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H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.

House of Commons

MONDAY MORNING OCTOBER 30 1916 -TWELVE PAGES

Allies March Forward Again in Serbian Macedonia

Seventy-Five Thousand Adverse Majority With Half Votes Counted.

SYNDICALISTS FACTOR

Large Irish Vote Apparently Hostile---Soldiers' Ballots

Soldiers' Vote Divided.

There is a great diversity of opinion, says The Observer, regarding the result of the referendum among the Australian soldiers serving in France, England and the near east, which ended yesterday. It adds that altho it is anticipated the figures will be substantially in favor of conscription, it is conceded that many Australian soldiers are against the innovation.

An interview with a well-known

An interview with a well-known Australian authority, published by The Observer, attributes the large number of anti-conscription votes in Australia to the alienation of a large Irish vote by the failure of the home rule negotiations and to the syndicalist views of industrial organizations.

WILSON "CRAWLED" IN HIS NOTE TO GERMANY

ity" note were not to be too seriously interpreted. Mr. Lodge insisted that Wm. Jennings Bryon had knowledge of and approved of the president's postscript and that when Secretary of War Garrison and other members of the president's cabinet learned of it they threatened to resign unless it were withdrawn.

best soldiers for such warfare as this?"

"Educated men," he said; "men of families. To support such warfare as this, civilization—true civilization—is required and a sense of responsibility. Men who are able to bear without murmur the strain (Continued on Page 4, Column 3).

BRITAIN'S OUTPUT OF MUNITIONS ENORMOUS

H. E. Morgan Says Three and One-Half Million Workers Are Employed.

By a Staff Reporter.

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—H. E. Morgan, one of the directors of the labor supply department of the imperial ministry of nunitions, is at present in Ottawa giving to the imperial munitions board here the benefit of his knowledge and experience of labor problems in the munition factories of Great Britain.

He says that the output which in 1914-15 took twelve whole months to produce can now be obtained from British sources in from four days to three weeks, depending upon the class of ammunition.

The total number of war workers in 1914 was under 200,000, today it is 3,500,000.

Paris, Oct. 29.—I have returned today from a visit to the Somme front,
made for the purpose of studying and
realizing on the spot the progress
made by the French since my last
visit. The progress was very real, but
made at the cost of terrific destruction and the absolute sweeping out of
existence of all material objects in the
path of the advancing troops.

path of the advancing troops.

The contending armies in their slow march across the rolling hills of Picardy left behind them a veritable desert, and as one stands on a slight eminence and looks across miles of this desolated land one cannot help one's gorge rising against the man and the nation responsible for this ghastly work.

The question naturally occurred to me which was worst among the many little nations composing the German Empiro, and I said to a staff officer

Empire, and I said to a staff officer standing beside me, "Who among the Germans do you find most given to Passengers and Cre

"Strict Accountability" Made

Meaningless by Postscript,

Charge Made.

New York, Oct. 29.—U. S. Senator
Henry Cabot Lodge caused a big sensetion Sunday night when, in a speech
at Somerville, Mass., he asserted that
President Wilson, at the time ithe seccnd Lusitania note was sent to Germany, wrote a postscript informing.

"Strict Accountability" Made

"Bavarians," he replied.

"Bavarians," he replied.

"I said, "it
would have thought." I said, "it
would have been the Prussians."

Bavarians Worst of All.

"No," he answered. "The Prussians are proud, overbearing and intransigeant, but for pure brutishness the
Bavarians exceed all, and the worst of
them are the peasants. Men from the
at Somerville, Mass., he asserted that
President Wilson, at the time ithe seccnd Lusitania note was sent to Germany, wrote a postscript informing.

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"Bavarians," he replied.

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would have thought." I said, "it
would have been the Prussians."

Bavarians worst of All.

"No," he answered. "The Prussians
are proud, overbearing and intransideaux for New York, and which caused
her to put into the Azores, where the
flames in her hold were extinguished,
says a telegram received today by the
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SERIES OF SUCCESSES

Boelke Reputed to Have Shot
Down Forty Opposing

(Continued on Page 4, Column 3).

* WAR SUMMARY *

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

In the Uzul Valley they took 900 prisoners, in assuming the offensive,

and they are driving the enemy back towards the west.

many, wrote a postscript informing the German Government that the contents of his former "strict accountability" rate were not to be decountability, note were not to be decountability.

Assault at Verdun.

Roblin, Howden and Coldwell

Will Have to Face New Trial

Passengers and Crew Safe

SUFFER HARD BLOW

Germans Lose Principal Point of Observation in Fort

Douaumont.

N Roumania the rally of King Ferdinand's army, assisted by the timely arrival of Russian troops, has forced the Germans and Associated Press Correspondent.
Fleury, Devant, Douaumont, Friday,
Oct. 27, via Chantilly, Oct, 29,—Vaux, Austro-Hungarians back in several places on the northern and northwestern frontier, and the allied counter-offensive has brought which is the only strong point maining in the hands of the Germ them about 2400 prisoners. North of Kimpolung, where the enemy had penetrated into Roumania, perhaps, the farthest, the Roumanian in the hands of the Germans in the immediate vicinity of Verdun, is threatened hourly with capture. While the correspondent of the Associated Press was observing from a allies held the Germans in the centre and on the left. In the Jiul Valley the Roumanians have taken nearly 1200 prisoners and two best-vices of houristies of houristies of the mountains have taken nearly 1200 prisoners and two best-vices of houristies of the ground.

batteries of howitzers, and the Teutons are now retiring to the mountains. The allies advanced six and a half miles in the Alt Valley, and they are now withstanding attacks by strong forces east of this region. The allies advanced six and a half miles in the Alt Valley, and the guns unceasigly batter it. Every effort at counter-attack which the Germans have made up to the present has been checked easily, also some of them have been

attempted in heavy force.

Lose Observation Post.

GREEK KING IS EAGER TO SHOW GOOD WILL

Official Announcement Indicates Co-operation With Allies

Athens, Oct. 29. via London.—The Greek Government officially made it I nown today that following the recent series of visits by the entente ministers to the royal palace, King Constantine has spontaneously undertaken further to dispel entente suspicions of his sincerity by ordering what he had previously refused to grant on the insistence of the French military attache, that, is, the transfer of the third and fourth army corps from Thessaly and the sixteenth division from the Epirus to the Poloponnesus, the southern Greek peninsula. In both districts only a force sufficient to malptain order is to be kept. The transfer is to begin on Nov. 3.

Such an evidence of good will on the part of the sovereign is taken in usually well informed circles here to indicate a not far distant agreement for the co-operation of Greece with the entente allies. Allies Extend Area of Occupa-

Melbourne, Australia via Longen, Monday, Oct. 30.—The latest returns in the referendum on the posterior of the co-peration of Greece from the complete: For conscription, 785, 600; against conscription, 887,000; modority against, 83,000.

Eomon Oct. 29.—Available returns of the balloting on compulsory millitary service in Australia appear to indicate a constitution of the balloting on compulsory millitary service in Australia appear to indicate a constitution of the post machine guns and some score of prisoners. The French in the vicinity of the Cerna have captured Gardilovo Village and a system of Bulgarian trenches between Kenali and the Cerna. Gardilovo was captured in a brilliant engagement.

liant engagement.
On the British front the Bulgarians made a counter-attack in the region north of Ormanli, on the left bank of

AIRMAN IS KILLED

Aeroplanes.

WITH LITTLE LOSS

London, Oct. 29.—Captain Boelke, the famous German aviator, during an air fight on Saturday came into collision with another aeroplane and was killed, according to a Berlin despatch received by Reuter's Telegram Co., by way of Amsterdam. His machine landed within the German lines. On Friday Captain Boelke shot down his 40th aeroplane.

A Paris paper on Oct. 18 reported that Boelke had been severely wounded by a shell from a French anti-aircraft gun. Since then, however, Boelke's name has been mentioned in the German official statements, and on Oct. 28 he was credited with having brought down his 38th aeroplane.

Fine Regiments From West Are Reviewed at Ottawa

By a Staff Reporter. Ottawa, Oct. 29.—Two particularly Ottawa, Oct. 29.—Two particularly fine western regiments were reviewed on parliament hill today by Sir Robert Borden and Sir Sam Hughes. Col. J. D. Taylor, M.P., was at the head of the 131st of New Westminster, and Col. McKay at the head of a composite battalion of students from the universities of Manitoba, Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia. The average age of the men was stated to be about 21. and British Columbia. The average age
of the men was stated to be about 21,
and they made a deep impression.
Other ministers present were Messrs.
Crothers, Burrell, Rogers and Coch-

MOTOR GLOVES AND GAUNTLETS

The Russians and Roumanians are continuing their retreat in the Dobrudja towards certain pontoon bridges which have been thrown across the Danube. They have now reached a point fifty miles north of Constanza, according to a communication issued at Sofia. Since recently the allies have neglected sending reinforce
(Continued on Page 2, Columns 1 and 2).

Lose Observation Post.

The Germans suffered a terrific blow when they lost Douaumont, their principal point of observation. Their cold proof, wind and rain proof. A large variety. Driving gloves are blinded by the frequent mists. Consequently the German curtain of fire is ineffectual for stopping demands in the past. Dineen's, 140 Meeks to the General Hospital with Cold proof, wind and rain proof. A large variety. Driving gloves are blinded by the frequent mists. Consequently the German curtain of fire is ineffectual for stopping demands in the past. Dineen's, 140 Meeks to the General Hospital with Cold proof, wind and rain proof. A large variety. Driving gloves are blinded by the frequent mists. Consequently the German curtain of fire is ineffectual for stopping demands in the past. Dineen's, 140 Meeks to the German deriving.

Cold proof, wind and rain proof. A large variety. Driving gloves are blinded by the frequent mists. Consequently the German curtain of fire is ineffectual for stopping demands in the past. Dineen's, 140 Meeks to the German deriving.

Continued on Page 2, Columns 1 and 2).

WOMEN COAL HEAVERS AND CARRIERS IN SCOTLAND



In some parts of Glasgow women have taken the places of coalme the east end of the city they are to be seen daily, and from the expre on their faces, they evidently enjoy taking the place of the man who is his bit" for King and country on the firing line.

MONEY AID OF ALLIES

forming an army.

NEXT BRITISH MAIL

The next British and foreign mail, via England, will close at the general post office as follows: Regular mail will close at 6.00 a.m. today. 1st supplementary mail will close at 3 p.m. today. 2nd supplementary mail will close at 8.00 p.m. today.

EXTENDED TO VENIZELOS

RUSSIANS RESUME VOLHYNIA FIGHTS Salonica Government to Receive

Make Strong Reconnaissances at Many Points East of Kovel.

FOE REPORTS ATTACK

Big Offensive Has Not Yet Begun, According to Petrograd Bulletin.

The Salonica Government is headed by former Premier Venizelos and other Greek leaders favoring Greece's par-ticipation in the war. Recent de-spatches from Greece have reported that the followers of Venizelos were pecial Cable to The Toronto World.

London, Oct. 29.—The Russians have resumed their activity in Volhynia, but they have opened no big offensive, according to reports from Petrograd received today. They have carried, out strong reconnaissance on the Stavok River, a tributary to the Stokhod, in the region of the villages of Sittovichi and Rudka-Mirynskia, 19 miles east of Kovel, and in the re-

of Sittovichi and the region of Belick.

Trench warfare in the form of artillery duels and hand grenade fighting is proceeding.

The Germans report that during a bombardment which extended almost the whole length of the line on the Stokhod River in Volhynia, the Russians launched an attack in the wooded area of Lutsk, near Szelzov, and they claim that the conset broke down under a German curtain of fire.

This is one of the districts where the Russians report the carrying out of reconnalssances.

Five More Steamers and Two Sailing Vessels Are

Sunk

STARTS WORK AT ONCE

Has Been Loaned by Organization of Resources Committee

for Purpose.

Hon. W. H. Hearst, prime minister, has given out the following statement:

Dr. Albert H. Abbott has been appointed Ontario director of the department of labor of the imperial

ARRESTED AT DETROIT AFTER LONG SEARCH

Two Men Wanted for Attempted Murder, in Hands of Police.

According to word received from Detroit last night, Peter Dimytrim, alias Demetroff, and John Papawitcz, two Austrians, wanted by the Toronto police on a charge of attempting to murder Mrs. Stasiswe, aged 42, and her 17-year-old daughter, Alga, at 340 West Adelaide street, about 2.30 on the morning of June 19, by hitting them over the head with a crowbar, were arrested Saturday night by the Detroit police, after a five months' search over Canada and the United States.

The alleged assault upon the women

The alleged assault upon the women is said to have been made by the two men as the result of a lovers' quarrel between Dimytrim and Olga Stasiswe between Dimytrim and Olga Stasiswe. The men entered the house at an early hour, tied the doors of the boarders' rooms so that they could give no assistance, then beat the two women about the head and shoulders with a heavy iron crowbar. Harry Jessel, owner of the house, was also injured when he heard the row and went to the women's assistance. Mrs. Stasiswe and her daughter were confined for weeks to the General Hospital with their wounds.

The arrest resulted from a letter Demetrim recently wrote to the girl

Take Twenty-Four Hundred Prisoners in Repulsing Germans.

RETIRE IN DOBRUDJA

Russo-Roumanians Withdraw Towards Pontoon Bridges Across Danube.

pecial Cable to The Toronto World.

London, Oct. 29.—It is announced from Bucharest and Petrograd today hat the Russians and the Roumanians are holding more than their own gainst the Teutons seeking to invade Roumania. About 2400 prisoners have been taken by the allies. In the Kimpolung sector, where the enemy had become most dangerous, the It amanians have taken the Village of Livecai and 600 prisoners, and they have forced a retirement of the anemy in one sector. In the Jim Valley the allies are continuing to prass vigorously their offensive, and they have taken prisoner 1150 Bavarians and they have captured two 42-inch howitzer batteries, and they are turning these against the enemy.

The Roumanians have made an advance of 6 1-2 miles in the Alt Valley north of Salatruck, and the enemy has commenced an attack with string forces. A heavy battle is proceeding in this region. Roumania. About 2400 prisoners have

Salonica Government to Receive
Equivalent of Two Million
Dollars.

London, Oct. 29.—The entente allies have decided to lend the Salonica Government £400,000 sterling, according to an Athens despatch to The Observer. The government at Athens, the despatch adds, has agreed to place no obstacle in the way of reinforcing the national army at Salonica, recognizing the Salonica movement as solely anti-Bulgarian in aim.

Salonica Government to Receive
Bukowina, Transylvania and Loumania.

They have defeated the attacks of the foe in the region of Negri, south of Dorna Watra.

In the Dobrudja the Russianc and Roumanians, according to Sofia, are retiring towards the pontoon bridges across the Danube from Hirsony northward to Tultcha and Issakoha, near the river's mouth. The Bulgarians claim that they have desiroyed the Hirsony bridge, and that their advanced guard on the western wind has reached the Babadagia region, for miles north of Constanza.

In respect to details of the figling on their western and northwestern anti-Bulgarian in aim.

(Continued on Page 7, Column 1).

(Continued on Page 7, Column 1).

DR. A. H. ABBOTT IS **GIVEN APPOINTMENT**

Chosen Director of Department of Labor for Munition Board

in Ontario.

Sailing Vessels Are
Sunk:

NEUTRALS SUFFERES

Three Norwegian, One Swedish and One Danish Craft Are
Victims.

London, Oct. 25, 10.18 p.m.—The sinking of five more steamships and two sailing vessels is announced by Lloyds. Three of the vessels were Norwegian, one Swedish, one Danish and one British. The neutral vessels sunk were to the Norwegian steamer Pan and Dan, Danish steamer Sip, the Norwegian steamers Pan and the Swedish steamer Sip, the Norwegian steamer Jonkoping. The Swedish steamer Sip, the Norwegian steamer Jonkoping. The Swedish steamer Jonkoping steamer Jonkoping. The Swedish steamer Jonkoping steamer Jonkoping. The Swedish steame

worsted, in naterial is of appearance, suit of speto retain its it on you'll ar" 22.00 Market 24 and 15c.

Jam, 16-07. 27c. n, ground pure olates, Creams