"Adelaide 4794?
"Eaton's 'D. A.'?
"Please tell me of the advantages and conveniences gained by having a Deposit Account."

EATON'S DAILY STORE NEWS

VETERANS
Ask about the "Back to Civies" Blue Serge Suit at $25.00.

MEN ! TODAY FUR-COLLARED OVERCOATS

"The Overcoats of the Hour"

And Heavy Winter Ulsters for Big Men Are Marked for Clearance Today

The Fur-Collared Coats at $27.75, $32.50 and $34.75

The Ulsters at Half-Price, $7.50, $8.25, $10.00, $12.25, $13.75

At first sight one is taken with the luxurious appearance of a fur-collared coat. Its popularity grows in the trying on, as one notes how snug and warm such a coat would be in the worst of weather. They're desirable coats that one seldom has an opportunity to buy at a special price.

The Winter-weight Ulsters are large-sized coats, principally 42 to 46 chest. In the lot you will find soft fleecy blanket cloths, firmly woven union tweeds, and cheviot-finished materials. In a large assortment of patterns, in grey, brown and fawn, in checks and fancy mixed overcoatings, cut in double-breasted style, have deep storm collar, convertible lapels, half belt at back; some with wind strap on sleeves; are lined throughout with strong, serviceable linings. Sizes 38 to 48 in the lot, but sizes 42, 44 and 46 are in the majority. Some stout men's models are also included in the lot. Half-price today, $7.50, $8.25, $10.00, $12.25, $13.75.

At $34.75 are Young Men's Knee-length Models, in the two-button, double-breasted, body-fitting style, with slash pockets. Of all-wool firmly-woven frieze, in a heather mixture, and having large shawl collar of soft, thick, full-furred beaver. Lined throughout with a warm diagonal lining. Sizes 36 to 42. Reduced price, $34.75.

At $27.75 are Men's Full-fitting Double-breasted Overcoats, of firmly-woven heavy warm wool and cotton tweeds, in a dark grey checked pattern, with shawl collar of rich black Hudson seal (muskrat dyed), fastened with loops and barrels, and lined throughout with heavy twill Italian cloth. Sizes 36 to 44, $27.75.

At $32.50 are Overcoats of thick, soft-finished, all-wool blanket cloth, in the full-fitting, double-breasted style, closing with loops and barrels, and having a shawl-style collar of thickly-furred nutria (imitation beaver), lined throughout with heavy twill Italian cloth. Sizes 36 to 44. Reduced price, $32.50.

—Main Floor, Queen Street.

THE T. EATON Co LIMITED

FOOD CONFERENCE IN SWITZERLAND

Allies Make Enquiries, Realizing Supply Problem Relates to an Early Peace.

BY JOHN W DAFOE.
Canadian Associated Press Cable.

London, Dec. 27—The food situation in Europe is a matter of much moment to inter-allied interests because there is a close connection between the solution of this problem and the conclusion of an early and satisfactory peace. Within the past six weeks inter-allied food agencies have been carrying on extensive enquiries into the actual conditions in enemy and neutral countries. There is going on in Switzerland at present an important unofficial conference between the food officials of the various countries in which the whole food situation for the continent is being considered.

Some of the European countries are known to be in great need. Among the allied and friendly peoples perhaps the Serbian and the Czecho-Slovaks are in the greatest danger of real privation, but all the European neutrals require to import foods. Of the enemy nations, Austria appears nearest the brink of starvation. Reports from Germany are conflicting and contradictory, but the known facts indicate that the home-produced foods there will not suffice in full beyond April.

The United States, Canada, Australia and the Argentine are the countries which have considerable exportable supplies, and the partial liberation of shipping will permit these supplies to be brought to Europe in sufficient quantities to enable all actual needs to be met, if an efficient system of distribution is adopted.

To Act Promptly.

The conditions under which foods can be obtained and distributed become a political instrumentality among the most important. They may be used in bringing about and maintaining stable and desirable forms of government, and plans are in process of elaboration for the purpose of dealing with the whole situation effectively and promptly.

In these matters the prime minister of Canada and the members of the Canadian peace conference mission are taking their parts. Moreover in carrying out of the program of the inter-allied food council for the supplying of food to allied countries, which continue to have the first claim on the exportable surpluses, many matters of importance to Canada have come up from time to time and the representations made on behalf of Canada on those questions are welcomed.

Adjustments have been made and action taken affecting Canadian bacon and lard and packers of offals. In peas, beans, apples, canned vegetables, etc., Canada has become one of the chief sources of supply and her partnership in furnishing food is recognized as having been a sound and strong support to her co-operation by means of her army.

FINE RICH AUSTRIAN.

Brantford, Dec. 27.—Tony Zuiak, a big Austrian reservist, who had been coming and going across the border without getting his papers, was nabbed here. He had $2600 in his possession, all in bills, and he parted with $70 and costs on one charge and $25 on another.

ADJOURN TURK'S CASE.

Brantford, Dec. 27.—John Mike, who was to have appeared in police court on a charge of attempting to kill, he having fired at a girl who refused his advances, was still too much shaken to leave the hospital, and did not appear.

PRINCE OF MONACO WARNED EX-KAISER

(Continued From Page 1).

injustice weighing on Europe and given your high authority to the ideals of right, justice and peace to which mankind is now eagerly turning.

"But, instead, you maintained the brutal customs of a military monarchy until Germany, which could have won world power based on civilization, has dragged you down in its false ideas and blind folly."

Quotes Conversation.

Recalling to the ex-emperor their conversations, the prince says:

"I was deeply impressed with the talk I had with you when we inaugurated the Observatory of Ledenberg. When I condemned the militarizing of a people as stunting individual development, you described to me the advantages of such a form of national education outside its purely military objects, because, as you said, it relieved men from the heaviness of their bearing. This was your conception of the principal end of a system the application of which is terrifying the world Today in the path of your armies are strewn the marks of this education, which betray your true end or your profound error.

"Altho you said to me one day that it was not your right to take a certain action, which would have conserved world peace, yet you told me on the yacht Meteor on June 28, 1914, in learning of the assassination of Archduke Ferdinand, 'Now I must do everything over again.'

Responsible for Deliberate War.

"History will recognize in these two manifestations of your conscience the truth of your responsibility for a deliberate war. In an interview I had with you on the same yacht on the morning of the same day I noted certain points disclosing your real purpose. When I said to you that I believed the majority of the French supported the idea of a rapprochement with Germany, you answered me with unusual emphasis: 'Yes, but we must hurry or else it will be too late and other arrangements will be necessary to establish the position of the nations of Europe. Here are the Anglo-Saxons understanding their true interests and trying to group themselves in joint protection against the yellow races. Even this year President Wilson and England have used diplomatic language. They understand also that there is nothing to do with Germany but to accept her as she is.'"

After thus quoting verbatim the emperor's language, Prince Albert adds:

"You afterwards talked at length to convince me you had no bad sentiment toward France or anyone, and you remarked to me that you might have fallen upon Russia when she was ruined by her war with Japan, and upon France when 300,000 French soldiers were in hospitals. When I answered you that France's pacific intentions were shown by the tendency to reduce her military forces, you had nothing more to say."

A Sensational Conversation.

The prince then relates a sensational conversation, in which the emperor, pointing to a British squadron visiting Kiel, foresaw the coming of war.

"The transformation of your mentality became evident to me in June, 1914, when upon the deck of the Hohenzollern at Kiel you said to me with irritation, as you saw the British squadron come to salute you: 'If they oblige me to make war the world will see what it has never known before.'

"Your mind seemed touched with a last gleam of foresight as these ferocious views took form. Perhaps you still wished to resist the monstrous obsession of those demanding war, for you added: 'Upon those ships where British officers are about to laugh and dance with our young women, they seem very far from dreaming of making war.'"

Prince Albert then relates numerous conversations when the Russian Emperor proposed an international court at The Hague. "You disclosed to me one day your real thoughts upon this noble movement, in remarking to me with a smile that you were happy to participate in the czar's conferences, but did so by appointing as your delegates the most vigorous German generals." Prince Albert's letter continues: "I recall also that when I asked your support for the first international marine congress, you referred me to Admiral von Tirpitz, for whom the soul of the sailor will never have any respect."

The prince gives a conversation with the German crown prince, as showing his attitude toward The Hague tribunal. "Talking with the crown prince at his Kreuth residence in Bavaria, I complimented you on offering to settle the Casablanca affair before The Hague tribunal. 'The heir to the imperial throne answered me that the chancellor had made a mistake in accepting that arrangement, because,' said the crown prince, 'the French are right in that affair, but a powerful state should never avoid war, even when it is in the wrong, under penalty of losing its prestige.'"

In another talk with Emperor William, the prince says, the emperor remarked that he held the Russian Czar in his hands. In this connection, Prince Albert writes: "In the czar's crimes, for which Germany must bear responsibility, there is one which will revolt humanity for all time. Nicholas II. was incapable of lying or betraying his allies. He wished to perform his duties, not agreeing with your wishes, altho you told me you held him in your hands. Nicholas eluded your suggestions, but was assassinated by your Bolshevik accomplices without your intervening to save him."

King George Sends Message To Six Nations Indians

Brantford, Dec. 27.—Thru the Indian department at Ottawa an answer has come to the message sent from the Six Nations Indians in council rejoicing with King George on the signing of the armistice. The department conveys to them the thanks of his majesty for the renewed expression of their loyalty to the crown, and his majesty joins with the Six Nations in returning thanks to the Great Spirit for the coming blessing of peace.

Gen. Ashton to Investigate Complaints Regarding Transport

Ottawa, Dec. 27.—Complaints from soldiers of the treatment meted out to them on the transport Northland, which reached Halifax yesterday, reached the office of General Ashton, adjutant-general, today. The complaints are mainly about the food supplied and the quantity given each man, but a vigorous kick about the alleged bad sanitary conditions on the boat has also been made.

General Ashton is taking the matter up immediately with the quartermaster-general's department, which has charge of the question of victualing and supplying the steamers.

GERMANY TO RAISE EIGHTY BILLION MARKS

Council of People's Delegates Planning Heavy Taxation on the Country.

Washington, Dec. 27.—Taxes designed to raise about eighty billion marks are planned by the council of the people's delegates, said an official report received today from Berne, quoting a Berlin despatch to The Deutsche Zeitung. The despatch said the new taxes would be levied on war profits, and that a decree determinative of the tax would be published within a fortnight.

In connection with the despatch, The Deutsche Zeitung observes: "However legitimate may appear the principle of the tax, one cannot but consider with some anxiety the hurry with which the government is acting. The allied powers will surely augment their demands when they are aware of the extent of our financial means, and will lay hold of the sum in question. The result will be diminution of our national wealth, bring no profit to the state, and an increase in taxes which will fall on German citizens."

RANKS NEXT TO YORK.

Brantford, Dec. 27.—Brantford Township has closed the year with a credit balance of $3,487.93. Brantford is the second largest township in the province, York County alone including more acres.

UNFIT FOR HABITATION.

Brantford, Dec. 27.—A number of houses in the city will be labeled, "Unfit for human habitation," and will be closed by order of the health authorities after the New Year.