

guishene on December 3, and another on February 17 by Mr. A. F. Young; two were seen at Millbrook on December 31 by Mr. S. Hunter, and one taken on February 21 at Alma by Mr. E. Gale.

A Red-headed Woodpecker was seen at Toronto on February 23 by Mr. S. Hunter.

Canada Jays were seen between October 7 and December 31 at the following places: Madoc, Penetanguishene, Napanee, Acton, Toronto, Hillsburg, Rockwood, Guelph, Killeen, Galt, Kingston and Millbrook.

A Bronze Grackle was noted as wintering at Kingston by Dr. C. K. Clarke, and a Meadowlark at Guelph by Mr. E. J. Colgate.

Purple Finches wintered in large numbers at Guelph, and were also seen throughout the winter at Alma by Mr. J. Allan, Jr., at Toronto on February 13, 16, 20 and 28 by Mr. S. Hunter, at Penetanguishene on February 17 by Mr. A. F. Young, and at London on February 27 by the writer.

A flock of White-winged Crossbills was seen at Guelph on January 2 by Mr. L. Beattie.

American Crossbills were seen at Woodstock, by Mr. W. D. Hobson, and at Guelph by Mr. F. N. Beattie.

Redpolls appear to have been common only at Penetanguishene; they have been seen also at Madoc by Mr. C. J. Young, and at Guelph, but at the latter place not since October.

The American Goldfinch has wintered in rather larger numbers than usual at Guelph, and has also wintered at Alma, where specimens were noted by Mr. J. Allan, Jr., and at Madoc, where others were seen by Mr. C. J. Young.

Pine Siskins have been noted at Penetanguishene, Alma and Woodstock, and have been very abundant at Guelph.

Snowflakes arrived early and have been seen throughout the winter at various points.

Tree Sparrows have been scarce; they have been noted at London, Alma and Guelph, but only in small numbers.

Cedar Wax-wings were noted by Mr. S. Hunter at Toronto on January 5, 6 and 24; two were seen at Guelph on February 1 by Mr. W. Holliday; 36 at London on February 26 by Mr. W. E. Saunders, and 16 at Galt by Mr. W. Herriot on February 5.