

## Britain Celebrating Peace.

**Holland Will Hand Over Wilhelm---Treaty Means French Security---General Smuts Pleads For Irish Settlement---High Cost of Living Embarrasses French Government.**

### FREIGHT EMBARGO.

NEW YORK, July 18. A freight embargo on coastwise traffic was announced to-day by the Coastwise Ship Companies operating under Federal control, as a result of the strike of seamen and engineers. The order for the embargo was forwarded to shipping points by the United States' railroad administration.

### WILL VISIT LITTLE WILLIE.

LONDON, July 18. The former German Crown Princess Cecilie will visit the island of Weirings where the former Crown Prince is living. It was semi-officially announced to-day at the Hague according to a Central News despatch. Divorce proceedings were said to have been begun by the former Princess Cecilie in April, according to a Zurich despatch there has been nothing to show however, that papers in the case ever were filed although a statement, giving alleged incidents of cruelty, was issued by the former Princess' mother, the former Grand Duchess Anastasia of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

### GENERAL ALLENBY IN CHARGE.

PARIS, July 18. The inter-Allied Council decided to-day that General Allenby of the British Army should take entire charge of the occupation of Asia Minor with supervision over British, French, Greek and Italian troops. It was believed that this settlement would stabilize conditions in Smyrna and other parts of Southern Asia Minor and prevent clashes between Greek and Italian troops.

### HOLLAND WILL CONSENT.

PARIS, July 18. (Havas Agency.)—Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung of Berlin, mouthpiece of the Government under the former Imperial regime declares it has information that Holland will consent to the extradition of Emperor William, according to a Berlin despatch to Paris newspaper. Formal handing over of the former Emperor to the Allies, it adds will take place at the Hague.

### ADVISES THE CHRISTIAN SPIRIT ATTITUDE.

ROME, July 18. Pope Benedict has addressed to the Bishops of Germany a letter expressing joy over removal of the blockade. The letter recommends that an attitude of Christian Charity be taken toward the Question of Reparation for war damages.

### GOVERNMENT IN MINORITY.

PARIS, July 18. By a vote in the Chamber of Deputies the evening followed interpellations on the high cost of living, the government was in the minority by fourteen votes. The issue arose over the order of the day. The government accepted that of Deputy Renard which implied confidence in the government but the Chamber adopted by vote a resolution presented by M. Augagneur, former Minister of Marine, which the government rejected. After the vote announcement was made in the lobby of the Chamber of Deputies by M. Bouret, Food Minister, that

he would resign his portfolio, but that he was the only member of the Cabinet affected by the vote. Premier Clemenceau, however, will decide what will be the attitude of the government. The general policy of the government did not come up during the debate.

### GENERAL SMUTS IN A LOFTY STRAIN.

LONDON, July 18. Lieut. General Jan Smuts of the Union of South Africa and Member of the British Peace Delegation, in a farewell message appeals for an abiding faith in high ideals, despite what he terms delusions produced by the Peace Treaty. He says, the fundamental significance of war has been the victory of spiritual and moral over material factors, a victory of the finer elements of human nature over the baser, and hence there should be no bitterness left in the minds of the people. He pleads for appeasement and reconciliation means for the regeneration of exhausted Europe, which he says is the most awful spectacle in history. Smuts concludes by dealing with the questions concerning the Empire and the Dominions and says that the most pressing of all is the Irish question. It has become a chronic wound—whose effects are spreading to our whole system and through the influence of America. It is beginning to poison our vital foreign relations and unless it is settled on the great principles which form the basis of this Empire, this Empire must cease to exist. Our statesmen in Paris dealt with racial problems resembling Ireland and in every way as difficult as the Irish question and may not shrink from applying to Ireland the same medicine they applied to Bohemia and many other parts of Europe.

### PEACE CELEBRATIONS BEGUN.

LONDON, July 18. Great Britain's peace celebrations begun formally to-day with many ceremonies. A large part of the population stopped work to-day and filled the parks and streets watching the many contingents of British and Allied soldiers and sailors marching about and the processions headed by Marshal Foch of France and General Pershing on their way to various functions in their honor.

### GENERAL DEMORALIZATION.

PARIS, July 18. Despatches reaching the Peace Conference circles from Budapest indicate that general demoralization has struck Bela Kuns army which is staggering back from different fronts with utter lack of discipline. Breakdown in spirit of troops is attributed to discontinuation of the fighting against Czechs and Rumanians in consequence of the armistice and to the hasty increase of the well drilled loyal army of 60,000 to more than 125,000 men.

### THE RETURN OF GERMAN PRISONERS.

BERNE, July 18. According to official despatches from Germany it is expected that the return of German prisoners in France will begin about the middle of August. It is said that these prisoners will return to Germany by way of

Switzerland and at the rate of about two thousand per day. Germans still held by the French number about 45,000.

### A CORRECT OPINION.

PARIS, July 18. Premier Clemenceau to-day appeared before the Committee of the Chamber of Deputies appointed to consider the Peace Treaty and decided that the Treaty and its attendant guarantees insured the security of France. The Premier said that if British and American aid in case of attack by Germany had been guaranteed in nineteen fourteen the war would have been avoided even with Germany strong and redoubtable. He expressed confidence that on the verge of a just war should come the United States and Great Britain would give their whole effort to securing this.

### NEARING COMPLETION.

PARIS, July 18. The final clauses of the Peace Treaty to be presented to the Austrian Delegates are nearing completion and the document will be delivered shortly.

When you want something in Head Cheese, Ox Tongue, Boiled Ham, Cooked Corned Beef, Bologna Sausage.

### Fish That Glow.

The inhabitants of the ocean differ in many respects according to the depth at which they live, but most of all in their powers of vision.

Fish that live at very great depths have either no eyes at all or enormously big ones. There are two methods of getting about in the gloomy abysses—by delicate organs of touch, or by sight, that collects the few rays of light due to phosphorescence or other accidental sources.

The fish which live near the top of the ocean have smaller eyes than those, say, eighty fathoms down. One hundred and twenty fathoms deeper, where daylight disappears, the eyes are bigger still. Beyond the depth of two hundred fathoms, small eyes prevail, with long feelers to supplement them.

At this depth, in fact, sight is practically useless. In the great abysses the fish are usually blind, feeling their way about solely by means of their sensitive bodies. Some, indeed, show signs externally of having once possessed eyes, but that is all.

In others—the oldest and most confirmed abyssal species—the eye has disappeared altogether externally, though traces of it are still to be recognized, embedded deeply in the tissues of the head.

Many deep-sea fish have a curious system of hollows in the skull or about the body which hold a kind of phosphorescent slime. Others have round or oval shining opalescent spots, placed on the head or along the body or tail.

All of them are abundantly supplied with nerves, and they are apparently organs for the production of phosphorescent light. If so, such a fish must swim about surrounded by a faint glow, somewhat like that thrown off by luminous paint.

One scientist even suggests that these fish may have the power of directing their rays in any direction, like a searchlight.

### "Sunlight" in Belgium.

Soap became so scarce during the war that in Belgium the great majority of people were without it for months on end and had to resort to all kinds of methods to get themselves clean.

Now soap is being rushed out to the Continent, and to Belgium in particular, by the hundred tons. Special trainloads of "Sunlight," for example, each containing consignment of 500 tons, are being shipped across the water. Each of these mammoth trainloads should supply over two million Belgian families with soap for a week.

To show how scarce soap has been in Belgium the price of a tablet which would cost 6d. to 9d. here was selling at four to five shillings during the last year of the war.

The home-made soaps of the Belgians are very poor because of the immense shortage of fats. Most of these soaps, in fact, were about three-quarters clay and one-quarter soap, and the actual price of the soap then worked out at ten times the amount we paid when soap was at its dearest.

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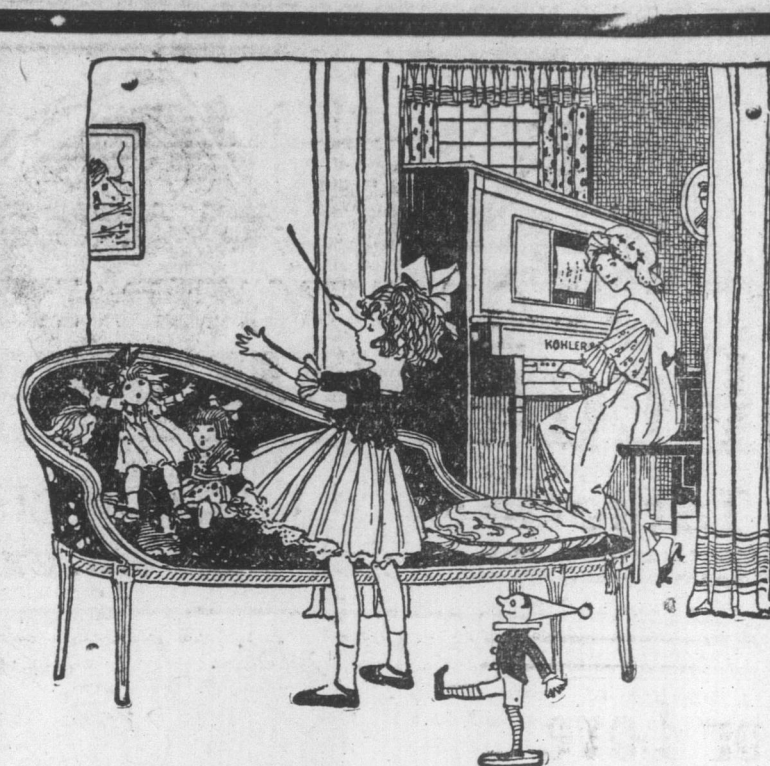
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