

HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION

Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well."



"My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try before submitting to an operation. It relieved me from my troubles so I can do my house work without any difficulty."

Guide-Advocate

Watford, Ont. PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY Subscription \$1.50 per annum in advance. \$2.00 in advance to the United States.

ADVERTISING RATES.

YEARLY CONTRACTS—100 lines 8 cents per inch. 500 lines 6 cents per inch. 1000 lines 5 cents per inch. Shorter periods 12 cents per running inch.

Guide-Advocate

WATFORD, NOVEMBER 29, 1918

NOTE AND COMMENT

It may be comforting to know that there is a coal crisis in Germany too. Residents of the Rhine Valley, who use the river on an extensive scale both for goods and passenger traffic, are in a state of great excitement over the prospective shutting down of navigation owing to shortage of coal.

New York Sun: It would be interesting if the health department could discover which set of men yields most easily to the influenza—the careless coasters, who try to make their conciliatory system keep them warm, or the set who go ulstered and perspiring. The inquiry need relate only to men. It has long been established that women pay no such heed to heavy clothing as men do, and that they, bare of throat and back, and wearing autumn furs only for fashion, are not easy prey to germs as their more cautious husbands. The female of the species is more husky than the male.

Catarrah Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrah deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrh deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrh Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo O.

CHRONOLOGY OF THE GREAT WORLD WAR

STORY OF WAR TOLD IN BRIEF

Important Dates in Great World Struggle.

THE FALL OF AUTOCRACY

Close Study of the Past Four Years Shows That Democracy Won the Victory Because the Foes of Civilization Were Never Able to Drive Home a Blow at a Vital Spot.

DURING the first two weeks of last July, the Allies were facing the darkest days of the war, and the German war lords were proclaiming triumphantly that they were about to achieve the victory that would bring them the world domination, which was the Kaiser's ambition.

Now that the war has become history, it is interesting to look back at the important dates of the past four years and to trace the gradual growth of the omens that pointed towards the complete surrender of Germany. With this collapse came the end of militarism, and the great autocrats of Europe were all overthrown.

Some persons may ask what names history will remember most distinctly in connection with the great war. The name of the Kaiser and his chief tools will be remembered with loathing. But in the nobler niches of fame may be placed the names of Generalissimo Foch, who ended the war that the Kaiser commenced, and Premier David Lloyd George of Great Britain, the greatest single dynamic force in organizing the resources of the British Empire.

Looking back over the important incidents of the war, it will be noted that the victories of the Germans were all of secondary importance. The war lords were never able to deliver a vital blow that would have given them a peace based on German ambitions.

Even though the Central Powers could not score a decisive victory, they were able to win spectacular campaigns enough to buoy their people up with hopes of final triumph. Each summer of the war was ended by them with something that looked like a brilliant feat of arms.

They were able to win spectacular campaigns enough to buoy their people up with hopes of final triumph. Each summer of the war was ended by them with something that looked like a brilliant feat of arms.

It is possible now to look over the war and to place our fingers on the black periods of depression, but it is also easy to follow the golden line that led to the final victory of the Allies. The ultimate good of civilization made it necessary that the Entente should win. It was a struggle between reaction and progress, and the purpose that one can trace in the minds of thoughtful men is that it was impossible for reaction to triumph in the long run.

The effect of the Great War on Canada has already made itself apparent. Our Dominion entered the conflict as soon as the Germans threw down the challenge of battle. Canada may be proud, chiefly because her record is the record of the Canadian people: they rose to the call, and gave of their money and their young life in the cause of civilization.

Some persons may ask what names history will remember most distinctly in connection with the great war. The name of the Kaiser and his chief tools will be remembered with loathing. But in the nobler niches of fame may be placed the names of Generalissimo Foch, who ended the war that the Kaiser commenced, and Premier David Lloyd George of Great Britain, the greatest single dynamic force in organizing the resources of the British Empire.

Looking back over the important incidents of the war, it will be noted that the victories of the Germans were all of secondary importance. The war lords were never able to deliver a vital blow that would have given them a peace based on German ambitions.

Even though the Central Powers could not score a decisive victory, they were able to win spectacular campaigns enough to buoy their people up with hopes of final triumph. Each summer of the war was ended by them with something that looked like a brilliant feat of arms.

- 28. Germans sack and burn Louvain. SEPTEMBER, 1914. 1. Germans defeat Russians at Allenstein. 3. French Government moved from Paris to Bordeaux. 4. Germans occupy Rheims. 5. Russians take Lemberg. 7. Battle of Marne develops. 10. Battle of Marne ends in great French victory, thus ending first German rush, and civilization is saved. 11. Austrians seize Solomon Islands from Germans. 17. Russian troops that invaded Eastern Prussia completely crushed by Germans. 18. Russians drive Austrians over San. 24. First Canadian contingent of 32,000 men sail for England. 28. Japanese invest Tsing Tan.

- OCTOBER, 1914. 4. Russians win battle of Augustow. 9. Germans take Antwerp. 12. Germans enter Ghent. 13. Belgian Government moved to Havre, France. 14. Allies re-capture Ypres. 15. Gen. Botha takes the field in South Africa. 21. Beginning of First Battle of Ypres. 29. Turkey attacks Russia in Crimea. 30. Col. Maritz, the rebel, is driven out of Cape Colony.

- NOVEMBER, 1914. 1. Admiral von Spee defeats British squadron of Coronel, Chile. The Good Hope, and the Monmouth are sunk. 5. Great Britain and France declare war on Turkey. 7. Tsing Tan surrenders to Japanese and British forces. 12. Russians besiege Przemyśl. 17. British win First Battle of Ypres. 17. Turkey proclaims Holy War. Col. Maritz defeated in South Africa.

- DECEMBER, 1914. 1. De Wet captured by Gen. Botha's troops and South African rebellion ended. 2. Austrians capture Belgrade from Serbians. 8. British fleet under Admiral Sturdee defeats German fleet under Admiral von Spee. Four German vessels sunk. 9. Gen. Beyers, South African rebel, killed at Vaal river. 14. Serbians drive Austrians out of Belgrade. 18. Egypt declared a British protectorate. 31. Princess Patricia's Light Infantry reaches front, the first Canadians to do so.

- JANUARY, 1915. 24. British defeat German fleet in North Sea.

- FEBRUARY, 1915. 4. Turks routed in attack on Suez Canal. 12. Von Hindenburg wins great victory over the Russians. 22. Turks commence massacre of Armenians. 26. Gen. Botha announces invasion of German West Africa.

- MARCH, 1915. 5. Turks abandon campaign against Egypt. 12. British capture Neuve Chapelle, one of the most costly victories of the war. 14. German raider "Dresden" sunk by British. 22. Przemyśl captured from Austria by the Russians.

- APRIL, 1915. 21. British and French troops land in Turkey. Disastrous Gallipoli expedition launched under leadership of Sir Ian Hamilton. 22. Second great Battle of Ypres commences. 24. Canadians save Channel ports by their gallant stand, when the Germans first introduced gas into civilized warfare.

- (Continued on Page 3, Column 3.)

Read the Guide-Advocate "Want Column" on page 4. Pills for Nervous Troubles.—The stomach is the centre of the nervous system, and when the stomach suspends healthy action the result is manifest in disturbances of the nerves. If allowed to persist, nervous debility, a dangerous ailment, may ensue. The first consideration is to restore the stomach to proper action, and there is no readier remedy for this than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Thousands can attest the virtue of these pills in curing nervous disorders.

VINOL MAKES GOOD BLOOD

Positive—Convincing Proof

Many so-called remedies for anaemia are only so in name. Their makers are afraid to prove their claims by telling what their medicines contain. The only way to be honest with the people is to let them know what they are paying for. Here is the Vinol formula. When the doctor knows what a medicine contains, it ceases to be a "patent" medicine.

Any doctor will tell you that the ingredients of Vinol, as named above, will enrich the blood and banish anaemia and create strength. When the blood is pure and rich and red, the body is strong and robust.

You can prove this at our expense because your money will be returned if Vinol does not improve your health.

TAYLOR & SON, DRUGGISTS.

Columbia Dry Batteries advertisement featuring an image of a battery and text: "REMEMBER there are differences in dry cells, just as there are differences in the engines, bells and telephones that the dry cells run. Play safe and buy standard Columbia Batteries. Buy them here where you get them fresh, and full of pep and power."

Sold by T. Dodds & Son

T. Dodds & Son

Sarnia Business College advertisement: "has the finest facilities for training young people for business. The present enrollment is the largest in its history. WRITE FOR RATES"

EVERY DOLLAR YOU INVEST advertisement: "in a Course of Training in the ELLIOTT BUSINESS COLLEGE, Yonge and Charles Sts., Toronto, will pay big dividends. Every graduate of this school this year secured employment promptly. Enter any time. Catalogue free. W. J. ELLIOTT, Principal."

CENTRAL Business College advertisement: "Lady graduates of last term are now earning as high as \$18 and even \$20 per week, while young men are earning still better salaries. We can not meet the demand for trained help. Write us at once for particulars regarding our Commercial, Shorthand or Telegraphy Department. Students may enter at any time. D. A. McLACHLAN, Principal."

ROLL OF HONOUR

Men From and Vicinity of The Emp

- 27TH REGT.—1ST Bn. Thos L. Swift, reported mi 15th, 1915. Richy Barry C Binks. Arth I. Gunn Newell, killed in action. F C N Newell, DCM. A H Woodward, killed in action. M C Sid Welsh. W L M Blondel. A L R W Bailey. G M R A Johnston. W C C Manning. H T F Phelps. H T B W Smith. C T J Ward, killed in action. F Wackm. D C M, killed. T Wackm, wounded and H Whitsitt. B F PRINCESS PATRICIA Gerald H Brown. 18TH BATTAL C A Barnes. Geo. Edmund Watson. G S I Burns. F B J Burns. Wm C Blunt. Wm S P Shanks. Wal 2ND DIVISIONAL Lorne Lucas. Fra Chas Potter. 33RD BATTAL Percy Mitchell, died of woi Lloyd Howden. Geo Fountain killed in action. Gordon H Patterson, Hospital, London. 34TH BATTAL F C Crohn. S N Macklin Hagle, missing. Stanley Rogers. Wm Henry Holmes, killed in 1915. Leo C Jamieson. 29TH BATT Wm Mitchell. Joh 70TH BATTAL Ernest Lawrence, killed 1915. Alf C H Loveday. A Y S R Whalton, killed in action. Thos Meyers. Jos Vern Brown. Alf Sid Brown, killed in action. 28TH BATTAL Thomas Lamb, killed in MOUNTED RIFES Fred A Taylor. PIONEERS Wm Macnally. W J J Tomlin. ENGINEERS Basil Saunders. Cec ARMY MEDICAL T A Brandon, M D. W Norman McKenzie. Jer Allen W Edwards. W Basil Gault. Caj 135TH BATTAL Nichol McLachlin, killed 6th, 1917. 3RD RESERVE BATT Alfred Levy. 116TH BATTAL Clayton O Fuller, killed 18th, 1917. 196TH BATTAL R R Annett. 70TH BATTAL R H Trenouth, killed 18th, 1917. Murray M Forster. V V Ambrose Cavigan. 142ND BATTAL Lieut. Gerald I. Taylor on Oct. 16, 1918. Austin Potter. GUNNER Russ G Clark. R N C V I John J Brown. 1st Class Petty Frederick H. Haskett, ARMY DENTAL Elgin D Hicks. H D Capt. L. V. James. ARMY SERVICE Frank Elliot. R Arthur Mc Kercher. Henry Thorpe, Mech. 85TH BATTAL Roy E Acton, killed in 64th BATT C F Luchman. H Romo Auld. 63RD BATT Walter A Restorick. G Clare Fuller. E Edgar Prentiss. 67TH BATT Chester W Cook. ROYAL AIR Lient M R James. C Lient. Leonard Crone. July 1, 1918. J. C. Hill, mechanic Lient. J. B. Tiffin. 1ST DEPOT BATT WESTERN ONTARIO Reginald J Leach. Le James Phair. A Y Russell McCormick. Jg Leo Dodds. B John Stapleford. G Mel. McCormick. B Tom Dodds. A Wellington Higgins. J Lloyd Cook. V J. Richard Williamson. Oct. 11, 1918.