different Denominations in Upper Canada.

QUESTIONS.	Names of Wit- nesses Examined.	ANSWERS.
You are a member of the Legislative and Exe- cutive Councils, and Arcdeacon of York. ow, many years have you resided in this Pro-	The Honorable and Venerable Archdea- con Strachan.	I am Since 1799.
vince. To you know how many. communicants of the Church of England, there were at that time in the Province?	· .	Nu.
t what period did you first know the number of communicants of that Church?		I never knew the number, except in my own church.
ow many clergymen were there of the Church of England when you took orders?		I believe five—Mr. Addison, Dr. Štuart, Mr. Laughorn, Mr. (nów Dr.) Stuart, and Mr. Rudd.
think you mention in the chart, at the date of t (May 1827) there were thirty clergymen of hat church in the Province.		in 1803. I do.
the chart, the committee find that occasional ervice is mentioned, they would be glad to now what is meant by the term occasional, hat are the emoluments of the elergymen of		Regular service, is when there is a fixed period, seldom exceeding a fortnight, for service occasional, is when there is no fixed time, but the missionary goes as may be convenient; usually giving warning beforehand.
he church of England, in this province?		Till 1815 the salary of a missionary was £150 sterling, per annum, paid chief- ly by the society for the propagation of the gospel in Foreign parts, establish- ed in London.—Since 1815, it has been, to a missionary in Priest's orders £200. To a Deacon £100 sterling, paid from the charitable funds of the same society.
us then is exclusive of perquisites for marri ges and other services? The their fees for marriage regulated by any ale?	• •	There is no other service than marrying, for which, any fee is charged or re- celved, except for baptism, one shilling generally for registration Yes, they generally ask 10s. I believe that is an universal practice, and that
o the Missionaries derive any benefit from the lergy reserves?		the late Lord Bishop of Quebec acquiesced in it. Nothing—none of the present clergy have ever derived any thing from the reserves. It is not in contemplation to raise their income from that source, so far as I know; but on the contrary to increase their number. Should that
e committee perceive that there is an income i about £400 uett from the clergy reserves—Is paid, or any part of it, to the clergy in any		fund ever become available Not at all! It is paid into the King's Receiver, the Receiver General. The clergy corporation have nothing a: all to do with the income.
ay ? you know what the Sheriff's fees, on col- cting it, are?		I do not, but I presume the same as on other business.
you know what the fee on the lease is?		A small fee, about nine dollars perhaps—I cannot say exactly. It is merely the fee for making out the lease, which passes in the usual way—All that the corporation do, is to recommend it.
is is paid by the lessee, and not deducted on the rent?		It is—It used to be deducted from his rent many years ago; but it was altered.
hal then consumes so large a portion of the nt as £800 out of £1200, as stated in your tter?		In the first place, there has been a difficulty in its collection, and the means of enforcing payment.—2udly. The reserves are scattered over a territory of nearly 30,000 square miles.—3rdly. The number leased, are comparatively few.—4thly. The whole amount in many cases is not sufficient to pay the
w many communicants were there in your		Sheriff his mileage in going to collect it,5thly . The leases are at a very low rate6thly. The expenses of collection are paid out of the proceeds, and are never levied on the lesses
when you took charge of it? what year was that? w many are there now?		About 35 at each time, but double that number belonged to the congregation. 1812. Upwards of 160; but I would wish to accompany this observation with the
hat is the number in your estimation of the guiar attendants of your church?		remark, that the number of communicants is no criteriou of the number of the members of our shurch. There are in York 332 families, of which 162, containing, 978 souls, rather more
		than half the population attend our church. I directed two persons to make enquiry upon this subject—and the foregoing is the result of their enquiry which they will, no doubt, authenticate when called upon.—This account does not include the families in the vicinity of which 66
no were those persons who made the enquiry? 1 you state the number of communicauts in		attends the church regularly The clerk and sexton of my church.
our church, in 1925, and the number of your galar hearers at that time ?		Not exactly—they have been increasing gradually.
w often is the administration of the Lord's pper in your church in the year ?		Four or five times.
committee perceive the following assertion your letter to Mr Horton, "The people are ming forward in all directions, othering to as- st in building churches, and soliciting with e greatest anxiety, the establishment of a ttled minister," can you mention any facts on which that assertion is founded ?		It would be tedious to enumerate and impossible for me to carry in my mind all the instances upon which that statement was made; but I have had many ap- plications recently from different parts of this district.
onot the members of the church of England, the province, in proportion to their numbers, well able to bear the expense of supporting e preaching of the gospel &c, as those of oth- denominations?		They probably are ; but they have never been called upon. The funds of the society in England have furnished the means hitherto.
es that include the building of churches?	با المولية المراجعين المراجع مواجع مراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع مراجع	The people frequently subscribe toward that object; but in that they have likewise, in most places, been assisted by aid from England, collected by subscription.
you know the number of the members of the nurch of Eugland in the province ?	این از می این از می میرون می این از می ای این این این می این این این این این این این این این ای	I only know in those cases which have been communicated to me, from which it appears that from one half to two-thirds of all the people in those places, are favorable to our church—and I believe it is so throughout the province, ex-
the expression " favourable to our church" you mean members of the church?	م می افغان در به می از می است. می وادی از می می از می می می از می می می از می می می از می از می از می از می می از می از می از می از می از می از می	cept in the Eastern district. I would not say members; but I mean preferring our service, when opportu- nities offer; to all others.
ere is the following passage in your letter. The reachers of the different denominations, ith the exception of the two ministers of the		The following part of the paragraph shows that it was intended to apply to the methodist. Episcopal church
urch of Scotland, four congregationalists, d. a respectable English missionary, who esides of a Wesleyan me thodist meeting at ingston are for the most part from the United ates, where they gather their knowledge and rin their sentiments." Is that intended to ap- y to any particular church?		Since my return I have been informed that there are now only 8 of their preach- ers from the United States. I believed at the time, and, with little altera- tion, I still believe, that the statement is accurate.
what respect are the methodist preachers		I do not know. I only know that they are subject-it is a part of their

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