T.S.L. TORONTO STEAM LAUNDRY SHIRTS, COLLARS AND CUFFS A SPECIALTY 106 YORK-ST., NEAR KING GEO. P. SHARPE.

The Toronto World.

C. S. GZOWSKI, JR. Late Gzowski & Buchan, Stock and Exchange Broker and General Agent, changes all kinds of money, buys and sells drafts on New York and London; also agent Dominion Royal Mail Line of steamships for Europe.

NINTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 14, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE MAIL-GLOBE DEAL.

RUMORED AMALGAMATION OF THE TWO NEWSPAPERS.

The Stories That Were Going Round the City Last Night in Well-Informed Circles—The Reasons for the Consolidation Fully Set Forth—It Must be so.

Yesterday and last night rumors were going about of a proposed consolidation of The Globe and Mail newspapers into one concern to be known as The Mail-Globe, and under one management.

The authority for this report was various, and in several instances was traced to what must be considered trustworthy sources. Members of the staffs of both papers believed it; prominent merchants believed it; The Empire people believed it and The World believes it. If it is not true it ought to be true, for both papers are desperately bidding for the Reform-annexation organship.

For some time things have been approaching a crisis in both establishments. There has been a mighty falling off in receipts in the two institutions. Circulation and advertising have both been steadily dropping. The proof of the presence of the canker was the constant resort of both papers to what are called "fakes" to keep up the falling revenues. "Board of Trade numbers," "Exhibition numbers," "Christmas numbers," "fast trains," The Mail's proposed history of Toronto (only floated the day before yesterday), The Mail's "advertising bureau," "Farm and Fireside," "women's employment bureau," and a dozen other "fakes" all go to show that in order to keep up with the procession a lot of "plunges" had to be made.

The Globe has been attenuated in every possible direction: the staff was cut down to being the smallest of any of the morning papers; the columns were narrowed to save $15,000 a year; cheaper and thinner paper was employed; special agents and correspondents cut off: "plate matter" employed to save composition; Pardoe, the late managing editor, was let go; larger type was ordered; and in a dozen other ways expenses were cut down.

But all this was cloaked under the "special morning train" west. It cost some $15,000 and the directors were told that if they did not keep that on at the front they would have to close up.

In The Mail a similar process has been going on, but the reductions were not so severe or so extensive.

The circulations of both papers have been running steadily down. Notwithstanding the drop from $7 to $4 they lost their good and loyal (to the paper) subscribers, and got in their place people who were merely looking for a cheap paper. The Mail lost the Conservatives and got school teachers, ministers, postmasters, etc.; The Globe went through a similar process.

Both concerns were always blaming the competition of rivals, while as a matter of fact their own un-Canadian policy was losing them their business. Canadians did not want the annexation pabulum that each served up in its columns, and they showed it by declining to give either advertising or to take the papers.

In a business way The World has been cutting into both of them right and left. We have been getting advertising right from under their noses. There was a time when The World had to employ canvassers to cut advertisements out of The Mail and Globe and go and solicit them; for months past the agents of these two papers have been hunting for business among the clients of The World.

No one has been able to understand the peculiar actions of The Mail for some days past. Its nomination of Sir Richard Cartwright as leader of the Reform party was a surprise. It has also been trying to "crawl back" on its more open annexation avowals. The day before yesterday it actually said that Canada could stand on her own bottom.

Cartwright and Laurier are said to have had a conference in Montreal on Wednesday with reference to the leadership and organship.

The papers embodying the agreement were signed yesterday after lengthy consultations. Members of the staffs of both papers were so confident of the change that they were looking for new berths last night, anticipating a big reduction in the consolidated staff.

A SOVEREIGN NATION.

Prof. Schurman of Cornell on the Political Situation in Canada.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 13.—Prof. J. G. Schurman of Cornell University, who is a Canadian, spoke here to-night on the political situation in Canada. He held that Canada had been growing into an independent nation since 1840, especially since the Confederation in 1867. Since 1880 Canada's semi-continental inter-oceanic territory had greatly fostered the sentiment. However, there were influences that might work for annexation. Taxation, general and local was about as high in Canada as in the United States, being in Nova Scotia $9.45 per capita as against $11.25 in Vermont, but the Vermonters' burden would be lessened by $2 before 1900 by the payment of the debt.

The population did not respect the 49th parallel. There were nearly one-fourth as many Canadians in the United States as in Canada, and there were too few in the Canadian Northwest. Still it was shown that from 1790 to 1860 the rate of increase of population had been greater in Canada than in the United States, but from 1861 to 1881 the Canadian increase had been only 33 per cent.

However, neither the finances nor the population, nor even the fisheries required such radical treatment as a political union with the States which Canadian sentiment opposed. Both countries would be benefitted by limited trade reciprocity. Canada had only to wait for the returns from her golden Northwest then she might become in name what she has almost grown to be in fact—a sovereign nation. In the meantime she would retain her present political status.

Plenty of Tone.

This month will give lovers of music an opportunity of taking their choice from the numerous concerts that are to be given, and our "nobby" dressers must of course see that they appear faultlessly dressed in every particular. For neckwear plain colored satin four-in-hands are the "tone," pearl, dove gray, electric, garnet, claret, cream, lavender and salmon are the colors. Levian & Co., 92 Yonge-street, manufacture them.

The Toronto Vocal Society's Concert.

There was a big rush for seats for the Toronto Vocal Society's concert at Messrs. Sucklings' piano warerooms this morning, and judging from appearances every available place will be taken before the night of the concert. The box plan opens to the public on Saturday at 9.30 a.m. The society charges popular prices—reserved seats 50c and $1, upper gallery 25c.

In a Friendly Spirit Only.

Rev. Mr. Wilson told The World yesterday that he proposed to carry on his appeal in the "move on case," but only in a friendly spirit.

The following kindergartens of the public schools will close on Thursday next: Victoria, Niagara, College-ave., Bolton-ave., Jesse Ketchum, Lansdowne, Rose Ave., Park, Gladstone-ave. and Wellesley. The exercises are exceedingly interesting.

BERTIE SECORD'S STORY.

Two Boys Drowned While Skating—Wentworth General Sessions.

HAMILTON, Dec. 13.—The police are inclined to make light of the story of Miss Bertie Secord, who asserts that an unknown miscreant has pursued her for nearly two months with threatening letters and made a desperate attempt to carry out his threats. One peculiar feature of her story is that she received similar letters three years ago when she lived near Simcoe, and reported them to the crown attorney then. She suspected a certain man, but he subsequently went to Buffalo.

Wednesday afternoon, after school, Jas. Lillycrop, aged 13, and Maurice Bastedo, aged 10, went skating on Lake Medad, a small sheet of water in Nelson Township, about nine miles from Hamilton. The boys ventured out too far, the ice gave way and they were drowned.

In the Police Court to-day Thomas Welden of Ancaster was fined $20 or two months for a brutal assault on his wife.

At the General Sessions to-day the appeal of Cabman Moses Furlong against a conviction for trespassing on the Grand Trunk's property was quashed on technical grounds. In Omand v. Hamilton Industrial Works, an action for damages under the Factory Act in which it was claimed that the plaintiff lost a hand because of the defendant's negligence in not guarding certain machinery, a consent judgment for $150 was entered. Patrick Hart and Wm. McCullocal were convicted of picking up $17 which one Babcock placed on the bar of Bennet's Hotel in Dundas and returning it minus $4, and were sentenced to three months in the Central Prison.

A farmer named Edward Glover was fined $2 to day for driving through a funeral procession.

The winner of the yacht Vera is Wm. Patterson, son of ex-Ald. Patterson.

TRANSHIPMENT IN BOND.

No Change in the Government's Attitude—The Halifax Case.

OTTAWA, Dec. 13.—Minister of Customs Bowell in conversation with your correspondent to-day with reference to the alleged cases of transhipment of fish from American fishing vessels for transportation in bond, said that the statement, attributed to him in yesterday's Ottawa correspondence of The Mail, that "it had sometimes occurred that a vessel which had sustained an injury was allowed either to dispose of its cargo or ship it in bond," was incorrect. He did not say that any permission to ship on board had been given, as none had been. In a few cases where vessels have put in for repairs, as they have a right to under the treaty of 1818, they have been allowed to land their fish on payment of the duty, when it has been apparent that the repairs would take so long that the fish would spoil if not landed. After the duty was paid the fish might be sent anywhere.

The Minister of Customs stated emphatically that no change whatever had been made by the Government in its interpretation of the treaty of 1818, either on the question of transportation in bond or any other point.

Mr. Bowell also said with regard to the two cases specially mentioned in Halifax despatches to American papers, that they had not been reported at all to the department, so the collectors could not have considered there was any violation of the regulations. Telegrams were sent to-day asking particulars about these two cases.

Hon. C. H. Tupper, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, also said that there had been no change whatever on the part of the Government with regard to transhipment in bond.

Polished brass library and hall lamps Milne & Co., the Housefurnishers, 169 Yonge-street. 516

SMALLPOX AT BUFFALO.

A Serious Outbreak Threatened—Four New Cases Reported.

BUFFALO, Dec. 13.—Still the smallpox continues to menace Buffalo. There were three new cases reported last evening and one new case to-day. The advent of cold weather is quite likely to spread the disease and it threatens an outbreak. Another case was sent from the penitentiary to the quarantine hospital to-day. Since the discovery of the first case here on July 7 there have been 121 cases and the deaths have numbered between 35 and 40.

Silverware, graniteware and agateware. Milne's, 169 Yonge-street. 156

Astounding Crookedness.

CHICAGO, Dec. 13.—Interstate Commerce Commissioners Cooley and Morrison left for the east last evening. Judge Cooley says the revelations of crookedness were simply astounding, and evidence had come into the possession of the commissioners that would warrant criminal prosecution against several railroad officials. The worst feature was that every official examined admitted the facts, but declared he had to do it because others were doing it. Some of them went so far as to justify their illegal action on the ground that the law was oppressive and unjust. The commission, he said, would act promptly hereafter in every case of violation of the law that came to its notice and the guilty parties would be punished to the full extent of the law.

To Marry a Socialist Editor.

NEW YORK, Dec. 13.—Mrs. Lucy A. Parsons, the Anarchist agitator, who arrived a day or two ago on the Cunard steamer Aurania from London, Eng., is shortly to be married to Mr. Bernstein, the editor of The German Social Democrat of Zurich, Switzerland, but which is really published in London, where Mr. Bernstein resides.

Another of the Johnson Gang Convicted.

DETROIT, Dec. 13.—Robert Judge, the Port Huron counterfeiter who has been on trial in the United States Court here for some days, was convicted this afternoon. Judge belonged to the famous Johnson gang, eight of whom are now in states prison. Judge was sentenced to pay a fine of $1000 and to imprisonment in the Detroit House of Correction for 10 years.

A Fighting Parson.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Dec. 13.—Rev. Mead Holmes now sleeps with a brace of revolvers under his pillow, in anticipation of a visit from the White Caps. He says no threats will induce him to resign from the City Council, and if the liquor men are planning a Haddock affair in Rockford he will prove no easy victim.

Convicted of the Murder of Her Husband.

OTTAWA, Dec. 13.—At the Assizes at Aylmer to-day Mrs. Gascon was found guilty of the murder of her husband last July, in the township of Bouchette, by striking him on the head with a shovel. The jury recommended her to mercy.

Greenfield Gets 10 Years.

PETERBORO, Dec. 13.—John Greenfield, who was convicted yesterday of shooting at a constable with intent to kill, was to-day sentenced to 10 years in the Kingston Penitentiary.

Zola's Books Seized at Dublin.

DUBLIN, Dec. 13.—The authorities have seized thousands of Zola's works which were shipped here from England.

SO FAR IT IS 166,040.

TORONTO AND SUBURBS WILL NUMBER MORE THAN 177,000.

The Population as Taken by the Census Men is Fully 26,000 Greater Than That Taken by the Assessors—The Official Declaration on Monday.

All of yesterday the talk was about the census and the question was, "Who will get The World's prize?"

The World would like to announce to-day the exact figures, but this is impossible. Yesterday morning's paper said the best possible, and that was 165,000 for Toronto excluding Parkdale. This was a rough estimate. All day yesterday Ald. Dodds, the efficient chairman of the Census Committee, and Secretary Sanderson were busy with the figures. Scores of letters were sent in from citizens making corrections and alterations and giving additional information. In the case of places where the enumerators found the families absent there were sent in many answers. Ald. Dodds and his assistants are doing the work most carefully, and will continue to receive replies and make corrections until Monday night, when the official declaration will be made to the City Council, and upon this will be based. The World's decision as to the winner of its prize.

At 5 o'clock last evening Ald. Dodds gave The World the following figures, which were correct up to that hour. These must not be taken as definite, as there will be several hundreds added within the few following days.

These figures show that Ald. Dodds was right in his contention of the assessors being lax, and they show that the city has a population of at least 26,588 more than reported by the assessors:

Ward.	*Census.*	*Ass'rs.*
St. Andrew's	15,897	12,940
St. George's	8,623	6,539
St. David's	21,466	17,949
St. Lawrence	7,508	6,499
St. Paul's	9,247	7,776
St. Patrick's	27,340	23,552
St. Matthew's	6,282	5,472
St. Mark's	9,149	7,429
St. James'	13,381	10,709
St. Stephen's	19,118	15,582
St. John's	14,939	12,771
St. Thomas	13,090	11,234
	166,040	139,452
Difference		26,588

The real population of the city will be about 166,200, and Ald. Dodds, who has carefully calculated the matter, concludes that the population of Toronto with Parkdale included will be 173,000.

The World has received a heap of late guesses and a number of corrections, but these cannot be noticed. They are too late.

180,000 With Suburbs.

With Parkdale and other suburbs Toronto's population may be fairly set down in these figures:

Toronto	166,040
Parkdale	5,583
West Toronto Junction	3,000
Carlton and Davenport	3,500
Chester and Little York	1,900
	180,023

Buy your gift books, poetical books and other suitable Xmas presents, including sets of "Dickens," "Scott," "Thackeray," "Eliot," "Macaulay," "Hume" and "Ruskin" at wholesale prices. F. A. Wood, 15 King-street west.

THE BEREAVED CHURCH.

No Appointment Has Yet Been Made—The Jeffery Testimonial.

All heart was taken out of the Quarterly Board of the Western Methodist Church, when they read yesterday that their brethren of Queen-street Church were not going to hand them over the popular preacher and industrious pastor, Rev. Hugh Johnston. This proposal had the Presidential sanction but the sturdy men of Queen-street blew upon it. Last night several names were mentioned and their qualifications discussed. No decision was arrived at and it is left with the Chairman of the district to arrange for temporary pulpit supplies.

Dr. Stone himself, it is rumored, would not be averse to taking charge of either Queen-street or the Western Church. The matter will be reported to Dr. Stafford and Sunday's services will be announced to-morrow. Messrs. Hudson, Grey and Bourden, sr., were elected on the Sunday school Board of Management. Messrs. Eaton, Gage, Lyddiatt, and other irreconcilables, were not present. Kindly words were spoken of Mr. Jeffery by several members of the board.

Subscription lists are being gradually filled up by large-hearted men of all churches and no church, who desire at the close of this eventful year to give Mr. Jeffery tangible proof that his word and work have not been in vain.

Come and see the beautiful Christmas goods at St. George's School House, on Thursday and Friday, 13th and 14th.

Kennedy Was Found Guilty.

Nearly all day yesterday Judge Morgan and a jury of the General Sessions were occupied in hearing the case of Wm. Kennedy, charged with shooting at Constable Welsh with intent to kill on the night of Nov. 8. Crown Attorney Badgerow prosecuted and Mr. Charles Horgan conducted the defence. The jury went out at five o'clock and at 8 o'clock returned with a verdict of guilty of "shooting with intent to do bodily harm." The Grand Jury yesterday found two more true bills against James H. Spence for stealing letters, and will make its presentment to-day.

Punch and Judy at St. George's School House, Friday, 14th, at 5 p.m.

Killing Two Birds.

It is understood that the trip across the Atlantic by Inspector Andrews of the Metropolitan Police Force had a deeper significance than simply guarding Barnett. It is whispered that his continued stay in Toronto is caused by his desire to collect evidence which may avail The Times in its fight with the Parnellites. Mr. Andrews is one of the best known officers of the London force, and it is not thought that he would be sent on such a trifling mission as to deliver a prisoner to the Canadian authorities, if it was not a mere cover to conceal a more important scheme.

Pen, pocket and table cutlery. Milne & Co., the Housefurnishers, 169 Yonge-street 156

The Fair at St. George's.

A sale of fancy work was begun in St. George's Sunday-school yesterday. The articles were arranged on 5 tables, over which about 30 young ladies in artistic costume presided. In the centre of the room was a pagoda, which was under the special management of Mrs. Lockhart. The sale will be continued to-day, when a children's tea will be served from 4 till 7 o'clock. The proceeds of the sale will be devoted to the church improvement fund. During the day the sale was visited by Miss Marjorie Campbell, Mrs. S. Heward, Miss Ethel McCarthy, Miss Otter and others. A special feature of to-day's sale will be a Punch and Judy show under the direction of E. Rutherford and A. Boultbee.

American and Canadian Xmas and New Year cards, Xmas booklets and novelties, suitable for foreign postage. Best assortment in the city at Winnifrith Bros., 6 and 8 Toronto-street.

Steamship Travel.

Cunard Line Agent Webster of this city has succeeded in gathering together the largest steamship party that has ever left Canada to sail on any one steamer from New York. This party, which numbers 74, will leave the Union station to-day at noon in a special car, which will go through to New York without change. The company are to be congratulated on having such an energetic representative in Toronto.

CHANGES AT TRINITY.

The Successor of Prof. Roper Appointed—Other University Matters.

A general meeting of the corporation of the University of Trinity College was held on Wednesday. The Bishop of Toronto presided and there were present the Chancellor, the Provost, the Dean, Professors Boys and Clark, Chief Justice Hagarty, Revs. Dr. Davies, J. Langtry, A. J. Broughall, J. D. Cayley, Mr. J. A. Worrell and Dr. Temple. On the recommendation of the Executive Committee a course of lectures on political science was established, and arrangements were concluded with Dr. J. G. Bourinot of Ottawa to deliver the first series during next Easter term. On the recommendation of the same committee a bylaw was passed providing that candidates for the degree of licentiate of theology may substitute for Hebrew in either year the Greek Testament work of the honor theological course.

An amendment was made to the university statutes extending to students attending lectures in any medical college and desiring to proceed to the degree of B.A., the same privileges as are now granted to students attending lectures at Osgoode Hall.

A special statute was adopted authorizing the executive officers of the university to admit J. C. Dunlop, lecturer in modern languages in Trinity College, to the degree of M.A., honoris causa, upon a grace to that effect passing the convocation.

The special committee appointed to report to the corporation with regard to filling the fellowship in classics having recommended the appointment of James S. Broughall, B.A. (First class, classical honors, 1887), the recommendation was adopted.

A letter was read from Arthur Vankoughnet, son and executor of the late Salter J. Vankoughnet, Q.C., D.C.L., announcing a bequest of $1000 to the funds of the university. The Dean and Professor Clark were appointed a committee to draw up a letter to be forwarded to the executor expressing the sense of the corporation in regard to the legacy.

The Chancellor having read a letter from Rev. Prof. Roper tendering his resignation of his professorship in divinity, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

That this corporation, having heard from Prof. Roper that he is intending to devote himself to parochial work in Toronto, hereby place on record its deep sense of the valuable work which Prof. Roper has done for the college, not merely in the more immediate discharge of the duties of his chair, but also in the great influence for good which he has exerted amongst the students of the college and in the many ways in which he has striven to extend the influence and usefulness of Trinity, and that the corporation accepts Prof. Roper's resignation with most sincere regret.

Consequent upon the resignation of Prof. Roper, the following appointments were made: Rev. Herbert Symonds, M.A., fellow in theology, to the vacant professorship in theology, from Jan. 1, 1889, and Mr. E. C. Cayley, B.A. (first class theology honors, 1888), to the fellowship in theology vacant by the appointment of Rev. H. Symonds to the professorship in that department.

Send a copy to your friends. Xmas Star 40c, Globe 25c, Saturday Night 25c, Canada's Christmas 30c, Harper's Yule Tide 25c, at Winnifrith Bros., 6 and 8 Toronto-street.

LEGAL HINTS FROM THE HALL.

An Important Announcement About Interest on Chancery Money.

Judge Robertson has been appointed a rota judge for the trial of election petitions.

In Macdonell v. Blake, Mr. W. Read was granted leave to set the case down for argument. This is the case in which Mr. J. A. Macdonell questions the right of Mr. S. H. Blake to sit as a Bencher.

The Chancery Divisional Court began its sittings yesterday with some fifty cases to be disposed of. In re Tuckersmith public school, a special case, was reserved for the opinion of the court. The point in question is whether a bylaw, which had been defeated by the ratepayers, could be re-submitted in less than five years. The bylaw in question was one for the raising of funds for the erection of a new school house and was defeated, and it is thought that if resubmitted will be carried. Judgment was reserved. Peremptory list for to-day: Eady v. Erwin, Hand v. Upper Canada Furnishing Co., Hutchison v. C. P. R., Adamson v. Manning, re Alpha McKenzie v. Travelers' Insurance Co.

The important announcement has been made that by a new rule the interest on money deposited into court and all money in the Court of Chancery has been reduced from 4 to 3½ per cent.

The new oil paintings of Chief Justice Armour of the Queen's Bench and Chief Justice Sir Thomas Galt have been received and placed in Examination Hall.

Judge Macmahon resumed the hearing of Hawkins v. Bickford yesterday. A number of witnesses were examined. Mr. Collingwood Schreiber, Chief Engineer of Government Railways, gave evidence to the effect that there was no standard of specifications in building railways as to the weight of rails, width of embankment, curvature, &c. The defendant admitted a partial liability but that he was only to pay for work done. Mr. H. Smyth, ex-M.P., in his examination took the ground that it was through his influence that the $96,000 bonus was obtained from the Government for the building of the Erie and Huron Railway. After argument of counsel judgment was reserved.

Plenty of money to loan on first and second mortgage, chattels, collaterals and notes. The Land Mart, 52 Adelaide-street east. ed

A Cane for Capt. Eliot.

The annual dinner of "F" Company, Royal Grenadiers, took place at the Hub last night, Col.-Sergt. Johnston was in the chair, the guests being Capt. Eliot and Lieuts. Hay and Fitzgerald, Major Mason of the staff, and Sergt.-Major Cox. There was a large attendance, the menu was good, the toasts were heartily drunk and everything went off well.

A pleasing incident was the presentation to Capt. Eliot of a handsome gold-headed cane and illuminated address congratulating him upon the success achieved by the company in winning the Cumberland Challenge Cup for the second time, defeating five other companies of the Grenadiers and proving their excellence in drill. There were songs and speeches and everyone went away happy.

Brass fenders and fire irons at wholesale prices. Milne's, 169 Yonge-street. 156

The Imperial's New Branch.

A largely signed requisition has been sent down to the Imperial Bank from the Soo asking for a branch there. The directors have granted the request and in a few days a branch will be running there. Applications for the manager's desk may now be sent in and already several have been filed by enterprising men who wish to grow up with that rising city.

Another Interview Necessary.

The Parkdale Annexation Committee met yesterday. Present Ald. Boustead (chairman), McMillan, Denison, Harvie and Gilbert. The terms of the annexation proclamation were read by City Solicitor Biggar, and the chairman and that official were deputed to interview the Attorney-General on the matter and make definite arrangements.

Sale of Soo Lots.

Next Wednesday at 2 p.m. and also in the evening, Suckling, Cassidy & Co. will offer about 200 choice lots in that rapidly developing city at the Canadian Soo. The property is right near the new canal. Suckling, Cassidy & Co. only handle property that they can recommend and these lots they say are A 1 value to-day and bound to double in price before a year.

The Last Chance.

To-day is the last chance to obtain goods at the Lydon auction sale of cutlery, silverware, &c., now being held at the rooms of Oliver, Coate & Co. Some great bargains were obtained yesterday. Sale each day at 11 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

We Never Say Die

and we will not be sat upon but continue to undersell all our competitors in overcoats, suits, underwear, &c., specialty $3.50 pants. The British Arms clothing store, 221 Yonge-street, corner of Shuter-street. R. Baker & Co. 1356

THE CITY COUNCIL.

A Special Meeting Disposes of Important Business.

The City Council held a special meeting yesterday afternoon to consider several important matters, among them the $1,000,000 loan and the Dipsomania Asylum bylaw. There were present His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Carlyle (St. And.), Ritchie, Harvie, Frankland, Baxter, Shaw, Galbraith, Johnston, McMillan, St. Leger, Boustead, Swait, Pells, Hill, Denison, Gibbs, Bell, Hewitt, Gillespie, Macdonald, Macdougall, Barton and Hallam.

Business opened by the consideration of the following report of the Executive Committee, in committee of the whole, Ald. Woods in the chair:

Your committee, referring to their 49th report, adopted in council on the 3d inst., beg to report that in pursuance thereof they have accepted an offer from the Bank of Commerce to loan the city $1,000,000 for six months at 4½ per cent. per annum, and have entrusted to that institution the negotiation and sale on the London market of the local improvement debentures to be presently issued, aggregating $583,044, at a minimum rate of $101.50 for each $100 thereof, the city paying ½ per cent. commission and other expenses incidental thereto.

Ald. Hallam was the first to take up the report. He compared the loan in an unfavorable light with that made by Montreal bonds of that city for $4,000,000 irredeemable, bearing a premium of 10 per cent., and asked why the credit of Toronto was not raised to a like figure. There was no business in this kind of thing, and he concluded by advocating that the portion of the report referring to the local improvement debentures be struck out.

Ald. Swait: "That is all very well. You tell us this story. Now tell us how Montreal did this thing."

Ald. Baxter: "I was under the impression that this matter would go through without discussion, but now that it has been opened up I have something to say. I suppose that Ald. Hallam has not the slightest idea that his motion will carry. He knows that it will not. I think that the highest credit is due the Mayor and Executive Committee for the successful manner in which they succeeded in floating this loan."

Ald. McMillan defended the action of the Executive, showing that the terms of the Municipal Act prevented there being other course pursued than the one recommended.

Ald. Hallam then proceeded to answer Ald. Swait's question as to how the City of Montreal managed its advantageous loan. He made several statements based on a letter received from the treasurer of that city, but Ald. Gillespie in a few terse words corrected several of his misconceptions, showing that the expenses of floating the $4,000,000 loan cost Montreal 1¾ per cent., including commission, the sum amounting to a big figure in the aggregate.

Ald. Baxter to Ald. Hallam: "You see it is no use; I told you that you could not carry your motion."

The report was then rushed through its various stages without futher discussion.

Ald. McMillan begged leave to move the third reading of the bylaw arranging for the establishment of a dipsomania asylum.

The Mayor: "Before putting this motion I would like to know, Ald. McMillan, whether the passage of this bylaw will commit us to the removal of the smallpox hospital?"

Ald. McMillan: "It certainly will."

The Mayor: "Then I think it would be better to get a new site for the dipsomania hospital, as to get a new site for the smallpox hospital would involve endless trouble, as no matter where it goes it will be objected to and opposition given."

Ald. Boustead thought the difficulty could be got over by striking out clause 2, which provided for the expropriation of the lands of the smallpox hospital for the new building.

Ald. Ritchie: "If you do that you kill the whole scheme. [Cries of "Question, question."] I may as well be plain. I always understood that the whole scheme was intended for a quiet way of removing the smallpox hospital."

Ald. Boustead: "That is not true. You know that last year Ald. Gillespie and a committee worked hard to get the reform up to its present stage."

Ald. Frankland: "I fail to see the use of a dipsomania hospital. The rich have all the money necessary with which to make them feel all right after indulgence, and the poor man takes his month or two months in jail. I do not believe in coddling drunkards. A man will sober up much more quickly in jail than in one of your dipsomania hospitals. I have sent one or two friends of mine up to the institution in Guelph, and I really cannot say that the trip did them much good. I am against the bylaw altogether."

Ald. Boustead deprecated Ald. Frankland's views. The discussion drifted into an argument about the removal of the smallpox hospital, but was brought back again to the old channel by Ald. Frankland again reiterating his attack on the scheme.

There was not a little wrangling, but it resulted in all reference to the smallpox hospital being eliminated from the bylaw, and the following resolution being carried by a two-thirds vote. Moved by Ald. McMillan, seconded by Ald. Boustead:

That the bill to provide for the issue of general consolidated loan 4 per cent. debentures to the amount of $30,000 for the purpose of erecting a dipsomania hospital in the city be published in The Word newspaper and submitted to a vote of the duly qualified ratepayers on Monday, Jan. 7.

On motion of Ald. Ritchie it was determined to request the City Engineer and City Solicitor to report all facts relative to the closing up of Dufferin-street by the G. T. R.

The New School of Science.

There was an important conference last night at No. 6 Wellington-street east of gentlemen interested in the proposed school of mechanical science. Mr. Wm. Polson was made chairman of the evening. Among those present were John Abell, John Ingalls, Prof. J. Galbraith, Prof. Ellis, W. J. Allen, John Galt, Steamboat Inspector W. J. Meneilley, A. Wicken, President of the Stationary Engineers' Society, and S. S. Malcolmson, President of the Marine Engineers' Association.

After Prof. Galbraith had made an interesting explanation of the needs of scientific instruction in mechanics and engineering, he said it was necessary that there should be both a day and night schools which would necessitate a double staff.

Prof. Galbraith has plans which he proposes to lay before the Minister of Education.

A committee was appointed to see the Mayor as to what the city will give to support the night school.

This resolution was then carried:

Moved by John Galt and John Abell "That this meeting unanimously endorse the opinion that it is highly important and desirable to establish this school of practical science on a complete, thorough and technical footing, including the teaching of sciences as applied to mechanical pursuits.

Mr. Wm. Polson will present the resolutions to the Minister of Education at the meeting to be held next Wednesday afternoon.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

There will be a concert this evening at the French Church bazaar.

Mr. J. S. Boddy has been requested to stand as school trustee for St. Thomas' Ward.

Rev. Geo. Webber lectured in the Euclid-avenue Methodist Church last evening to a large audience.

Mr. Michael Walsh announces himself as a candidate for the Separate School trusteeship of St. Patrick's Ward.

Mr. Peter J. Brown, late of Ingersoll, is now a resident of Toronto and inspector for the Equitable Insurance Company.

W. C. VanHorne, general manager of the C. P. R., will arrive in the city this morning and visit and inspect the Don works.

The Treasurer of the Volunteer Monument Fund acknowledges the receipts up to date as $936. A concert is to be given shortly in aid of the fund.

Messrs. J. A. McMurtry & Co., wholesale tea and coffee dealers, city, advertise that during the Xmas and New Year holiday trade they will sell to consumers tea at strictly wholesale prices.

Professor Seymour will again give his amusing and instructing lecture on Mesmerism and Phrenology on Friday and Saturday evenings at 8 o'clock at Shaftesbury Hall. These lectures are always well attended.

Mr. G. Bruenech of this city, who left nearly two years ago on a tour through Europe for sketching purposes, has returned with a well-filled portfolio including views in Great Britain, France, Sweden, Norway, etc. When abroad some of his pictures were exhibited in London and Christiania. His studio is in the Union Loan building, 28 Toronto-street.

JIM BAXTER ON THE STAND

THE MONTREAL FINANCIER AND HIS INTERROGATORS.

He is a Match for Counsel and Practically Says Nothing—He Does not Compromise Ex-Liquidator Campbell—Will He Turn Up To-day?

Mr. James Baxter of Montreal, whose name for a year has been so intimately associated with reports of Central Bank matters, was on the stand yesterday at Osgoode Hall for seven hours. Much was expected but little gained by the severe examinations to which he was subjected. Calm and clear-headed he parried the legal thrusts, and several times turned the laugh of the court against his interrogators.

Mr. Baxter's appearance was the result of a subpœna in the case of the Central Bank creditors against ex-Liquidator Archibald Campbell. The latter was in court, attended by his counsel Mr. John Bain, Q.C.; Mr. J. J. Maclaren appeared for Mr. Baxter; Mr. J. K. Kerr, Q.C., and Mr. Davidson for a committee of the creditors; Mr. W. R. Meredith, Q.C., for the liquidators; Mr. James Smith, Q.C., for the Bank Ville Marie and Molsons Bank.

The Master-in-Ordinary has for several days been engaged in examining Ex-Liquidator Campbell's accounts, in which he has taken credit for having redeemed a large number of $50 notes. The creditors charge that these bills were not legally or properly issued and therefore they should not have been paid.

At 11 a.m. James Baxter stepped into the witness-box. He was pale, but his keen blue eyes glittered with excitement and he was quite brisk in his replies.

Examined by Mr. Kerr he gave some information as to the oft-quoted business firm, "James Baxter & Co." Said he: I have been engaged in business as broker in Montreal for some years. Prior to May 1 last, the name of the firm was "James Baxter & Co." the firm being Easteau St. Julien alone. In my absence the firm transacted my business, but I had business outside of the firm and was interested in the firm only indirectly. Since May 1 the name of my firm was James Baxter simply.

He was closely questioned as to his dealings with Ex-Liquidator Campbell, with whom he transacted much business, paying and receiving large sums—$5000 more than once. In 1887 witness got $50,000 of Central Bank bills. He gave full details of these and other financial transactions, including the two Central Bank checks so often referred to in these winding up proceedings.

He then told of four deposit receipts issued in October, 1887, of $10,000 each. He gave notes representing $40,000 to E. S. Cox for these four deposit receipts. He got from Cox two of the receipts of $10,000 each, but there was no agreement as to the others. The notes were the only consideration he gave Cox for the receipts. The notes were never paid. Later he got a third deposit receipt from Cox. No pressure was put on Cashier Allen for their issuance.

Q. What did you give Cox for the third receipt?—I gave him the full amount in money.

Q. Where did you get the money?—From one of the banks. If you want to ask me if I got it from Mr. Campbell I will swear positively that I got nothing from him, though it is likely that I offered him the receipts.

Q. Did he advance the money?—Not one cent.

Mr. Kerr next questioned Mr. Baxter about the rumors which were current in Montreal financial circles before the suspension of the Central Bank, and as to the telegrams he sent to Montreal from Toronto the week before the suspension. Witness said he left a packet of $50 Central Bank bills in the pocket of his coat at Montreal. It was about the deposit of this money he telegraphed. He positively stated that he did not turn the bills into money because he was beginning to be afraid, but because he wanted to strengthen his position. Until the day before the bank's suspension he anticipated that the bank was about to entrust him with larger operations. Mr. Cox, he said, had led him to think so.

Mr. Kerr: You know that these $50 bills were entrusted to you that the bank might raise legal tender. That showed the bank was hard up. The bank continued hard up. Yet on Nov. 11th you unloaded on the bank?

Mr. Baxter: I did. I knew nothing certain about the bank's condition. If I did, was I to shoulder the load? I repeat that I was confident that I would be entrusted with extended financial operations.

Mr. Bain again urged his objections against the whole examination. Nothing had been brought out touching Mr. Campbell. He asked that the testimony be all struck out. The day's work had been simply a fishing expedition.

The Master said he did not see it in that light.

Mr. Meredith then submitted Mr. Baxter to a severe cross-examination. On the answer being given him by witness: "I may have said so owing to the excitement at the time," Mr. Meredith drew himself up to his full height and sternly asked, "What put you into a state of excitement? It must have been an earthquake!" "O, no; it wasn't, it was something more exciting—receiving money for Mr. Cox and others." [Laughter.]

Another lively passage was this:

Mr. Meredith: "Mr. Baxter, you always wish to see and read the documents before swearing to them."

Witness: "Certainly; it was you who taught me. [Loud laughter.] That is 30 years ago, when I was a young man."

Mr. Kerr, to Mr. Meredith: "You appear to have had a very apt pupil."

Mr. Meredith, severely, the laugh having been turned on himself: "Mr. Baxter, you can remember incidents 30 years ago but not those of one year ago."

In answer to further questions, witness said he never saw Cashier Allen prior to the suspension of the bank. "I saw him the following week and that was the only time I ever saw him in my life." One incident he told in explanation of an expression in a letter which was quoted: "I had Barnett arrested in Philadelphia, where he had gone off with some diamonds of mine. At the time Davis had presented to me some financial schemes unworthy of consideration, but they had nothing to do with the Central Bank." Witness proudly added: "I have nothing whatever to cover up."

Being further pressed he qualified some of the expressions in the Cox correspondence, but gave little grist to the sanguine Q.C.'s mill.

It was now 6 p.m. and the Master was asked as to the course of procedure. He was for adjourning then and resuming this morning at 11.

Mr. Baxter: "I want urgently to go back to Montreal to-night. I have been here two days. If I stay longer I might as well close my office. I cannot go on to-morrow."

Mr. Bain said the examination had taken a greater breadth and scope than had been expected.

Mr. Kerr: "Mr. Baxter, you must be here to-morrow."

Witness: "That is not possible."

Mr. Kerr: "You had notice to produce all documents, telegrams and books in relation to these matters and you have not done so?"

Mr. Maclaren said his client was doubtful till yesterday whether he would be called or not.

Witness: "I have no books throwing further light on these Central Bank transactions."

Mr. Kerr: "You have said you had."

The Master: "I will adjourn until tomorrow and I order the books and papers to be produced."

Mr. Kerr: "Mr. Baxter, we shall have to ask you to use the wires and have those documents produced."

Mr. Baxter: "That is an utter impossibility. In the first place there is no one except myself can unlock my safe. It is a peculiar combination." [Laughter.]

The Court adjourned, the Master stating that Mr. Baxter must comply with the demands of the Court and his examination be proceeded with.

He Leaves To-night.

The World saw Mr. Baxter in the Rossin House last night. He looked none the worse for his six hours' seige in the witness box in the early part of the day. He proposes to leave for Montreal to-night, to be up again on Monday to appear as a witness in the Barnett case. He declined to give an opinion on the merits of the Central Bank liquidators' claims, stating that he was in a delicate position at present, and his utterances might be prejudicial to his interests at present. He seemed to have rather enjoyed his experience in Osgoode Hall than not.

Donkey Party with music at St. George's School House, Thursday and Friday, 13th and 14th. Come and try.

THE CHRISTMAS LETTER BOX.

It May be Filled with Many Good Things and May not be Filled With Many More.

People who intend making use of the mails during the next few weeks for the purpose of sending Christmas presents must, in order to ensure their safe and prompt delivery, be careful in directing all packages, parcels and letters. Everything will not go through the postoffice. Mince pies, properly tied up with a narrow band of pale blue ribbon, and packed so nicely that they will not leak or spoil other articles, are allowable, but liquors are not mailable, and if dropped into the boxes will in all probability find their way to the dead letter office and make a beverage for some thirsty clerk.

The largest package that will go through the mails must not weigh more than four pounds.

The dear girls can send slippers to the young men by mail, and also cigar cases, embroidered hat linings, and old gold plush, silk lined collar boxes, etc., but all these must be so bundled as to admit of being examined by the postoffice clerks without difficulty.

The amount of mail matter will be just about quadrupled at this season, and the most distressed people in the city will be the heavily laden letter carrier, to whom The World must, however, give credit for buckling up his belt and going in to win on all such occasions. Sympathy for all postoffice clerks will be manifestly increased when it is remembered that they have under normal conditions about enough work to keep them comfortably busy.

Half price—no humbug—we will sell full plated new Base Burner Stoves from $14 to $20, regular prices from $28 to $40. Wheeler & Bain, King-street East.

BORROWING FROM THE DOMINION.

An Erroneous Paragraph Going the Rounds—What Really Occurred.

Some days ago the Mayor of Toronto applied to the Dominion Minister of Finance for a loan of a million dollars upon the security of city bonds bearing 4 per cent. interest. Mr. Foster refused to entertain the application, although he has loaned five millions of the money borrowed in England last summer to New York brokers and speculators at 1½ per cent. This is financiering with a vengeance. Millions of money are borrowed in England on the credit of the Dominion at 3½ or 4 per cent. interest. The Government have no use for the money, so they lend it to New York speculators, through the Bank of Montreal, at 1½ per cent. But when a corporation like the city of Toronto asks for a loan at a reasonable rate, Mr. Foster refuses it.—Ottawa Evening Journal.

The Journal is astray in its statements. Last June, Mayor Clarke, knowing that the Dominion Government had some money to loan, telegraphed the Minister of Finance and asked if it would be possible for Toronto to get a million or a million and a half on the security of city bonds bearing interest at 4 per cent. The answer was promptly wired that the Government had no authority to loan money to municipalities. There the matter ended and no recent communications in reference to the loan have passed between His Worship and the Minister.

Children's Tea and Punch and Judy at St. George's School House, Friday, at 5 o'clock.

THE WIDOW'S CHAMPION

And the Orphan's Friend Attacks the Property Committee.

Mr. James French, the friend of the widow and the orphan, met Mayor Clarke on the steps of the City Hall yesterday morning, and handing him a letter requested that His Worship direct that it be read at the Council meeting in the afternoon. The Mayor consented and it furnished the members with food for reflection for half an hour. It consisted in a hot attack on the Property Committee for its alleged lack of duty in connection with the repairs at present going on in the St. Lawrence market. He charged the members of that committee with having been false to their oaths of office in squandering the city's money on the job.

Ald. Frankland stigmatized the letter as a tissue of misstatements and nonsense. He defended the improvements as being necessary, and expressed himself as sick of the abuse which it was beginning to be the fashion to pour out on aldermen of the city. The letter was tabled.

Fish Pond and Afternoon Tea at St. George's School House on Thursday and Friday, 13th and 14th.

FAIR MISSION HELPERS.

They Sell the Produce of Their Work to Help Algoma.

The annual sale of work under the auspices of the Mission Helpers' Society was commenced yesterday afternoon in the schoolroom of the Church of the Ascension. These Helpers are young ladies who not only labor amongst the poor of this populous parish but raise annually a fair amount for the mission field. Yesterday's "At Home" and sale was in the interest of the mission diocese of Algoma. Rev. H. G. Baldwin, rector; Rev. R. A. Bilkey, curate, and many co-workers male and female, were present. Useful and ornamental goods were offered for sale at six decorated stalls and the fair saleswomen did good business. Refreshments were served in the lecture room. The bazaar continues open to day.

Ladies' sale of work at St. George's School House, Thursday and Friday, 13th and 14th. Xmas gifts in profusion.

GENTLEMEN'S FURS.

An Extensive Collection at Moderate Prices.

The cold weather will remind those who have not already purchased of the necessity of doing so at once if they want to guard against the great north winds that come swooping down on us the balance of the season. Dineen on the corner of King and Yonge-streets have in stock gents' fur coats in beaver, Persian lamb, Astrachan and dogskin, fur caps in almost all kinds of fur, collars, cuffs, gloves, etc., etc. The goods are all well made up and worthy the attention of any party looking for first-class furs. The house is on corner King and Yonge-streets.

Clearing Sale at 117 Yonge-street, previous to removal. Ladies' Hand Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Glove Boxes, Ink Stands, at much below cost. 351

Victoria Rink, Huron-street.

This rink will be formally opened by His Excellency the Governor-General on Thursday, Jan. 3, at 3.30 p.m., after which a friendly game of curling will take place between the Granite and this club. A fancy dress carnival will be held on the ice in the evening at 8 o'clock and a reception in the club at 9.30 to the members and their friends. No one will be admitted to the reception except by ticket obtained through members. By order of the board. Gamble Geddes, secretary.

Office stoves and parlor stoves cheap. Milne & Co., 169 Yonge-street. 156

Holiday Presents.

For a holiday present commend us to some of Matthews Bros. & Co.'s artistically framed water colors, etchings, &c., or, before they are all gone, get one of their beautiful opals or panel photographs.

"The Dark Secret."

This is the name of the little boat that sailed across the Atlantic. One has to cross the sea and see it in one of its little tantrums to appreciate the courage of the man who would attempt such a journey in a 12 foot boat. We can only compare him with A. White, who has the boldness to say that he is making a better shirt in fit, quality and style, than any of the so-called shirtmakers, and at less price. Call and see a sample of his shirts at 65 King-street west.

ADULTERATED U. S. LARD.

ITS IMPORTATION OPPOSED BY CANADIAN PORK-PACKERS.

New Clothing Being Sent Out for the Letter-Carriers—Rogers & Farrell's $80,000 Lachine Canal Claim—The Smelt Fishermen's Grievances.

OTTAWA, Dec. 13.—The usual six months' supply of clothing is being sent out by the Postoffice Department for letter-carriers throughout the Dominion.

A deputation consisting of F. W. Fearman of Hamilton, C. L. Wilson of Ingersoll, James Park of Toronto, W. E. Mathews of Peterboro and D. Gunn of Toronto, representing the Canadian Pork-packers Association, waited upon the Minister of Customs to-day and urged that measures be adopted to restrict the importation of adulterated American lard, which is largely made from cotton-seed oil, and which can be sold much cheaper than genuine lard. They also wanted the duty on pork made uniform at 2 cents per pound, instead of 1 cent on pork in barrels and 2 cents on shoulders and hams, as at present. The minister promised that the matter should receive consideration.

The investigation into the claim of Rogers & Farrell for $80,000 in connection with the contract for a section of the Lachine Canal was opened before Mr. John Page, Chief Engineer, this morning. Mr. J. J. Curran, M.P., appeared for the claimants. The evidence of Mr. Rogers was taken to-day.

Argument in the Edison electric light case will probably be heard before Deputy-Commissioner of Patents Pope on Dec. 19.

The contract for the approaches to the Sault Ste. Marie Canal has not yet been awarded. H. & J. Ryan are said to be the lowest tenderers for the lower end of the canal, the figures being placed at a little under $300,000, and John Nicholson of Ottawa is said to be the lowest for the Lake Superior end.

The Deputy Minister of Fisheries has returned from the Maritime Provinces. Whilst there he visited Chatham, N.B., and had a conference with the smelt fishermen of the Miramichi regarding their grievances. The fishery inspector of that locality has been reporting that bag nets should be prohibited, stringent restrictions should be enforced and high license should be imposed, which the fishermen claim would amount to a prohibition. Lieut.-Col. Tilton fully enquired into the matter and will shortly present a report to the minister. The restrictions complained of by the fishermen may, it is probable, be modified.

No importance is attached by the Department of Agriculture to the agitation among the English agricultural journals against the admission of Canadian cattle into England, as a counter blast to the American agitation for the admission of United States cattle. All the talk on the subject is attributed to local jealousy. Canada, it is believed here, will enjoy the privilege as long as she shows a clean bill of health.

Unreserved Private Sale of all the standard works of the day, at wholesale prices, including sets of Dickens, "Scott," Thackeray, Eliot, Macaulay, Ruskin. Full line of poetical and other suitable Xmas gifts. F. A. Wood, 15, King-street west.

A Blaze in an Indian Village.

QUEBEC, Dec. 13.—At 9 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the house of Jean Baptiste Sioui at the Indian village of Lorette, 9 miles from the city. A demijohn containing coal oil, which had been placed on a mantel piece near the stove, fell, struck the stove and was ignited. So rapidly did the flames spread that Sioui's daughter, aged 25, and an old man named Freeman were severely burned.

Two Persons Burnt to Death.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 13.—This morning a fire occurred in Sweeney's mattress and furniture shop which resulted in the burning of three persons, two fatally.

He Left Seven Widows.

ALLEGHANY CITY, Pa., Dec. 13.—Henry Lanseidel, a steel worker, quarrelled with his wife this morning. He then blew his brains out. He was prominently identified with the Anarchists and had been married seven times, all of his wives being alive.

The "English Physicians" Case.

CHATHAM, Dec. 13.—The case of the "English physicians" at the Court of Sessions here was to-day adjourned until June at the request of the defence. Bail was accepted and the court costs paid by the so called president.

'Twas God Guided Them.

William Gooderham's speech on March 1, 1888.

Mr. Howland and myself prayed in my carriage for God to guide us. That prayer had been answered. We have been sneered at as Salvation Army people. We prayed to God each day. We asked Him to give us the right solicitor. He gave us Mr. Foster. He has helped us marvellously. I believe in a superintending Providence in all affairs. Acknowledge Him in all thy ways and He shall direct thy steps.

Was This Prophetic?

A shareholder said that 1800 years ago a Nazarene walking the streets of Jerusalem found a pack of money-changers in the Temple and "kicked them out." There was need of such work now. [Applause.]

Hon. S. H. Blake Said This.

Here in Toronto we have these liquidators who, I am glad to say, are not ashamed to own their God. [Applause.] May we have more of such men and may they long be spared.

It Will Cost $110,000.

It is estimated that the winding up of the Central Bank, if the liquidators' fees are any criterion, will not be short of $110,000. This is going for the victims of a wrecked bank with a vengeance.

Personal Mention.

John Bright is much improved.

A conversazione will be given at the Birmingham town hall on Jan. 8 in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain. A diamond and sapphire bracelet will be presented to Mrs. Chamberlain and an illuminated address to Mr. Chamberlain.

Steamship Arrivals.

Date.	*Name.*	*Reported at.*	*From.*
Dec. 13.	—Australia	New York	Hamburg
"	—Germanic	Queenstown	New York
"	—Anchoria	Moville	"
"	—Aller	Southampton	"
"	—Helvetia	London	"

The Allan steamship Hibernian sailed from Boston for Glasgow at 8.30 a.m. Thursday.

The Allan mail steamship Nova Scotian, from Baltimore for Liverpool via Halifax and St. Johns, Nfld., arrived at 10.30 a.m. on Thursday.

"For goodness sake don't say I told you, but Jelly of Cucumber and Roses is the best thing in the world for chapped hands." Try it. Druggists keep it. Wm. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

An Ex-Mayor's Motto.

Except the Lord keep the city the Liquidators will get away with it.

The defunct bank's leading creditors Howl and Gooderham Lye.

Christmas Presents.

No more tasteful or lastingly beautiful gift could be given to friends or relatives during the holiday season than a good picture. As a general thing the prices asked by dealers are too high to place artistic pictures within the reach of all and many have to do without them or await a favorable chance for buying. To-morrow afternoon Suckling, Cassidy & Co. will sell at auction about 200 of a very choice collection of paintings, watercolors and steel engravings.

Cold and Windy.

Weather for Ontario: Fresh winds; fair, continued cold weather.

MINIMUM TEMPERATURES YESTERDAY.

Calgary 16, Qu'Appelle 10, Winnipeg —14, Toronto 8, Montreal 6, Quebec —6, Halifax 14.