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WATER PURIF SALE

Special Sale

Water Purifier

Advertisement for water purifiers, mentioning various models and prices.

IRISH GEORGE FORESHADOWS FURTHER ACTION IN IRELAND

Labor Convention Favors Eliminating Duties on Necessities of Life

REV. BEN SPENCE REAFFIRMS GOVERNMENT HAS SHIFTED GROUND ON TEMPERANCE ISSUE

Declares Members of Cabinet Were Ready to Stop Sale of Native Wines Through Medium of a Private Member's Resolution—Referendum Committee's Defense of Attorney-General Gets Attention.

Rev. Ben H. Spence, secretary of the Ontario branch of the Dominion Alliance, spent a considerable part of the day today in his attack on the government's attitude towards the referendum. He declared that the O.T.A. should not be amended to stop the sale of native wines for beverage purposes. Most of his statements followed. It is also signed by Charles E. Steele, president of the Ontario branch of the alliance.

Mr. Spence traces the history of the O.T.A. amended, and persists in the view that the government has shifted its ground on the temperance issue, notwithstanding declarations from the premier and the attorney-general that such is not the case. He repeats that in view of the doubt that recent federal legislation regarding importation of liquor for beverage purposes applies to Ontario, the Ontario lawmakers should settle the question of native wine selling itself by repealing clause 44 of the O.T.A.

According to the statement, members of the cabinet had proposed to carry out the alliance program through the medium of a private member's resolution.

Alliance Statement.

Following is the statement in part: The undersigned join in this plain statement of facts in the earnest hope that it will lead to a better understanding between those who are one in a common purpose.

On Dec. 17, 1919, the executive committee of the Ontario branch of the Dominion Alliance considered the use of this province of the recent Dominion legislation regarding the prohibition of the importation of liquor for beverage purposes, commonly known as "bill 26". It was decided that in that in the meantime a special committee be appointed to inquire into the workers and secure legal opinion. The committee engaged Mr. John S. Ewart, K. C., and submitted to him stated questions which, with his opinion thereon, have been published.

On Jan. 20, Ontario referendum committee decided to take a vote on the Dominion government to take a vote as provided by said legislation. (Continued on Page 10, Column 2).

WOMEN PICKETING BRITISH EMBASSY IRELAND'S CAUSE

Washington Police Powerless, But State Authorities Will Stop Nuisance.

Washington, April 2.—Efforts of the state department today to have the Washington police authorities break up the picketing of the British embassy by women favorable to an Irish republic failed. The police said that in the light of the decision of the federal courts in the case of the suffragists who picketed the House act unless there was disorder.

The women in the picketing this morning, a dozen of them marching up and down the sidewalk in front of the embassy on Connecticut avenue, displaying banners criticizing the British government. This fact was brought to the attention of the state department, and officials immediately conferred with the District of Columbia commissioners and police authorities. It was said that the British embassy had made no complaint.

The women undertook a demonstration at the capitol yesterday, but were turned away by the capitol police. Before going there they staged an impromptu demonstration at Pennsylvania avenue, opposite the White House.

Secretary of State Colby, in a statement issued late in the day, said that as soon as full information regarding the nature of the demonstration had been received, the government would "without delay take effective means to perform its duty of hospitable courtesy to the British embassy and to preserve its own dignified conduct which tends in the least degree to a breach." (Continued on Page 2, Column 7).

NO SIGN OF EASTER RISING; SITUATION IN DUBLIN QUIET; MAY BE TROUBLE IN CORK

People Not Interested in Resignation of Chief Secretary—Letter to Lord Mayor From Lloyd George Forecasts Dislocation of Normal Life of the Community—Cannot Secure Evidence.

Dublin, April 2.—The situation in Dublin today was normal. There was not the slightest sign of any Easter rising, rumors concerning the possibility of which were recently become so general as to provoke questions on the subject in parliament.

The resignation of James MacPherson as chief secretary for Ireland did not cause a ripple of excitement here. Irishmen regard Field Marshal Viscount French, the viceroy, as solely responsible for the direction of affairs, and seem not to be interested in Mr. MacPherson's successor.

Some fears are entertained that there may be trouble in Cork when the result of the inquiry into the death of Lord Mayor MacCurtain, who was murdered last week, is announced. The inquiry is still proceeding.

The new field marshal, Sir William Robertson, who, it has been rumored, is likely to succeed General Sir Frederick Smith as commander of the troops in Ireland, is on a visit to Belfast with Lord Devonport. They are expected to arrive in Dublin today.

The lord mayor of Dublin has received a letter from Premier Lloyd George, dated March 31, alluding to the impossibility of securing evidence in the ordinary way calculated to lead to the arrest and conviction of murderers in the formidable campaign of terrorism now menacing Ireland. The letter says this fact is a great difficulty under great difficulties, because they do not desire to arrest the gullible. On the other hand, it adds, the first duty of the executive is to leave no stone unturned to lay hands on those terrorizing society and it may, therefore, be necessary to dislocate in some degree the normal life of the community.

Government Will Stand Firm.

The premier expresses the belief that the terrorists' campaign is promoted largely by a desire to prevent a settlement of the Irish question by reason of good will, which he believes the only means of attaining unity and conciliation. He declares that the government will not be deflected from what it believes the only course consistent with reason and common sense by a "ruthless and cruel campaign of assassination," but says he is anxious to make as easy as possible the task of those engaged to carry on the administration of the country, and if there are any means by which the release of the convicted can be helped or encouraged, he will be glad to co-operate in such a settlement of the Irish question, "I will gladly co-operate in bringing them into effect."

FRENCH TO CANADA AS NEXT GOVERNOR?

Dublin, April 2.—The Freeman's Journal in an article today advances the belief that Field Marshal Viscount French is to resign his post as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and that he will be succeeded by Lord Decies.

The newspaper says Viscount French probably will go to Canada as governor-general.

ARMED MEN ROB TRAIN IN IRELAND

Dublin, April 2.—Fifty armed men today held up a train at Killoman, near Limerick, and escaped with \$3,000. The money was to have been used to pay off workmen.

MATTER OF COURTESY

Washington, April 2.—Efforts of the state department today to have the Washington police authorities break up the picketing of the British embassy by women favorable to an Irish republic failed. The police said that in the light of the decision of the federal courts in the case of the suffragists who picketed the House act unless there was disorder.

FIELD MARSHAL FRENCH

An unofficial report says Viscount French will resign his post as lord lieutenant of Ireland and come to Canada as next governor-general.

GREENWOOD IS NOW CHIEF SECRETARY

Official Announcement of Various Appointments in British Ministry.

London, April 2.—Sir Hamar Greenwood, under-secretary for home affairs, has been appointed chief secretary for Ireland, according to official announcement this afternoon.

Sir Hamar succeeds Ian MacPherson, who resigned yesterday.

Frederick G. Kellaway, secretary to the minister of munitions, will succeed Sir Hamar Greenwood in the overseas trade department. Mr. MacPherson has been appointed minister of pensions and Sir Laming Worthington Evans has been made a minister without portfolio.

Sir Hamar Greenwood, the new chief secretary for Ireland, was born in Canada in 1870 and received his education in this country. He served in the war from 1914 to 1918, in the latter year becoming attached to the staff of Lord Derby, at that time the war minister.

Sir Hamar has represented the Sunderland constituency in the house of commons since 1910. In January, 1919, he was appointed under-secretary for home affairs in Premier Lloyd George's cabinet. He was created a baronet in 1915.

FAIL TO SETTLE HARBOR STRIKES

Conference at Washington Between Shipping Interests and Workers Abortive.

Washington, April 2.—A conference of coastwise shipping interests and seafarers, which convened at the department of labor today to attempt a settlement of the strikes at Atlantic and gulf ports, dissolved late today without having reached an agreement. Assistant Secretary Post of the labor department, said he saw no hope of bringing the two sides together and could "see no other conclusion than to declare the conference dissolved."

Mr. Post said employees were unwilling to concede their demand for an immediate increase in wages and employers refused to grant the increase, because they are already losing money and cannot afford to their defeat.

Representatives of a dozen coastwise shipping companies and of organizations representing the 20,000 men who are out on strike attended the conference. Neither side had points to recommend to make at its conclusion, beyond a recital of their intention to stand firm.

Reports that employees of railways serving the docks, affected by the strike have threatened to refuse to handle freight consigned to these docks, and the labor department today, Director Kerwin of the labor department, said his office did not contemplate any step toward ending off sympathetic action on the part of other employees until some definite incident had occurred.

The tie-up at important ports has excited the interest of government officials. It was explained at the department, principally because of the effect upon food supplies in New York and New England. Much of the early produce of southern farms is moved by steamer at this season, as well as important quantities of cotton and naval stores, it was said.

Strike is Settled.

Roseland, April 2.—A conference here tonight between officials of the Norfolk and Western Railroad and local and international representatives of organized crafts on the system, which have struck, with the clerks who walked out last night, resulted in a settlement by which all employees of the company will resume work immediately.

Broke up the Meeting.

Chicago, April 2.—A meeting of "loyal" members of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, called today by A. P. Whitney, vice-president of the organization, was broken up by striking workmen, whose walkout last night crippled freight service on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, and New England, railroads.

Mr. Whitney said the strike was unauthorized and urged the men to return to work. Demands for \$1 an hour, 35 cents for overtime, time made after eight hours overtime, time made by the 800 striking workmen.

The strike has not affected passenger service, railroad officials said.

WORKMEN'S CONTROL OF RUHR DISTRICT COMES TO AN END

Leaders Are Satisfied There Will Be No Difficulty in Executing Agreement. STRIKE IS CALLED OFF

Dusseldorf, April 2.—Control by the workmen of the Ruhr district, under the peace terms settled last night at Essen, today being good Friday, religious ceremonies were strictly observed. The turning over of their duties to the police in the various districts is expected to be a gradual process.

The general strike was called off this morning, and resumption of work will take place tomorrow. Street cars, however, were operating in most places today.

The workmen's leaders are satisfied in executing the terms of agreement, and believe the Ruhr district will be returned to normal conditions by the end of the week. They are already depositing in the Ruhr district, and are now considering how it is going to bring about the reform.

NO WORK ON SATURDAY, SAY THE AUSTRALIANS

Sydney, N.W.S., April 2.—There is a very definite movement among the trade unions of Australia generally, in favor of calling Saturday work a five-day week. Some of the more extreme and irresponsible unions demand 40 and even 38 hours a week. Among the unions which have the five days week are some of the better class of artisans. The Amalgamated Society of Engineers, Sydney, has voted solidly for the five-day week Saturday work, and is now considering how it is going to bring about the reform.

POLAND REJECTS TRUCE PROPOSAL

Also Oppose Holding of Peace Conference in Esthonia.

Warsaw, April 2.—The Polish government has rejected a counter proposal by the Russian soviet government for an armistice along the front line during the proposed peace negotiations between Poland and Russia.

It was in their note, rejecting the armistice proposal, that the Poles also opposed the holding of the peace conference in Esthonia, as had been proposed by the Bolsheviks in answer to the acceptance of peace proposals by the Poles, who suggested Borisov as the seat for the negotiations.

Unable to Resist Attacks.

Washington, April 2.—Rejection of the Bolshevik proposal for an armistice is considered by Polish officials as indicating that the Polish general staff is confident of its ability to withstand the Russian attacks.

D. B. Hanna Will Be Speaker At Dinner in Chateau Frontenac

Quebec, April 2.—(By Canadian Press)—D. B. Hanna, president of the Canadian National Railways, will be the guest of the Quebec Board of Trade at a dinner which will be held in his honor at the Chateau Frontenac on Friday, April 16.

"INSTITUTE OF VICTORY" FOR CHEMICAL RESEARCH

Paris, April 2.—A committee of prominent persons under the patronage of President Deschanel, was formed today in Paris in an institution to be named the "Institute of Victory." The institute will comprise vast laboratories for chemical research.

EASTER SATURDAY MEANS SELLING HATS WITHOUT CEASING AT DINEEN'S.

This will surely be the biggest hat day of the season at Dineen's, 141 Yonge street. Every new style is represented in a variety of quantities that makes the showing of interest to every man in the city and beyond it.

Never has there been such a comprehensive display of fashionable hats under one roof in Toronto; the variety of styles being almost endless. Decide to make your visit early—the rush will be greatest after noon. Store closed at 6. Dineen's, 140 Yonge street.

RUSH TO CANADIAN SUMMER RESORTS

Americans Look to Northern Neighbor as Affording "Wet" Possibilities.

Special to The Toronto World.

New York, April 2.—"It looks as if there was going to be a slump in summer cottages on this side of the line in spite of the scarcity of housing accommodation," a local real estate man said recently. "Why should a man spend a totally 'dry' vacation in one of the summer resorts when he can go up to Canada at practically the same expense and enjoy cooling summer beverages of the good old-fashioned kind which are queried by way of explaining his previous statement."

This real estate man reports a rush of inquiries regarding the Canadian summer resorts. He declares that many wealthy New Yorkers have already obtained options on cottages at Canadian resorts and will send their families to them and run up themselves as often during the summer as their business permits and thirst or inclination impels.

Representatives of Canadian railways here also report an unusually active demand for information regarding summer resorts in Canada, and they look for a greatly increased exodus of Americans to summer resorts this summer for temporary residence. While they hesitate to attribute this to a general desire to escape the drought, they report that they had met New Yorkers who frankly admitted that they wished to spend their holidays where they could obtain stimulating refreshment without taking a chance on wood alcohol.

Evidently many Canadians are alive to the possibilities of the situation. Recent Sunday editions of New York newspapers contained an advertisement of a summer cottage near Toronto for rent. It was not in the heart of the scenery, the nearby golf course, the pleasant neighborhood, or the advantage of all modern conveniences that were emphasized in the advertising. "No prohibition restrictions" was the inducement offered to prospective tenants. And if the local railroads and real estate agents are correct, that ad must likely brought a lot of applications to the owner of the cottage.

PROPOSAL TO BLOCK RETIRING OF POLICE

Until Benefit Fund Has Gathered in Share of Their Increased Salaries.

The younger members of the police force who try to have the constitution of the benefit fund amended, so that the fund will be able to gather a share of some of the increased salaries granted to certain officers before they retire on pension.

Men of all ranks have had their salaries increased several hundred dollars since the first of the year, and the fact that the amount has arisen from a higher rate of overtime and double time after eight hours overtime, has not allowed to retire and receive pensions. There are a number of men of have put in the required term of 30 years' service, and according to rumors, will shortly retire.

Fund is Strong.

The fund is at present stronger than any fund of its kind in America, but compelled to pay seven per cent of his total earnings into the fund, the younger members are of the opinion that the officer should be compelled to serve three years at the present scale of wages before being granted a pension. This would give the fund at least a small benefit of the increased salary.

When the benefit fund meets Thursday, a motion will be put before the committee that no pension be paid or struck on increases of service without the increase having been in force for a period of three years dating from Dec. 31, 1919.

Another motion calls for the abolition from the fund contribution of the words, "with the consent of the board of police commissioners," contained in clause B, section 21, which deals with the retirement of men after 25 years of service. Under this section a member after 25 years' service is entitled to retire, with the consent of the board of police commissioners, and shall receive a half pay pension for the remainder of his life. It should be allowed to resign without securing the consent of the commissioners, the consent of these motions will have to be approved by the police board before becoming effective.

EX-KAISER'S COUSIN IS RELEASED FROM JAIL

Berlin, April 2.—Prince Joachim Albrecht of Prussia, cousin of former Emperor William, who was recently arrested and incarcerated in the Moabit prison, charged with having fomented an attack on members of the French commission in the dining room of the Hotel Adlon, was released from prison yesterday. The prince has been forbidden to reside in Berlin.

Deputation Wants Flensburg To Be Internationalized

Paris, April 2.—The Temps says today it learns that deputations of Danes and Germans have visited Flensburg, asking that central Schleswig be handed over again to Prussian domination. The delegates requested that Flensburg be internationalized under the league of nations, the newspaper said.

PROTEST MEETING HELD IN WINNIPEG

Disapprove Strike Leaders' Detention—Talk of Dominion Walk-Out.

Winnipeg, April 2.—Assembled in the board of trade building convention hall today, approximately 4,000 persons protested against the conviction and detention in jail of the convicted Winnipeg strike leaders. Speakers declared that a Dominion-wide agitation for the release of the men had begun and that following the lead of the Montreal trade unions a ballot would be taken on a general strike.

W. A. Hoop, one of the speakers, declared that labor would be solid in the next provincial elections and would make a determined attempt to elect eight out of ten of the members to the legislature, as a means to secure the release of the convicted men. Resolutions condemning the attitude of the government toward the total of the seven accused of seditious conspiracy and pledging support to any legitimate effort to secure the release of those convicted were passed unanimously.

EMPOWER MEDICINE HAT TO TAX RENTAL VALUES

Edmonton, Alta., April 2.—Medicine Hat was given the right to institute a tax on rental value of all properties by the municipal law committee of the legislature, which considered amendments to the Medicine Hat charter. The tax will be 10 per cent of the rental value of property and will be assessed from all occupiers of property, whether owners or tenants.

The city was also given the right to institute a poll tax of \$10 per person, which, however, is offered against any other tax which so that it will catch only those who pay no other.

Borden Will Spend a Month in North Carolina Resort

Athensville, N.C., April 2.—Sir Robert Borden, premier of Canada, and Mrs. Borden arrived here today for a month's rest.

FRANCE EXTENDS PERIOD OF MILITARY SERVICE

Paris, April 2.—Andre Lefevre, the war minister, announced in the senate yesterday that the foreign situation made it necessary to extend for a few weeks the period of military service of the class of 1918. The men of this class, however, he said, would be discharged between June 1 and 15.

INSTALL CUSHIONED THEATRE SEATS IN NEW PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS

Ottawa, April 2.—When the members return on Tuesday afternoon after their Easter holiday they will find a few changes in and about the advantage of the absence of members to fit out the galleries with permanent wooden-seated chairs, the occupants of the galleries after Tuesday will find leather-cushioned theatre chairs for their comfort.

POSTAL AND WIRE STRIKE IN PORTUGAL ENDED

Lisbon, April 2.—The postal and telegraph activities were resumed Wednesday with the end of the strike of the workers in these branches of the government service, but it will require strenuous labor night and day to bring to normal the situation that has existed for three weeks. There is an accumulation of 20,000 foreign mail bags to be gone thru and sorted. Public order prevails throughout Portugal.

Parliament was assembled Wednesday for the restitution of the peace treaty.

GERMAN EXPORTS TO U.S.

Berlin, April 2.—Exports to the United States in February amounted to \$381,000, and imports, comprising mostly foodstuffs, \$11,054,000.

LABOR CONVENTION URGES A LOWERING OF DUTIES ON FOOD

Special to The Toronto World.

London, Ont., April 2.—(Special).—Largely a redeclaration of policies previously enunciated in the lean and inconspicuous years of the party's growth were the bulk of the resolutions passed at the afternoon session of the Independent Labor Party, which opened in the Masonic Temple Friday morning. Nothing sensational, nothing violent, "This was proposed, but on the other hand, socialistic phrases and Marxian idioms passed muster in many resolutions, whereas, at conventions in previous years, clashes between different schools of labor politics and economic doctrine would have been precipitated by nearly all the resolutions. The resolutions passed were clear and forceful as might be expected of a convention representing a party, which thru its alliance with the United Farmers, now controls the destinies of the premier province of the Dominion, but there was nothing authoritarian, nothing vindictive or suggestive of a desire for class vengeance on the part of a class or party passed muster in many resolutions, which were passed by happy turn of fate offered an opportunity to make their dreams come true.

A resolution to make voting compulsory, fostered by Sir Thomas J. L. P., was voted down by four or five delegates supporting it.

Favor Higher Bonuses.

A resolution favoring increased war gratuities for the armed forces, the money to be raised by a capital levy, was unanimously passed. Another resolution called for steps to be taken to ensure that the soldiers' units in politics and the labor party.

Once the convention rose up to a really fevered session, enthusiasm when, after a rest carefully and critically hearing Gordon Cascadem of Windsor tell the story of the Winnipeg strike, it finally got around to a resolution expressing sympathy with the convicted strike leaders, declaring them heroes of a struggle for constitutional liberty and causing on the labor papers the famous speech of a minister of justice to release the minister without restriction of their personal liberty until their case has been passed upon by the British privy council. Then at once the convention warmed up and expressed itself clearly for free speech and the right of workers to organize for better conditions.

Cascadem, a Canadian magazine and newspaper writer, limped to the platform with the aid of a crutch. He was still lame from a fracture of the hip, which was the result of a fall from a hotel room while he was reporting for Labor papers the famous speech of the oil workers' organizers, who were held for two years without trial because they tried to organize the employees of the Kansas and Oklahoma oil fields.

Support Winnipeg Strikers.

The resolution supporting the Winnipeg strikers was passed with much applause, some cheers and no opposition.

Among the delegates is Arthur Skidmore, who, during the war, was arrested in Stratford for membership in the socialist party. A. Skidmore, of Sudbury, defeated candidate by 59 votes in the last provincial election, supporting a resolution calling for the development of water power in New Ontario without requiring the municipalities to guarantee the cost of development, which was a customs duty. Other young men in the room were referred to as "the boys" and "the boys" and jammed around by the capitalists and big interests.

Oppose Power Motion.

The resolution, opposed by Mrs. Hector Prenter of Toronto and others, was referred back to committee. Mrs. Prenter asked a tax of from 1 to 4 per cent on the land value of New Ontario would construct all the development projects New Ontarians might desire. Other speakers had declared that the only way the sorely needed development could be developed was by the municipalities. The municipalities were too parsely settled to get credit on their own bonds.

A large percentage of the delegates are women and among the leading speakers are Miss Mary McNaught of Hamilton, Mrs. Ross Hodgson of Toronto and Mrs. Harry Ward of St. Catharines.

Forty-six to two votes, the provincial Independent Labor party after two days night, declared itself in favor of the gradual elimination of import duties on all necessities of life, such as food, clothing, tools, shoes, and machinery used in production. The revenue now derived from these taxes, refused to accept a motion to be raised by a taxation of land values and luxuries. President Bello, who cast one of the two minority votes, refused to accept a motion to make the vote unanimous in amendment, moved by W. S. Branton, to place the tariff question in the hands of a non-partisan board representing

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