

SEEK DECISION ON FINES ISSUE

Municipalities Object To Province Taking All Police Court Fees.

ASK FOR OTTAWA RULING

Major Raven and City Solicitor Doherty To Represent St. Thomas.

Special to London Advertiser.
ST. THOMAS, March 26.—Mayor C. E. Raven and City Solicitor W. B. Doherty will represent this city when delegates from many cities and other municipalities in Ontario wait upon the Dominion government, Wednesday, in an effort to have changed a section of the criminal code to permit municipalities retaining all or a larger proportion of all fines collected in public courts.

The two delegates were appointed by members of the city council after Mr. Doherty had explained to them why the matter was to be fought out at Ottawa.

Mr. Doherty accused the Provincial Government of rank injustice because it collected and kept all fines for indictable offences levied in urban police courts, although it contributed nothing towards the upkeep of the court. Premier Drury, he said, completely ignored an order-in-council passed in 1916 providing for the refunding of 50 per cent of such fines.

Because the Provincial Government had made no move to take the matter up at the present session, although it had promised to do so, St. Thomas had joined in with other municipalities to lay the complaint before Sir

Wear Shoes and Eat Rice At Indian Wedding!

NAIROBI, March 25.—It was determined that the first European wedding to be held in one of the country districts of Uganda should be done in old English style, and rice and old shoes were accordingly issued to the native retainers with full instructions concerning their use after the ceremony.

When the couple drove away from the church, nothing happened, and on investigation the natives were discovered wearing the shoes and eating the rice.

ONONDAGA WANTS HIGH EDUCATION

Special to London Advertiser.
BRANTFORD, March 25.—The village of Onondaga is to have a continuation school of its own. This was decided upon this week at a meeting of school trustees and ratepayers of the village and district. It will be a one-teacher institution, and the present public school in the village will be utilized for the purpose after alterations are effected. Five rural sections are interested in the project, which apparently has its origin in the inability of the Brantford Collegiate to care for more than a stated number of rural pupils after the end of the summer term in June.

THE WEEK IN THE WORLD

WANDERERS OF THE EARTH

Special to London Advertiser.
LONDON, March 26.—I met him in Piccadilly yesterday—and the last time we "gripped" our meeting place was a spot on the Great Barrier Reef of Northern Queensland.

I imagined the rumble of the London traffic instantly gave way to the thunders of the reef; instead of shops and offices I saw the mighty cedars rising through the creepers of the opulent jungle.

In imagination I could smell the breath of a bush fire; the tropic scents of the tide-barred reef.

There in Piccadilly we stood—two homeless wanderers.

"How long have you been in England?" I asked him.

"Six weeks."

"What are you doing?"

"I'm going abroad again."

In answer to my dumbly expressed query he nodded.

"Yes," he said, "I've got it again!"

I knew he referred to our mutual complaint—the wanderlust.

There is something to be said on behalf of the wanderers on the fact of the earth.

They gratify a natural instinct which has been the making of many a famous explorer, soldier or sailor.

Kipling has embodied in one of his finest poems the impatience of young men to whom the Red Gods call. He has also expressed the sentiments of the "old stager."

"For to admire an' for to see,
For to be old this world so wide—
It never done no good to me,
But I can't drop it if I tried!"

Some are born with the wanderlust, and either become international celebrities or else live and die nameless and homeless men—they wander just the same!

To those with the wanderlust the sight of a map or a picture of a foreign country is an incentive to action.

They experience a curious yearning and dissatisfaction with their surroundings; their thoughts fly far afield.

They are mostly out-o'-doors men. It is a pleasure to them to get back to Nature, and they glory in her temptations, from which the "stay-at-homes" shrink.

The elements have no terrors for them.

England owes much to the wanderlust for her adventures made her what she is. The Red Gods called them to strange, savage lands, where they fought and colonized to the advantage of the mother country.

The wanderlust is really a very fine and natural instinct. It is the spirit of manly independence allied to that of restless energy. There is a great deal of the primitive in wanderers.

They are the hunters of an age when food is always ready to hand; they are the scouts of a civilization that is now almost without confines. You find them in all the darker districts of the world. Some have money enough to supply their needs, while others live a "hand-to-mouth" existence—seldom is a wanderer to be found starving, for the Red Gods care for their devotees.

Rude health and carelessness of occupation insure their livelihood; they are without encumbrance, and to the free man all things are possible.

Wherever they are, "the other side the earth they're overdue!"

TELEGRAPH REDUCES PRICE.

LONDON, March 25.—(Canadian Press).—The Daily Telegraph announces that its price will shortly be reduced from two pence to three half-pence.

SIDE LIGHTS AT OTTAWA

By JOHN J. McLELLAN.
Advertiser Staff Correspondent.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, Ottawa.

Ott., March 26.—There is nothing on the surface tonight to indicate any developments over the weekend that might tend to bring unexpected developments when the house resumes tomorrow.

It is known that the cabinet met in conference Saturday, for some time, but nothing of major importance, it is said, arose to ruffle the present calmness with which the ship of state is bending its course, even though the theme of the pessimists is continually centering on the present ballast of the ship of state, namely the Progressives.

Farmer members, caucused Saturday, but from that quarter nothing arises that might cause misgivings as to whether the governing of the country is to be pursued in the manner of a quiet journeying. Some time will have to be allowed before the opposition fully recover from the astonished recoil they underwent when they learned of the economies in the estimates, and it is understood that the effect has left them tonight still uncomprehending.

It is still being circulated that the Progressive party are not fully in accord with the granting of the million and one-half dollars to the Quebec Harbor Commission and the caucus may have had something to say in the matter Saturday.

But this is very unlikely, since the time for the matter to be brought up for real discussion will probably come at the second reading of the bill rather than when the resolution is being adopted.

It is improbable that many of the Ontario members were present at the Progressive caucus, since most of the Ontario and Quebec members took the opportunity of a long week-end occasioned by the short sitting Friday afternoon to go to their homes.

IMMIGRATION problems have been occupying the limelight somewhat in the past few days, but Minister of the Interior Charles Stewart has been sufficiently informed with the references to the immigration problem in the nine-day debate just ended to know what general sentiment in the matter is, though how he will be able to satisfy the wants of the sectional parts of the country is a question.

The hearing of the railway commissions into the freight rates will end next week. This week the case of the railroads is being heard.

It is said that the commissioners are finding the problem complex and that the companies have considerable points in their argument. However, the decision will be delayed for some time after the hearing, so that the end of the inquiry will have no immediate effect at the moment on the political situation.

THE HONORARY advisory council for scientific and industrial research is proposing to the government that it set aside \$500,000 to erect and equip a building at Ottawa to be known as the "National Research Institution," and that it should be made an annual grant for carrying on of research work in the public interest.

This is an advance of approximately \$200,000 over the amount that is being asked to be voted in the estimates. Some of the arguments put forward by the council give the reasons for the increased use of research as follows:

"One of the serious drains on the strength of the Dominion of Canada is the annual loss of engineers, chemists, scientific farmers and technical experts, whose training, paid for by Canadians in Canadian schools and universities, supported by Canadian public money, goes out to make foreign countries rich and place Canada further in their debt for foreign goods and services."

It has been suggested, says the statement of the council, in such circumstances where the government is asked to bear the burden of discovering new scientific truths, that the universities should be mobilized.

It is also proposed that the contemplated organization to be provided for by the \$500,000 would provide a bureau of standards that is a bureau for the making of delicate tests, measurements or analyses of standard articles of Canadian work for which Canada has now largely to depend on the services of foreigners.

UNDER public works chargeable to selection of revenue in the estimates tabled by the minister of finance in the house Friday under the particular heading—postoffice salaries—London is granted \$202,380.

This is an increase for postoffice salaries in London of \$14,880 over 1921-22. For the latter year the estimates were \$187,500. In nearly all of the major postoffice estimates, and in many of the minor ones, increases are shown.

This increase in the salaries for the London and other postoffices may be accounted for by the statutory increases common to civil service employment. That is under the civil service clerks and so increase their salaries year by year until they reach a set maximum.

In St. Thomas the increase is \$3,540, in Woodstock \$2,220.

The following shows the gross postal revenue in London according to postoffices as contained in the report of the postmaster-general for the year ending March 31, 1921.

London total gross revenue was \$388,715.55. The main London post-office and other branches contributed to this as follows:

Main postoffice, \$343,162.24; sub-office No. 1, \$334.08; sub-office No. 2, \$1,200.12; sub-office No. 3, \$6,760.64; sub-office No. 4, \$6,380.30; sub-office No. 5, \$1,200; sub-office No. 6, \$172; sub-office No. 7, \$750; sub-office No. 8, \$11,623.69; Ealing, \$2,731.90; London Junction, \$4,256.74; London South, \$2,465.99; London West, \$724.03; Tambling's Corners, \$424; St. James Park, \$6,471.82.

St. Thomas postoffice earned in the year \$89,742.45.

Woodstock postoffice earned \$47,926.46.

Ingersoll postoffice receipts were \$24,681.40.

NEXT Wednesday there will be a lively discussion, it is said, when the question of the fishery rights granted to Quebec by a recent order-in-council will be brought to the front.

The case will involve not only the question of the fisheries, but also the constitutionality of the order-in-council, it is said. On the order paper there is the following: "Mr. Marcell (Hon. Charles Marcell, Bonaventure, Quebec) address for a copy of the order-in-council correspondence and all other documents regarding the transfer of fisheries to the province of Quebec." This will bring the matter up.

This is the case that was cited by the Hon. Arthur Meighen as a case of order-in-council government of the present administration at the opening of the session. The order-in-council, it is maintained by the government, is but a confirmation of the Privy Council judgment.

On the other side, the opposition is prepared to make a point, it is said, on the constitutionality of the whole affair.

IDENTIFY STOLEN CLOTH.

TORONTO, March 26.—The \$5,000 worth of silk and cloth seized by the police while being crated on a veranda on Brunswick avenue Thursday noon, for which Max Cohen of Detroit, and Max Fisher, Toronto, are held on charge of theft, was identified today as taken from A. Pupko's store, Hastings avenue, Detroit, following a robbery a week ago last Sunday.

Mr. Pupko came to Toronto this morning and identified the goods.

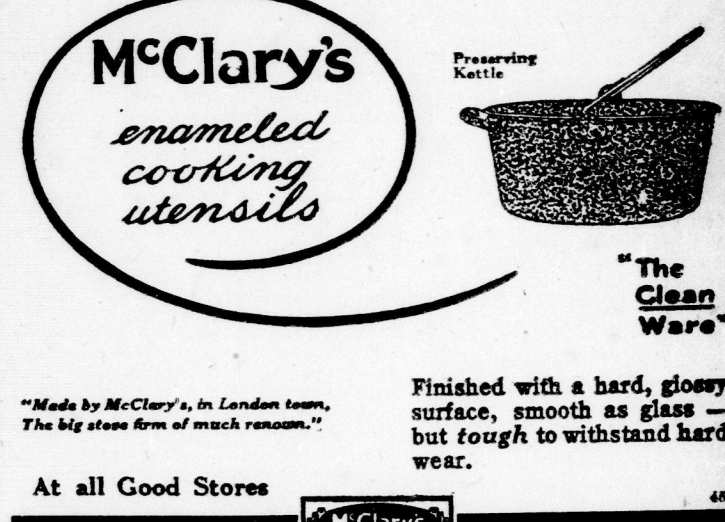
THREE DIE WHEN TRAIN HITS AUTO

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., March 26.—Three persons were killed when a Michigan Central passenger train struck an automobile at a grade crossing at Thomas Crossing, four miles east of Marshall, Mich., this evening.

The dead: Edgerton VanMeter, 29, of Albion; Mrs. Agnes VanMeter, his wife, 28; Harvey VanMeter, a nephew.

GERMANY CLAIMS LEVY IMPOSSIBLE

BERLIN, March 26.—The German government's reply to the recent demands of the reparations commission will be forwarded to Paris before the meeting of the Genoa conference. It will assert that the 60 billion marks supplementary tax levy is a financial and technical impossibility, and also will reject the proposed financial control by the commission.



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2 cups flour, 4 teaspoonfuls baking powder, 2 tablespoonfuls butter or substitute, ½ teaspoonful salt, ½ cup water, ½ cup CARNATION MILK. Sift dry ingredients together. Mix in butter or substitute with knife or fingers, add liquids (Carnation Milk diluted with the water) mixing to a soft dough. Roll lightly half to one inch in thickness, cut and bake in hot oven about 15 minutes. This recipe makes about eight biscuits.

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