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UNUNITED FRACTURE.

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It is with much hesitation I appear before such an august and critical assemblage of surgeons as are gathered here, for I feel nothing I may say will appear new to the majority of you.

The subject—Ununited Fracture, Delayed Union, Pseudarthrosis—has received attention at the hands of writers on Surgery from the earliest time, and engaged the attention of the best and ablest surgeons. To follow its literature would be an almost endless task, and to

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review, in detail, the various methods of treatment would occupy much more time than I desire to consume. According to writers on Surgery, firm union between the fractured ends of a bone may sometimes be delayed beyond five or six weeks, the period of time usually required for their repair. This condition constitutes what is termed non-union, ununited fracture or pseudarthrosis. This delayed firm union may be temporary or permanent, it may correct itself or it may require the intervention of the surgeon. The character of the union in these cases is of a fibrous or ligamentous nature, or is a proliferation of brittle callus.

The causes of this non-union are divided into two classes,—those of a constitutional character and those of a local character. Among the constitutional are hæmorrhage, scorbutus, diarrhæal diseases, excessive lactation, pregnancy, shock, any state of the system attended by a diminution of the vitality of the patient. The reparative