grant and Col. Massey tried to put over.

Mr. Marshall, the educational expert of the Liberal party, is a real educationist; and if there is to be any sort of improving body he and other representatives of the public should sit upon it, partly in token of the ending of the idea that only men who have not won elections ought to be on constructive committees and commissions. Mr. Marshall has made a series of suggestions, most of which are good. But he may be veering too far from the sound principle of departmental direction. It is possible to leave too much as well as too little to local initiative. The measly and indifferent local authority must always be guarded against. A government department is required whose chiefs are big enough for their job, who know how to inspire without crippling and to control without constricting.

There has been too much bureaucracy in Queen's Park. Martin and worship of a system, merely because it is a system, and the pride some system-father's heart, will in anything. Given a large mind,

a wide eye and a sensitive hand, and extensive, centralized power in all right. Local boards will play up, if they are given stimulating conditions to play up to.

Happily, the minister of education is a new learner as well as an old teacher. He thinks more of the educational service of the province than of meaner glories which sometimes used to cloud the firmament of public instruction.

Glut, But High Prices Still.
Those who believe that the ruinous height of prices is maintained because various sorts of profiteers, to save themselves losses, induce the powers that be to maintain prices, will find support for their idea in a remarkable speech Sir Thomas Mackenzie, the high commissioner of New Zealand, made in London. He complained that the life blood of New Zealand is being interfered with—how do you suppose he proved his assertion? He proved it by complaining of the high prices that are being charged in England for the products of New Zealand farms.

During the war wool was sold by New Zealand to the British government for thirty cents a pound, with a division of profits between the New Zealand and the British government. The wool reached the manufacturers at from a hundred and twenty to two hundred cents a pound. England is choked with wool, but suits of clothes are costing twenty guineas apiece.

In England too, five million carcasses of mutton are held from sale by the food controller. Mutton has gone down three cents a pound, but lamb has gone up, so that, on balance, little advantage is reaped by the public. The New Zealand mutton, is deteriorating in quality and also in price, which will make it difficult to recover its standing, when supply and demand recover their balance. New Zealand had to sell its butter at thirty-nine cents, in the market where the Irish butter was allowed to bring sixty cents.

The New Zealand farmer doesn't desire enormous prices for his wool. He wants the surplus stocks turned cheaply into the soldiers and sailors and their families, so that a normal price condition can be recovered. He calls it an economic crime to keep his meat away from the people by continuing to charge them what are almost famine prices when there is a tremendous glut. He is growing meat more meat, and wants to see decent prices and national contentment everywhere.

When he believes he is being discriminated against in the matter of butter the New Zealand farmer concludes, apparently, that some monkeying is going on, by which both producer and consumer are being victimized, in the interest of those who have made commitments with banks and others, and are afraid to unload at knock-down prices. In order that they may wax fat on bloated prices, myriads must go short of meat.

Some New Zealand farmers have read with appreciation of a motion presented by English postoffice employees to a convention, requesting the Labor party to bring in a parliamentary bill providing for the public hanging of good old English profiteers.

OTHER PEOPLE'S OPINIONS
The World will gladly print under this head letters written by our readers, dealing with any subject. As space is limited they must not be longer than 200 words and written on one side of the paper only.

A WORD FOR A SOLDIER.

Editor World: There are rumors of playing politics over the appointment of a new finance commissioner at the city hall. A fever was sprouted a few weeks ago for a relative of our winsome mayor, but the department has seemed unable to accomplish. Publicity killed the Massey Foundation's plan for a privately chosen, privately-run commission, largely because it was laid with a maximum lack of publicity, and a band of well-meaning, public-spirited men. The Hon. Mr. Grant showed, during that episode that he thinks there is wisdom enough inside the department and the legislature, without invoking the sort of thing Principal Grant and Col. Massey tried to put over.

Mr. Marshall, the educational expert of the Liberal party, is a real educationist; and if there is to be any sort of improving body he and other representatives of the public should sit upon it, partly in token of the ending of the idea that only men who have not won elections ought to be on constructive committees and commissions. Mr. Marshall has made a series of suggestions, most of which are good. But he may be veering too far from the sound principle of departmental direction. It is possible to leave too much as well as too little to local initiative. The measly and indifferent local authority must always be guarded against. A government department is required whose chiefs are big enough for their job, who know how to inspire without crippling and to control without constricting.

WORLD'S DAILY BRAIN TEST

BY SAM LOYD.
No. 186
4 Minutes to Answer This.
Charlie and Freddie having sent their lingerie, consisting of thirty pieces, to the laundry, Freddie called Chinaman that as his part consisted of but one-half of the cuffs and one-third of the collar, it should cost him but 27 cents. As four cuffs cost the same as five collars, who can tell how much Charlie must pay for his portion of the package?
ANSWER TO NO. 185
COW plus HERE minus COW minus MAN leaves O.
WHEEL minus COW minus MAN leaves O.
(Copyright, 1919, by Sam Loyd).



R. J. FLEMING: "This gentleman should pay for our increase of wages."
PREMIER DRURY
MAYOR CHURCH "Well, you'll have to show us."

MANUFACTURERS TO HAVE A BIG FUND

Million Dollars to Be Set Aside for Propaganda, It Is Intimated.

Montreal, May 12.—A million-dollar fund for the propaganda of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association was established tonight at the annual dinner of the Montreal branch. Among the guests were Col. Grant Morden, Sir James MacKenzie, head of the Vickers firm, of England, and many of the business leaders of the province.

T. P. Howard, as president of the Dominion Manufacturers' Association, said that they had approached the government on the necessity for a scientific tariff board for Canada, and stated that it would be considered with the support of 1,000 labor unions of Canada as well as the manufacturers and employers.

In a defence of great industrial mergers both here and in England, Col. W. Grant Morden said that both he and his colleagues were at present giving great attention to a plan that would be announced by the course, under which "we will give our employees not only an opportunity to participate in the success of industry, but also representation on our directorate."

The "tag" covered the city area which was divided into forty-six districts, each in charge of a captain. It was cold when the first workers got out in the morning, but like the others in the trenches they stuck to their guns—in this case boxes—and were rewarded when the sun shone and smiled upon their efforts.

Rebels by Captains.
Miss R. O'Brien, \$402; Mrs. Arthur Barnard, \$789; Mrs. James O'Neill, \$178; Mrs. F. Giles, \$473; Mrs. McRung, \$885; Miss Hart, \$226; Mrs. W. Riddell, \$529; Mrs. W. J. Elliott, \$714; Mrs. James Ince, \$774; Mrs. Walter Barwick, \$511; Mrs. R. J. Bruce, \$648; Mrs. F. Mallory, \$608; Miss Church, \$653; Mrs. Albert Brown, \$571; Lady Hearst, \$679; Mrs. Charles Booth, \$358; Mrs. S. H. Allen, \$481; Name Rochereau, \$193; Mrs. Jos. Miller, \$409; Mrs. C. W. Beatty, \$192; Mrs. Hartley Dewar, \$350; Mrs. W. B. MacLean, \$260; Mrs. J. A. C. Cameron, \$675; Mrs. Henry Sproatt, Technical School, \$618; Mrs. J. J. Allen, \$402; Mrs. F. J. Allward, \$51; Mrs. E. Greig, \$525; Mrs. Wm. Ince, \$587; Mrs. G. Abrey, \$558; Mrs. Stuart Strath, \$659; Mrs. Wm. Galbraith, \$584; Mrs. W. K. George, \$284; Mrs. R. F. Angus, \$493; Mrs. Alfred Wright, \$199; Miss A. Leab, \$524; Mrs. Stuart Strath, \$659; Mrs. W. B. Hill, \$503; Mrs. T. Bowman, \$295; Mrs. Ewart Wilson, \$871; Mrs. Purcell, \$279; Mrs. Effie Wood, \$300; Mrs. J. C. Breckenridge, \$577; Mrs. F. D. MacKay, \$855; Hydro store (Mrs. Adam), \$850.

Butts Criticizes Fielding.
R. H. Butts (Cape Breton) again strongly criticized Mr. Fielding on the grounds that in 1932 Mr. Fielding had disfranchised large numbers of Britishers, while now he was leading the cause of aliens. "You were prime minister of Nova Scotia, for 13 years," said Mr. Butts, and in 1936 you were taken by some freak of fortune into the Laurier cabinet."

Mr. Butts said he referred to a matter some years ago in which he again charged that Mr. Fielding had disfranchised British subjects. He asked, "Is not that true, answer me." Mr. Fielding did not reply and Mr. Butts continued, "Answer me, am waiting for your answer. No, don't answer me. If you do, I will draw you across to the library and show you Hansard of the debate."

The chairman again called him to order.

Charges Undignified Conduct.
William Duff (Lunenburg) resumed the debate on the franchise bill when the house reconvened. Referring to an incident during the last election at Blue Rocks, N.S., he said that the fault of a deputy returning officer, an attempt was made to keep 70 men from the lists.

Mr. Duff resented what he called undignified conduct on the part of the solicitor-general. The solicitor-general, in conducting this debate, had, according to Mr. Duff's statement, made unseemly remarks at a distance of 50 feet across the chamber. The opposition had also seen him turn around, and by the expression on his face, make sneering remarks. These remarks had not been heard by the members to whom they referred, but Mr. Duff said he had heard of them later from persons sitting in the gallery.

Mr. Duff supported the idea of using provincial lists on the ground of economy, and went on at some length to commend the work of both Liberal and Conservative revisers in his constituency.

Mr. Guthrie said that the amendment, proposed by Mr. Ross of Mid-

BLIND TAG DAY IS HUGE SUCCESS

Without hands, but who had a five-cent piece stuck in a place of strings tied about his wrist ready for the caller.

"Come in," said a doctor in his office on College street, in reply to the knock of a woman holding the blue box. "Would you like a tag to help the blind?" he was asked. "Of course," was the smiling reply. "I have several of them; we have a number of kiddies here," and he placed a bill in the box, as he paid for the kiddies' tags, and the doctor drew his head from the worker and undoubtedly from the blind.

But all were not like this. There was a new spirit among some. "The spirit of the stony stare. It wasn't pleasant to meet, and it emphasized the need of a great deal of education both in regard to the blind and to charity—defined as loving one's neighbor as oneself."

The demonstration of the blind in the windows of the Hydro store was undoubtedly a surprise to many. The sight of the blind girl skillfully manipulating the keys of the dictaphone and of the man patiently working away at his basketry drew hundreds during the two days of the exhibit, which included matting, shoemaking, knitting, and many dainty things, all the work of the blind from the Toronto shops or from the homes.

The "tag" covered the city area which was divided into forty-six districts, each in charge of a captain. It was cold when the first workers got out in the morning, but like the others in the trenches they stuck to their guns—in this case boxes—and were rewarded when the sun shone and smiled upon their efforts.

Rebels by Captains.
Miss R. O'Brien, \$402; Mrs. Arthur Barnard, \$789; Mrs. James O'Neill, \$178; Mrs. F. Giles, \$473; Mrs. McRung, \$885; Miss Hart, \$226; Mrs. W. Riddell, \$529; Mrs. W. J. Elliott, \$714; Mrs. James Ince, \$774; Mrs. Walter Barwick, \$511; Mrs. R. J. Bruce, \$648; Mrs. F. Mallory, \$608; Miss Church, \$653; Mrs. Albert Brown, \$571; Lady Hearst, \$679; Mrs. Charles Booth, \$358; Mrs. S. H. Allen, \$481; Name Rochereau, \$193; Mrs. Jos. Miller, \$409; Mrs. C. W. Beatty, \$192; Mrs. Hartley Dewar, \$350; Mrs. W. B. MacLean, \$260; Mrs. J. A. C. Cameron, \$675; Mrs. Henry Sproatt, Technical School, \$618; Mrs. J. J. Allen, \$402; Mrs. F. J. Allward, \$51; Mrs. E. Greig, \$525; Mrs. Wm. Ince, \$587; Mrs. G. Abrey, \$558; Mrs. Stuart Strath, \$659; Mrs. Wm. Galbraith, \$584; Mrs. W. K. George, \$284; Mrs. R. F. Angus, \$493; Mrs. Alfred Wright, \$199; Miss A. Leab, \$524; Mrs. Stuart Strath, \$659; Mrs. W. B. Hill, \$503; Mrs. T. Bowman, \$295; Mrs. Ewart Wilson, \$871; Mrs. Purcell, \$279; Mrs. Effie Wood, \$300; Mrs. J. C. Breckenridge, \$577; Mrs. F. D. MacKay, \$855; Hydro store (Mrs. Adam), \$850.

Butts Criticizes Fielding.
R. H. Butts (Cape Breton) again strongly criticized Mr. Fielding on the grounds that in 1932 Mr. Fielding had disfranchised large numbers of Britishers, while now he was leading the cause of aliens. "You were prime minister of Nova Scotia, for 13 years," said Mr. Butts, and in 1936 you were taken by some freak of fortune into the Laurier cabinet."

Mr. Butts said he referred to a matter some years ago in which he again charged that Mr. Fielding had disfranchised British subjects. He asked, "Is not that true, answer me." Mr. Fielding did not reply and Mr. Butts continued, "Answer me, am waiting for your answer. No, don't answer me. If you do, I will draw you across to the library and show you Hansard of the debate."

The chairman again called him to order.

Charges Undignified Conduct.
William Duff (Lunenburg) resumed the debate on the franchise bill when the house reconvened. Referring to an incident during the last election at Blue Rocks, N.S., he said that the fault of a deputy returning officer, an attempt was made to keep 70 men from the lists.

Mr. Duff resented what he called undignified conduct on the part of the solicitor-general. The solicitor-general, in conducting this debate, had, according to Mr. Duff's statement, made unseemly remarks at a distance of 50 feet across the chamber. The opposition had also seen him turn around, and by the expression on his face, make sneering remarks. These remarks had not been heard by the members to whom they referred, but Mr. Duff said he had heard of them later from persons sitting in the gallery.

Mr. Duff supported the idea of using provincial lists on the ground of economy, and went on at some length to commend the work of both Liberal and Conservative revisers in his constituency.

Mr. Guthrie said that the amendment, proposed by Mr. Ross of Mid-

DRUNKEN QUARREL ENDS IN STABBING

Anthony Rochofskey is in Serious Condition—Assailant Makes Escape.

Anthony Rochofskey, aged 33, 23 Phoebe street, was removed to the General Hospital at 120 o'clock this morning, suffering from a deep gash in his abdomen, said by the police to have been caused by a knife in the hands of a comrade during a drunken brawl. Mrs. Nellie Rochofskey, wife of the injured man, and Andro Labarak, who gives his address as 354 West Adelaide street, are held by the police as material witnesses.

At 11:20 last night the police at No. 2 station were notified of the stabbing and the ambulance and Plainclothesmen Parker and Skiller were dispatched to the scene. When the police arrived at the house they found Rochofskey sitting in a chair in the front room in a conscious condition.

At the time of going to press the assailant had not been apprehended, although Detectives Leavitt and Mulholland were working on the case.

LIBERAL AND LABOR MEMBERS CRITICAL

(Continued From Page 1).
lated. He was convicted on that compelled admission. Mr. Dewar defended the directors of the railway, and said that the directors were not guilty of the crime of justice.

Mr. Dewar: That's British fair play for you.

Whole System Is Wrong.
R. L. Brackin: The method of trial under the O.T.A. is unfair. Another point is that many country magistrates are personally opposed to the use of liquor and they will convict every chance they get; they allow themselves to be warped by their judgment. These magistrates are principally retired farmers or merchants with no experience whatever in the administration of the law. If a magistrate convicts and the defendant is not satisfied let him appeal to the county judge. At present he has to appeal to the appellate court in Toronto at great expense. The great curse of our judicial system is this concentration in Toronto. If you are going to let these magistrates continue to hear O.T.A. cases permit the defendant to appeal to the county judge.

The attorney-general promised he would consult with the provincial secretary about Mr. Brackin's suggestion.

Another suggestion by Mr. Brackin was that the government instead of fining a man \$1,000 for selling large quantities of liquor should take the profits from him which he made on the transaction.

Mr. Brackin: London's curse is not the judiciary, it is the lawyers. Mr. Homuth said some of the sneaky methods employed by spotters of the license department were disgraceful and the department should be ashamed of them.

Mr. Sandy, the father of the bill, declined to accept the views put forth and refused to consent to withdraw the question. Mr. Homuth moved that it be struck out and divided the committee. This motion, however, was lost.

The bill passed on division.

CROWN WITHDRAWS CHARGE.

In the assizes today, owing to lack of evidence, a serious offence preferred against Frederick Brookes, a negro, by the crown was dropped.

THE GIRL WHO SMILED THRU

By MARION RUBINCAM

A LONG TALK

CHAPTER 82.
So the following day, which was a Sunday, she went with David for a tramp over the Palisades.

By this time Alice knew the great city fairly well—better, in fact, than most of the people who had always lived in it—as is the case with most newcomers. She had been thru its museums, its parks, its large zoo; she had been around its harbor and to the many seashore resorts which are within an hour of the great beating heart of the city itself.

But the Palisades, those wonderful cliffs that rise so majestically from the Hudson, were still new to her. So, rolled up in furs and wearing an old, comfortable pair of shoes, she crossed the ferry with David and climbed the road that zigzags up the rocky wall, and then turned north with him on the road that runs along the top of the cliffs.

Like many girls brought up in or near the country, Alice had never taken any long tramps. The joy of slinging a lunch on a knapsack over her shoulder; of wearing loose, warm clothes, and of tramping with long steps and taking long breaths of fresh air, was a new joy to her. The exercise sent her blood racing thru her cheeks took on their clear, bright scarlet, and her eyes danced with health and pleasure. For a time she forgot all that had worried her in the sheer joy of the cold air and the long walk.

Sentiment goes with a stroll. It has little to do with a healthy tramp. So for some hours they chatted and laughed of impersonal things—an amusing student in the biology class, an incident that happened at a college dance Alice attended, a concert they had heard together some time before. But when they had built a fire high on a flat rock with the river hundreds of feet below them, and the city spreading out in the distance, gray and gold in the winter sunlight—then the talk drifted to more personal matters.

"I'm always so happy when I'm with you," David remarked once. "You have the nicest laugh I ever heard. Most girls are shrill when they laugh, or else titter. But your laugh is simply happiness. It's rather hearty for a woman, but it's awfully nice to listen to."

Alice looked over at him. They had finished the luncheon David had brought, and sat down by the dying fire, which sent gusts of warm air over them, along with the cold wind from the river. David had worn a

EARNINGS' REPORT OF THE C.N.R. LINE

Gross Receipts Over Fifty Million Dollars—Total Deficit \$25,000,000.

Ottawa, May 12.—(By Canadian Press).—Gross earnings of the Canadian Northern Railway for the year ending December 31, 1919, were \$52,527,757, according to the fifth annual report of the directors, tabled in the house this afternoon by Hon. J. D. Reid, minister of railways.

These were derived as follows: From passenger traffic, \$10,775,708.46; freight traffic, \$39,175,552; express, mail and telegraph, \$1,048,902.18; miscellaneous, \$2,022,014.84. In addition, there were interest and profits from elevator and other subsidiary companies, investments, etc., amounting to \$1,791,752.61, making a total of \$55,353,928.15. Working expenses amounted to \$60,054,022.22, and interest charges, \$19,969,710.36, a total deficit of \$25,707,804.43.

The directors call attention to the fact that their report covers only the operation of Canadian Northern Railway lines, forming part of the Canadian National system.

SIR ADAM TO OFFICIATE AT HIGH FALLS OPENING

Kingston, May 12.—(Special).—Kingston will be represented by members of the utilities commission and board of trade at a meeting of the Eastern Ontario Hydro Municipal Union at Smith's Falls on Thursday, the 13th, when the celebration of turning in on the power from the new generating plant at High Falls will be performed by Sir Adam Beck.

TRENTON SALESMAN PASSES.

Trenton, May 12.—(Special).—John Winford Scott, a resident of Trenton, has passed away here. He formerly resided at Gananoque, and was a traveling salesman for the Northern Piano Company. Mr. Scott was 37 years of age. A widow and family survive.

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY

WEST SIDE OF BATHURST ST. NORTH OF ST. CLAIR AVE.

CEDAR VALE.
Two miles from the corner of Bloor and Yonge Streets, and thirty minutes by street car to King and Yonge Streets. Adjoins the beautiful residential section surrounding Grace Church, on Russell Hill Road—a few hundred yards beyond the residence of Mr. R. J. Fleming, corner of St. Clair Avenue and Bathurst Street.

300 acres of restricted property, with township taxes; large lot and park areas; locality is strictly first-class and very attractive on account of the beauty of the Ravine and the new bridge, massive gates and other substantial improvements.

SPECIAL FACILITIES offered to persons who BUILD: first mortgage will be arranged, also second mortgage for part of purchase money.

HOUSES WILL BE CONSTRUCTED for owners under supervision of City's Superintendent at MINIMUM COST.

CONVENIENCES—Hydrants and city water, electric light, good roads and sewage disposal; five minutes' walk to city cars.

APPLY British and Colonial and Securities Company, Bank of Hamilton Building, Telephone Main 1959; or H. B. Taber, Superintendent, Hillcrest 3857.

THU

JOHN C.
219-21-23 Yc

Adva
Printed

The seal
beautiful
showing
are show
rows and
in all the
cluding a
white an

CLOTH

We make
and Miss
and Tric
tionally
others ar
burtons.
the the
of the m
special v

TAFFETA

Taffetas
smart, su
the vari
principal
We also
est. 35
overs, sil
Silk Und
Kimonos.

Mail O

JOHN C.

Ladies'
Gentlem
of all kind
Work exco
NEW
Phone N. 510

THE

Meteorologi
9 a.m.—
high over
Great Lakes,
is passing
states. The
fine throug
warm in the
tario eastwa
Minimum a
Prince Rupert
Vancouver, 3
Calgary, 38
Montreal, 38
fax, 38, 56.

Lower Lak
winds; most
temperature
Georgian B
per St. Lawr
with much
Lower St.
Shore—Mod
with much
Maritime—
much the an
western dist
Lake Sup
winds; fine
perature.
Western
fine and wa

Time.
8 a.m.....
2 p.m.....
4 p.m.....
8 p.m.....
Mean of
average, 7.5

Harpur, Geo
Lington street.

FLO
FOR F

AND EVERY
OCCASION

Sim

Yonge &
Simphon

RATES

Notices of
Deaths, no
Advertisement
Notices to
In Memoriam
Poetry and
all kinds of
For each
Card of

MALLON—O

Mr. and M
Hearn), a

CROWE—O

Funeral a
Friday, Ma
Buffalo p

WISE—At T

Funeral
Wise, ar.
Funeral

WOOD—Cath

of the late
Dundas St.
Funeral