

names are a guarantee for the quality of the clinics and articles, and they are experienced teachers, and thorough students in their own fields of work. We can recommend this volume as a very valuable addition to a well-known series. International Clinics have stood the test for 27 years, and all the time with an increasing reputation.

RECALLED TO LIFE.

A Journal devoted to the Care, Re-education and Return to Civil Life of Disabled Sailors and Soldiers. Edited by Lord Charnwood and Everard Cotes. No. 2. London: John Bole, Sons and Danielson.

This excellent number contains articles on several very important topics of great interest to those who are charged with the care of returned sailors and soldiers. The articles are contributed by leading men who are highly competent to speak with authority on the subjects assigned them. We can most cordially recommend this publication.

MISCELLANEOUS

QUARANTINE VENEREAL PATIENTS.

At the meeting of the local Board of Health, Toronto, Dr. Hastings, the Medical Officer of Health, recommended the adoption of the following recommendations:

That the board apply to the Provincial Secretary to have social disease deemed to be communicable diseases. Any person affected with such a disease, which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health is infectious, may be placed under quarantine by the Medical Officer of Health, for treatment, and so detained until the infectious period is passed; and furthermore that any person whom the Medical Officer of Health has reason to suspect of suffering from such a disease, he may require to have submitted to a proper medical examination to determine the same and if found to be suffering from the aforesaid disease, may be placed under quarantine. In case of dispute as to the infectiousness of any person so quarantined, the question shall be decided by the board, and the decision of the board shall be final and shall not be subject to appeal or review by any court of authority.

Dr. Hastings further recommended that an amendment of the Public Health Act dealing with diseases be framed, similar to that of the Australian Act, and that the Legislature be asked to amend the Public Health Act along the lines therein suggested. In the meantime the placing of diseases on the communicable list will materially aid in controlling the existing menace to public health.