

ANOTHER N.B. MAN DIES IN DEFENCE OF EMPIRE

CORP. SANFORD SAVAGE OF 26TH DIES OF WOUNDS

Chatham Man's Death Announced in List of Casualties Issued Last Night at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 24.—The midnight casualty list is as follows:
Second Battalion.
Wounded—Sergt. G. Wilkins, Toronto.

Third Battalion.
Slightly wounded—C. Charles Street, Toronto.
Wounded—Sam Frary, England.

Fourth Battalion.
Wounded—Wm. H. Dryhurst, England.
Seventh Battalion.
Killed in action—John R. Jones, Vancouver, B. C.
Suffering from shock—Robert H. Jones, England.

Eighth Battalion.
Wounded—Angus A. McDonald, Port Arthur, Ont.
Tenth Battalion.
Killed in action—John D. Eddie, Scotland.

Fourteenth Battalion.
Wounded—Walter P. McDowell, Toronto.
Fifteenth Battalion.
Died of wounds—Morton A. Cameron, St. Stephen, N. B.
Wounded—Lance Corporal Arthur Only, England.

Nineteenth Battalion.
Wounded—William H. Precious, Toronto.
Twenty-First Battalion.
Severely wounded—Ceil H. Fletcher, Downville, Ont.
Wounded—Andrew Marney, Italy, James Stackburn, England.

Twenty-Second Battalion.
Suffering from shock—Louis Savard, Quebec.
Twenty-Fourth Battalion.
Killed in action—B. Hards, Montreal.
Wounded—F. W. Johnson, Montreal, Alexander MacDonald, Cairnbrook, Ont.

Twenty-Fifth Battalion.
Wounded—Rod Roberts, Caledonia Mines, C. B.
Twenty-Sixth Battalion.
Died of wounds—Corporal Sanford Savage, Chatham, N. B.

Twenty-Seventh Battalion.
Wounded—Allan McLeod, Quross, Man. Ralph Nellis, Winnipeg, Jos. H. Chelle, Winnipeg.
Killed in action—Jack Chisholm, Prince Albert, Sask.
Died of wounds—A. Stevenson, Calgary.

Wounded dangerously—Wm. McDonald, Scotland.
Twenty-Eighth Battalion.
Killed in action—O. Fries, Denmark.
Wounded—John J. Howard, England.

Thirty-First Battalion.
Severely wounded and concussion—C. Outh, Coleman, Alb.
Wounded—Elmer Metcalfe, Harley, Ont.
Forty-Second Battalion.
Wounded—Edward Breckenridge, Scotland.

Forty-Sixth Battalion.
Seriously ill—Lance Corporal Oscar Brecken, Regina, Sask.
Forty-Ninth Battalion.
Killed in action—David E. Walsh, Waterford, Nfld.
Wounded—Sergt. Alfred Thomas Nixon, Kilronan, Sask; David Miller, Scotland.

Borden's Armored Battery.
Missing, believed drowned ex-hospital ship Anglia—Archibald Ernest McEachern, Gravenhurst, Ont.
Fourth Field Company Divisional Engineers.
Wounded—Sergt. R. Ollivier, Mt. Brydges, Ont. Sapper Chas. A. Dason, Wales.

Fifth Field Company Divisional Engineers.
Killed in action—Sapper I. Smith, Toronto. Sapper Conrad M. L. Daril, Ottawa.
Died of wounds—Sapper Harold J. Vollum, England.
Sixth Field Company Divisional Engineers.
Wounded—Lyman F. MacCallum, Turkey.

Training Depot Engineers.
Seriously ill—Sapper Alex. Ferguson, Ocean Ave., Bridgport, C. B.
FOUR MORE ARRESTED.

Fred Lupe and his wife, both colored, reside in Old Union Alley and last night the Lupees had as guests Alexander Diggs (colored), and Mary Jane Toner, a white woman. A goodly quantity of old blue gin was used to such an extent that the mixed quartette caused considerable disturbance. The police were called to the house on three occasions, and the last time being about 10.30 o'clock Detectives Barrett and Briggs with Patrolmen Bridson and Winters gathered in the outfit. They were locked up in cells at police headquarters.

Lupe and his wife are charged with keeping a disorderly house, while Diggs and Mary Jane are charged with being inmates.

CHINESE PRESS URGES CAUTION

Too Hasty Alliance with Entente Powers May Prove Not in Nation's Best Interests.

Peking, Nov. 24.—The Chinese newspapers, commenting on the suggestion of the Entente Powers that China join them, and thus solidify the far east, urge President Yuan Shi Kai to proceed slowly, declaring that China's fate hangs in the balance.

The newspapers say that China probably could not assist the Entente Powers in a military way and that her obligations under an alliance with the sea powers would forever end German and Austrian commerce in the Far East.

GRITS MUST BEAR BLAME

If Disunion is Caused Through-out Dominion by Their Refusal to Let Government Complete Work it is Doing so Well.

Special to The Standard, Ottawa, Nov. 24.—The unanimous agreement of the coalition cabinet in Great Britain to extend the present parliamentary term so that it will continue after the close of the war for the same period as that which remained out of the normal five-year term when the war broke out, raises in this country the question of a similar extension. When the war began the Imperial parliament had sixteen months yet to run. In Canada the parliamentary term had two years and two months. The question as to what extent the conditions are parallel here and in Great Britain will undoubtedly be debated. Apparently in the old days with an overhanging sense of the serious crisis facing the country there has been no thought of discussing the matter to a nicety, but rather to arrive at any practical arrangement which would be readily agreed to by both parties.

In Canada the feeling throughout the country of men of both parties will be much the same. Serious realization of the situation and of Canada's duty within the next six months has produced a steadily increasing tenacity of feeling. With the prospect of possibly another year of the struggle and the desirability of avoiding anything that would cause disunion in the country, there will be expectation of an agreement somewhat similar to that in Great Britain. While there has been no coalition in Canada there will be an inclination to look to the government to handle the situation as efficiently as possible and after the war is over to give the government and the country a reasonable breathing spell before an election is called.

The precedent in Great Britain will certainly favor the allowing of a very liberal extension after the termination of the war. Considering the attitude of pillars of Liberalism like Asquith, Lloyd George and Sir Edward Grey it is difficult to see how the opposition here could with force advocate a different policy.

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SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR CANADIAN LOAN POURING IN

Expected Loan Will be Over-subscribed at Least Fifty Per Cent—West Yet to Hear From.

Ottawa, Nov. 24.—Every mail today brought new subscriptions to the Finance Department for the Canadian war loan and the west is yet to be heard from those already in being mainly from Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. There is no doubt of the success of the issue and the probability is that it will be over-subscribed fifty per cent.

INDUSTRIES OF POLAND CONDEMNED TO PERDITION

Dark Picture of Conditions for Which German Authorities are Responsible.

BERLIN'S BOASTED RELIEF SHORT-LIVED.

Chief Aim Seems to be to Exploit Occupied Territory as Much as Possible and Thousands Starving in Consequence.

London, Nov. 24.—A dark picture of conditions in Russian Poland, and incidentally an argument against the necessity of providing food by charity will be published in the Times tomorrow. "A leading member of the so-called Polish independence party" which remains in close touch with the supreme Polish national committee of Austrian Poland, is responsible for the statements.

"The Times explains that the latter committee created and is responsible for the Polish legions fighting with the Austro-Hungarians' army against Russia, and says that the author of the memorandum therefore cannot be supposed to entertain hostile bias, at least against Germany's Austrian ally.

"One of the main features of the German administration in Poland," says the memorandum, "is the attempt to exploit the occupied territory economically to the utmost. Every new regulation aims at getting as much as possible out of the country, although the German authorities try to disguise this tendency in different ways."

The memorandum says that Berlin's relief activity was short lived. In March, 1915, Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, it says, proclaimed his famous order of the destruction of Memel (East Prussia) by the Russians under which the Polish districts were to be answered by contributions and other burdens. The German press raised its voice against contributions for Russian Poland.

By an order of April 27, the memorandum continues, all grain and potatoes, after one and one half poods (about 55 pounds) had been left for each inhabitant until the harvest, was to be delivered to a Posen company mentioned in the order. The order explained that the purpose was to provide flour for districts where there was a shortage. The peasants in the district of Kujawy, where there was plenty of grain which they were keeping for an hour of need, were expected to give up grain for famine sufferers in Dombrova. That district received an absolutely insufficient supply, but on July 1 an order for securing the rest of the grain for the German army was enforced.

"This order," the memorandum says, "extended confiscation to the coming harvest, without any pretense of philanthropy or humanitarianism."

Asserting that from the first the Germans "condemned the industries of Russian Poland to perdition," the memorandum gives lengthy details of alleged destruction of property. It says that virtually all the coal mining machinery in the district of Dombrova was destroyed in the autumn of 1914, "for strategic reasons" and that the population, dependent upon the mines, were made desperate thereby.

Payment for requisitioned property, the memorandum asserts, was made a matter of grace on a very inadequate basis, and to be settled after the war. The worst blow is described as having been the inducing of skilled labor to go to Germany under pressure, 40,000 persons doing so.

As a result of the foregoing measures, the memorandum says, hundreds of thousands of working class families are faced with starvation. Manufacturers are keeping many persons virtually on charity. Two hundred and fifty thousand persons in Lodz are living on \$30,000 to \$45,000 a week.

The article says the Germans have established a monopoly on coal, for which they charge exorbitant prices, inflated the currency, compelled local authorities to pay for repairs to roads and railways, which are used only for military purposes; confiscated the government estates; denuded forests; placed incredibly high customs tariffs on the necessities of life, compelled all persons to carry expensive passports, from which alone they have gained \$5,000,000 and vested high fines on towns and persons for violations of laws.

"The population," the memorandum concludes, "fired out by the war, and ruined by so many disasters, accepts them in an apathetic mood. There is the reflection, however, that one does not ruin economically a country in which one expects to stay."

Foed Riots London, Nov. 24.—A despatch from

SHORT OF FUNDS DREW ON GERMAN NAVAL ATTACHE

Witness in Trial of Hamburg Line Officials on Conspiracy Charge Throws More Light on Capt. Boy-Ed's Connection with the Case.

New York, Nov. 24.—Twice again today the name of Captain K. Boy-Ed, German naval attache, was brought into the testimony of witnesses at the trial of Karl Buehn, Adolph Hochmeister, Joseph Poppinghaus and George Kotter, officials of the Hamburg-American line, accused of conspiracy to deceive and defraud the government of the United States by despatching relief ships, with supplies, to German cruisers in the Atlantic and Pacific at the beginning of the war.

This was made known today by Secretary of State Lansing when his attention was drawn to testimony given in the federal court at New York that Captain Boy-Ed, the German naval attache, furnished funds whereby a conspiracy was alleged to have been conducted by agents of the Hamburg-American line to supply German warships at sea.

The secretary made it clear that while he had full knowledge of the evidence on which the cases were being prosecuted in New York, the State Department had not given its approval or disapproval to the opening statement by Assistant District Attorney Wood, referring to Captain Boy-Ed.

The position of Secretary of State Lansing is that diplomatic representatives not only are immune from criminal prosecution, but that nothing that may be done by the Department of Justice in the development of other cases binds the State Department to ask for the withdrawal of any diplomatic officer.

In the case of Captain Boy-Ed Secretary of State Lansing's view is that so far as he is able to judge from the information in his possession, the German naval attache did not violate any law in supplying funds to obtain coal and provisions for battleships at sea; since this in itself is not a criminal offense. The secretary declined, however, to indicate what might be the attitude of the department if it should be proved that Captain Boy-Ed had knowledge of or directed the alleged falsification of manifests and clearance papers by agents of the Hamburg-American line.

Legal proof, however, it was pointed out at the State Department, is not necessary, in any event in deciding whether the personal acceptability of a foreign diplomatic officer is terminated. At the time alleged offenses occurred no penalty had been provided in municipal law against the provisioning of belligerent warships and only in the closing hours of the last session of Congress was such a measure enacted.

The steamer Thor was granted clearance by Mr. Hamilton after Bruce McIntyre, an employee of the Berwind-White Coal Company at Newport News had sworn to her manifest. This simply detailed coal as her cargo, and gave her destination. McIntyre said he was informed that her cargo was coal by Hasler Brothers, shipping agents. Later it developed that she had aboard \$3,700 worth of provisions and stores, paid for by the Hamburg-American line. This Mr. Rand admitted.

McIntyre said he had been deceived, and that the falsity of his oath was unwitting. There was nothing to show that Hasler Brothers either knew that she had stores aboard.

How Secretary Lansing Views the Matter. Washington, Nov. 4.—All questions

Amsterdam on the Exchange Telegraph Company says: "Food riots are frequent in Poland. The shortage of supplies is so great in the towns around Warsaw that even the wealthy are unable to obtain sufficient food. As a consequence, outbreaks are of almost daily occurrence, and involve fighting between the Poles and the German troops."

"The situation has been made worse by the refusal of Gen. Von Bessler, governor-general of Poland, to allow the Polish relief committee to work except under German control, to which the committee declines to assent. The mortality among the children has doubled since the cold weather began."

LAUDER TICKETS Get Them Now at Landry's Music Store EVENING SEATS ABOUT ALL SOLD, BUT PLENTY OF DESIRABLE LOCATIONS FOR THE MATINEE Don't Delay!

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. In Use For Over 30 Years Always bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson

STEAM BOILERS The following new "Matheson" built boilers, are on hand at our Works, and are offered for immediate shipment: 2—"Inclined" type on skids, 50 h. p. 1—"Locomotive" type on skids, 20 h. p. Also "Used." 1—"Return Tubular" type, 40 h. p. Complete details and prices will be mailed upon request.

L. MATHESON & CO. Limited Boiler Makers New Glasgow, Nova Scotia

PEOPLE OF U. S. ADMIRE CANADA'S PLUCK, SAYS EX-PRESIDENT TAFT

Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 24.—W. H. Taft, ex-President of the United States, lectured this evening on "The Signs of the Times," in the First Methodist

church. He made only a brief reference to the war, but stated that the people of the United States had "a profound admiration for the courage and sacrifice of our neighbor to the north." He announced that he would use all his power to promote and establish an international court of arbitration, to settle all differences between nations, with practically an international police force to back up its decisions. He was tendered an official welcome on behalf of the city by Mayor Walters.

OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT AND FRIDAY NIGHT "MEN AND WOMEN" In Compliance With a Very Decided and Unquestionably Popular Demand We Are Showing a CHAPLIN COMEDY "A JITNEY ELOPEMENT" Previously Shown in the City

UNIQUE "DRIVEN BY FATE" 3-Reel Imp Drama VIOLET MERSEREAU and WILLIAM GARWOOD Featured in a Story of the Stage.

Fifteenth Maritime Winter Fair To be Held in Winter Fair Building AMHERST, NOVA SCOTIA, December 6th, 7th, 8th & 9th Plan to Visit Amherst Fair Week December 6-9

A \$1000 Prize Story That Stung New York to the Very Quick! IMPERIAL THEATRE PRESENTS Elaine Stern's Winning Scenario in the Vitagraph Co.-N. Y. Sun Contest. "THE SINS OF THE MOTHERS" FIVE REELS STAR CAST

LAUDER TICKETS Get Them Now at Landry's Music Store EVENING SEATS ABOUT ALL SOLD, BUT PLENTY OF DESIRABLE LOCATIONS FOR THE MATINEE Don't Delay!

LYRIC "THE FRUIT OF FOLLY" THURS.-FRI. SAT. 11th in a series of 12 separate dramas in the recurrent theme: "WHO PAYS?" THE THEME—Wherein is told of Folly, the mother of sin, and how she coquettes with man—the marionette. FEATURE VAUDEVILLE! COMEDY SINGING 3 MEN 3 - TUXEDO TRIO

COMING "ADVENTURES OF RUFUS WALLINGFORD" READ THE STORY IN THE STANDARD EVERY THURSDAY

FRANC HON. MR. CROTHERS SEES THAT WORKMEN RECEIVE FAIR PLAY

Contractors on gov't work who tried to avoid fair wage clause are promptly taken to task.

Special to The Standard, Ottawa, Nov. 23.—The Labor Department is having considerable trouble with some contractors upon government work who are taking advantage of the stress of war and not living up to their agreements regarding wages and have cut down their employees. A notable instance of this is at the new Welland canal construction works.

Government contracts are tendered upon fair wage schedules approved by the Labor Department and the department has found that some contractors or subcontractors have paid their men less than these schedules demanded. On becoming acquainted with this Hon. T. W. Crothers took vigorous action notifying contractors that unless the men were paid in full the trouble would end in the cancellation of the contracts.

This has had the desired effect and many thousands of dollars of back pay have been handed over to workmen. The chief industrial trouble at present which comes under the care of the department is the dispute between the C. N. R. and its engineers. A board of conciliation in regard to this matter recently gave an unanimous decision but the C. N. R. has since refused to accept the verdict although its own representative, F. H. McGuigan, argued with it. This attitude on the part of the company is regarded as extraordinary and succeeding events are being watched closely. The employees are at present taking a vote upon the question of a strike.

MEN IN CANADA'S ARMY ARE BEST PAID OF ALL THE BELLIGERENTS

Special to The Standard, Ottawa, Nov. 23.—In reply to suggestions that the pay of Canadian soldiers should be increased the following comparative rates of pay per day in different armies is announced: Canada, \$1.10; Great Britain, 25 cents; Italy, 20 cents; France, 1 1/2 cents; Japan, 2 1/2 cents; Russia, 1 cent; Germany, 10 cents; Austria, 2 1/2 cents; Turkey, 3 1/2 cents.

BEST FOR LIVER, BOWELS, STOMACH, HEADACHE, COLDS They live the liver and bowels and straighten you right up. Don't be bilious, constipated, sick, with breath bad and stomach sour.

WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP Tonight sure! Take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up with your head clear, stomach sweet, breath right and feeling fine. Get rid of sick headache, biliousness, constipation, furred tongue, sour stomach, bad colds. Clear your skin, brighten your eyes, quicken your step and feel like doing a full day's work. Cascarets are better than salts, pills or calomel because they don't shock the liver or gripe the bowels or cause inconvenience all the next day. Mothers should give Cascarets, sick, bilious, feverish children a whole Cascarets anytime as they can not injure the thirty feet of tender bowels.

FUNERALS. The funeral of J. W. Swaine took place at 2.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon from his son's residence, 228 Charlotte street. Rev. R. S. Crisp officiated at the house and at the grave. Interment took place in the Methodist burying ground.

WILL INVEST \$150,000 IN WAR LOAN. Edmonton, Alb., Nov. 24.—The city banking fund will put \$150,000 in the war loan.