4 O'clock Edition
ONE CENT.
Two Editions Daily.

London Advertiser.

VOL. XXXIV., NO. 215. LONDON, CANADA, MONDAY, AUGUST 9, 1897. WHOLE NO. 10,593.

If You—
Want anything,
Try an ad in The Advertiser.
If anyone has what you wish,
You will get an answer.

Born, Married, Died.

DIED

THOMPSON—In this city, at her father's residence, 324 Dundas street, on Sunday, Aug. 8, of diphtheria, Mar Emily Thompson, eldest daughter of J H. Thompson, aged 4 years and 8 months.
Funeral private to Webster's Cemetery.

Amusements and Lectures

Advertisements under this heading, two cents per word, or ten cents per line each insertion.

BASEBALL—CHAMPIONSHIP GAME—Guelph vs. London, Tuesday, Aug. 10, 4 o'clock. Admission 25c; boys 10c; ladies free. 92u

GARDEN PARTY—ST. MARY'S Church grounds, Hill street, Tuesday, Aug. 10. 92c

573 CENTRAL AVENUE—SWIMMING bath open for the season. Ladies or gents taught the art at moderate prices. 43tf

Excursions.

Advertisements under this heading, two cents per word, or ten cents per line each insertion.

TAKE THE WOODMEN EXCURSION to Detroit, via Grand Trunk Railway, Civic Holiday; two days: fare $1 75. 83n

DETROIT—VIA CANADIAN PACIFIC Railway—Foresters' excursion, Civic Holiday. Two days. Best first-class coaches. 93c

$2 LONDON TO CLEVELAND—COURT Magnolia's popular excursion via Steamer Flora, August 14 to 17. 89 xtzxw

GRAND EXCURSIONS—MERCHANTS Line—Port Stanley to Montreal and return, via Windsor, Cleveland, Toledo, Welland Canal, Hamilton, Toronto and other ports. Three days stop in Montreal if passengers wish to return same trip. Tickets cost only $25 round trip from the Pot. including meals and berth. Stop over allowed. Steamers also leave Hamilton for Montreal every Saturday. F. B. CLARKE agent, Richmond street, next door to Advertiser; E. N. HUNT, agent, 199 Dundas street, and C. C. YOUNG.

CHEAP RATES TO MONTREAL—VIA Steamers Persia and Ocean—Leaving Hamilton and Toronto every Tuesday and Saturday, calling at all intermediate ports. For information and to secure berths and tickets apply F. B. CLARKE, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

STEAMER LEAVES LONDON DAILY—1:15, 3:30, 7:45. Springbank—5:15, 9:30. Harpers every trip. Bicycles free. 55tf

Meetings.

MEETING OF THE BUILDERS' PICNIC committee will be held in Duffield Rooks hall tomorrow (Tuesday) evening, at 8 o'clock. J. CALHOUN, secretary. 93u

Domestics Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

GIRLS, GIRLS—LOTS OF SITUATIONS at the old reliable, Dyer's Employment Agency, 521 Richmond street, and still we want dining-room and kitchen girls and hotel cooks for out of city. On hand—Housekeepers, housemaids, cooks, general servants and nurse girls. Ring up 1121.

LADIES LEAVE YOUR ORDERS FOR a hip with the Osborne; we will endeavor to secure good respectable girls at shortest notice; good girls wanted at once; no charge for registering. The Osborne Intelligence Agency, 51 Dundas street. Phone 986.

Male Help Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

AN INDUSTRIOUS SOBER PERSON OR lady for position of trust in every town. Small salary; chance of advancement. Address Box 115, Mail and Empire, Toronto, Ont. 92c

$7,800 GIVEN AWAY TO PERSONS making the greatest number of words out of the phrase "Patent Attorney Weddemann." For full particulars write the National Recorder, Washington, D. C., for sample copy containing same. 88tf

Female Help Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

LADIES WANTED IMMEDIATELY TO do fancy work at home. 89 Askin street, London South. 93n

FANCY IRONERS WANTED—PARISIAN Steam Laundry Company, Limited. 92c

WANTED—I CAN PAY TEN DOLLARS weekly to a lady of mature age, refinement and tact, to spend her time in a good cause. T. H. LINSCOTT, Toronto. 86m

Marriage Licenses.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN Jeweler 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SHUFF'S drug store, 540 Dundas street east, corner William. Trolley cars pass the door. No witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W H. BARTRAM, 99 Dundas street.

WM. R. WESTON, GROCER, ISSUES licenses at his office, 64 Stanley street, o bonds required.

Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

100 BICYCLES WANTED TO BE repaired. HUNTER, GRANT & Co., 5 Dundas street, opposite Perrin's. 56n

WANTED — GENTS SECOND-HAND clothing; highest cash price paid. A. P. SAINSBURY, 99 King street. Mail orders attended to.

Miscellaneous.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL—GAVIN PARK has removed his pork butcher business from Market Buxr to Market Lane, second door north from Market Square.

Houses, Etc., To Let.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

TENT TO RENT—MEDIUM SIZE—$1 50 per week. Apply 292 King street. 91c

TO LET—NO. 411 KING STREET—INSIDE half of double brick house; comfortable in every particular; excellent situation; rent low. Apply 409 King street. 35tf

TO LET—COTTAGE, 260 PICCADILLY street; 9 rooms, cellar and summer kitchen, hard and soft water; rent $10; newly painted and papered inside. Apply to JOHN FERGUSON & SONS. 70tf

TO LET—A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE—All modern conveniences; possession Aug. 15. Apply J. P. THOMPSON, 140 Dundas. 67tf

Articles For Sale.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

GROCER'S DELIVERY WAGON FOR sale cheap. FERGUSON & Co., 399 Richmond street. 92c

1897 BICYCLES—THE BALANCE OF our Dayton and Tempest cheap for cash; call soon. DAYTON & MCCORMICK, 276 Richmond street.

FOR SALE—SUPERIOR VIOLIN, INCLUDING bow and case. Will exchange for bicycle. Address X, Advertiser Office. 92c

TIMBERS, COAL AND WOOD WAGON box, truss rods and plates. PATTERSON & JOLLY. 72tf

FOR SALE—ONE 30 HORSEPOWER automatic "Brown" engine, built by Goldie, McCulloch & Co., Galt. Cylinder 10 inches, stroke 24 inches; can be run at 60 revolutions, or as high as 90 revolutions; also one tubular exhaust feed water heater. The engine can be seen at H. POHTER & Co.'s storage warehouse, Carling street, London, Ont. 6tf-31f

KEEP YOUR HAIR ON—BOTH OLD and young, for nothing looks worse than a bald head. When it comes first no man need be bald if he will use Cook's Sure Hair Restorer. Call and see what he has done for himself. Pork Shop, corner Hill and Wellington streets. Call and be convinced that he can do what he claims. 2xv

BATHS, SINKS, PUMPS, WATER-CLOSETS, steam and hot water boilers. SMITH BRO., 265 Dundas street. z

BICYCLE CORK GRIPS, 25c PER PAIR—Cyclometers at 75c each. D. MCKENZIE & Co., 374 Richmond street. Phone 1,115.

STOVES AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE for sale cheap at KEENE'S Furniture Store, Masonic Temple, Market Square.

SHIPPING TAGS—AT CLOSE PRICES—ADVERTISER Job Department.

PAMPHLET WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, clean and quick, at ADVERTISER Job Department.

POSTERS—ALL STYLES—HANGERS and dodgers. ADVERTISER Job Department.

ENVELOPES—PLAIN OR PRINTED—AT ADVERTISER Job Department.

PIANOS, PIANOS—NEW AND SECOND HAND, also a beautiful assortment of music and musical merchandise, and two good organs cheap. Anderson's Book Store, Nordheimer's Piano Agency, 183 Dundas street.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE—MARKET GARDEN OF four acres; good house and barn with greenhouse, near city, between the Hamilton and Gore roads. Apply 880 Van street, east end. 93u bw

FOR SALE—CITY PROPERTY, PRICE $1,100. Net rents pay over 13 per cent interest on investment. Apply at once. London Loan Company, London. 85n vzx

TWO BUILDING LOTS 52 FEET 8x110 feet, Ridout street, next Fullarton street. Apply on the property. PATTERSON & JOLLY. 11lx tf

FOR SALE—TWO HOUSES AND LOTS on York street, near the car shops. Inquire 654 York street. 2tf zwt

REAL ESTATE—A FEW GOOD LOTS near car shops, and three good cottages; a few fine lots in North End; nice cottage on Ontario street, near Dundas, only $1,200. J. F. SANGSTER, 403 Richmond street.

Agents Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WANTED—TEACHERS, BARRISTERS physicians and others of similar training for high class soliciting. Will pay $40 weekly and railway fare on demonstration of necessary ability. The Bradley-Garretson Company, Limited, Toronto. 86m

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN WHO can work hard talking and writing six hours daily for six days a week, and will be content with $10 weekly. Address, New Ideas Company, Brantford, Ont. 86m

WANTED — CANVASSERS — "QUEEN Victoria: Her Life and Reign," has captured the British Empire. Extraordinary testimonials from the great men; send for copy free. Marquis of Lorne says, "The best popular life of the Queen I have seen." Her Majesty sends a kind letter of appreciation. Selling by thousands; gives enthusiastic satisfaction; canvassers making $15 to $40 weekly; prospectus free to agents. The Bradley-Garretson Co., Limited, Toronto. 86m

WANTED—TEACHERS AND OTHER bright men for vacation or permanently to solicit for "Canada: An Encyclopedia of the Country" in five royal quarto volumes; no delivering; commission paid weekly. The Linscott Publishing Company, Toronto. 86m

Summer Resorts.

HOTEL LONEY—LEADING HOUSE IN Port Stanley. Airy rooms, good table, large promenade, accommodation for 150 bicycles in special shed. Rates moderate. MATT. LONEY, proprietor.

RUSSELL HOUSE—PORT STANLEY—Remodeled and improved, electric bells, rooms large and airy, special rate to summer boarders, bicycle headquarters, meals at all hours. GEO. GRAY, proprietor.

"The Fraser."

Wm. Fraser, Prop., Port Stanley.

Saturday Night Hops.

Steamer will make short trips out on lake. All trains run around to the beach. Hot and cold water, swings, etc., free for picnickers.

KINDNESS BROUGHT A FORTUNE

A Michigan Lawyer Befriended an Old Man Who Left Him $75,000.

Muskegon, Mich., Aug. 7.—Attorney Jerome E. Turner, of this city, has been notified by May & Underwood, a law firm of Chicago, that he has fallen heir to $75,000, according to the provisions of a will made by Wm. Seymour, of 1,436 Kenwood avenue, and filed in the Surrogate Court of the latter city.

There is a story in connection with this surprising revelation, which Mr. Turner relates as follows:

During the World's Fair he was walking along Clark street, when he encountered several police officers, struggling with an old man, whom they put into a patrol wagon and took to the station.

Mr. Turner, for the novelty of trying a case in Chicago, gratuitously defended the old man, whose name was William Seymour, and had him acquitted. About a year after this event the old man, whom Mr. Turner had almost forgotten, made him an unexpected visit at his office in this city, remaining two days. From that time Mr. Turner had never heard from him until receiving the above news.

The letter also says Seymour was an eccentric individual, who lived alone and had no blood heirs. He was a peddler. Mr. Turner left this evening for Chicago.

William Talks Peace

His Speech at the Banquet Given by the Czar.

Says He Will Aid Russia Against Any Disturber.

Another Outbreak in India—The Rebels Driven Off.

Newfoundland's Premier Uses Strong Language Against France.

Says Her Claim on a Part of That Island Is Monstrous—The United States Silver Commission Ridiculed—Canadian Inland Navigation—Emperor William's Warm Reception in Cronstadt.

BRITISH TRADE INCREASING.

London, Aug. 9.—The Board of Trade shows an increase in the imports of £1,745,365, and an increase in exports of £142,313.

CANADIAN INLAND NAVIGATION.

London, Aug. 8.—The effort of Canada to bring about a discussion with the home government as to inland navigation in the Dominion has been successful. A conference has been arranged between Mayor Stewart, of Ottawa, and the imperial authorities, to be held shortly, when the whole question of inland navigation from an imperial standpoint will be discussed.

A BALD FARCE.

London, Aug. 7.—The Westminster Gazette today, commenting upon the letter sent by Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, the chancellor of the exchequer, to the United States monetary commission, now in London, says:

"Everybody knows that the mission of the silver envoys is a farce of the baldest kind. We hoped the English government would not have lent themselves to its prolongation. Of course, the answer of both the Indian and British governments in October is a foregone conclusion."

CLAIM IS MONSTROUS.

London, Aug. 8.—The Morning Post justifies Sir William Whiteway, premier of Newfoundland, in treating with contempt "the monstrous claim of France to the possession of the soil of the Newfoundland shore." With reference to the report that France has attempted to enforce this claim by a French man of war and by ordering a British company now working there under a concession from Newfoundland to cease working, the Post says: "It is not likely that the foreign offices will allow such a high-handed proceeding to pass without a severe protest. Indeed, we believe that a dispatch has already been sent demanding an explanation."

MORE TROUBLE IN INDIA.

London, Aug. 8.—A dispatch to the Times from Simla says that another outbreak is officially reported on the Afghan frontier. The mullah, who preached against England during the Chitral campaign, has again stirred up strife in the Mohammedan country by representing that the success of the Turks in Europe provides a favorable opportunity for defying English rule. He has gathered some thousands of followers. As it was too late for him to assist in the attack on Camp Malakand, he attacked Shabkadr, 18 miles from Peshawar. The attack was made Saturday. The police and garrison beat off the natives, who then burned a Hindoo village and killed some of the inhabitants. A strong force of cavalry and artillery has been sent from Peshawar to punish the rebels, and it is reported that they had fled and crossed the frontier.

EMPEROR WILLIAM AT CRONSTADT.

London, Aug. 8.—The Emperor and Empress of Germany arrived at Cronstadt yesterday on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern. Their majesties were met by the czar, and a cordial exchange of greetings followed. The roads were full of vessels, decorated with flags, and the shore was thronged with enthusiastic crowds of people. After the greetings on board the Hohenzollern, their majesties boarded the Russian imperial yacht Alexander, and, proceeding to the Peterhof Palace, where they were received by all the grand dukes, grand duchesses, and the distinguished guests of the czar. In addition to the Russian imperial yacht Alexander, the yacht of their German majesties was met by a number of steamers, having on board parties of German colonists from many different sections of the Russian empire. Royal salutes were fired from the batteries ashore and the band of the Hohenzollern replied with playing the Russian national anthem and other airs.

WILLIAM TALKS PEACE.

Says He Will Aid the Czar in Maintaining It Against Anyone Who Tries to Break It.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 8.—At the state banquet, given by the Russian emperor and empress to Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria last night, Emperor Nicholas, toasting his imperial guests said: "The presence of your majesties among us causes me very lively satisfaction. I desire sincerely to thank you for the visit, which is a fresh manifestation of the traditional bonds uniting us and the good relations, so happily established between our two neighboring empires. It is, at the same time, a precious guarantee of the maintenance of the general peace, which forms the object of our constant efforts and our most fervent wishes. I drink to the health of the Emperor-King William and the Empress-Queen Augusta Victoria and to the health of all the members of their august family."

Emperor William shortly afterwards raised his glass to his host and said: "I thank your majesties with a warm heart, speaking also in the name of the empress, for the cordial and magnificent reception you have accorded us and for the gracious words with which your majesty has so affectionately welcomed us. I especially desire to lay at the feet of your majesty my most sincere and most grateful thanks for the renewed mark of distinction, which comes as such a surprise to me. I mean the enrollment of myself in your majesty's glorious navy. This is an especial honor, which I am able to appreciate to its fullest extent, and an honor which, at the same time, confers a particular distinction upon my own navy. It is a fresh proof of the continuance of our traditional intimate relations. Founded upon the unshakable basis of your majesty's unalterable resolutions to keep your people in peace in the future, as in the past, it finds in me also the gladdest echo. Thus we will pursue the same paths and strive unitedly, under the blessing of peace, to guide the intellectual development of our people. I can with full confidence lay this promise anew in the hands of your majesty, and I know I have the support of my whole people in doing so, that I stand by your majesty's side with my whole strength in this great work of preserving the peace of the nations; and I will give your majesty my strongest support against anyone who may attempt to disturb or break this peace. I drink to the welfare of your majesties."

The sentence in which Emperor William pledged Emperor Nicholas his support against any attempt to break the peace of the nations was spoken in Russian.

The whole city and the ships lying in the Neva have been splendidly decorated with flags and flowers today, and the streets have been crowded although the sky is overcast.

Emperor William and the Empress arrived at the landing stage at 11 a.m., where the municipal authorities presented them with bread and salt, on specially constructed dishes, as tokens of the hospitality of the city. With the Petrowski regiment as a guard of honor, they visited the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, and placed a wreath upon the tomb of Alexander III. Everywhere they were greeted with tremendous cheering. Subsequently they opened the new wing of the German Alexander Hospital, from which they proceeded to the Winter Palace. During the afternoon Emperor William received visits from the ambassadors and returned them.

Shot in Cold Blood.

Deliberate Murder of Senor Canovas Castillo, Spain's Premier.

The Assassin Arrested and Confesses His Crime

Says It Was Part of a Vast Anarchist Conspiracy.

Fired Three Shots—Victim Lived Only Two Hours—His Wife at the Death-Scene—Sketch of His Long and Notable Career—His Loss May Aid Cuba.

Madrid, Aug. 8.—Senor Canovas Castillo, the prime minister of Spain, was assassinated at Santa Agueda today by an Anarchist. The murderer fired three shots, two of which struck the premier in the head and the other in the chest. The wounded man lingered unconscious for two hours, and died at 3 o'clock this afternoon. His wife was but a short distance away when he fell.

The health of Senor Canovas had improved greatly of late. He had been leading a very quiet life, although he attended to the business of state. At the moment of the assassination he was waiting in the gallery of the bathing establishment for his wife, who was to join him for lunch. Suddenly the assassin, who had the appearance of an ordinary visitor, approached, and fired at him point blank, one bullet passing through his body and coming out behind under the left shoulder, and the other two lodging in his head. He fell instantly, and never recovered consciousness. Several medical men and his wife were unremitting in their attentions to the sufferer, but his wounds, unhappily, were mortal, and he died in two hours. Extreme unction was administered amid a scene of mingled sorrow and indignation. The assassin narrowly escaped lynching at the hands of the waiters and attendants who rushed forward. Detectives and civil guards immediately secured him. He was very pale, trembled violently, and feared evidently that he would be killed on the spot. He will first be arraigned before the local magistrate at Vergara.

The murderer declares that he killed Senor Canovas in accomplishment of a just vengeance and that the deed is the outcome of a vast anarchist conspiracy. He is believed to have arrived at Santa Agueda the same day as the premier, and he was frequently seen lurking in the passages of the bathing establishment in a suspicious manner.

The body of Senor Canovas will be brought here tomorrow. Marshal Martinez Campos has gone to San Sebastian to attend the queen regent.

The queen has intrusted the presidency of the council to Gen. Azcaradaga, the minister of war, and the Cortes will be summoned to reassemble on Tuesday.

Santa Agueda is noted for its baths. The place is between San Sebastian, the summer residence of the Spanish court, and Vitoria, the capital of the Province of Alva, about 30 miles south of Balbao. The premier went there last Thursday to take a three weeks' course of the baths, after which he expected to return to San Sebastian to meet United States Minister Woodford, when officially received by the queen regent. The assassin was immediately arrested. He is a Neapolitan, and gives the name of Rinaldi. It is believed that it is an assumed name, and that his real name is Michele Angine Golli. At a special meeting of the Cabinet today, under the presidency of Senor Cos-Gayon, the minister of the interior, the latter announced that he had been intrusted by the queen regent with the premiership ad interim.

Senor Antonio Canovas Del Castillo was born at Malaga, Feb. 8, 1828. He took the course in philosophy and law in the University of Madrid and began his career as a journalist. In 1851 he made is debut, under the patronage of Senors Rios, Rosas and Pacheco, as chief editor of the Patria, in which he defended conservative ideas. About this time he published a volume of lyric poems and a series of historical papers. He was in doubt whether to follow a literary or a political career, but soon found himself turned to politics by the course of events. In 1852 he was named deputy for Malaga, and from that time to his death had never ceased to occupy a seat in the Cortes. In 1856 he was charge d'affaires at Rome, and prepared the historical memorandum on the relations of Spain with the holy see, which served as a basis for the concordat. After serving the crown as governor of Cadiz in 1855, director-general of the administration from 1858 to 1861, and, lastly, in that same year as under secretary of state for the interior, the queen called him to the ministry as member of the Mon cabinet. In 1865 he held the portfolios of finance and the colonies in the O'Donnell cabinet, and it devolved upon him to draw up the law for abolition of the slave trade. Shortly before the revolution of 1868 he became especially conspicuous as one of the last to defend with energy in the Cortes the principle of blending liberal and conciliatory ideas with the constitutional monarchy, when all the parties that had supported this political doctrine had deserted the parliament. He was banished a short time before the revolution occurred, and he took no part in it. In the face of the triumphant revolution, after his return from exile, and in the full constituent assembly of 1868, supported by Senors Elduayem, Bugallal and two others, he hoisted the standard of legitimate and constitutional monarchy. This is his greatest title to fame. His fidelity and ability finally secured for him the supreme direction of the Alfonsist party, and on the proclamation of Alfonso XII. as king, on Dec. 1, 1874, Senor Canovas Del Castillo became president of the council and chief of the new cabinet, called the cabinet of conciliation. He retired in September, 1885, because of the demands of the extreme Conservative party, but he was called back to the presidency of the council on Dec. 2 of the same year, and charged particularly with the direction of the first legislative elections of the new regime. He was himself elected to the Cortes from the city of Madrid in January, 1876. It devolved upon him then to repress the second attempt of the Carlists to bring on a civil war and to deal with the first insurrection in Cuba. With the exception of an interval of a few months, he continued to hold the premiership down to 1879, when, on the return of Marshal Martinez Campos from Cuba, he retired from the premiership, and was succeeded by Campos, who accepted as his colleagues the principal associates of Senor Canovas. The opposition raised to the policy of Campos soon forced him to retire. Senor Canovas skillfully resisted, delayed and finally defeated the free trade and emancipation projects of Campos. On the reassembling of the Cortes in December, 1879, Senor Canovas gave the alfonsist to conduct the government, and Senor Canovas formed a new Cabinet on December 10, with a second Cuban insurrection to be dealt with. He charged Gen. Blanco with this task, but the reactionary tendency of his home policy became more and more marked, until the financial projects in which he wished to embark drew upon him the bitter attacks, not only of Castler and the Republicans, but also those of Campos and of Sagasta, and he was compelled to resign. In 1881 he returned again to power, but his Conservative Cabinet was speedily overthrown by a Liberal coalition government, with Sagasta and Campos at its head, took the reins of affairs. At the general elections of the same year he was returned to the Cortes from Madrid and became the chief and spokesman of the intermediate party known as the party of Conservative-Liberals. On Jan. 18, 1884, he was called upon to form a Conservative ministry. In order to secure a majority, devoted like himself to ideas of order and of liberty, in harmony with the monarchical principle, he dissolved the Cortes, and the new elections resulted favorably. But on Nov. 26, 1885, on the question of the occupation of the Caroline Islands by Germany, he was again compelled to resign, being succeeded by Senor Sagasta. The same day he was elected president of the chamber by 222 votes against 112 cast for Senor Romero Robledo, and he signalized his entrance upon his new functions by a funeral eulogy of King Alfonso XII., who had died the previous day; in 1890 a reversal brought him back into power, and on July 5 he took a presidency of a Conservative Cabinet, replacing the Liberal ministry of Sagasta. Two years later the pendulum swung to the opposite extreme, and the Liberals, under Senor Sagasta, won the general elections and retained power until 1895, when disagreements in the Sagasta Cabinet led the queen regent to summon Canovas again to the premiership. The Canovas Government was defeated on a vote of censure on June 3, 1895, but did not resign. The general elections of the Cabinet, and he did so, being confirmed by the crown in his ministerial powers, with the personnel and policy of the Cabinet unchanged.

MAY HELP CUBA.

New York, Aug. 8.—Emilio Agramonte, president of the Jose Marti Revolutionary Club, and the Marti Charity Organization here, heard the news of the killing of Premier Canovas tonight at his home on Lexington avenue, and exclaimed: "This is truly hard to believe." Then he said: "Sagasta, who is head of the Liberals, will surely succeed Canovas, and I feel certain that should Sagasta succeed Canovas, he will follow the same general policy in regard to Cuba as Canovas made every effort to do. It will doubtless be his idea to bring about a relationship between Spain and Cuba as exists between England and Canada. But such a relationship Cuba will never accept. She must have complete and absolute independence. Still, it is my belief that the killing of Canovas will be a great benefit for the cause of Cuba. It may even lead to independence. That is, the only thing for Cuba. Canovas was directly responsible for the relations which existed between the United States and Spain as regards Cuba, because his instructions were so carefully followed out by Spain's representative in Washington, that President Cleveland could not act friendly to Cuba. The death of Canovas cannot but help the cause of Cuba."

A THREAT VERIFIED.

London, Aug. 8.—A week ago the French newspaper Courier De Lion published an interview with an Italian anarchist, who said he was going to London to see the Spanish anarchists, and that within a few days the world would be astonished by an event resembling the death of Carnot. The Spanish anarchist refugees from Barcelona are now in London. On being questioned this evening on the subject of the assassination of Canovas, they declared that the murder had nothing to do with them. Renladi, the assassin, they asserted, is quite unknown. One of them said: "Our methods are constitutional." They admitted, however, that they could not be expected greatly to deplore the death of the man responsible for the tortures that had been inflicted on them; but they reiterated their assertion that the act was the work of a solitary individual without accomplices.

Long Live Spain!

The Dying Exclamation of the Murdered Premier.

His Distracted Wife Upbraided the Assassin,

Who Replied That He Had Done "His Duty"—Was Obeying the Orders of His Superiors—The Fiend Identified—An Escaped Convict.

Madrid, Aug. 9—The assassination of the prime minister of Spain, Senor Canovas Del Castillo, who was shot and killed by the Italian anarchist, whose name is believed to be Michele Angine Golli, at the baths of Santa Agueda, yesterday afternoon, was undoubtedly premeditated. Golli deliberately watched for an opportunity to kill the Spanish statesman and he only fired when there was no chance to miss. In fact, the assassin, who was arrested almost immediately after the premier fell dying at the feet of his wife, has declared as much to the examining magistrate. The prime minister lingered for some time in agony and passed away with a cry of "Long Live Spain."

Further details of the assassination show that Senor Canovas Del Castillo and his wife were present yesterday morning at the celebration of mass in the chapel attached to the baths. After mass the premier was reading and conversing with some reporters when the assassin approached and fired three shots at him with a revolver, hitting him in the forehead, chest and left ear. The wounded man fell to the ground crying "Assassin, Long Live Spain." The premier was carried to his room and expired at 1:30 p.m., after extreme unction had been administered to him by a priest of the Dominican order.

The murderer, who was immediately seized by people who were in the vicinity of the scene of the crime, was severely handled, and might have been killed had it not been for the protection afforded him by a number of civil guards, who ran to the scene. The prisoner, who declared he had killed the premier, "in the accomplishment of a just vengeance," at first gave the name of Rinaldi, and claimed that the deed was the utcome of an extensive Anarchist conspiracy. Later, however, the assassin confessed that his real name was Michele Angine Golli, that he was 26 years of age, a native of Boggi, near Naples, and that he left Italy and came to Spain in 1896. After reaching Spain, Golli, according to his confession, resided at Barcelona, and participated in the doings of the various Anarchist associations of that place and vicinity. After sojourning at Barcelona for some time, Golli visited France and Belgium and returned to Spain in July last. After his return the Anarchist seems to have completed the plans for the assassination of the prime minister. He left Madrid for Santa Agueda at the same time as Senor Canovas Del Castillo, and awaited an opportunity to assassinate the statesman. Golli is of medium height, wears a full beard and spectacles, and his demeanor is that of a law-abiding citizen. He says he is satisfied with having done "his duty," and asserts that he had no personal grudge against the April, 1896, returned an overwhelming majority to the Cortes in favor of the policy of the Canovas Cabinet, though the opposition charged that the ministerialists carried many of the election districts by gross fraud. On June 2 last, Senor Canovas tendered the resignation of the Cabinet owing to the difficulty ministers experienced in carrying on the government in view of the Parliamentary situation caused by the refusal of the Liberals to take part in the deliberations of the Cortes. This refusal was due to a personal encounter between the Duke of Tetuan, minister of foreign affairs, and Prof. Comas, a distinguished Liberal senator, on May 21. After four days' conferences with the leaders of all political parties, the queen regent requested Senor Canovas to withdraw the resignation of premier and was merely obeying orders received from his superiors in the secret society to which he belonged. He frankly confesses anarchist doctrines, says he was sentenced in 1895 to eighteen months' imprisonment in the jail at Lucera, Italy, and claims that he escaped from there to Marseilles, from which port he made his way to Barcelona.

Senora Canovas del Castillo, wife of the premier, rushed to his side upon hearing the shots, and bitterly reproached the murderer for his crime. Golli, in reply to the agonizing words of the distracted wife, said: "I respect you because you are an honorable lady, but I have done my duty and I am now easy in my mind, for I have avenged my friends and brothers of Montjuich."

Montjuich is the fortress of Barcelona, outside of which the anarchists who have been sentenced to death for recent outrages have been executed by being shot in the back. The anarchists recently executed outside Montjuich were the last batch of the fiends who were guilty of throwing a bomb on June 7, 1896, into a religious procession about to enter the Church of Santa Maria De La Mar. Twelve persons were instantly killed and 50 others injured.

A Dash OF ODONTINE on your tooth brush the first thing in the morning starts the day right.

Odontine is a perfect liquid dentifrice; cleanses, preserves, beautifies. Keeps the gums sound and healthy. Sweetens and purifies the breath. 25 cents. The only genuine is manufactured by

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE, Chemists.

GERMANY'S PROTEST

Against the United States Tariff—Is a Written One.

London, Aug. 9.—The Berlin correspondent of the Times says: "The fresh German protest to the United States on the subject of sugar differs from the former protest in being a written one. It is a concession to agrarian agitation, and therefore does not pass unchallenged here. It is not known whether the protest represents an isolated act on the part of Germany or whether it is taken in conjunction with the other governments, some of which have more ground for complaint than Germany."

Sparks from the Wire.

Whitney, the Toronto smallpox patient, is in a critical condition, and his recovery is doubtful.

Mrs. Sternaman, charged with murdering her husband, has arrived at Cayuga jail from Buffalo.

The estate of J. W. Lang & Co., Toronto, insolvent, is expected to pay 51½ cents on the dollar to trade creditors. The liabilities are $32,500.

Toronto City Council will hold a special meeting to consider a bylaw to impose a $500 fine on picture exhibitions of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight.

Dr. Meacham, M. P. P., of Odessa, has been chosen as the Conservative candidate for the Legislature for Lennox at the coming provincial elections.

Mr. Caddyinghead, a Winnipeg civil engineer, has received a telegram from Ottawa to hold himself in readiness to accompany a party of surveyors to open a route into the Yukon country.

The residence of Wm. Scholfield, about two miles from Port Colborne, was completely destroyed by fire Saturday. The fire was caused by a defective chimney; no furniture was saved.

Edward Thaddeus Hooker, lumber merchant, of West Selkirk, Man., died in Winnipeg Saturday. Deceased was 46 years of age, and unmarried. The remains were shipped to Welland, Ont.

Two burglaries occurred in Fort Erie, Ont., Sunday morning, and over 100 villagers, with lanterns and weapons, scoured the place for the offenders. Dr. Wall's cottage was robbed of $350. The other theft was a small one.

Tramps broke into a store at Portage la Prairie Saturday night, and were surprised by Watchman Ormand, who fired at them. The tramps replied, breaking Ormand's arm with a pistol bullet. The wound is considered very dangerous. No clue to the men as yet.

It is estimated that to carry out the plans as now adopted by the Canadian Government for the policing of the Yukon will entail an expenditure of a quarter of a million of dollars, a large portion of which will have to be raised by governor's warrant. The claim of royalty, it is calculated, will nearly cover this cost.

Mgr. Paul Bruchesi was consecrated as Archbishop of Montreal in succession to Archbishop Fabre in St. James' Cathedral Sunday with imposing ceremony. The leading Canadian bishops and several distinguished United States prelates took part in the ceremony, and the church was crowded with a great gathering of the faithful.

John Munro, president of the Provincial Teachers' Association, and principal of a public school in Ottawa, died suddenly at Toronto Saturday. Deceased had arrived in the city from Ottawa for the purpose of undergoing an operation for an ailment, from which he suffered since March last, but took a spasm and died before the doctors could begin. He was 48 years of age and unmarried.

It Isn't How A Shoe Looks

When it is new, but how it looks when it has seen good service, that shows its real value. Our Shoes look well, wear well and feel easy, and our prices are on the rock foundation of lowness. Have you ever tried us for a pair? We satisfy you or refund your money.

J. P. COOK,
173 Dundas Street.