

END WITNESS
for the pro-
secution Dr E VERSCHUYL, Oude Delft 194, having being duly sworn is
examined by the prosecutor:

Q. Dr. will you identify yourself to the Court, please?
A. Dr. E Versshuyl is my name, I am a surgeon, I live in Oude
Delft 194 born 12 September 1903.

Q. Will you tell the Court what you know in reference to this
case?

JA: Wait a moment, had you not better qualify your witness
first. You have to establish so the Court will know what
his medical qualifications are. This is expert evidence, he
says he is a surgeon. Find out where he graduated from and
where he has worked?

Prosecutor continues

Q. Will you qualify yourself then?

A. I studied here in Holland, in Utrecht, I am a doctor 18 years
and a surgeon. Before I was an assistant 9 years in Amster-
dam.

Q. Can you state to the Court whatever you know in reference to
this case?

A. The patient came in the hospital the 20th May...

JA: Just a moment - what is he reading from?

Wit: This is my patient history.

Pros: I think it is in order.

JA: It isn't unless he made the records himself, or else he
has to speak from memory. If they were made by himself it is
alright.

Pros: If I understand well whenever a military police is giving
evidence he may refer to give evidence,....

JA: He has them to refresh his memory but not to read out in
Court.

Prosecutor continues

Q. Can you produce this to the Court after reading it?

A. I can do it without that. The patient came in at 9 o'clock
in the Hospital Hippolytus and he had two injuries, one of
the breast and one of the abdomen. The bullets of the ab-
domen came in the right side, that is what I don't know
exactly, I think it comes out in the back don't it? I don't
know exactly now. In the breast it goes in the right side
and out by the heart but it doesn't pass the lungs, it was
not dangerous but I operated for the abdomen. I found bleed-
ing in the abdomen and a laceration of the thick bowel of the
right side just beneath the stomach, so it was, and many stool
in the abdomen. It was necessary to take away the half part
of the thick bowel and the little part of the thin bowel.
Afterwards we made a blood transfusion, 500 cc, but the bowels
was very bad and he had a shock and he died at 2 o'clock. I
don't know exactly the time but I think 2 o'clock, the opera-
tion was too big for him.

W.P.