## iv INTRODUCTION.

of them, and Merchants themselves so divided in their Sentiments about them.

As to the first Case, perhaps it may be accounted for, if we consider what disadvantageous Notions Men of a liberal and learned Education have imbibed of this noble and interesting Science; on which the Riches, the Strength, the Glory, and I may add, the very Freedom of our Country, so effentially depend. Yet it has been represented as a dry unentertaining Subject, dark and crabbed, perplexed with endless Difficulties, not reducible to any fixed and certain Principles; and therefore fit for none, but the Mercantile Part of the World, whose Subsistence depends upon it, to give themselves any Trouble concerning it. But upon a fair Examination it will perhaps appear, that this Representation is very false and injurious in every particular.

As to the Second it must be indeed confessed, That Merchants themselves are very often divided in their Sentiments concerning Trade. Sir \* Josiah Child, Mr Gee, Mr Cary of Bristol,

<sup>\*</sup> The Words of Sir Josiah Child strongly corroborate what is here alledged. "Merchants, says he, while they are in the busy and eager Prosecution of their particular Trades, although they be very wise and good Men, are not always the best Judges of Trade, it relates to the Power and Prosit of a Kingdom. The Reason may be, because their Eyes are so con-