

BRISTOL'S
arsaparilla

ures Rheumatism, Gout,
atica, Neuralgia, Scrofula,
bores, and all Eruptions.

BRISTOL'S
arsaparilla

ures Liver, Stomach and
ney Troubles, and Cleanses
Blood of all Impurities.

BRISTOL'S
arsaparilla

es Old Chronic Cases where
all other remedies fail.
ure and ask your Druggist for

BRISTOL'S
arsaparillaBRISTOL'S
arsaparilla

ns Conflict Between Miners—
Fair Rosamund in Orig-
inal Costumes.

uge of Rain Extinguishes
the Flames in the Oil
Districts.

el City, Pa., June 5.—Rain came
in torrents last evening. The fires
in the woods are out and no further
in this vicinity is anticipated.
Damage to lumber and oil proper-
ties was extensive. Over 3,000 acres of
timber and \$100,000 worth of prop-
erty were destroyed. The prin-
cipal fires were at Conon Run,
Pennsylvania Oil Co., Elk Oil Co.,
Gerald Bros. The Griffith estate
number of rigs. It is impossible
anything like an estimate at this
time. The people will return to their homes
tomorrow, that is, those who have
left.

on, Mich., June 5.—A fire totally
destroyed Collins' car works here. The
firm employed 300 men. The fire
started in the Fuller buggy works, which
were damaged. Collins' loss is about
\$75,000. Covered by insurance. Total loss
\$75,000.

ling, W. Va., June 5.—Shortly
after 3:30 miners who returned to
work at 1:30, were met by a heavy
ferry, Ohio, last Monday, had
the bank yesterday, two hundred
Slavs and Poles from Dillonville,
on and other mining towns on
the lake and Lake Erie appeared,
gathered previously, and marched
to the bank. Half of these
One gang went into the mine
at those at work, driving them
while about 130 men formed a
line above the entrances as the
ferry ran out and struck them with
crowbars and then threw the
over the bank. Half of these
were injured, seven seriously. Three
were missing. Seven of the assailants
were captured by deputy sheriffs
and put in jail at Bridgeport. Others
fled. A freight train and made the
try them to Portland.

ny, June 4.—The pastoral play of
Samson was given for the first
time this country at the farm
house. Erastus Cowan by society
of this city. The production was
original costumes used by Lady
Simmons in England.

York, June 4.—One of the hap-
pens in this city to-day was "Dan"
the representative of the Dal-
las, syndicate. Last night he was
president and treasurer of the
athletic club, which owns, ac-
cording to the agreement signed by
him and Corbett last year, the right
of a pugilistic exhibition in
these two men will be the prin-
cipal event.

Major," one of Victoria's most
famous athletes of Isaac Walton,
arriving his earthly career at
the age of 84.

his fly with deadly effect, when
the boat gave a lurch and he
immediately disappeared. His
body, knowing the "Major's" abili-
ties, calmly awaited the rescue
of the submerged hero and
was brought up by the "Major's"
army. They immediately
ashore, where the "Major" in a
sun bath, while the moisture
from his clothing, which
the surrounding bushes.—Com.

Royal Arthur band will give a
concert at the Market Hall
to-day evening.

GLADSTONE IS ILL.

The Old Campaigner is Still Con-
fined to His Bed—Nothing
Doing Serious.

The Sultan Must Accept the Terms
of the Powers or Lose
Armenia.

Crisis in Asia Minor—Europeans
Fleeing—An Outbreak
Inevitable.

London, June 4.—The Chronicle to-day
contains an article giving the details of
how bands of brigands are ravaging
Macedonia. The writer declares the
lives and property of Christians in Ma-
cedonia are entirely unprotected. Abduc-
tion and murder are every day occur-
ing in the whole country. The Chronicle's Moscow
correspondent telegraphs from there that
the Czar has now consented to receive
Archbishop Migridich, the Armenian
Catholic. The archbishop seeks an op-
portunity to appeal to the Czar for the
protection of the Armenians in Turkey.
The Houghton Dramatic Co., which
played to a poor business last week, is
stranded here. The manager, Edward
Houghton, left the city yesterday with
all available assets, but as he also left
a hotel bill of \$65 he was arrested at
Sunderland bridge and brought back. As
no salaries have been paid for some time,
the members are unable to leave the
city.

Advices from Madrid state that the
Captain-general, Primitivo Rivera, is still
living, although dangerously wounded.
Lieutenant Clavijo was cut down im-
mediately after the shooting by an aide-
de-camp of the captain-general.

The chamber to-day, by a majority of
78 votes, adopted a motion censuring the
government. The ministerial party re-
fused to take part in the division. The
cabinet declines to resign because the
ministers claim they accepted office up-
on Senator Sagasta's promises that the
opposition would support them in passing
the budget. The situation is critical.

Havana dispatches say: Major Armi-
niano went in pursuit of a body of in-
surgents to-day and again fought with
them, killing three. The pursuit was then
continued.

The insurgents have succeeded in
burning Fort Boniato, which was in
course of construction at Moron, a short
distance north of Santiago de Cuba.
Lieutenant-Colonel Tejada has taken
prisoner a lieutenant of the insurgents,
who declares that the latter are dis-
pirited since the death of Jose Marti.
He confirms the report that Maximo
Gomez is wounded, as are Bellico and
Lora also.

A Hong Kong dispatch says news has
been received there that the Japanese
have captured Kee Lung in the northern
part of the island of Formosa. Three
hundred Chinese were killed.

A dispatch received at Yokohama
from the island of Formosa says that
the Japanese imperial guard landed near
Kee Lung on Wednesday and in the
fighting that ensued the Chinese lost
heavily.

A dispatch from Rome says Cardinal
Gibbons had a private audience lasting
forty minutes with the Pope to-day. Af-
terwards to a reporter Cardinal Gibbons
said that he was astonished at the men-
tal vivacity of the Pope, who in spite of
his age has the strength of his intellect
unimpaired. "He showed," added the
Cardinal, "surprising freshness, recalling
even the small details of religious, social
and scholastic matters concerning even
my little diocese of Baltimore." Car-
dinal Gibbons was asked what questions
had been discussed during his audience
with the Pope, when he said: "In this
matter I must preserve the utmost re-
serve." He added that the Pope had in-
vited him to a further conference before
he left Rome, in order that he might
discuss the present and future religious
and social conditions of the United
States. Cardinal Gibbons introduced to
the Pope Rev. Father Thomas, rector
of the cathedral at Baltimore, and Rev.
Father Slattery, superior of the society
of St. Joseph.

A dispatch from Neusatz, Hungary,
says the ferry across the Danube cap-
sized to-day and twelve workmen were
drowned.

A Lima dispatch says a tidal wave has
occurred on the northern Pacific coast
of Peru and the cable between Callao
and Arica is broken. Much damage
has occurred at Mollendo, which is a
cable station, and which is the terminus
of a railway to Arequipa and Puno and
has an elegant railway station. Other
ports are also reported as having sus-
tained much damage from the tidal
wave.

London, June 4.—Sugar cane quiet,
centrifugal Java, 12s. 11½d.; Muscovy
fair refining 10s. 3d. Beet rather firmer,
June 10s., July 10s. 3d. Bar silver has
declined to 30½d. per ounce.

A Calais dispatch says Madame Lam-
bert, the sister of the premier, M. Ribot,
was accidentally killed there to-day. She
was standing at a railway crossing just
as the train was approaching. She be-
came frightened, fell upon the track, and
before any assistance could be rendered
the train rushed by and severed both
legs from her body. The unfortunate
lady died instantly.

A Tanger dispatch says four carloads
of salted heads of the rebel Ralmis
tribesmen have arrived at Rabat on their
way to Fez. But on their arrival at
Rabat the heads were found to be in
such a bad condition that the govern-
ment officials compelled a number of
Jews to resal them.

Advices from Colon announce a new
uprising against the government of Col-
ombia has been discovered at Barran-
quilla, in the department of Bolivar, the

capital of the province of its own name.
Martial law has been declared in the de-
partment of Bolivar.

Dispatches received at Madrid from
Havana say Major Arminian in pursuing
the insurgents encountered a band of the
latter at Enteral, Porto Principe, and
opened fire upon them. The enemy re-
treated and left 15 saddle horses in the
hands of the troops. Major Terrell,
while on his way to Porto Principe at
the head of the detachment of troops,
encountered a band of insurgents pro-
ceeding in the same direction. A skir-
mish followed and the insurgents ran
away, leaving their dead, quantity of
arms and five horses. The insurgent
band commanded by Maceo has burned
the village of Seville, near the mines of
Jaraguá, Santiago de Cuba.

Madrid, June 5.—General Primitivo
de Rivera, captain-general of Madrid, who
was shot yesterday by Captain Clavijo,
is better. He has been spitting blood
since he received his wound, but this is
decreasing and he sleeps at intervals.
The trial of Clavijo by court martial
began to-day. In his defense Clavijo
stated that he was driven to commit the
deed by the persecution to which he
had been subjected by General Primitivo
de Rivera. He declared that the general
acted under the influence of a demoni-
acal force which he had a grudge against him.
The general, he further asserted, had
caused his pay to be withheld, with the
result that he became so distressed
financially that he was obliged repeat-
edly to appeal to the generosity of his
friends. Upon the conclusion of Clavi-
jo's statement, the judge advocate ad-
dressed the court, demanding that the
sentence of death be imposed upon the
captain. Clavijo's counsel then, on the
ground that the captain was not on mil-
itary duty when he attacked the cap-
tain-general, and also that he had been
twice submitted to medical supervision
on the suspicion that his mind was de-
ranged, eloquently appealed for mercy
for the prisoner. He reminded the court
of his military career, during which he
gained promotion on the field of battle,
and in conclusion said that the imposi-
tion of a death sentence would be a
severe blow to the aged father and
mother of Clavijo. Notwithstanding the
appeal of counsel, the court, after de-
liberating, pronounced the prisoner
guilty and sentenced him to death. He
will be shot at 5 o'clock to-morrow morn-
ing.

London, June 5.—The Daily News this
morning in a leading article headed
"Why cannot the president of a republic
go abroad," discusses the desirability of
the presidents of France and the United
States visiting England as a means of
increasing the friendly relations between
these countries. Continuing the Daily
News says: "We should be delighted to
receive a visit from the president of the
United States. There is surely no reason
why the pleasure of travel and the de-
light and even the possible duty of vis-
iting foreign capitals should be left to
the monarchs alone."

Ex-Premier W. E. Gladstone is still
confined to his bed, and though his con-
dition is not serious, it is not improved.
Nazrulla Khan, son of the ameer of
Afghanistan, and his wife, attended re-
ligious services in the Mohammedan
Mosque at Working yesterday in honor
of the Moslem Feast of Bairam.

The correspondent of the Standard at
Constantinople telegraphs as follows: "I
learn from a trustworthy source that
the reply of the Porte to the British,
French and Russian notes in reference to
Armenia, rejects the proposal to appoint
a high commissioner in Armenia and a
mixed commission and proposed merely
to apply the reforms provided for in the
old Aristarch code, which has been non-
inally in force for the last half century."

The reply also grants amnesty to all Ar-
menians who have been implicated in the
recent riots in Armenia. It is believed
the powers will fix a date for the sim-
ple acceptance of their scheme, falling
under the heading of "the reforms," in
which they will proceed to enforce the
reforms. In an editorial commenting upon
the foregoing dispatch from Constantinople
the Standard suggests that the rejection
of the scheme proposed by the powers is
a device for the purpose of gaining time.
The Sultan, it says, must make his
choice. He must accept the reforms
proposed or see Armenia severed from
his empire.

Mrs. Grimwood, the heroine of the
siege of Manizpur in 1891, during which
her husband lost his life, was married at
Carshalton to Mr. Miller, a paper manu-
facturer.

The Times this morning announces the
death in Paris on Monday last of the
Right Hon. Sir Charles Augustus Mur-
ray, K.C.B., P.C. His first wife was an
American, Miss Elizabeth Fildesworth,
daughter of the late James Fildesworth.

This morning's Daily Graphic prints
an appeal from the Christians of Bey-
rout to Europe against Turkish oppres-
sion, massacre, robbery and violation in
that section of their part of the dominion.
The appeal asserts that even Christian
bishops are bribed by the Porte to hide
the true state of affairs.

Dispatches published at Shanghai by
the local press to-day and received from
the island of Formosa report great ex-
citement at Taipei. The president
of the republic has escaped the Daily
yamen and the official buildings have
been burned by the rioters. Natives and
Chinese soldiers are said to be looting
in all directions. Rioting is also re-
ported to have taken place at Hobe.
Foreigners on the island of Formosa
so far have not been molested.

Constantinople, June 5.—In a dis-
pute to-day at Constantinople between a
Turkish officer and officers of a
French steamer regarding baggage, the
former drew his sword and wounded
one of the French officers. The Tur-
kish official was arrested. The French
embassy promptly demanded satisfaction
from the Turkish government, and the
latter agreed that the Turk should be
tried by French law.

A dispatch from Madrid says Captain
Clavijo, who shot and seriously wound-
ed Captain-General Rivera, after the
latter had refused him the hand of his
daughter on Monday last, was shot at
8 o'clock this morning. The captain,

who was tried by court martial and sen-
tenced to death yesterday, displayed
marvellous fortitude and composure un-
til the last.

A Hong Kong dispatch says the re-
public of Formosa has collapsed, its
president Tang has escaped from the
island and the foreigners resident there
are in safety. The Chinese forces in the
northern part of the island became
disorganized at the approach of the
Japanese troops and the soldiers of the
president of the republic joined in riot-
ing and looting and in burning the gov-
ernment buildings at Taipei Fu and
Hobe.

Advices received at Constantinople
from Djeddah, the Arabian seaport
town of Mecca, where the consular offi-
cers of Great Britain, Russia and
France were recently murdered, as-
saulted, announce that his panic from
there, and it is feared the Bedouins
will attack the town. The latter are
held responsible for the attack upon the
consuls and a number of them were
killed by the Turkish forces. This has
caused an angry feeling among the
Bedouins, who demand their release
and also threaten to use force if the
demands are not complied with. The sit-
uation is so serious that the Europeans
of Djeddah are hastily seeking refuge
on board the merchant vessels in the
harbor, taking with them all they pos-
sibly can of their belongings. The ar-
rival at Djeddah of the British Mediter-
ranean squadron, numbering 17 war-
ships of various classes, is anxiously
expected even by the Turkish authori-
ties, as the garrison is very weak. In ad-
dition to the excitement caused among
the Bedouins by the arrest of those sup-
posed to have been connected with the
assault upon the foreign consuls, very
disquieting rumors are current in the
city, to the effect that the Turkish govern-
ment have been compelled to take at Mecca,
at the instance of the powers, in order
to prevent the introduction of cholera
into the northern ports by the return of
infected pilgrims.

A special dispatch from Madrid says
the soldiers who executed Captain Clavi-
jo had to fire three bullets in his head
and still moved after the soldiers had
fired another shot into his head from
the chest. Then the captain
moved and did not die until a soldier
fired a bullet through his heart.

The envoys of Great Britain, Russia
and France in Constantinople are wait-
ing instructions from their governments
in regard to the situation of affairs at
Djeddah, as well as regarding the re-
fusal of the Turkish government to
agree to the reforms in Armenia which
have been proposed by the powers. In
this connection the situation of affairs is
unchanged. The Porte's reply is, how-
ever, regarded as a momentary success
for the military party. On the other
hand the policy of Turkey in this matter
is criticized by Ottoman statesmen,
who regard the Porte's action as disas-
trous to Turkey.

Paris advices received here from An-
tananarivo, island of Madagascar, dated
May 15th, says the French advance in-
to the interior from Mojangua has been
repulsed. The mortality among the
French troops on account of the various
fevers peculiar to the island is increas-
ing.

A dispatch from Vienna says the esti-
mates of the war department, just pre-
sented, increase the amount to be spent
upon repeating rifles from 9,000,000
to 20,000,000 florins. The new or-
der for such arms will be distributed
over a number of years.

The full text of the demands of the
powers will be published here to-day.
It makes over three thousand words and
the main points in it have already been
cabled. The powers in this connection
make 12 distinct suggestions or de-
mands in regard to Armenian reforms
as follows: 1. The eventual reduction
of the number of Vilayets. 2. Guarantees
for the selection of Valis or govern-
ors. 3. Amnesty for Armenian political
prisoners. 4. Return of the Armeni-
an exiles to their homes. 5. Final
settlement for common law crimes. 6.
The inspection of prisoners. 7. The ap-
pointment of a high commissioner to
superintend the reforms. 8. The creation
of a permanent committee of control at
Constantinople. 9. Indemnity to the
Hassoun and other victims of the recent
massacres. 10. Regulation of religious
conversions. 11. Maintenance of the Ar-
menians' rights and privileges. 12. Po-
sitions of the Armenians in other Vil-
ayets of Asiatic Turkey to be regulated
on the same basis.

The crisis in the East is already re-
garded on all sides as being grave and
this feeling is intensified by the news
from Constantinople to-day telling of
the panic at Djeddah and the threat-
ened attack of the Bedouins, and the
flight of Europeans who are seeking
safety on board the vessels in the har-
bor. It is freely predicted here that
an outbreak is inevitable. There is no
question of the powers abating their
demands in any form, although there is
a growing belief that the Russians are
backing Turkey in the latter's refusal
to agree to the reforms demanded by the
powers for Armenia.

METHODIST CONFERENCE
Discuss the Remedial Order at Smith's
Falls.

Smith's Falls, June 4.—At yesterday's
sitting of the Montreal Methodist con-
ference a resolution was introduced by
Williamson, of Ottawa, declaring the
willamson of the conference of any in-
terference or remedial legislation with
the Manitoba school law as embodied in
the act of 1890, and in subsequent legis-
lation, and expressing the feeling that
the precedent of non-interference by the
federal government in provincial legis-
lation established in the case of the
Jesuit estates act should be carried out
in this instance. The resolution will be
debated to-day. Principal Shaw will
move a resolution to the effect that the
resolution that the consideration of the
resolution be indefinitely postponed so as
not to interfere with the possible settle-
ment of the question. A lively debate
is anticipated.

SENATE SCRAMBLE.

Miller, Tory, Attacks Premier
Bowell for Not Filling
the Vacancies.

Savings Bank Deposits Decrease—
Buddle for Connor—
Curious Items.

What it Cost to Keep Foster's Seat
—A Kick From the Audi-
tor-General.

Ottawa, June 4.—At the meeting of
the public accounts to-day it was ar-
ranged that Hamel, late assistant en-
gineer of public works, might appear, if
he saw fit, at the next meeting of the
committee to say why he failed for two
years to account for certain moneys due
the government. Miall, commissioner of
inland revenue, was examined in regard
to \$93,342 arrears due the department.
He said efforts had been made to collect
the same. In 1875 culders due amount-
ed to \$40,000. The department of jus-
tice gave the accounts to legal firms to
have them collected. Miall was of the
opinion that some of these firms had col-
lected the moneys and failed to account
for the same. He gave the names of two
firms, but said that he would give an
accurate statement next meeting. Rev.
Dr. Benson will be summoned before
the next meeting of the committee to
be examined in regard to his immigra-
tion account.

Representatives of Ontario, Quebec
and the Dominion are to-day sitting at
the finance department here arranging
the details of accounts settled by the re-
cent arbitration into the disputed ac-
counts between the Dominion and both
provinces.

Sir Charles Tupper proposes to ask
parliament to amend the criminal code
by enacting that the trial of any person
for an indictable offence, except murder,
may be adjourned, the accused consent-
ing, upon such terms as the court sees
fit; also to provide for the taking of
depositions by commissioners in criminal
cases the same as in civil cases.

Heretofore the idea has been enter-
tained that tea entered for consumption
in Great Britain passed without inspec-
tion into this country. The customs de-
partment has now informed the trade
that it reserves the right to inspect all
teas, and to reject such as may be found
impure.

The mounted police have just com-
pleted the census of the Territories. The
population in three years increased from
98,799 to 138,551. The Indian popu-
lation, however, decreased 8 per cent. The
Territories are not entitled to additional
representation in the house of commons
this year as was anticipated.

Mr. Provand, M.P. of Glasgow, left
for home yesterday. He said if the time
for building the Chignecto ship railway
is extended it will be on condition that
the company must agree to carry an-
nually a minimum amount of shipping,
say of a million tons.

The house was engaged all yesterday
on private members' business. Mr.
Mara secured an order of the house for
the correspondence regarding the placing
of a customs officer at Rossland.

Hon. Mr. Foster announced that the
French treaty would be ratified as soon
as the bill before the house was passed.

Among the papers brought down to
parliament was the report of Attorney-
General Sifton, for Manitoba, to the
privy council, dated Oct. 20, 1894. The
report as adopted by the provincial coun-
cil says: "It has been made clear that
there is no grievance, except it be a grie-
vance that the legislature refuses to au-
thorize particular creeds out of the pub-
lic funds and the legislature can hardly
be held responsible for the fact that their
refusal to violate what seems to be a
sound and just principle of government,
creates, in the words of the report, dis-
satisfaction amongst Roman Catholics,
not only in Manitoba and the Northwest
Territories, but likewise throughout Can-
ada. There is a letter to Sir Mackenzie
Bowell from the Bishop of Rupert's
Land, dated Feb. 22nd, 1895, protesting
on behalf of the Church of England syn-
od of that diocese against any at-
tempt to secularize the schools. The
church, he says, considers the inculca-
tion of sound principles of life of more
importance than material knowledge. At
the same time, he deprecates the grant-
ing of any privileges to the Roman
Catholic body not shared by other re-
ligious bodies."

Return of the names of the 804 man-
ufacturers said by the industrial census
to have been found in the city of Lon-
don was brought down in the commons
yesterday afternoon. The curious na-
ture of the report makes it clear why
the government were reluctant to bring
it down before. To show the character
of the report it is only necessary to say
there are no fewer than 350 "manufac-
turing establishments" employing no
hands at all outside of the alleged prop-
rietors. In other words there are 350
manufacturing establishments employ-
ing a total of 350 men, women and child-
ren. Every girl employed in making
pants for a tailor is set down as a "man-
ufacturer" employing one hand, who is
also the proprietor of an "industrial es-
tablishment." The full list will be pub-
lished in a day or two so that the pub-
lic can judge of the character of indus-
trial establishments.

In the commons Haggart told Lister
that the Soo canal would not be opened
for traffic until its approaches were
cleared of all obstructions.
At the public accounts committee to-
day it was shown that J. B. Mills, M.P., An-
napolis, owed the government of Mil-
anapolis, the amount of \$994 for rent for
ordinance lands at Annapolis. The rent of the property was
\$24 10s. per annum. The only
sums paid since 1886 were \$9,687 and
\$8,896. Since 1888 nothing at all was

paid. Mills' name was sent to the jus-
tice department for money to be collect-
ed.

F. W. Winyard, a young Englishman,
was arrested here by the Dominion po-
lice to-day for raising and passing a one
dollar Dominion bill as one hundred dol-
lars at Brampton. He is reported to have
tried the same thing here.

The four investments upon which de-
fault in the payment of interest has been
made are the following:

Albert railway loan	\$14,725 56
Fredericton railway bridge	300,000 00
Quebec harbor bonds	3,745,519 02
Three Rivers harbor debentures	\$1,199 97
Total	\$4,145,000 15
Add overdue interest	803,000 00
	\$4,948,000 15

In the house to-day the government
proposed to take Thursdays. Laurier
said he would not consent unless the gov-
ernment would tell what it was going to
do regarding the Hudson's Bay railway,
and the house divided on the question,
which was carried by 87 to 55. Major-
ity, 32.

Ottawa, June 5.—H. A. Ward, ex-M.
P. for East Durham, is in the city to-
day with a score of representatives from
his district forcing his claims upon the
government for an appointment to one
of the vacancies in the senate.

At a meeting of the railway commit-
tee to-day the time for building the
Great North-western Central railway
was extended for seven years, but a pro-
viso was inserted compelling the com-
pany to build 50 miles by the first of
January, 1897, and 50 miles every sub-
sequent year.

F. J. Winyard, alias Smith, the post-
office money order forger, pleaded guilty
on two counts charged by the depart-
ment here, and Police Magistrate
O'Gara sent him to Kingston peniten-
tiary for five years.

The official opening of the "Soo" can-
al has been abandoned, members of
parliament on both sides declining to
take part in it at present owing to par-
liament sitting. The canal will be open-
ed next week for traffic without any
formality.

A return recently laid on the table of
the house included a copy of an agree-
ment between John Connor, of St. John,
N. B., and the warden of the Kingston
penitentiary, regarding the binder twine
mill now operated at the Kingston peni-
tentiary. For establishing the binder
twine works and for furnishing an in-
structor for twenty days, Connors was
to be paid \$40,000, the government to
pay duty on all the machinery connected
therewith when imported into Canada.

Some of the accounts which pass un-
der the notice of the auditor-general at
Ottawa are very funny. Here is one
sent in on account of a public employee:
"One pair of boots, \$7.50; 1 pair of
trousers, \$3.20; 1 pair of trousers, \$4.10
portmanteau, \$24." The auditor-general
has not unusually remarks that these
charges appear to be of a personal na-
ture, and should not be allowed as a
charge against public moneys. Please
explain." The explanation is not pub-
lished.

The deposits both in the Dominion
government and postoffice savings banks
declined during the month of April, the
former to the amount of \$42,711 and
the latter by \$148,345, or \$189,056 al-
together.

Archbishop Langevin, who is here, de-
clines to say anything regarding the
school question.

In the senate on Monday night Sen-
ator Miller (Conservative, Nova Scotia),
attacked the government for not filling
the ten vacancies now in the senate.
Sir Mackenzie Bowell promised to see
that the appointments were made.

The census of the population in the
Northwest Territories taken by the
Mounted Police was received at the de-
partment of the interior. The following
is the population of whites and half-
breeds in the Territories compared with
the census of 1891: Alberta, 1891,
13,322; 1894, 28,788. East Assiniboia,
1891, 17,511; 1894, 23,696. West As-
siniboia, 1891, 8,837; 1894, 11,060. Sas-
katchewan, 1891, 7,460; 1894, 9,931. To-
tals, 1891, 52,230; 1894, 73,508. Indian
population, 1891, 14,567; 1894, 13,345.
Total population of whites, half-breeds
and Indians for the Territories in 1891,
66,799; total, 1894, 86,851; increase,
20,052, or 30 per cent.

The public accounts committee yester-
day made inquiry into several depart-
mental arrears. It appears the
friends of Foster are indebted to the in-
land revenue department \$100,000; to
department of railways and canals,
\$268,000; public works department,
\$73,000. The "Soo" canal construction
will be entered into at next meeting.

In the house a petition was presented
from the auditor-general complaining
against the government for interference
in his free exercise of his duty in the in-
terests of the people of the country.

Dickie stated in the house that Gen-
eral Herbert would not resume his du-
ties commanding the militia. The gov-
ernment does not intend making any
change in the law so as to appoint a
Canadian to the position.

THE COLIMA DISASTER.
Five More Survivors Have Been Picked
Up.