

ture and moreover she gives us an insight into the gentle character of Macbeth.

Then a messenger enters conveying word that Duncan would visit Macbeth's castle that same evening. This gives Lady Macbeth an opportunity to force her husband to murder Duncan during the night, and to give him instructions as to how it is to be done.

The fifth scene takes place before Macbeth's castle when Duncan, Malcolm, Donalbain, Banquo, Lennox, Macduff, Ross and Angus enter. Duncan remarks the beauty of the castle and after a short interview with Lady Macbeth we are led to a scene within the castle where Macbeth and his wife are present. This is one of the most interesting scenes of the play because in it we see the development of the plot to murder Duncan. Macbeth in his discourses would lead us to believe that he is of an ambitious though rather gentle nature to carry out such a deed. But the persuasive and inhuman advice of his wife finally masters him and he gives his consent to do the bloody deed.

I. J. RICE, '12.



Industrial Progress.

AMONG the many forms under which the superiority of man is affirmed over the other inhabitants of this world, industrial progress ranks as one of the most important. Ever since the old days of our first parents has mankind tried to produce inventions either to increase the profits and wealth of each and every one, or to lighten the burden of labor. Of course man cannot be praised for his discoveries if they are meant solely for his material benefit, but God has placed riches upon the globe, and he has left it to us, to find the means of profiting by them. This was probably the first of industrial progress in the remote ages where knife and fork were completely ignored, and dressing was reduced to its minimum expression. But such was not the case with the industrial revolution of 1750 and the following decades; and, judging by the effects, it might be asked if, at all, it was really a benefit for the human race. Of course it